THE NEW YORK HERALD.

WHOLE NO. 11,982. NEW YORK, THURSDAY, JUNE 10, 1869.—TRIPLE SHEET. PRICE FOUR CENTS.

PERSONAL.

ANNY.—YOUR LETTER RECEIVED TOO LATE TO keep appointment. Send me your address. Direct as before. Q.

BROADWAY CAR.—WILL THE YOUNG LADY IN gray, who left an up car at Twenty-second street, at 9 yesterday morning, correspond with gentleman opposite by addressing Alger, Herald office, and describing her packages?

CHARLEY YOUNG, DOC., 450 BROOME STREET.—Money very acceptable. CLARA CAVAN, 822 Race street, Philadelphia.

DICK—HAVE ENGAGED VELOCIPEDES FOR THE party at Central Park Garden, for Saturday morning, 5 o'clock. HIGH BRIDGE.

INFORMATION OF THE WIDOW KATE HOLMES—Has a son Willie in boarding school. Information will be thankfully received at 636 Hudson street, meat market.

JERSEY FERRY OMNIBUS.—WILL THE LADY WHO returned bow of the gentleman who left the stage at two o'clock on its way up town to go to the City Hall, please drop a note to G. A. H., Herald office, stating where she may be addressed? If she is as good a judge as she seems, she will not doubt his discretion.

MARY DONNELLY, WHO LIVED AT NO. 163 ELM street about three years ago, will please call at the above number.

WALLACK'S, TUESDAY EVENING.—OPERA GLASS, fan, hankerchief, various signs. Please continue the flirtation by addressing W. Q. Hood, Jr., Herald office.

WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, SEVENTH AVENUE car, two ladies mistook it for Eighth avenue car, off the track in Sullivan street—If agreeable communicate with White Bundle, Herald office.

WILL ANNIE MORTON PLEASE SEND HER ADdress to Dr. W. ROBERTS, No. 45 Seventh avenue, near Fourteenth street?

$500 REWARD.—INFORMATION WANTED.—A young lady left her home in Orange county, on Friday morning, May 28, by Erie Railroad to Jersey City. Eighteen years old, slender form, medium height, gray eyes, brown hair; is well educated, reserved in manner, lisps a little; wore a waterproof cloak, a brown mixed traveling suit with gimp trimming, black Neapolitan hat trimmed with black lace and pink roses; a set of black jewelry, small gold watch, rubber and gold chain and bar; had with her a common black carpetbag and satchel, a long black silk dress, also a muslin dress, small blue set figure. Attention of theatrical agents and stage managers especially called to this notice. The above reward will be paid to any one furnishing information where she may be found. Address A. D., box 54 New York Post office.

ADVERTISEMENTS FOR THE HERALD RECEIVED IN BROOKLYN AT OUR BRANCH OFFICE, 145 FULTON STREET.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

AT A SPECIAL MEETING OF JACKSON ENGINE Company No. 4, of the town of Morrisania, held at the engine house Tuesday evening, June 8, 1869, the following preamble and resolutions were unanimously adopted:—

Whereas it has pleased an overruling Providence to call from our midst, in the prime of his life and usefulness, our beloved friend and associate, Michael J. Bergen, formerly foreman of this company and latterly Chief Engineer of the Fire Department of this town; and

Whereas this company, in common with the entire Fire Department and community, is called upon to mourn the loss of an honest and most worthy citizen; therefore,

Resolved, That we have learned, with emotions of pain and sorrow, of the death of Michael J. Bergen, our lamented and honored foreman and chief.

Resolved, That in the death of our departed friend this company, in common with the department, has sustained an irreparable loss. As an officer, ever the foremost where duty called him; as its chief executive head, commanding the love, honor and cheerful obedience of all who were privileged to serve under him.

Resolved, That we deeply sympathize with the family of the deceased, upon whom the heavy hand of affliction has been laid, and that, while called upon to mourn his loss, we share with them their sorrow; their grief is our grief; their loss is our loss.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions, duly authenticated, be forwarded to the family of deceased, and the same be published in the New York Herald, Star and Sunday Mercury.

Resolved, That the active members (respectfully inviting the honorary and ex-members of this company) meet at the engine house, to attend the funeral, on Thursday, June 10, 1869, at half-past twelve o'clock P. M.

CORNELIUS MURPHY, GEORGE STEELE, JOHN SMITH, } Committee.

A.—PERSONS WHO ARE INSURED IN GOOD life insurance companies and who do not desire to surrender their policies by an absolute sale can borrow the surrender value of their policies by applying to Insurance Agency, 71 Broadway, room 25.

A.—HUNARDS STORAGE ROOMS FOR FURNITURE, baggage, &c. &c., 302 West Fourteenth street, near Eighth avenue.

A GREAT SAVING.—BUTTER HALF COST; BEST fresh Butter, 20 cents a pound. The valuable Butter Powders, $1 a box, makes 20 lbs. No family should be without it. Agents needed everywhere. Company's manufactory removed to 37 Park place, near Church street. Send for circular.

A.—OFFICIAL DRAWINGS

Missouri and Kentucky State Lotteries.

MISSOURI—EXTRA CLASS 395, JUNE 9, 1869.

51, 56, 65, 41, 58, 43, 29, 20, 19, 45, 55, 61, 62, 11

MISSOURI—CLASS 396, JUNE 9, 1869.

41, 78, 28, 1, 58, 72, 53, 66, 75, 25, 41, 2, 36.

KENTUCKY—EXTRA CLASS 371, JUNE 9, 1869.

51, 61, 25, 54, 1, 47, 28, 27, 49, 21, 69, 66, 52, 41.

KENTUCKY—CLASS 372, JUNE 9, 1869.

16, 22, 9, 25, 30, 62, 33, 21, 44, 13, 54, 15, 67.

Information furnished in the above and also Royal Havana lotteries. J. CLUTE, Broker, No. 205 Broadway and 153 Fulton street.

CITIZENS OF THE UNITED STATES, OUR RIGHTS outraged. All parties who are opposed to Negroes holding office and representing us abroad are requested to call at 446 Broome street and sign a petition requesting General Grant to remove all such persons from office immediately.

GEO. W. GIBBONS, President of Citizens' Rights Association.

GOOD ARTILLERY MEN WILL HEAR SOMETHING to their advantage by calling at 216 and 218 Hudson street, near Canal, after 9 o'clock A. M.

GENTLEMEN AND LADIES—NOTICE THAT MR THOMAS has now opened a first class Restaurant and Dining Saloon, where he can serve up meals at the most reasonable prices, best Chowder in the city. 503 Eighth avenue, near Twenty-fifth street.

HURON COPPER BAY COMPANY.—THE ANNUAL general meeting of the shareholders of the Huron Copper Bay Company, for the election of directors and other business, will be held at the office of the company, North British Mercantile Insurance Company's buildings, St. François Xavier street, Montreal, on Monday, the 5th day of July next, at 1 o'clock P. M. By order,

JOHN G. BURROWS, Secretary.

MONTREAL, June 5, 1869.

MONEY ADVANCED ON HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, Watches, Diamonds, Silver Plate and Jewelry, Pianofortes, Sewing Machines, Carpets and general merchandise, and the same held to suit the convenience of owners. Charges moderate. A. M. CRISTALAR & SON, Auctioneers, 427 Broadway.

ADVERTISEMENTS FOR THE NEW YORK HERALD RECEIVED AT THE BROOKLYN OFFICE UNTIL 7½ O'CLOCK P. M. HERALDS DELIVERED TO CARRIERS AT 5 O'CLOCK A. M., AT THE BRANCH OFFICE, 145 FULTON STREET, BROOKLYN.

REMOVED TO 335 BROADWAY.

The COLLINS' METAL WATCH and JEWELRY FACTORY has removed their office from 37 Nassau street to their splendid new offices No. 335 Broadway. These superior Watches have now been in use over three years, and give universal satisfaction, and although sold at so moderate a price are not surpassed in appearance and for time by gold ones costing $150 and $200. They have been greatly improved, but the price remains the same, $15. Those of extra fine finish $20. Gents' and ladies' sizes. Jewelry of the richest styles, in every respect equal to the finest gold, at one-tenth the price. We have but one Office, no Agents, and are not responsible for the bogus and worthless goods sold at cheap jewelry establishments. OUR FACTORY IS THE ONLY PLACE WHERE THE GENUINE COLLINS METAL WATCHES AND JEWELRY CAN BE HAD. C. E. COLLINS & CO., No. 335 Broadway, corner of Worth street, up stairs.

TO COTTON SEED OIL MANUFACTURERS.—A PRACtical chemist having discovered the most perfect method of refining, both economically and quickly, will dispose of rights to responsible parties. Satisfaction guaranteed. Address P. G., box 5,492 Post office.

THE NEW YORK FRUIT GROWERS' CLUB WILL meet at their rooms, Nos. 35 and 37 Park place, at 1:30 P. M. to-day. The meeting is free to the public.

UNITED STATES INTERNAL REVENUE, Eighth Collection district, State of New York, comprising the Eighteenth, Twentieth and Twenty-first wards of the city of New York.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to law, that I have received from the Assessor the lists of the valuations and enumerations of property subject to tax, under the "Act to provide internal revenue to support the government, to pay interest on the public debt, and for other purposes" approved June 30, 1864 and the acts amendatory thereto, approved March 3, 1865, July 13, 1866, March 2, 1867, that the duties and taxes enumerated therein have become due, and payable, and that I will attend personally or by deputy for the collection of the same at my office, 937 Broadway, daily (Sundays excepted), from the 15th day of June until the 10th day of July, 1869, inclusive, between the hours of 9 A. M. and 4 P. M.

The lists herein referred to comprise the special taxes on Trades, Professions, &c., and the taxes on Carriages, Billiard Tables, Gold Watches, Gold and Silver Plate, for the year ending the 1st day of May, 1869, and the taxes upon Incomes for the year ending the 31st day of December, 1868.

[Signed] JOHN V. GRIDLEY, Collector.

ADVERTISEMENTS FOR THE HERALD RECEIVED IN BROOKLYN AT OUR BRANCH OFFICE, 145 FULTON STREET.

EUROPE.

GENEVA, SWITZERLAND. HOTEL DE LA METROPOLE. CHARLES ALDINGER, Proprietor, formerly of the "Couronne."

This hotel, the largest in Geneva, is situated in the most favorable portion of the city, commanding a splendid view over the lake, the Jura and Mont Blanc.

300 Rooms and Saloons.

Reading, coffee, smoking and billiard rooms.

English and American newspapers taken in daily.

ADVERTISEMENTS FOR THE HERALD RECEIVED IN BROOKLYN AT OUR BRANCH OFFICE, 145 FULTON STREET.

THE TURF.

JUNE MEETING of the RENSSELAER PARK ASSOCIATION, AT TROY, N. Y., TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY, June 29 and 30, and July 1, 1869.

PREMIUMS $6,000.

FIRST DAY.

A Purse of $500.

No. 1—For all horses that have never trotted better than three minutes; $300 to first, $125 to second, $75 to third.

A Purse of $900.

No. 2—For all horses that have never trotted better than 2:37; $600 to first, $200 to second, $100 to third.

SECOND DAY.

A Purse of $800.

No. 1—For all horses that have never trotted better than 2:44; $500 to first, $200 to second, $100 to third.

A Purse of $1,200.

No. 2—For all horses that have never trotted better than 2:28; $750 to first, $300 to second, $150 to third.

THIRD DAY.

A Purse of $600.

No. 1—For all horses that have never trotted better than 2:50; $350 to first, $150 to second, $100 to third.

A Purse of $2,000.

No. 2—For all horses; $1,300 to first, $500 to second, $200 to third.

CONDITIONS.

All horses must be eligible at the time of the closing of the entries.

Entrance fee 10 per cent of the purse; three or more to enter, two to start. The name, color, sex and marks of the horse entered are particularly requested.

All entries to be addressed to Gates H. Barnard, Treasurer, 289 River street, Troy, N. Y., on or before Thursday, the 17th day of June, 1869, at which time the entries will positively close.

Time made at fairs and on any track, whether short or full, will be considered a record.

All of the above races are mile heats, best 3 in 5 to harness.

The entrance fee must accompany the entry in all cases.

Trotting to commence at 2 P. M. precisely.

JOHN L. FLAGG, President.

GATES H. BARNARD, Treasurer.

SPRING MEETING.

1869.

JEROME PARK.

AMERICAN JOCKEY CLUB.

REGULAR MEETING.

THURSDAY, JUNE 10—FOUR RACES.

SATURDAY, JUNE 12—FIVE RACES.

Pools will be sold by Major W. C. Barker at the Subscription Rooms, 920 Broadway, each evening preceding races, and at such other times as may be notified; also at the Course each day of races.

First race each day punctually at three o'clock.

Admission to Field..50 cents

To Field and Grand Stand, $1 50; to Field, Grand Stand and Quarter Stretch, $2 50. Carriages free. Quarter Stretch tickets may be obtained at the office of the Club, 920 Broadway, and at the entrance to the Course.

A. BELMONT, President.

C. WHEATLY, Secretary.

UNION COURSE, LONG ISLAND.—TROTTING—Thursday, June 10, at 3 P. M. Match, $260; mile heats, best three in five, in harness. L. S. Sammis' s. m. Nellie. Mr. Weaver's b. m. Lady Whecler.

WM. SHAW, Proprietor.

AT 9 O'CLOCK, ON SATURDAY MORNING, JUNE 12, The great sale Daniel Mace's Trotting Stock, Wagons, Sulkies, Harness, &c., will take place at Mr. Mace's stables, 206 West Forty-eighth street, near Eighth avenue. By JOHNSTON & VAN TASSELL.

Stock now on exhibition as above.

Catalogues now ready at offices of the Auctioneers, 112 East Thirteenth street and 58 Liberty street, near Nassau.

JEROME PARK—AMERICAN JOCKEY CLUB RACES.—Tickets for the spring Meeting for sale by BREWSTER & CO. (of Broome street), 84 Fifth avenue, corner Fourteenth street.

NEW YORK AND HARLEM RAILROAD. Jerome Park Races.

Extra trains will be run each race day, leaving Forty-second street depot at 1:30 and 2 P. M., returning after races are over. Excursion fare (round trip), 50 cents.

T. C. BUCKHOUT, General Superintendent.

ADVERTISEMENTS FOR THE HERALD RECEIVED IN BROOKLYN AT OUR BRANCH OFFICE, 145 FULTON STREET.

SPORTING—DOGS, BIRDS, &C.

ALL KINDS OF FANCY DOGS AND BIRDS FOR sale.—Medicines for all diseases. Prepared Food for mocking birds, at B. DOVEY'S, Nos. 3 and 5 Greene street, corner of Canal.

N. B.—Ladies attended to by Mrs. Dovey.

ALL BREEDS CHOICE DOGS AND MEDICINES.—FRANCIS BUTLER, No. 2 Peck slip. Butler's Infallible Mange Cure and Flea Exterminator, 75c. Butler's new work, $2. Extra Stock and Trained Dogs. Maltese Kittens for sale.

FOR SALE—ELEVEN THOROUGHBRED RUSSIAN Bloodhounds, four of them six months old. Inquire at CHARLES FENDT'S, Union market, first landing, Staten Island.

ADVERTISEMENTS FOR THE HERALD RECEIVED IN BROOKLYN AT OUR BRANCH OFFICE, 145 FULTON STREET.

STALLIONS.

THE TROTTING STALLION COMMODORE VANDERbilt will stand for the season at the farm of Morgan L. Mott, near Poughkeepsie. Vanderbilt has a record of 2:25. Mares can be sent every day of the week by boat from the foot of Franklin street. By notifying Mr. Mott they will be sent for.

HORSES, CARRIAGES, &C.

AT BARKER & HAMLIN'S CITY AUCTION MART. MAJOR C. W. BARKER, AUCTIONEER, corner Broadway and Thirty-ninth street. REGULAR AUCTION SALES, EVERY WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY.

Gentlemen's private Establishments disposed of at public and private sale to the best advantage, and a general assortment of Horses, Carriages, Buggies, Horse Clothing, Halters, Whips, &c., to suit the needs of all classes of purchasers, constantly on hand. Orders promptly executed.

Twenty-four hours allowed for trial on every horse sold under warrantee.

Good stabling for horses at public or private sale. The only mart in the city having a driving ring for showing horses on sale. Carriages, Buggies, &c., taken on storage.

ALL IMPORTED FROM CANADA.—FOR SALE, FIVE superior saddle Horses, among them the celebrated steeple chaser Shamrock, formerly the property of Colonel Hagen, of Montreal, C. E.; also a handsome pair of bay Mares, 5 and 6 years, and a pair of small Canadian black Ponies; quiet for a lady to drive and have been used as saddle ponies for children. Inquire for DR. KIRWIN, at Egerton's stables, 119 and 121 West Twenty-third street, between Sixth and Seventh avenues.

AT NEW YORK REPOSITORY, 18 EAST EIGHTEENTH street, near Broadway.—A complete assortment of seasonable Carriages, of excellent quality and style, warranted in every respect; elegant Victorias, for Park and road; light Rockaways, Germantowns, Phaetons, Depot Wagons, Clarences, Landaulets and several elegant pony Phaetons, of the well known build of Merritt & Co.; also a variety of second hand top and no top Buggies and other Vehicles.

A.—J. T. MERRITT & CO., CARRIAGE AND SLEIGH Builders, Kingston, N. Y., established thirty years, offer at New York Carriage Repository, 18 East Eighteenth street, near Broadway, a variety of Buggies, Pony Phaetons, Depot Wagons, &c., of their own well known build, warranted in every respect. Orders for carriages the coming season will receive their faithful personal attention.

A.—MINER, STEVENS & CO., 635 Broadway, and 115 to 121 East Thirteenth street, have on hand, of their own manufacture, and are making to order every description of fashionable Carriages and light Wagons, of superior quality, to which they invite the inspection of the public.

AT 276, 278, 280 NINTH AVENUE, BETWEEN TWENty-sixth and Twenty-seventh streets, Coupe Rockaways, light Rockaways, buggies, physician's Gigs and other Carriages, new and old. WM. FLANDRAU.

ADAMS (FACTORY AND REPOSITORY, THIRD AVEnue, corner 125th street) has for sale a general assortment of Carriages, all of his own well known build, which he is offering at 15 per cent reduction on former prices. Established 1836.

ADAMS (FACTORY AND REPOSITORY, THIRD AVEnue, corner 125th street) has for sale an elegant C spring Brett, upholstered in blue cloth; also two elegant Coupes, one in satin and one in cataline.

ASSORTMENT PARK, PONY AND BASKET PHAEtons, Coupe and Westchester Rockaways, Depot and Road Wagons, new and second hand, splendid assortment of Harness, very cheap. TAYLOR'S, 59 Cedar street.

A.—TEN COACHES FROM $100 UP. ROCKAWAYS, Victorias, top and open Wagons, single and double Harness, Sheets, Nets, Blankets, &c., very low. At VAN ORDEN & DUFF'S, 243 & 221 Mercer street.

A VERY HANDSOME DAPPLE GRAY MARE FOR sale—Long tail and mane, 15½ hands high, 7 years old, perfectly sound and kind; safe for a lady or child to drive, and cannot be beat for style and beauty; can trot better than three minutes, single or double; will answer equally well for a family, coupe or light driving. Inquire at United States Stables, 153 East Thirty-second street.

ASSORTMENT OF CARRIAGES, HARNESS, &C.—Lowest rates and as represented; second hand six seat Westchester Rockaway, good order, less than value. HICKS, 32 Barclay street.

A LIGHT TWO SPRING DOG CART, WITH TURN-OUT seat, in good condition, R. M. Stivers maker, at $400. New York Repository, 18 East Eighteenth street.

A VERY SUPERIOR PAIR COACH HORSES (BAY), 16 hands, tons, full tails, fine action, 7 years old, owned by a gentleman who will give warrantee as to soundness, are kind and without a fault. Apply at office Earle's Hotel.

A VERY NICE LEATHER TOP ROAD WAGON—PRICE $275; one two seat Rockaway, $235—both new. Call at Empire stables, 261 and 265 West Thirty-third street, near Eighth avenue.

A.—FOR SALE—HORSE, CART AND WORK, WILL be sold cheap for cash. Apply at 423 Greenwich street.

A.—FIFTEEN TOP AND THIRTY NO TOP BUGGIES, 30 Rockaways; 3 top, 1 no top Pony Phaeton; 5 Depot, 5 Business, 5 Skeleton Wagons, 5 Jaggers, 3 Sulkies, 5 Contractors' Wagons, side spring; Harness of all grades, Sheets, Whips, Surcingles, Bridles, Saddles, &c., at the old stand, 1,399 and 1,401 Broadway. JAMES JENKINS.

A GOOD WORK MARE, THIN IN FLESH, VERY cheap; one strong bay Mare, 16 hands, 7 years, suitable for any work; low priced; big bargains. 498 Pearl street.

A LIGHT PARK PHAETON—ALSO ROOMY, HEAVY family Phaeton, light double Harness, several Horses, light Harness and Wagons, selling out at private stable No. 48 West Thirtieth street.

A.—COUPE ROCKAWAY, FOUR WHEEL DOG CART, Cabriolet, six seat Westchester, Buggy, Depot Wagon, 500 Carriages, Harness; 25 per cent less than Broadway stores. HAM'S, Fourth street and Lafayette place.

ADVERTISEMENTS FOR THE HERALD RECEIVED IN BROOKLYN AT OUR BRANCH OFFICE, 145 FULTON STREET.

HORSES, CARRIAGES, &C.

AT JOHNSTON & VAN TASSELL'S. ARCH. JOHNSTON, AUCTIONEER. HORSE AUCTION MART, 112 East Thirteenth street, near Fourth avenue. REGULAR SALES EVERY TUESDAY AND FRIDAY.

Gentlemen having private establishments which they wish to dispose of, or those wishing to purchase anything in the horse line will find it to their advantage to call on us.

Our dealings are almost exclusively with merchants and business men, and our establishment is conducted on the same straightforward principles which govern honorable people in other branches of trade.

Good stabling for horses at private sale.

We give the purchaser of every horse that is warranted sound twenty-four hours for trial.

OUR DOWN TOWN OFFICE AND SALESROOM IS AT NO. 58 LIBERTY STREET, BETWEEN BROADWAY AND NASSAU STREET, where a register is kept of horses, carriages, &c., at private and public sales. Liberal advances made on everything in the horse line.

ARCHIBALD JOHNSTON, AUCTIONEER. BY JOHNSTON & VAN TASSELL.

The entire Trotting Stock and contents of stable of Daniel Mace, Esq., at auction.

A CARD.

The sale of the above stock, which was advertised for Saturday, June 5, is unavoidably postponed till Saturday, June 12, at 9 o'clock, at Mr. Mace's stable, 206 West Forty-eighth street.

The postponement is on account of the Spring Meeting at Jerome Park and races at Union track.

The stock is now on exhibition at Mr. Mace's stable.

Catalogues of the sale are now ready at the auctioneers' offices, 112 East Thirteenth street and 58 Liberty street.

AT PRIVATE SALE, At JOHNSTON & VAN TASSELL'S Horse and Carriage Auction Mart, 112 East Thirteenth street, near Fourth avenue,

One splendid basket pony Phaeton.

Two piano box and two coal box shifting top Wagons, made by first class makers.

Three open Wagons.

One very fine Barouche, or Brett, made by Dunn.

Three Rockaways.

One shifting seat Park Phaeton for four persons.

Two second hand pony Phaetons and two second hand Wagons, single and double Harness, Blankets, Sheets, &c.

AT OUR NEW CARRIAGE REPOSITORY, 58 Liberty street, near Nassau.

Shifting top Wagons, no top road Wagons, top and no top pony Phaetons, Rockaways, one and two seat depot Wagons, single and double Harness, Blankets, Sheets, Whips, &c., &c. Cheaper than any other house in the city.

JOHNSTON & VAN TASSELL, 58 Liberty street.

A.—SPEED, BEAUTY, STYLE, ELEGANCE AND SAFETY. SPECIAL AND PEREMPTORY SALE OF SEVEN EXTRA FINE HORSES.

By JOHN L. VANDEWATER, AUCTIONEER, To-morrow (Friday) June 11, at stable, 47 Great Jones street, at 11 o'clock A. M., prompt,

Including three fast trotting Horses, among them the celebrated chestnut trotting Horse Ypsilanti, can beat 2:25; also, the beautiful bay trotting Mare Pet, can beat 2:40, has trotted in 2:36; also, young bay Mare, by Blucher, can show 2:45, very promising.

Also, fine black Horse, 15¾ high, six years old, cannot be excelled on park or road for style, elegance and fine action; very attractive and can trot in 3:10.

Extra fine, handsome and bloodlike bay Mare, 15½ high, six years old, extra fine and fast.

Black Horse, 15 high, nine years old, has been used and driven by ladies on park to basket phaeton and to cars; is a perfect picture and p. t.

Also, fine large family or coupe Horse, 16 high, seven years old very stylish and fine.

Part of the above horses are the property of a private gentleman who leaves for Europe in a few days, and two are to be sold by order of J. E. Wheeler, administrator. They will be sold without the least limit or reservation, and are all warranted sound and kind in every particular and as represented or no sale.

Gentlemen desirous of purchasing fine and first class trotters and style will find it to their advantage to attend this sale, as they are worthy of special attention.

They are removed to stable, 47 Great Jones street, for convenience of sale, and can be seen and examined now or at any time previous to sale. Full particulars, pedigrees, performances, &c., in Friday's Herald and at sale.

A LOT OF SOILED CARRIAGES FOR SALE LOW—Viz.:—Two pony Phaetons, thirty top Buggies, two Cabriolets, three Coaches, five Rockaways, two extension top Phaetons.

Large assortment of new styles Carriages and Harness, At CALVIN WITTY'S Warerooms, 638 Broadway.

A.—SPLENDID TOP WAGON, NEW, $160, WORTH $200, good Harness, new, $19, worth $25; Riding Saddle, new, $5, worth $10. At GRAY'S Empire City Repository, 20, 22, 24 and 26 Wooster street.

AN EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY FOR SIX GENTLEmen to club together.—To let, a first class private Stable, with the services of a first class groom; accommodations for six horses, with ample room for wagons, and glass cases for harness; best of feed, care and attention. Apply at private stable, No. 133 West Thirty-eighth street, near Broadway.

A BAY CANADIAN PONY, 15 HANDS HIGH, PRICE $75; sorrel Horse, road Wagon and Harness; two Horses suitable for cart or truck. Apply at 201 West Thirteenth street, near Eighth avenue.

A COACH IN FINE RUNNING ORDER, BUGGIES, doctor's Gigs and second hand Buggies of different styles. Apply to GEORGE J. MOORE, 374 Bowery.

A FAMILY HORSE FOR SALE—A GRAY MARE, very stylish and perfectly safe in saddle or harness. Apply at No. 4 West Forty-fifth street.

A PLATFORM SPRING DEPOT CARRIAGE, WITH shifting seats to carry six persons, light and roomy; also a full assortment of express and package delivery Wagons; all warranted. CHARLES SWIFT & SON. Thirtieth street, west of Sixth avenue.

ANY GENTLEMAN IN WANT OF A FIRST CLASS SET of single Harness will find it to his interest to call at private stable 133 West Thirty-eighth street.

AN ELEGANT CITY MADE DOUBLE HARNESS, covered mountings, for $75; single, covered, as low as $17, at JOHNSTON & VAN TASSELL'S, 58 Liberty street.

BY EDWARD SCHENCK, AUCTIONEER.

PEREMPTORY SALE OF NEW AND SECOND HAND CARRIAGES, PHAETONS, BRETTS, WAGONS, &c.

On FRIDAY, 11th instant, at 12 o'clock,

at the auction room of EDWARD SCHENCK, 60 Liberty street, peremptory sale of twenty new and second hand Carriages, consisting of Buggies by Parker, Phaetons by Wood, Bretts by Miner and other celebrated makers.

This sale comprises Carriages of every variety, and is well worthy the attention of parties about purchasing.

Catalogues, with full particulars, at the office, 60 Liberty street.

CARRIAGES, HARNESS, CARRIAGES, VELOCIpedes.—Great reduction in prices; 1,000 sets Harness, all styles; Carriages for park and family use; several second hand Carriages at CALVIN WITTY'S velocipede carriage warerooms, 624 and 638 Broadway.

CLARENCES, COACHES, ROCKAWAYS; PONY, PARK, Basket, Rumble Phaetons; Top, Road, Business Wagons; Rockaways all kinds; Harness, Robes, Sheets. Very cheap. Call and examine and be convinced. At GRAY'S Empire City Repository, 20, 22, 24 and 26 Wooster street.

ELEGANT VICTORIAS—OF SUPERIOR QUALITY AND in all the newest designs; also Pony and Park Phaetons at reasonable prices. New York Repository, No. 18 East Eighteenth street.

FINE BAY, 16½ HANDS, 7 YEARS, WEIGHT 1,250 pounds; stylish in any harness; would be a perfect coupe horse; warranted in every respect.

DAYTON, 147 West Thirty-fifth street.

FOR SALE—CHEAP, BUGGIES, DOCTOR'S WAGONS, express and light business Wagons; also a very good double Truck. Apply at 23 Third street, near Bowery.

FOR SALE—A VERY PROMISING PAIR OF thoroughbred black Mares, 6 years old. Inquire of Z. M. HEWITT, at American Express stables, in Laight street, near Hudson, between 11 and 12 and after 5 P. M.

FOR SALE—A PAIR OF VERY FINE, STYLISH BAY carriage Horses, kind and gentle. Inquire at A. HYNARD'S stables, 78 and 80 Bank street.

FOR SALE—GENTLEMAN'S COMPLETE TURNOUT—Horse, Harness, Wagon, Blankets, &c. Apply immediately at Tallman's stable, Thirty eighth street and Broadway.

FOR SALE—A COMPLETE TURNOUT; HORSE, TOP Wagon and Harness; black Horse, 15½ hands; will trot to-day under the watch in 2 40, if handled can beat 30; Wagon made by R. M. Stivers; Harness new, made to order by Hoover, Calhoun & Co., of Broadway; the whole can be bought low, and in a first class establishment. Apply to J. A. BYRNES, 55 Nassau street, room 10, to-day.

FOR SALE.—ISAAC LOCKWOOD WILL SELL HIS own make of first class Wagons at reduced prices; also light top and road second hand Wagons, cheap, at repository, Third avenue, corner of 127th street.

FOR SALE—BAY HORSE, 15½ HANDS, 9 YEARS old; drives double and single and an excellent saddle horse, having been ridden by a lady. Call at private stable 246 West Forty-seventh street.

FOR SALE—A DARK BROWN, VERY STYLISH LONG tailed Horse, 16 hands, and can trot in 3.15. Apply at private stable, 217 Forty-first street.

FOR SALE—AN ELEGANT TROTTING HORSE, WARranted all right in speed, size, soundness and gentleness; drive double or single; good under saddle. Apply at Wadsworth House, Fifth avenue and Fourteenth street.

FOR SALE—A YOUNG CANADIAN PONY, 14½ HANDS high. Inquire at 343 East Eighth street.

FOR SALE—JUST FROM THE COUNTRY, A DARK brown Hambletonian Horse, six years old, 15¾ hands high; sound, kind and gentle in every way; fast traveller. To be seen at Arnold's stables, 148 West Twenty ninth street, or inquire of J. C. HULL'S Son, 32 Park row.

FOR SALE—A GENTLEMAN'S TEAM OF HORSES; color dark bay, 15¾ hands, very stylish, rangy and perfectly gentle. Any gentleman wishing a superior pair of horses may apply to G. MACPHERSON, 40 Beekman street, or at Brevoort stables, Eighth street, near Sixth avenue.

FOR SALE—A SIX SEAT PHAETON, BUILT BY ONE of the best makers in the city; nearly new; will be sold low. Inquire for Michael Smith, at the Fifth Avenue Hotel stable, 227 Twenty sixth street, who will show it. Apply to PIERSON & TURNER, 120 Wall street.

FOR SALE—LARGE BROWN HORSE, 17 HANDS, 8 years old; fit for wagon or heavy work; sold for want of use. Call at 87 Wooster street.

FOR SALE—A BLACK PONY, ABOUT 14 HANDS high, 6 years old, sound and perfectly gentle; been used by a lady. Also a coal box top Buggy, built by Brewster & Co., of Broome street, and a very light top Buggy, built by Peter Dubois. Apply at Thompson's stable, 140 East Thirteenth street.

FOR SALE—A SECOND HAND DOUBLE SET OF Harness, made by Lowden. Inquire at 20 Amity street.

FOR SALE—A PAIR OF STYLISH BAY COACH Horses, 15¾ hands; warranted sound and kind in single or double harness or under saddle; sold together or separate. Apply at private stable 143 East Thirty-ninth street, or to G. HARTLEY, Nos. 81 and 82 Thirty-fourth street Market.

FOR SALE TWO CANADIAN PONIES, 14 HANDS; sound, kind, six and seven years; one will suit boy or girl to ride, sold reasonable. 80 Seventh avenue, corner Fifteenth street.

HORSES, CARRIAGES, &C.

FOR SALE—WESTCHESTER ROCKAWAY, IN GOOD order; also a Clarence (cost $1,800) will be sold for $1,100. MOTT & BURR, 203 Mercer street.

FOR SALE—ONE NEW BAROUCHE, ONE SECOND hand Rockaway, Curtain Coach, top Wagon, Dog Wagon, Wagons without top; also close panelled Coach. 156 West Twenty-seventh street.

FOR SALE—SHETLAND PONIES; STALLION, FOUR years old, 11 hands high; Mare 10½ hands high, 3 years old; drive together, and good under saddle; warranted in every respect; sell single or together, or will exchange for another horse. Apply to H. BOLLAND, Quarantine, Staten Island.

FOR SALE—A YOUNG HORSE, SIX YEARS OLD, dark gray; gentle in single or double harness; is a beautiful saddle horse; sold for want of use; at McPEACK & BROTHER'S livery stables, 150, 152, 154 and 156 East Fiftieth street, near Third avenue, New York.

FOR SALE—A SORREL HORSE, KIND AND GENTLE and stylish; a good pole horse; can trot close to 2:50. Inquire of W. SQUIRES, 102 Washington street, or 104 Fulton street, Brooklyn.

FOR SALE CHEAP—A TWO SEAT EXTENSION TOP Wagon, with Pole. Inquire at 103 and 105 Charles street. L. DEVOE.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—TWENTY YOUNG Horses, just from the country, 5 to 7 years old, 14 to 17 hands high; all sound and kind. Inquire at 122 Norfolk street. Also one coupe Horse.

HORSE COLLARS.—THE PATENT PIPE COLLAR, the only safe collar for draught horses; also every other description of Collars, wholesale and retail, at DUXON BROS'., 378 Pearl street. Horses measured and carefully fitted.

HORSE, CART AND HARNESS FOR SALE.—CAN BE seen at 17 James slip, New York.

HARNESS.—TWO NEW SETS OF SPLENDID SINGLE Harness, covered mountings, first class stock and work, for sale cheap. 241 Twenty-sixth street, between Seventh and Eighth avenues, first floor.

HARNESS—A LARGE CONSIGNMENT, INCLUDING some fine city made work, will be sold at less than auction prices to pay advances, at the cheapest house in the city, viz., JOHNSTON & VAN TASSELL'S, 58 Liberty street, near Nassau.

JEROME PARK.—THE SALE OF THE CLIFTON Yearlings, by Leamington, will take place this day, at one P. M.

P. W. F.—THE BEST METHOD FOR COACH PAINTing. VALENTINE & CO., Sole Agents, Boston.

WANTED—A GOOD, GENTLE, STYLISH HORSE, Buggy or Park Phaeton and Harness, in exchange for a new Marvin & Co.'s Safe. Address C. D., box 123 Herald office.

WANTED—A MAN TO FURNISH HORSES AND CARriages to do the work of a first class hotel at a watering place on shares. Apply to KING & CO., 185 Fifth avenue.

WANTED—A SECOND HAND SHIFTING TOP BUGgy; must be square box, with dark colored running gear, in perfect order and of first class city make. Address O. R., Herald office.

WANTED—A LIGHT, TOP BUGGY, NOT TO WEIGH over 275 to 300 lbs.; must be of first class make and in good order. Address box 1,184 Post office, for three days, with terms.

WANTED TO PURCHASE—A LIGHT BREAD WAGON. Apply to or address FARRAR & RICHARDSON, 182 Pavonia avenue, Jersey City.

$75.—BROWN HORSE; TEAM LARGE STEEL roans, 16 hands, $300; fine sorrel Horse, $140; all sound and kind and good workers and drivers. 734 Washington street, in grocery.

$75—$100, $125, $150.—FOUR HORSES, SIX TO NINE years; sound, kind, team bays, 15 hands; fine drivers; all right; $210. ELDRIDGE'S Express, 210 West Twenty-eighth street.

$275.—BARGAIN.—SPLENDID TOP BUGGY, CITY made, latest style, and set of covered Harness, used a few times. Call, examine, before buying. 449 Seventh avenue.

$1,000 FOR ONE OF THE FASTEST AND HANDsomest Horses, road Wagon and Harness; horse black, kind and gentle every way. Apply at McNicol's stable, Twelfth street, near University place.

YACHTS, STEAMBOATS, &c.

FOR SALE—THE CELEBRATED SCHOONER YACHT Henrietta, 210 tons burden, old measurement, winner of the great ocean yacht race to Cowes, England, in 1866, (in which she made the extraordinary run of 280 miles in 24 hours), and several other ocean races. The Henrietta has been on a cruise to the West Indies, but has returned to New York. While on her voyage from Key West to Charleston she made a run of 250 miles during rough weather, showing that she has lost none of her speed. The Henrietta has a commodious saloon, handsomely fitted up, with a large stateroom on the starboard side, three other staterooms and two staterooms forward for officers. The cabin furniture, kitchen utensils, &c., are in complete order, and the vessel will be put in readiness to go to sea immediately. The Henrietta will compare favorably, for speed and seagoing qualities, with any yacht in this country or England. For particulars address J. ANDERSON, Herald office, New York.

FOR SALE—THE SCHOONER YACHT HALCYON, 130 tons old measurement; she is in complete order and warranted sound. Inquire on board, at Greenpoint, of Captain THOMAS B. HAWKINS, or of WILLIAM M. JOHNSON, 110 Front street, New York.

FOR SALE CHEAP—THE FAST SAILING SLOOP Westchester, 35 tons. Apply on board at pier 23 North river, from 10 to 12 and from 2 till 4 P. M.

FOR SALE CHEAP—SCHOONER McMURRAY, OF about 75 tons. Apply to P. C. HARTOUGH & CO., Twenty-seventh street, North river.

FREIGHT PROPELLER FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE for real estate or for tug boat in good order. Apply to E. M. MASON, No. 1 Centre street.

STEAM YACHT FOR SALE.—A FINE MODELLED steam yacht, 55 feet long, 11½ feet beam, 10 inch square cylinder, well found and in complete running order, for sale cheap. She is very economical in the item of fuel. Address Dolphin, New York Herald office.

THE YACHT ZINGA FOR SALE—OR WILL BE SOLD at public auction on Monday, June 21, at 1 o'clock, foot of Van Brunt street, Brooklyn. For particulars apply to E. CUMMINGS, stone yard, Bowen, near Van Brunt street, Brooklyn.

THE COPPER FASTENED SLOOP YACHT IDA, FURnished and afloat, will be sold lower than any yacht offered; owner going inland. Apply to AUG. D. WHITE, 740 Broadway.

ADVERTISEMENTS FOR THE HERALD RECEIVED IN BROOKLYN AT OUR BRANCH OFFICE, 145 FULTON STREET.

DRY GOODS.

M. A. DOUGLASS

Is offering Mantles, Costumes, Llama Lace Mantles, &c., at reduced prices, preparatory to leaving for Europe.

N. B.—Special attention is called to the new material, Ecru, for costumes, as now worn in Paris.

13 East Seventeenth street, between Broadway and Fifth avenue.

THE GREATEST BARGAIN OF THE SEASON.—ONE case 4-4 black and white stripe pure Mohair, silk finish, 30c. per yard; would be cheap at $1 25.

JACKSON'S, 551 Broadway.

TOYS.—A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF FOREIGN AND domestic Toys at STAVELEY'S, 870 Broadway, near Eighteenth street.

FINE ARTS.

TO LET—THE LEEDS ART GALLERIES, NOS. 817 and 819 Broadway, southwest corner Twelfth street; the finest exhibition rooms in the United States, size 32x76 feet. Apply to HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER, 95 Chambers st.

INSTRUCTION.

AT TOWNSEND'S BUSINESS COLLEGE, 186 BOWERY, near Spring street—Instruction day and evening in Bookkeeping, Writing, Arithmetic, Spelling, Grammar, &c. Preparatory department. Separate rooms for those wishing private instruction. No vacation. Ladies' department.

AN EXPERIENCED, COMPETENT LADY DESIRES pupils for thorough instruction in French and music; highest references, $10 per quarter. Address Miss Richardson, 21 St. Mark's place.

A FRENCH GENTLEMAN, PROFESSOR IN ONE OF the first schools in New York, would like to make an engagement to teach in a family going to the country, or residing near New York; would teach, besides French, German and the different branches of education. Address Professor, box 138 Herald office.

A FRENCH LADY DESIRES TO MAKE AN ENGAGEment for the ensuing year in a school; best references given. Address Mlle. J. S., Seminary, 102 Remsen street, Brooklyn.

EDUCATION.—MADAME REICHARD'S INSTITUTE for young ladies, Landau, Rheinpfalz, Germany. Great advantages for music, drawing and languages; terms thirty guineas per annum. Reference to be made to W. F. Brantley, Esq., Savannah, Ga.; Dr. Heckelmann, Springfield, Ill., and Frank S. Winchester, Esq., 20 Nassau street, New York.

MERCANTILE COLLEGE AND BOARDING SCHOOL of Aug. Machwart, at Aschaffenburg am-Main, Bavaria. In my institute boys find home comforts, combined with the most affectionate treatment and conscientious care. Education superior. Pupils received at all times. Prospectuses to be had on application to the principal.

PRIVATE STUDY FOR THE STAGE—INCLUDING Singing, Burlesque, &c., by an eminent actor and manager, with facilities for engagements next season. Address Director, 220 East Twenty-seventh street.

THE NORTH GRANVILLE LADIES' SEMINARY will be open for summer boarders from July 5 to September 1. Terms from $8 to $12 per week. Call upon or address W. W. DOWD, North Granville, N. Y.

WANTED—A COMPETENT AND EXPERIENCED teacher of penmanship; none but such and an American need apply, between 1 and 4 o'clock, at 213 East Thirty-sixth street, between Seventh and Eighth avenues.

$5 EACH—BOOKKEEPING, WRITING, ARITHMEtic, Grammar, Spelling; all summer, day and evening; no vacation. THOMPSON'S College, 20 Fourth avenue, New York. Private instruction; ladies' department; preparatory course; Telegraphing.

ADVERTISEMENTS FOR THE HERALD RECEIVED IN BROOKLYN AT OUR BRANCH OFFICE, 145 FULTON STREET.

FINANCIAL.

AUGUST BELMONT & CO. issue letters of credit for travellers' use on Messrs. ROTHSCHILD, in Paris, London, Frankfort and Vienna and their correspondents in all the principal cities of Europe. Also make telegraphic transfers on California and Europe.

A SUM OF $15,000 TO LOAN—ON BOND AND MORTgage, on good city property; also one of $25,000, which can be divided. H. A. READ, 95 Liberty street.

A PARTY, HAVING A CERTAIN AND WELL SEcured income of from $500 to $1,000 per month, wishes to borrow several thousand dollars, for immediate use, at a reasonable interest, and will assign said income for payment of loan. Address Securities, Herald office.

CASH ADVANCES TO MERCHANTS AND MANUFACturers.—The undersigned will make liberal cash advances on all kinds of merchandise to be sold at public or private sale. C. V. WHITE, 10 Murray street.

DIVIDEND.—SAVAGE MINING COMPANY, $2, COIN, per share, payable 11th inst., at the office of LEES & WALLER, 22 Pine street.

NEW YORK, June 9, 1869.

FOR SALE—NEW YORK CITY RAILROAD STOCKS and Bonds, Insurance, Bank, Gaslight and Manufacturing Stocks; also a large variety of Railroad Bonds and other Securities, paying good dividends, at low rates for investments, by ALBERT H. NICOLAY, Stock Broker and Auctioneer, No. 43 Pine street.

N. B.—All securities not dealt in at the New York Stock Exchange Boards receive special attention, as has been the custom with this house for many years.

FOR SALE—$20,000 INDIANAPOLIS AND CINCINnati First Mortgage Bonds at 82½; other first class Securities for sale very cheap. G. COPELAND, 33 Pine street.

FOR SALE—350 SHARES STOCK UNION PACIFIC Railroad Company. Wanted—Bonds of counties in States of Kentucky, Tennessee, Wisconsin and Iowa. WILLIAM A. GUEST, 25 Wall street.

HOWES & MACY, BANKERS, (THE SAME AS AN INCORPORATED BANK), 30 WALL STREET, NEW YORK. FOUR PER CENT INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS.

Persons desirous of receiving interest for their money and having it at all times subject to check on demand, can do so by depositing WITH THIS BANK, which allows interest on the entire daily balances at the rate of FOUR PER CENT per annum.

Collections made on any part of the world, with immediate returns, at the lowest current rates.

Orders for purchase or sale of stocks, bonds or gold promptly executed.

MORTON BLISS & CO., 30 Broad street, issue Circular Notes and Circular Letters of Credit for travellers; also Commercial Credits, available in all parts of Europe.

MACOUPIN COUNTY TEN PER CENT BONDS.

HOWES & MACY,

No. 30 Wall street,

offer for sale Bonds of Macoupin County, Illinois, issued for the building of a court house, bearing interest at the rate of ten per cent per annum. Coupons payable semi-annually in New York. These bonds are considered first class, and very desirable for investors.

MONEY TO LOAN—ON SECOND MORTGAGE AND on property in course of erection; three small sums to loan on First Mortgage. Second Mortgages bought. SAMUEL BROWN & SON, 34½ Pine street, room 1.

MONEY FOR SMALL FIRST MORTGAGES—ABOUT one year to run; no delay; money in our own office. Apply to WM. KENNELLY, 32 Pine street.

MONEY LOANED—ON BOND AND MORTGAGE. The sale of first and second mortgages negotiated at reasonable rates. WM. H. RAYNOR, No. 6 Pine street.

NOTICE.—STATE TREASURER'S OFFICE, NEW ORleans, June 1, 1869. Notice is hereby given that hereafter Interest Coupons on all State Bonds, as they mature, will be paid on presentation at the Citizens' Bank of Louisiana or the Bank of America, New York.

A. DUBUCLET, State Treasurer.

UNITED STATES TREASURY, NEW YORK, June 8, 1869.

TENTH SALE OF GOLD.—By direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, notice is hereby given that sealed proposals for the purchase of one million of dollars in gold will be received at this office until noon of Thursday, 10th inst., when the same will be opened and bids declared.

Proposals will be received for sums not less than five thousand dollars ($5,000), and payments may be made either in lawful money or three per cent certificates. Successful bidders will be required to deposit five per cent of the amount of the purchase on the day of the sale. Like proposals will be received on Monday and Thursday of each succeeding week until otherwise ordered.

The amount awarded will not exceed two millions of dollars per week, and the right is reserved to reject bids obviously adverse to the interests of the government.

H. H. VAN DYCK, Assistant Treasurer.

W. B. PUTNAM, 66 WALL STREET.—BONDS AND Stocks bought and sold. Loans negotiated on securities, bond and mortgage, &c. First Mortgages wanted.

$10,000 WANTED—ON BOND AND MORTGAGE, on improved real estate in this city of New York worth $30,000. Apply to G. P. WHITE, 116th street, west of Third avenue, for three days.

$20,000 TO LOAN ON GOOD CITY PROPERTY from July 1; can be divided into two amounts. Brokers liberally dealt with. TITUS & DAME, Conveyancers, 69 Liberty street.

$100,000.—FIRST AND SECOND MORTGAGES purchased. Money to loan on mortgage or property in this city and Brooklyn. HINMAN & SON, 23 Pine street.

$125,000 TO LOAN ON BOND AND MORTgage (in sums of $5,000 and upward) on real estate in this city. JOHN F. CONREY, No. 63 Wall street, room 12.

$174,000 TO LOAN—ON BOND AND MORTgage, in sums to suit, on New York and Brooklyn property. First and Second Mortgages bought and sold. M. H. CHAPEL, 71 Broadway, room 51.

$250,000 TO LOAN—ON BOND AND MORTgage, in sums of $2,000 and upwards; first and second mortgages bought and sold; also mortgages on leasehold property. HENRY BEECKMAN & SONS, 208 Broadway, room 15.

$500,000 TO LOAN ON NEW YORK PROperty. First and Second Mortgages wanted for cash. BELLAMY & STRATTON, No. 5½ Pine street.

$750,000 TO LOAN, ON FIRST BOND AND mortgage on improved Property in New York, Brooklyn and New Jersey, to principals only. E. M. MASON, No. 1 Centre street.

ADVERTISEMENTS FOR THE HERALD RECEIVED IN BROOKLYN AT OUR BRANCH OFFICE, 145 FULTON STREET.

LOAN OFFICES.

AT J. A. JACKSON'S, NO. 5 AMITY STREET, NEAR Broadway.—Liberal advances made on Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, Dry Goods and personal property of every description. Same bought and sold.

AT HYMAN'S, 658 BROADWAY, CORNER OF BOND street.—Liberal advances made on Diamonds and Watches, Silverware, &c., or will pay the highest market price for the same.

AT 57 THIRTEENTH STREET, NEAR WALLACK'S theatre.—I pay the highest price for Diamonds, Watches and Jewelry, or advance on the same. ISAACS, Diamond Broker, 57 Thirteenth street.

AT 157½ BOWERY, NEAR BROOME STREET.—ADvances made on Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, Silks, Dry Goods, &c., or the same bought at the highest market prices. Pawnbrokers' Tickets bought.

AT THE OLD ESTABLISHED OFFICE, 68 NASSAU street, you can obtain liberal advances on Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, &c., or will purchase them at their utmost valuation. A. HONIGMAN, Broker.

ALL PARTIES WANTING MONEY, PLEASE CALL AT WOLF & BROTHER'S, 559 Broadway, up stairs. Advances liberally on Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, Shawls; particularly on Pianos (business strictly confidential); same bought.

AT 77 BLEECKER STREET, NEAR BROADWAY, UP stairs.—Money liberally advanced on Diamonds, Watches, and Jewelry, &c., or the same bought. Pawnbrokers' Tickets bought.

AT 697 BROADWAY,

Liberal advances made on Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, Silks, &c. The same bought and sold.

JAMES P. MATTHEWS.

Removed May 1 to Room No. 7, same floor.

DIAMONDS, WATCHES, JEWELRY AND SILVER ware bought and money loaned on them by G. C. ALLEN, 415 Broadway, one door below Canal street.

NEWMAN LEOPOLD, 195 BROADWAY, CORNER DEY street, having facilities, advances at low rates on Diamonds, Watches, Merchandise, Life Policies, Pianos or other securities. Formerly at 58 Nassau street.

ROOM NO. 8 KNOX'S BUILDING, CORNER BROADway and Fulton street.—The old business revived. Liberal advances made lower than ever on Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, Pianos, Furniture and other securities.

THE HIGHEST PRICES LENT ON WATCHES, DIAmonds, Jewelry, Silverware, Silks, Guns, Pistols and personal property of every description by J. METZLER, 49 East Houston street, between Mott and Mulberry streets, New York; removed from 511 Broome street.

39 NASSAU STREET, OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.—Liberal advances made on Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry and all kinds of Merchandise, or the same bought. Business strictly private. Room No. 1.

ADVERTISEMENTS FOR THE HERALD RECEIVED IN BROOKLYN AT OUR BRANCH OFFICE, 145 FULTON STREET.

MILK AND CREAM.

20 NORTH MOORE STREET.—WOODHULL & GOUGE, Orange County Milk and Cream.—Hotels, ice cream saloons, &c., supplied from Prospect Park to Harlem river. Orders by mail will receive attention.

POST OFFICE NOTICE.

POST OFFICE NOTICE.

The mail for Europe during the week ending June 12, will close at this office at 12 M., and at the stations as follows:—A and B, 11:45; C and O, 11:30; D and E, 11:15; F and G, 10:50 A. M. P. H. JONES, Postmaster.

WANTED TO PURCHASE.

WHO HAS A LIQUOR STORE TO EXCHANGE FOR equity, $2,500, in a small new brick House in Brooklyn? Address Niles, Herald office. Agents need not answer.

ADVERTISEMENTS FOR THE HERALD RECEIVED IN BROOKLYN AT OUR BRANCH OFFICE, 145 FULTON STREET.

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS FOR STATIONERY.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, OFFICE OF INTERNAL REVENUE, WASHINGTON, May 31, 1869.

Sealed Proposals will be received at this office until the 20th day of June, 1869, at 12 o'clock M., for supplying the Assessors and Collectors of Internal Revenue throughout that portion of the United States lying east of the Rocky Mountains, except Montana and New Mexico, with the Stationery required for use in their respective districts for the year ending June 30, 1870.

No proposals will be considered unless accompanied by a bond with sufficient sureties in the sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000), approved by a United States District Attorney, on a form to be furnished by the department, conditioned that the parties shall, in case of the acceptance of their bid, or any part of it, duly execute a contract with good and sufficient bonds for the due performance of the same.

The Commissioner reserves the right to consider and accept or reject each bid, item by item.

The bids should be addressed to the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, and indorsed "Proposals for supplying Stationery to Internal Revenue officers."

Schedules of articles to be furnished will be forwarded from this office upon application, with conditions under which the articles are to be delivered.

C. DELANO, Commissioner.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED AT THE office of the Clerk of the Board of Education, corner of Grand and Elm streets (and nowhere else), until Tuesday, the 22d day of June, 1869, at 12 o'clock M., for supplying the Coal and Wood required for the Public Schools in this city for the ensuing year; say, six thousand (6,000) tons of coal and three thousand (3,000) cords of oak wood and one thousand one hundred (1,100) cords of pine wood, more or less.

The coal must be of the best quality of white ash, furnace and stove sizes, in good order, two thousand two hundred and forty (2,240) pounds to the ton, and must be delivered in the bins at the several school buildings. The proposals must state the mines from which it is proposed to supply the coal (to be furnished from the mines named) if accepted, and must state the price per ton of two thousand two hundred and forty (2,240) pounds.

The quantities of the various sizes of coal required will be about as follows, viz.:—Four thousand tons of furnace size, twelve hundred tons of stove size, seven hundred and twenty-five tons of egg size and seventy-five tons of nut size.

The oak wood must be of the best quality, the sticks not less than three (3) feet long, and not less than three (3) inches in diameter.

The pine wood must be of the best quality, not less than (3) feet six (6) inches long.

The proposals must state the price per cord of one hundred and twenty-eight (128) cubic feet, solid measure, for both pine and oak wood, and also the price per cut for sawing and splitting per load—the quantity of oak wood to be split only as required by the Committee on Supplies.

The wood will be inspected and measured under the supervision of the Inspector of Fuel of the Board of Education, and must be delivered at the schools, when ordered, as follows:—

Two-thirds of the quantity required from the first day of July to the twenty-fifth day of August, and the remainder as required by the Committee on Supplies.

Said wood, both oak and pine, must be delivered sawed, and when required, split, and must be piled in the yards, cellars, vaults or bins of the school buildings, as may be designated by the proper authority. The contracts for supplying said coal and wood to be binding until the 22d day of June, 1870. Two sureties for the faithful performance of the contract will be required, and each proposal must be accompanied with the signatures and residences of the proposed sureties.

No compensation will be allowed for delivering said coal and wood at any of the schools, nor for putting and piling the same in the yards, cellars, vaults or bins of said schools.

Proposals must be directed to the "Committee on Supplies of the Board of Education," and should be endorsed "Proposals for Coal," or "Proposals for Wood," as the case may be.

The committee reserve the right to reject any or all of the proposals offered.

TIMOTHY BRENNAN, THOMAS MURPHY, SAMUEL A. LEWIS, Committee on Supplies.

ADVERTISEMENTS FOR THE HERALD RECEIVED IN BROOKLYN AT OUR BRANCH OFFICE, 145 FULTON STREET.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

A PARTNER OR CLERK, WITH $4,000, IN ONE OF the best paying hotels in the country; security given. C. B. HOWES, No. 2 Dey street, room No. 9.

AT HOBOKEN.—CORNER GROCERY, STOCK, FIXtures, lease and horse and wagon. Low price for cash. Apply to CHARLES CLINTON, 75 Washington street, Hoboken.

A YOUNG MAN OF GOOD BUSINESS EXPERIENCE would like to invest from $7,000 to $10,000 in some good manufacturing business. Address, with name and business, Confidential, Herald office.

A PARTNER WANTED—IN A LEGITIMATE GOOD paying business, with a cash capital of $1,000. For further particulars apply at 154 West Thirty-first street. A young man preferred for the advertiser is a young man. No agents need apply.

A RARE CHANCE FOR MAKING MONEY, WITH large or small capital, in Wallace's Steam Washer; profits 400 per cent. Call on or address J. A. WALLACE, 81 Cedar street, room No. 3.

AN ESTABLISHED AUCTION AND COMMISSION house would make a very liberal arrangement with a satisfactory party, who could advance from time to time, as the business requires it, $3,000 to $5,000; must keep the books and cash, and give his time from 9 A. M. to 10 P. M.; business safe and reliable. None but a workingman, with capital, need apply. Address W. & Co., 457 Eighth avenue.

A SUITABLE PARTY, WITH SUFFICIENT CAPITAL (about $45,000 will be needed) may hear of an opportunity for a safe and extremely profitable investment in a well established jobbing house in this city. One of the present partners wishes to retire and dispose of his interest in the business. Payment may be made all cash, or part will be received in notes bearing interest and duly secured. Address V. R., box 2,682 Post office, New York.

A FIRST CLASS LARGE PAYING RESTAURANT for sale, doing a business of $200 a day, in a capital location down town. SOUTHMAYD & CO., 194 Broadway.

A COAL YARD, WITH OR WITHOUT THE REAL Estate, for sale low; well located; business extensive and increasing; terms easy. SOUTHMAYD & CO., 194 Broadway.

A DESIRABLE OPPORTUNITY FOR A MAN OF capital to engage in the Stationery Business is now offered by a party engaged in the business, who can command a good trade. Address confidentially W. B., Herald office.

A PARTNER WANTED—WITH $600, IN A PLEASANT and profitable business; will make $5,000 year y; no risk. Inquire of Mr. SMITH, 56 Sixth avenue, in the store.

CALL AT 203 BROADWAY, ROOM 11, AND EXAMINE the best, cheapest and quickest selling article ever manufactured; pays large profits; has no competition; country rights for sale.

FOR SALE—A SHOE STORE, IN BROOKLYN, DOING a good business; satisfactory reasons given for selling. Address for three days G., Herald office.

IF THERE IS A MAN IN THE CITY WITH A knowledge of the stationery business and with some means, he can hear of an opportunity that seldom offers to secure an interest in an old established business by addressing Park Place, Herald office.

PARTNER WANTED—WITH FROM $200 TO $500, IN a neat mechanical business, profits large; one not afraid to work. Call at 42 West Broadway, up stairs.

SUPERINTENDENT WANTED—TO TAKE CHARGE of a well established machinery business, who can invest a sufficient amount to secure most efficient services. A liberal salary will be paid to a thoroughly competent man, and none other need apply. Address Iron Works, Herald office.

TO EXCHANGE—A COUNTRY SEAT, SEVEN ACRES; one hour's ride from New York; for grocery, leather or any good paying business would exchange for other property or enter in partnership with a capitalist, or cheap for cash. Address H. C. V., Herald office.

TWO VALUABLE PATENTS TO SELL—LARGE INTERest given for spending a small sum for models. A fortune can be made. Machinists notice. B. M. FOWLER, 390 Bowery.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS A WELL ESTABLISHED Plumbing and Gas Fitting business, and who has more on his hands than he can attend to himself, wishes a partner, an active business man, with a cash capital of $2,000. Address Plumber, No. 2 Amity street, New York.

WANTED—A PARTNER TO GO INTO A CIGAR business; one that can invest about $200. Only such a one need apply as understands the business well and can give excellent city references. Apply to A. C., Herald office.

WANTED—PARTNER, A YOUNG MAN, WITH $800 TO $1,200, to go South and West, in medicine business. Every satisfaction given. Investment will pay $200 per month. Address Tennessee, Herald office.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN, WITH $250 CAPITAL. Good business, double the amount now in stock. Parties expecting more than $5 per day profit avoid addressing L., Herald office.

$400.—WANTED, A GENTLEMAN OF EDUCAtion, with this amount, to establish a printing office for "Personal and Matrimonial," already regularly issued semi-monthly. Address Personal, No. 2 Amity street.

$500 TO $1,000.—ANY RELIABLE YOUNG MAN having this amount and wishing to engage in business where he can realize good profits, with no danger of loss, will please address immediately S. A. D., Herald office.

$1,000.—AN ENERGETIC MAN WITH $1,000 CAN make $50 per day. Full particulars at Nos. 37 and 39 Nassau street, room 24, from 10 to 3 o'clock.

$1,000.—WANTED, A PARTNER FOR A HANDsomely fitted up first class restaurant and bar, in Nassau street, to increase the business. Address M. M. M., Herald office.

$5,000 WANTED.—WILL GIVE A SALARY OF $100 a week; security given on $20,000 worth of machinery. For particulars apply to SOUTHMAYD & CO., 194 Broadway.

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$10,000.—PARTNER, ACTIVE OR SPECIAL, with this amount required to enlarge and fully develop a manufacturing business, now in successful operation, protected by patents, and certain of yielding immense profits. Fullest investigation permitted and references given to first class city houses. No agents. Address P. B. M., Herald office.

$25,000 CASH CAPITAL WANTED—TO JOIN A party in the dry goods commission business, in New York city; full security guaranteed for money invested. Party advertising has been a partner in a large house; credit A1; understands the business in all its phases. Address, real name, none others noticed, Merchant, box 128 Herald office.

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NOTICE TO THE TRADE AND TO ADVERTISERS.—Don't advertise before you read our pamphlet "Publishing Agents Tricks." First number, J. Viennot & Co., 25 cents, will be published June 15, by MACRICK'S autographic printing establishment, 10 North William street.

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TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

A.—TO LET, THIRD FLOOR, BACK, OF 105 NASSAU street, for manufacturing or other business. Apply to BARKER & COSTER, room 6 Herald Building.

A.—TO LET LOFTS ON THIRD FLOOR OF 129 FULTON street, suitable for light manufacturing purposes. Apply to BARKER & COSTER, room 6 Herald Building.

AT 925 BROADWAY, STANLEY DAY MAILS FREE A printed list of Buildings, Stores, Basements, Hotels, Factories, Lofts, Floors, Bars, Offices. Rooms to let at lowest market rates.

A LARGE STORE AND BASEMENT TO LET—797 Second avenue, between Forty-second and Forty third streets, west side. Also House for sale.

BOWERY STORE.—TO LET, THE SECOND AND Third Floors of the handsome brown stone building 257 Bowery, 25x94; rent low. Apply to A. HARDMAN, 456 Broadway.

DESK ROOM CAN BE HAD ON REASONABLE terms, at No. 60 Broadway. Apply at rear office, first floor.

FRONT STORE TO LET—AT 63 PRINCE STREET, with fixtures, showcases, &c., suitable for a merchant tailor, milliner or any light business; rent low.

FOUR STORY BRICK BUILDING TO LET CHEAP—No. 9 Jane street. Will answer for any kind of a shop or manufactory. Apply at 565 Broadway.

HOTEL TO LET—TWO FLOORS AND TEN ROOMS, newly fitted up; admirably suited for a boarding house; will be let cheap to a responsible party. Address 543 Sixth avenue, between Thirty-second and Thirty-third streets, in the furnishing store.

RESTAURANT TO LET—FURNISHED COMPLETE, doing a fine business; rented on account of other business; established two years. Apply on premises, corner of Eighty-fifth street and Third avenue.

STEAM POWER.—TO LET OR LEASE, THREE Floors, 150x45, with from 1 to 75 horse power; also smaller Rooms. Apply to H. W. GREENE, 141 Plymouth street, Brooklyn.

STORE TO LET—AT 145 SIXTH AVENUE.

STORE TO LET—77 GREENWICH AVENUE.

TO LET—THE LEEDS ART GALLERIES, NOS. 817 AND 819 Broadway, southwest corner Twelfth street, from June 10 to Oct. 1, 1869; these galleries are 82 by 75 feet, with a fine top light; are elegantly furnished and draped for exhibition purposes, and are in every respect the finest galleries in the United States. Apply to H. H. LEEDS & MINER, 95 Chambers street.

TO LET—THREE WELL LIGHTED FLOORS, 25X58, suitable for manufacturing purposes, will be let separately or together. Apply at No. 148 East Fiftieth street, near Third avenue.

TO LET—FIRST FLOOR NEW BUILDING 525 TO 531 Twenty-fourth street, 100x100, near Tenth avenue, with or without steam power. Inquire of NATHAN STEPHENS, 21 Liberty street.

TO LET—ONE OF THOSE HANDSOME STORES ON the west side of Third avenue, between Thirty-sixth and Thirty-seventh streets; splendid plate glass windows. Inquire on the premises of the owner.

TO LET—THE DESIRABLE AND COMMODIOUS Store and Dwelling, on the northeasterly corner of Eighth avenue and Fifty-seventh street, in perfect order, well adapted for confectionery or restaurant. Apply to BAKER & CO., Broadway, corner of Forty-fifth street.

TO LET—AT 23 UNION SQUARE, FOR A TERM OF years, the fine Parlors and Loft over the Union Square National Bank, for business purposes. The rooms are elegant and suitable for any first class business or office. Inquire on the premises, or of G. ROSENBLATT, 392 Broadway.

TO LET—A TWO STORY BRICK BUILDING, 25X50. Inquire at 164 Seventh avenue.

TO LET—THE FINE STORE 27 EAST FOURTEENTH street, already fitted up and suitable for any business. Rent reasonable. Apply on the premises, third door west of University place.

TO RENT—THE ENTIRE BUILDING NO. 316 CANAL street. Apply to ABNER L. ELY, 22 Pine street.

6TH AVENUE, NO. 129, BETWEEN NINTH AND Tenth streets.—House and Store, 80 feet deep, to let; plate glass double show window. Possession August 1.

75 NASSAU STREET.—LAWYERS' OFFICES, TWO sets, to let; fresh painted and papered. Apply at room No. 15, third floor.

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DWELLING HOUSES TO LET.

Furnished.

AT 925 BROADWAY, STANLEY DAY HAS ON HAND a large line of Furnished Houses to let at lowest rates, and mails free a printed descriptive list.

A FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET, $80 PER MONTH, until Oct. 1, in Yorkville.
NEAFIE & ANDREWS, 1,580 Third avenue, corner Eighty-sixth street.

A BEAUTIFUL AND COMPLETELY FURNISHED House to rent for the summer, or longer. Terms moderate. 148 East Twenty-sixth street, near Lexington avenue.

FURNISHED HOUSE IN THIRTY FIFTH STREET, TO let—Also Furnished Rooms, suitable for housekeeping, in a private house. Terms moderate. Call at 17 Eighth avenue, sixth door from Bank street.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO RENT—THREE STORY AND attic, three rooms deep, all the improvements; first house from Fifth avenue, West Thirteenth street. Seen after 12 M.

HOUSE TO LET FOR THE SUMMER.—A COMMODIOUS, well furnished Residence, opposite the Park, with a fine prospect and modern conveniences, for three months. Address box 760 Post office, Brattleboro, Vt.

TO LET—AT REDUCED RENTS, FURNISHED AND unfurnished Houses in New York and Brooklyn. Permits of A. JOURNEAY, No. 1 Pine street.

TO LET—IN BROOKLYN, FOR THREE MONTHS, AT a moderate rent, a handsomely furnished House. Address box 1,753 New York Post office.

TO LET—FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED, THE DEsirable four story House No. 38 University place, near Tenth street; splendid location for any genteel business purpose. Apply to A. M. DAVIDSON, on the premises.

TO LET—FULLY FURNISHED, IN PERFECT ORDER, first class high stoop, brown stone House, in Fifty-seventh street, near Lexington avenue; fine block.
W. A. COLLINS, 38 Pine street.

TO LET—FULLY FURNISHED, ON 152D STREET, Carmansville, a genteel House, of ten rooms, modern improvements, near Hudson river and depot, for the summer months; fishing, boating and bathing almost at your door; from City Hall by hourly trains; a small, responsible party more of an object than the price. A. B. MILLS, No. 5 Pine street, and 155th street and Tenth avenue.

TO LET—FOR $650, NEATLY FURNISHED COTTAGE, seven rooms, on two lots, with garden, north side Eighty-third street, between Broadway and Tenth avenue, access by Eighth avenue cars. C. G. MITCHELL, 92 Broadway.

WASHINGTON HEIGHTS.—HOUSE, EIGHT ROOMS, completely furnished, piano, gas, good garden, stable, every way complete; will let to small family, without small children, and who will take best care of furniture; possession immediately; must be let before Friday, or will not be let; to let two or three months, perhaps longer; located on 162d street (near River House), near cars and boat; fine view of the Hudson; moderate rent. Inquire of J. W. BELL, 35 Union square, or A. B MILLS, No. 5 Pine street, and 156th street and Tenth avenue, at once.

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Unfurnished.

A NUMBER OF UNFURNISHED HOUSES TO RENT—One a four story high stoop brown stone, twenty rooms, on 23d street, near 4th avenue; rent $3,000. Also a three story high stoop brown stone, on 23d street, between 6th and 7th avenues; also on 23d street, an elegant four story brown stone large English basement, in most perfect and beautiful condition, with mirrors and all improvements; lot 120 feet deep. Also a first class four story high stoop brown stone, on 52d street, near 5th avenue, rent of the above reasonable to good tenants. Also a furnished House at $200 per month. Also Houses at lower rents, one on West 11th street, perfect condition, three story high stoop, all improvements, rent $1,600. One on West 20th street, $1,200. One on West 30th street, $1,150. A Cottage in Horatio street for $850. A three story and attic brown stone high stoop House, in Harlem; bath, gas, &c.; rent $850.
JAMES R. EDWARDS, 277 West Twenty-third st.

A.—TO LET, AT WILLIAMSBURG, THE HOUSE NO. 7 Franklin place, Powers street, between Ewen street and Graham avenue; brick front, eight rooms, gas, water in kitchen; in good order, very desirable for a small family, to a good tenant will be rented low. Apply to JOHN TEARE, 60 Broadway, Williamsburg.

AT 925 BROADWAY—STANLEY DAY MAILS FREE AN extensive list of unfurnished Houses, suitable for private dwellings or boarding houses, at all prices and in any location.

A LARGE HOUSE TO LET—16 ROOMS, IN PERFECT order, rent reduced, $1,400 if taken at once. Apply on the premises, 440 West Thirty fourth street. Also Part of a furnished House for housekeeping if desired.

A.—TO LET, A TWO STORY ATTIC AND CELLAR frame House, 9 rooms; all the modern improvements; two lots, with large and small fruit; the most lovely place in Brooklyn, possession at once. Apply to L. KELLNER, 102 William street, or 25 Prospect street, Brooklyn.

A GREAT CHANCE.—NOW VACANT AND TO RENT, 345 East Fiftieth street, Beekman Hill, four story and basement high stoop, in first class location and order, rent very low to a good tenant; also one on Sixtieth street, and a number of others. Apply to JOHN FETTRETCH, 418 Third avenue.

HOUSE TO RENT—NEAR COOPER INSTITUTE, AND Furniture partly sale, partly filled with boarders. Price $3,600. Rent $2,600. Address P. F., Herald office.

HANDSOME BROWN STONE HOUSE IN DUNCOMB place (128th street, Harlem) to let cheap. Inquire of RANDELL & PORTER, 1,951 Third avenue.

HOUSES TO RENT AND PARTS OF HOUSES, ALSO large Floors, in good locations and at greatly reduced rents. Apply to JOHN FETTRETCH, 418 Third avenue.

TO LET—THE FOUR STORY BROWN STONE DWELLing House 14 Livingston place, fronting on Stuyvesant square, house about 20x70, lot about 20x120 feet, in fine order, rent moderate. Inquire of CHARLES C. WAKELEY, 164 East Tenth street, New York.

TO LET—THE DWELLING PART OF HOUSE CORner of Thirtieth street and Fourth avenue, rent low to a good tenant. Apply to CRARY & COPLAND, 491 Fourth avenue.

TO LET—A NICE, SMALL, THREE STORY BRICK House on Fourth avenue, near Thirty second street; rent low. Apply to T. STEVENSON, 124 East Thirty-second st.

TO LET OR FOR SALE—THE THREE STORY BRICK House 273 East Forty-seventh street, 12½x36x81; price $7,000, $3,000 cash. Call until rented or sold.

TO RENT, A TWO STORY AND BASEMENT DWELLing House, corner of Fourth avenue and Eighty first street. Apply to D. MORGAN, 928 Third avenue.

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ROOMS AND APARTMENTS TO LET.

A.—TO LET, FLOORS, BASEMENTS AND APARTments, in first class houses in Amity street, near Broadway, at low rents, for business or dwelling. Apply at No. 15 Amity street.

A SECOND AND THIRD FLOOR, EIGHT ROOMS; first class condition; private house; $60; hot and cold water, bath, water closet on floor. 229 West Forty-first street.

A FAMILY OF THREE WILL RENT HALF OF THEIR four story English basement House, handsomely furnished, for $100 per month. Inquire at 217 West Forty ninth street.

A SMALL AMERICAN FAMILY, RESIDING IN Dean street, Brooklyn, would let four Rooms, on second floor, to a young couple, without children, or to a family of adults. Rent low to a respectable tenant. Address B., box 3,240 New York Post office.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET—DELIGHTFUL LOCAtion, opposite Reservoir Park; convenient for light housekeeping if desired. Apply at 737 Sixth avenue, corner Forty-second street.

HANDSOMELY FURNISHED APARTMENTS, SEPArately or together, for light housekeeping; also back Parlor. Apply at 223 West Thirteenth street.

HANDSOMELY FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET—IN Fifty-third street, between Sixth and Seventh avenues, to a strictly private family. Address, with references, box 4,451 Post office.

TO LET—IN A FOUR STORY BROWN STONE HOUSE, four or five Rooms, suitable for light housekeeping. For particulars apply on the premises, 26 West Forty-third street.

TO LET—A FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED ROOM and Bedroom, suitable for housekeeping. Apply at 128 Bank street.

TO LET—IN A NICE COTTAGE HOUSE, NEATLY furnished Rooms for gentlemen. Apply at 635 Hudson street, near Twelfth. Terms very moderate.

TO LET—SEVEN ROOMS IN A PRIVATE HOUSE; all improvements; 228 West Thirteenth street; $50 per month; very reasonable. EDMUND H. MARTINE, Sixth avenue, corner of Thirty-second street.

TO LET CHEAP—AT MILBURN, N. J., A HOUSE AND Barn, with five acres, and some choice fruit. Address for six days box 135 Herald office.

TO LET—SEPARATELY OR TOGETHER, IN COTtage on the back part of lot No. 9 Jane street, First Floor and Basement; also Second Floor; price $27 50 and $32 50. Inquire on the premises.

TO LET—PART OF COTTAGE 124 WEST THIRTY-ninth street; gas and water.

TO LET—A PARLOR AND BASEMENT FLOOR OF A first class house on Thirty-eighth street, furnished or unfurnished; everything for housekeeping.
PECK & WOODRUFF, 947 Broadway.

TO LET—FURNISHED ROOMS, EN SUITE OR SINGLE, for light housekeeping, or single gentlemen; gas, bath and privilege of kitchen, at 237 West Thirty-third street.

TO LET—SECOND FLOOR AND FURNISHED ROOMS. 95 East Broadway.

TWO NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET—SUITAble for housekeeping. Apply at 204 East Twenty-first street, near Third avenue.

TO CUBANS OR OTHERS.—TWO DELIGHTFUL Rooms on the second floor to be let together or separately; gas, bath, closets, &c., near by the first class restaurants. 51 West Twenty-fourth street, between Fifth and Sixth avenues.

TO LET—TWO ROOMS, NEATLY FURNISHED, SUITable for housekeeping; good closets, gas and water; price, $8 per week. Apply at 539 Hudson street, near Charles.

2 NICELY FURNISHED CONNECTING ROOMS ON second floor; back Basement and one Room on third floor, of three story English basement house 86 Morton street. Rent low.

4 ROOMS TO LET—AT $16 AND $18 PER MONTH. Inquire of A. CUMMINGS, corner Thirtieth street and Fourth avenue.

5 EAST TWELFTH STREET, NEAR FIFTH AVENUE.—Handsomely furnished Rooms, en suite or singly, for families or single gentlemen; references exchanged. For particulars inquire of DENIS DONOVAN, at Delmonico's, Fifth avenue and Fourteenth street.

23 FIFTH AVENUE, NEAR BREVOORT HOUSE.—Exceedingly desirable Apartments for the summer months in a delightfully cool and choice location; select references required.

27 KING STREET.—A NICELY FURNISHED FRONT Basement and Bedroom to let, suitable for housekeeping; also a back Parlor, for two gentlemen.

110 MACDOUGAL STREET.—COMFORTABLY FURnished Rooms, with everything necessary for housekeeping, including gas and Croton water, to let to respectable small families.

126 HUDSON STREET.—FURNISHED ROOMS TO let, suitable for man and wife for housekeeping; water and everything convenient; also front hall Bedroom for a single gentleman.

140 ELM STREET, NEAR GRAND.—FURNISHED front Room, first floor, and large Bedroom, with pantry and water in, to let, for gentleman and wife for housekeeping; terms moderate.

228 WEST THIRTY-SIXTH STREET.—A YOUNG widow lady, living alone, has two handsomely furnished Rooms to let to a lady or gentleman; house has all the modern improvements. Call or address.

COUNTRY HOUSES, FARMS, &C., TO RENT.

A.—TO LET, POSSESSION IMMEDIATELY, A FRENCH roof House in Flushing, L. I.; contains 13 rooms, gas, bath, water and all modern improvement, is in all respects a desirable summer and winter residence; will be rented low; the lot is 100x117 feet; nice garden; one hour's ride from City Hall. Address JOHN P. ELLIS, 256 Broadway, New York.

AT 925 BROADWAY.—STANLEY DAY MAILS FREE to your address a list of country Houses for rent, unequalled in variety of location or price; Westchester a specialty.

AT GARRISON STATION, S. I.—A NICE COTTAGE, containing eight rooms; ten lots, with fruit trees; fine scenery, ten minutes from third landing; rent $500. Inquire of CHEVALLIER, 81 Cedar street.

A NICELY FURNISHED COTTAGE OF 10 ROOMS, CARriage house, two acres, abundance of fruit and flowers, garden plants; on the Hudson, near the city.
JOURNEAY, No. 1 Pine street.

AT YONKERS.—TO LET, FURNISHED, A SPLENDID House and Grounds; good shade and river view; near depot; rent very low. Apply to JAMES YOUMANS, Agent, Yonkers.

A BARGAIN—$60 PER MONTH—NICELY FURNISHED Cottage; perfect order; six rooms; gas throughout; forty minutes from city; easy of access; healthy location. Inquire at 99 West Forty-second street.

AT RYE—TO RENT OR FOR SALE, A FULLY FURnished House, five minutes from depot, 18 rooms; 6½ acres; high, healthy and well cultivated land, abundance of fruit; gardens made; extensive views of Long Island Sound and surrounding country; short distance from Beach bathing. Apply to ROBERT T. MEEKS, 80 Cedar street, or inquire for Morrison's carriage, at depot, which will take parties to the house.

ENGLEWOOD.—FINE NEW HOUSE TO RENT; EVERY convenience; fine views; five minutes to station; rent $1,200, with one acre of land. CHAS. D. KELLOGG, 115 Broadway, or D. WALTER SMITH, Englewood.

FURNISHED HOUSE, AT ORANGE, N. J., TO LET—FOR the season or year, good stable, fine garden, and near depot; rent moderate. Apply to A. QUEREAU, 108 Wall st.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO RENT, TILL OCTOBER, AT Perth Amboy, N. J.—A cottage House, containing 10 rooms and good cellar; well furnished throughout; house on hill, facing the water and in a desirable locality; possession given July 1. For particulars, as to terms, &c., apply to J. K. SMITH, Perth Amboy, N. J.

FURNISHED AND UNFURNISHED HOUSES TO rent—At Rye, Stamford, Mount Kisco, Islip, Jersey City, Cranford, Montclair, Paterson, Passaic, Mamaroneck, Greenville, South Orange, Ridgewood and Madison.
ROBERT T. MEEKS, 80 Cedar street.

RARE CHANCE.—OBLIGED TO GO WEST.—BONUS paid to party taking lease till May, at $500; handsome country House; forty minutes by Erie Railway; ten rooms; water, gas; close to depot; flowers, fruit.
ROBERTS, 15 Wall street.

STATEN ISLAND.—A PRIVATE FAMILY, WISHING to reduce their expenses, desire to let three cheerful Rooms, with all the advantages of a pleasant home; stabling for horses if required. References given and required. Address G. L. A., Herald office.

TO LET—IN PLAINFIELD, N. J., FOR $650, UNTIL April 1, 1870, a nicely furnished House, nine rooms, pleasantly located; five minutes' walk from depot. Address WM. B. MAXSON, Plainfield, N. J., or room 22, 71 Broadway.

TO LET—THREE MILES ABOVE HARLEM, CONvenient to horse and steam cars, two Cottages, with good gardens; very desirable. Apply to STANLEY DAY, No. 925 Broadway.

TO LET—AT REDUCED RENTS, FURNISHED AND unfurnished Houses on Staten Island, Yonkers, Orange, Irvington, Rye, New Rochelle, Spuyten Duyvil, Lake George, Flushing and other points of easy access. Permits of A. JOURNEAY, No. 1 Pine street.

TO LET—AT NEW LONDON, CLOSE TO PEQUOT House, a pretty Cottage for the summer, or a few boarders would be taken and the best reference given. Apply to Mr. C. DELMONICO, corner Fourteenth street and Fifth avenue.

TO LET—FURNISHED, FOR SEASON OR YEAR, elegant House, all improvements, at Ravenswood; one acre land, good barn and choice fruit.
STARKWEATHER, 38 Pine street.

TO LET—A MAGNIFICENT COUNTRY SEAT, FULLY furnished, fronting on the East river at Clason Point, four miles from Harlem, only a pleasant drive from the city. The mansion is very large, with all the conveniences; grounds very fine, fruit, shade trees, &c.; views splendid; salubrity unquestioned.
COUDERT BROTHERS, 49 Wall street.

TO LET AT FORDHAM—HOUSE, EIGHT ROOMS, IN complete order, fine location, low rent. Apply to GEO. R. MOORE, 449 Hudson street.

TO LET OR FOR SALE—A FIRST CLASS HOUSE AT Cranford, five minutes' walk from depot, time from New York, 45 minutes, Central Railroad of New Jersey; commutation nine cents a trip. Address E. CAHILL, Cranford, N. J., or 194 Broadway, room No. 9.

TO LET OR FOR SALE—UNFURNISHED, TWO COUNtry Seats at Tarrytown, N. Y., 2½ miles from depot; cottage style; each has hot and cold water, range, bath, &c.; fine river views; rent per annum $800 and $500, or would sell reasonably low. For particulars apply to ROBT. GRAVES, 538 Pearl street, New York, or Tarrytown.

TO LET OR FOR SALE—AT FORDHAM, FOR THE season or year, a furnished House, near Jerome Park, with 7 acres of land. Apply to P. A. HARGOUS, 137 Broadway.

TO RENT—COTTAGE ON THE HUDSON, NEAR NEWburg; furnished or unfurnished; one of the finest locations on the river. For particulars apply to JOHNSON & SMITH, 53 Pine street, New York.

TO RENT—AT RYE, N. Y., IN CONSEQUENCE OF the family going abroad, a handsomely furnished House, with eight rooms, good stable, gardener's cottage, fruits, &c.; three quarter mile from depot and beach. Apply at 111 Broadway, room 28.

COUNTRY FARMS, HOUSES, &C., TO RENT.

TO RENT—FOR THE SEASON OR YEAR, A FURnished House, on Northern Railroad of New Jersey; all modern improvements, fine views, garden, fruit, &c. Address Country, Herald office.

TO RENT—FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED, A pretty two story Cottage; fine grounds, shade, &c.; finest location, at New Rochelle; rent $60 per month. Apply to W. P. SEYMOUR, 171 Broadway.

TO RENT LOW—WELL LOCATED COUNTRY SEATS, furnished or unfurnished, at upper end of the island and at all stations below Tarrytown.
BUTLER, DURFEE & CO., 69 Liberty street.

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CITY REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

East Side.

FOR SALE—A GOOD PAYING TENEMENT PROPERTY in the Eleventh ward; lot 50x96; terms easy.
E. DODD, 49 Canal street.

HOUSE 304 EAST THIRTIETH STREET—22X50X100; three story high stoop, with all modern improvements; must be sold; terms easy; good location. Apply to JOHN FETTRETCH, 418 Third avenue.

ONLY $1,000 CASH—BALANCE IN INSTALMENTS—for a stone House in Harlem, 20x50x100; good location.
H. A. READ, 95 Liberty street.

TWO FIVE STORY DOUBLE TENEMENT BRICK Houses, desirably located in the Seventh ward; houses are very substantially built and well located; for sale on very easy terms. BENNET & KLENEN, 57 Cedar street.

WATER FRONT—DELANCEY STREET, EAST RIVER; Stores and Vacant Lots, Pier and Bulkhead; will rent separately or together.
WM. D. ANDREWS & BRO., 414 Water street.

$5,000 CASH ONLY—FOR A FIRST CLASS FOUR story high stoop brown stone House, on Lexington avenue, near Thirty-first street; price $20,000.
OSCAR SMITH, 82 Fifth avenue, corner Fourteenth st.
ROBERT SOMERVILLE, 37 Nassau street.

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West Side.

A VERY HANDSOME AND CHEAP THREE STORY high stoop brick House, 230 Fifty-third street, Broadway and Eighth avenue, with possession, nearly 20 feet wide, frescoed, elevated range, &c.; fine order; $18,000; very fine neighborhood. Apply on premises.

FOR SALE—THREE LOTS, 75x100, ON WEST THIRTY-sixth street, and two Lots, with five story brick, on West Thirty seventh street, pays 20 per cent on investment. Apply to L. C. JULIAN, 525 West Thirty-fifth street.

FOR SALE, LEASE OR EXCHANGE—LOTS AND Houses on Washington Heights; also Houses to let, from $500 to $3,000 per annum.
L. LESPINASSE, No. 5 Pine street.

FOUR STORY BROWN STONE—20X100.5; MIRRORS, hardwood, &c.; near Fifth avenue; $3,900 rent refused; best cross street; $35,000; owner leaves 30th; terms easy. Harry, Herald office.

51ST STREET, NEAR FIFTH AVENUE.—NEW HOUSE for sale at a great bargain, 22x50x100, four story high stoop brown stone; must be sold; price $25,000; terms easy. Come and see it. Apply to JOHN FETTRETCH, 418 Third avenue.

ADVERTISEMENTS FOR THE HERALD RECEIVED IN BROOKLYN AT OUR BRANCH OFFICE, 145 FULTON STREET

Miscellaneous.

A WELL LOCATED BRICK HOUSE ON FIFTY-FIRST street, three story, high stoop, good order; 20x40x100, $11,500; cheap, cheap, cheap.
H. A. READ, 95 Liberty street.

PURCHASE HOUSES NOW.—WE OFFER FOR SALE Dwellings in desirable locations from $10,000 to $75,000, at reduced valuations, and worthy the immediate attention of buyers.
WARD & OGDEN, Broadway, corner Seventeenth street.

TO REAL ESTATE BROKERS.—A MEETING FOR THE election of officers of the Board of Real Estate Brokers of the city of New York will be held at the office of Messrs. Brinckerhoff & Barnes, No. 4 Pine street, Friday, June 11, at 2 o'clock. All Real Estate Brokers of standing are respectfully requested to attend.

THE LEASE OF A FOUR STORY BUILDING, 25X100, with restaurant elegantly fitted up on Broadway, near St. Nicholas Hotel for sale.
W. A. CORBIEN, No. 5½ Pine street.

WELL LOCATED HOUSE, 21.10x50x100, THREE STOry high stoop brick; can be bought for $14,500.
BUTLER, DURFEE & CO., 69 Liberty street.

ADVERTISEMENTS FOR THE HERALD RECEIVED IN BROOKLYN AT OUR BRANCH OFFICE, 145 FULTON STREET.

BROOKLYN REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

A RARE CHANCE.—FOR SALE, ON MYRTLE AVEnue, Brooklyn, a good paying Ladies' and Gentlemen's Furnishing Store; choice stock; good lease; whole house.
P. GAFFNEY, Auctioneer, 225 Bowery.

FOR SALE—AT A BARGAIN, THREE STORY BASEment and sub-cellar frame House, containing 11 rooms; all improvements; house all in perfect order and splendid neighborhood. Inquire of P. W. CONSELYEA, Willoughby avenue, second house northeast of Houston street, or at Wall street ferry.

FOR SALE—ON FIRST STREET, NEAR SEVENTH avenue, two blocks from Prospect Park, a splendid Mansion, 45x50; all improvements; ten lots of ground and stable; handsome shade trees, fruit, shrubbery, &c.; walls frescoed by an Italian artist and all in perfect order. A few well located Lots will be taken in part payment. Inquire on premises.

FOR SALE—IN BROOKLYN, E. D., A BUILDING, 41X70, front and rear entrance; three lots ground, on eight years' lease, suitable for manufacturing purposes, now furnished as a lecture hall and will hold 700 people. Address E. BROWN, box 2,398 New York Post office.

FOR SALE, EXCHANGE OR TO LET—ON EASY terms, 80 Houses in Brooklyn, very cheap, with all improvements; and Lots, $2,000 to $15,000; cash $500, also 70 Farms from 10 acres to 500, with all kinds of buildings, crops, fruits; also wild Lands, Gold Mines, Mills, everything.
VAN VECHTEN & PARTRIDGE, 544 Broadway, N. Y.

FOR SALE—100X100 PLOT, $8,500; ALSO TWO LOTS, 50x100, $4,500, including corners; all handsomely located for first class family residences, terms liberal. Address or apply to the owner, GILBERT E. CURRIE, Tompkins avenue, near Willoughby, Brooklyn.

$5,000.—FOR SALE, A BEAUTIFUL PLACE OF two acres, 2½ miles from Williamsburg ferries; good buildings; choice fruit in abundance; great bargain. Apply at 451 Canal street.

$13,000.—EXCHANGE, MORTGAGE, TO RENT, fine House and stable, six lots, in yard and garden; thirty minutes from Brooklyn ferries. Address Mott, Herald office. Agents not answered.

ADVERTISEMENTS FOR THE NEW YORK HERALD RECEIVED AT THE BROOKLYN OFFICE UNTIL 7½ O'CLOCK P. M. HERALDS DELIVERED TO CARRIERS AT 5 O'CLOCK A. M. AT THE BRANCH OFFICE, 145 FULTON STREET, BROOKLYN.

PERSONS WISHING TO SUBSCRIBE FOR THE HERALD WILL BE SERVED AT AN EARLY HOUR BY LEAVING THEIR ADDRESS AT THE BRANCH OFFICE OF THE NEW YORK HERALD, 145 FULTON STREET, BROOKLYN.

JERSEY CITY, HOBOKEN, HUDSON CITY AND BERGEN REAL ESTATE.

For Sale.

A BARGAIN TO REAL ESTATE OPERATORS.—TO close an estate, plot of 150 Building Lots, on western slope of hill, Hudson City, N. J., 2½ miles from New York, or 10 minutes by Northern Railroad to Pavonia or Twenty-third street ferry, also plot adjoining, of about 250 Lots. Terms easy. By CHARLES GOBISCH, West Newark avenue, Hudson City, N. J.

To Let or Lease.

AT HOBOKEN.—COTTAGE; TEN ROOMS; BEST LOcation; will let at reduced rent to private family, near ferry. Apply to CHARLES CLINTON, 76 Washington street, Hoboken.

ADVERTISEMENTS FOR THE HERALD RECEIVED IN BROOKLYN AT OUR BRANCH OFFICE, 145 FULTON STREET.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

AT 925 BROADWAY.—STANLEY DAY MAILS FREE an extensive List of Country Property for sale; Westchester a specialty, being the natural outlet of the Empire City.

A.—SHREWSBURY RIVER COTTAGE FOR SALE—situated opposite the Highlands of Neversink and the Neptune Club House, on the south bank of the river, one mile east of Port Washington, four acres of ground, fruit trees, berries, &c. Dwelling has 12 rooms, completely furnished; barn, wagon, boat and ice houses, all fully stocked; newly painted last season and put in complete repair.
W. T. DEVOE, 231 West Thirty-seventh street.

A COUNTRY SEAT FOR SALE—ON THE HUDSON river, near Hyde Park; about 120 acres of land, half a mile river front; lodge, billiard house, brick barns, &c. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine street.

AT A SACRIFICE.—360 ACRES IN PENNSYLVANIA, 6 hours from New York; new house, barn, stock, implements, crops, furniture, may exchange.
CONSTANT, 15 Park place.

A BARGAIN.—$5,000—A NICE PLACE AT PLAINfield, N. J.; 7 acres, good house, stable, &c.
H. A. READ, 95 Liberty street.

A VERY DESIRABLE COUNTRY SEAT FOR SALE—on the south side of Long Island, ¾ of a mile from the village of Babylon; contains 40 acres, 25 under high cultivation, large, new house, two trout ponds, well stocked, 9½ acres Lawton blackberries, 200 full bearing pear trees, besides other fruit in abundance; will be sold cheap for cash. For particulars apply to E. DODD, 49 Canal street.

ALL PERSONS WANTING PENNSYLVANIA FARMS, timber, coal and iron ore lands will send for catalogues, free.
SCHELL & SONS, 410 Walnut street, Philadelphia.

A FINE RESIDENCE AND FARM—68 ACRES, IN Orange county, near village and depot; will sell very cheap, with stock and crops.
T. H. BORLAND, 14 Chambers street.

A MOST BEAUTIFUL FARM OF 20 ACRES, ON THE Northern New Jersey Road, ¾ mile from depot; good buildings and a large variety of fruit; can be bought for below its value.
BUTLER, DURFEE & CO., 69 Liberty street.

AN ELEGANT FARM OF 147½ ACRES GOOD LAND, fine buildings, plenty of fruit, most productive farm in the county; worth $40,000; can be bought for $21,000.
BUTLER, DURFEE & CO., 69 Liberty street.

A FINE FARM OF 62 ACRES, NEAR TARRYTOWN—Fine land and buildings, 600 fruit trees bearing, with farming utensils, only $14,000.
BUTLER, DURFEE & CO., 69 Liberty street.

BARGAIN.—FOR SALE, CASTLETON HEIGHTS, 15 minutes' walk from Quarantine landing, modern House, 13 rooms, green house, half an acre; fruit and shade, unsurpassed for health, views and surroundings. Photographs at COLLINS', 38 Pine street.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

CHEAP FOR CASH—$110 PER LOT, 25X100.—ONE HUNdred Building Lots at Woodside, Long Island, with nearly 770 feet front on Jackson avenue, will be sold for less than half their present market value for cash. These lots are now used as a nursery, and must be sold to take up a mortgage. For map and particulars address C. F. ERHARD, box 113 Post office, Hunter's Point, Long Island.

FARMS.—BEST OF FRUIT AND GRAIN LAND FOR sale; mild climate, perfectly healthy, good schools; also churches; price of new land $25 per acre. Improved Places for sale; thousands are settling. Address C. K. LANDIS, Vineland, N. J.

FOR SALE—A FURNISHED RESIDENCE, HOUSE new last fall, in Spring Valley, Rockland county; house contains eleven rooms; fruits of all descriptions have been set out; for health and locality unsurpassed; society good, churches, &c. For reference apply to WALTER D. SHUFE, No. 7 Warren street, where the owner's address can be had.

FOR SALE—AT ELIZABETHPORT, N. J., A COTTAGE House of seven rooms, with full lot; only 30 minutes from New York; a good chance for those wishing to buy a home; five years to pay for it; only a small amount of cash required. For particulars address Portley, box 153 Herald office.

FOR SALE—AT RIDGEFIELD PARK, NORTHERN Railroad, House, ready for occupancy; also Villa Plots.
E. K. ALBURTIS, 46 Beaver street.

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN—PRICE $13,000, SIX acres of Land at Mount Vernon, Westchester county, within 10 minutes' walk of the Harlem and New Haven Railroad depot; good house, barn and carriage house; title perfect. Inquire on the premises of THOMAS OAKLEY.

FOR SALE LOW—TERMS EASY; ABOUT FIFTEEN acres of excellent Land, near Flushing, L. I., with running stream; some growing wood, fruits, new fence, &c. Address OLIVER CROMMELIN, basement, 73 Cedar street. Hours 10 to 3 daily.

FOR SALE OR RENT—FURNISHED, A NEAT TWO story Cottage; fine garden, fruit, shade, lawn, &c.; beautifully located; convenient to depot and landing, Yonkers; price $6,000. W. P. SEYMOUR, 171 Broadway.

KINGSBRIDGE, ONE HOUR FROM PARK—FOR SALE, elegant furnished Residence, 18 city Lots; high ground, water front, stables, fruit, &c.; access by Hudson River or Harlem Railroad; $20,000, half cash.
H. E. KLUGH, No 6 Wall street.

MORRISTOWN, N. J.
One furnished and several unfurnished Houses to rent or for sale; complete with all the modern conveniences, water, gas, &c.; five minutes from depot. Apply to E. L. LOUNSBURY, Morristown, N. J.

ORANGE COUNTY FARM AT A BARGAIN—178 ACRES, with good buildings, fruit, &c., one of the best in the town of Wallkill. C. H. OLIVER, No. 7 Beekman street.

ORANGE COUNTY.—TWENTY ACRES, HOUSE AND outbuildings complete; plenty of fruit; one mile from station, five from Newburg; immediate possession. Particulars with SAMUEL TOWNSEND, 115 East Thirty-ninth st.

PIERMONT.—THE ELEGANT ESTATE THELWALL, with large, old style mansion, 12 acres of lawn and choicest fruits; the finest location and best views in Rockland county. Rent $1,200.
CHARLES D. KELLOGG, 115 Broadway.

$4,600 ONLY, PAYABLE IN SMALL YEARLY instalments; modern French roof House; one hour in New Jersey, fare 12 cents each way.
B. WALLACE, 73 Barclay street.

$8,000 WILL BUY A COTTAGE, TEN ROOMS, ten acres, with outhouses, fruit trees in abundance and all conveniences. Apply to I. B. GAGER, 67 South street, or WM. GAGER, on the premises, one mile from depot, at Monsey, Rockland county.

ADVERTISEMENTS FOR THE HERALD RECEIVED IN BROOKLYN AT OUR BRANCH OFFICE, 145 FULTON STREET.

REAL ESTATE TO EXCHANGE.

A SPECIALTY.—FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE, AT Great Neck, Little Neck and Sands' Point, L. I., Country Residences, Farms and choice Building Sites, at all prices, with water fronts on the sound and bay, unsurpassed for beauty of scenery and healthfulness. We will have a carriage in waiting and accompany purchasers to view the property by appointment at our office.
BENNET & KLENEN, 57 Cedar street.

AT GREAT NECK, L. I.—FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE, the finest Building Site for a first class hotel or residence in the country, 32 acres of land fronting on the sound, and almost surrounded with water; the views are unrivalled, embracing the bay, Long Island Sound, Westchester county, Long Island and the Palisades. Maps and full particulars at BENNET & KLENEN'S, 57 Cedar street.

EXCHANGE.—A NEW FIRST CLASS BROWN STONE House, leased to May, 1870, best neighborhood, near Central Park, lot 20x50x100, will be exchanged for a well stocked farm; price of the house $32,000; mortgage $17,500 runs five years. KNELLER & WEISS, 151 Bowery, corner of Broome street.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—AT BRIDGEPORT, Conn., "Lindencroft," built by P. T. Barnum six years ago for his family residence; one of the most desirable country seats in America; furnished or unfurnished. The mansion is 80 by 75 feet, besides the wings; is heated by steam and supplied with city water and gas, coach house, greenhouse, two dwellings for gardener and coachman, laundry house, barn; elegant lawn, adorned with fountain, marble statuary, with a substantial iron fence and massive granite posts, extending across the entire front. It is near to and in full view of Long Island Sound. Nearly six acres of land, with choicest imported fruits, ornamental trees, shrubbery and flowers. More land can be bought near by if desired. This property is offered at little more than one-half of its value. Also for sale, a beautiful new seaside Cottage and several other new Houses in Bridgeport. Apply to D. W. SHERWOOD, Bridgeport; WALLER, BALL & CO., No. 26 Chambers street, or S. W. BENEDICT, No. 10 Pine street and No. 586 Sixth avenue, New York.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—AT A BARGAIN, ONE of the oldest down town, first class Restaurants, with Bar and Lunch Counter, now doing a profitable business; must be sold; this is an opportunity rarely offered, most satisfactory reasons for selling.
BENNET & KLENEN, 57 Cedar street.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—AT GREAT NECK, L. I., a splendid Residence, with 34 acres of land, or less if desired; most complete in all its appointments, nothing wanting to make it a desirable home; it is on the water; beautiful views, fishing, boating, bathing, &c. Photographs at our office. Also several Building Sites.
BENNET & KLENEN, 57 Cedar street.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE FOR NEW YORK OR Brooklyn property—Several valuable Farms in the vicinity of New York. Apply to VAN BENSCHOTEN & CO., 160 Montague street, Brooklyn.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—HOUSES, FARMS, Mortgages, Bonds and Western Lands. Brooklyn Houses wanted. Furnished House in Brooklyn to exchange for a Farm. O. REED, 195 Fulton, below Church street.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—A NICE HOUSE (SEVEN rooms) and Barn, with seven acres good Land, 3 minutes from depot, 28 miles from New York; $3,000.
GURLEY, 27 New Chambers street.

FOR SALE, LEASE OR EXCHANGE—LOTS AND Houses, on Washington Heights; also Houses to let, from $500 to $3,000 per annum.
G. LESPINASSE, No. 5 Pine street.

TO EXCHANGE FOR A COUNTRY SEAT—A VALUAble Cotton Mill, part cash will be paid.
NOTT & CO, 10 Pine street.

TO EXCHANGE FOR IMPROVED PROPERTY.—FOUR Third avenue Lots, 25x100 each, including corner. good location for building. Address J. P., Herald office.

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MISCELLANEOUS.

IMPORTANT TO CIGAR DEALERS.—CIGAR CASES OF strong Manila paper, as supplied to the principal hotels and cigar stores in New York, $10 per thousand. Samples on application to MAXFIELD & MUIRHEAD, manufacturers of paper boxes by patented machinery, 134 William street, New York.

TO THE UNFASHIONABLES.—WE HAVE ACCUMUlated a varied assortment of gentlemen's Felt, Cloth and Straw Hats, of lately retired fashions, and will now retail them at half price; they are bargains.
WARNOCK & CO., Hatters, 519 Broadway.

THE ROSS MILL IMPROVED AND REMODELED.—The best mill in the world; to be seen at No. 9 Spruce street. HENRY JACKSON, Consulting Engineer. Send for circular.

UNITED STATES DYEING AND PRINTING ESTABlishment,
(Established 1848).
Works at Trenton, N. J.
Has opened a Branch to receive work at 745 Broadway, opposite Astor place.
Silks, Woolens, Cloth, Cashmeres, &c., cleaned and dyed in a superior manner, and after a new discovery.

ADVERTISEMENTS FOR THE HERALD RECEIVED IN BROOKLYN AT OUR BRANCH OFFICE, 145 FULTON STREET.

DENTISTRY

A LAUGH AT HAVING TEETH EXTRACTED.—GAS successfully administered since first introduced five years since. Registered names of thousands. No extra charge. Nervous or delicate patients carefully treated. Beautiful light upper, weighted lower and partial Plates, without clasps; Plumpers. Work for style and cheapness beyond competition. Call and examine. No payment unless suited. Dr. EVANS.
345 Sixth avenue, near Twenty-first street.

BEAUTIFUL SETS OF TEETH $10, $15 AND $20.—Teeth filled with gold, $1. Gas administered. At Dr. WHITE'S, 182 Sixth avenue. Open evenings.

DR. SIGESMOND'S WHITE CHEOPLASTIC GOLD will preserve the most painful teeth or roots by filling and building up to their natural shape and color without pain, 25,000 testimonials since 1854; warranted 20 years. Removed to 30 East Nineteenth street, near Broadway.

MARBLE MANTELS.

MARBLE AND MARBLEIZED MANTELS, FROM $13 up. The largest stock and the latest patterns at A. KLABER'S, 134 and 136 East 18th street, near 3d avenue.

MARBLEIZED SLATE, DECORATED MARBLE AND Marble Mantels, rich and elegant designs. T. B. STEWART & CO., 625 Sixth avenue, between Thirty fifth and Thirty sixth streets.

MARBLE MANTELS, HEAD STONES, MONUMENTS, latest designs at reduced prices, at S. KLABER'S marble works, 52 First avenue, near Third street. Mantels put up in the country. Get price list.

ASTROLOGY.

A.—MADAME WALTERS, DISTINGUISHED CLAIRvoyant.—Visit her for everything, sickness, business, theft, names, numbers, good luck. 409 Canal street.

ASTONISHING.—MADAME MORROW, SEVENTH daughter, beats the world in telling Magic likeness, tells your thoughts on entering her room. Fee 50 cents. Gents not admitted. 184 Ludlow street, near Houston.

A TEST.—MADAME ANNA, FROM FLORIDA, SEVenth daughter, born with a veil, Medical and Business clairvoyant and spiritualist, has that never failing secret to cause love and speedy marriage. No satisfaction no pay. Office 241 Third avenue, near Twentieth street.

A.—NO IMPOSITION.—THE GREAT CLAIRVOYANT, 15 East Thirtieth street, between Madison and Fifth avenues. Fee 50 cents. Tells name.

MADAME ROSA, GREAT NATURAL CLAIRVOYANT, reveals your whole life, from the cradle to the grave. 4.2 Canal street. Fee $1.

ADVERTISEMENTS FOR THE HERALD RECEIVED IN BROOKLYN AT OUR BRANCH OFFICE. 145 FULTON STREET.

EUROPEAN STEAMSHIPS.

ONLY DIRECT LINE TO FRANCE.

THE GENERAL TRANSATLANTIC COMPANY'S MAIL STEAMSHIPS BETWEEN NEW YORK AND HAVRE, CALLING AT BREST.
The splendid vessels on this favorite route for the Continent will sail from pier No. 50 North river, as follows:—
VILLE DE PARIS, Surmont.....Saturday, June 12
LAFAYETTE, Roussan.....Saturday, June 26
PEREIRE, Duchesne.....Saturday, July 10
ST. LAURENT, Lemarie.....Saturday, July 24
Rates of passage, payable in gold (including wine):—To Brest or Havre—First cabin, $140; second cabin, $85. To Paris (including railway ticket)—$145 and $88.
These steamers do not carry steerage passengers.
American travellers going to or returning from the Continent of Europe, by taking the steamers of this line, avoid both transit by English railways and the discomforts of crossing the Channel, besides saving time, trouble and expense.
GEORGE MACKENZIE, Agent, 58 Broadway.

STEAMER VILLE DE PARIS, FOR BREST AND Havre, will leave pier No. 50 North river, foot of Morton street, on Saturday, June 12, at eight o'clock. Passengers are requested to be on board at seven o'clock.
GEO. MACKENZIE, Agent.

STEAM TO GLASGOW AND LONDONDERRY.
THE ANCHOR LINE.
Favorite Clyde built passenger steamers, are intended to sail as follows:—
Iowa....Wednesday, June 9 — Europa.....Saturday, June 26
Britannia..Saturday, June 12 — India.....Saturday, July 3
Columbia..Saturday, June 19 — Cambria.....Saturday, July 10
Caledonia.Wednes'y, June 23 — Dorian....Wednesday, June 14
and each succeeding Saturday and alternate Wednesday thereafter,
From pier 20 North river, at 12 o'clock noon.
Rates of passage, payable in currency:—
Cabins to Liverpool, Glasgow or Derry, $90 and $75.
Excursion tickets, good for twelve months, $160.
Steerage to Glasgow or Derry, $30; intermediate, $35
Prepaid certificates from these ports, $37.
Passengers booked to and from Hamburg, Havre, Rotterdam, Antwerp, &c., at very low rates.
Drafts issued, payable at any bank in Great Britain and Ireland.
For further information apply on the steamers, foot of Dey street, or at the Company's offices, No. 7 Bowling Green, New York. HENDERSON BROTHERS.

STEAM TO LIVERPOOL OR QUEENSTOWN.
Cunard line.
TARIFA sails Thursday, June 10.
PALMYRA sails Thursday, June 17.
Cabin passage, $80, gold, steerage, $30, currency.
Passages to New York at lowest rates.
For freight or cabin passage apply at No. 4 Bowling Green.
For steerage passage apply at 111 Broadway.
E. CUNARD.

THE NORTH GERMAN LLOYD'S
Steamship WESER, Captain G. Wenke, will sail, carrying the United States mail, from the Bremen pier, foot of Third street, Hoboken,
On THURSDAY, June 10, 1869,
for
BREMEN VIA SOUTHAMPTON,
taking passengers to LONDON, HAVRE, SOUTHAMPTON and BREMEN, at the following rates, payable in gold:—
First cabin.....$120 }
Second cabin.....72 } Gold.
Third cabin.....35 }
Steerage from Bremen.....$40, gold.
Will be followed by steamship DONAU, Captain G. Ernst, Thursday, June 17.
For freight or passage apply to OELRICHS & CO., 68 Broad street.

RUGER'S AMERICAN LINE TO EUROPE.—FOR BREmen and Copenhagen via Cowes, taking passengers to Havre, London, Hamburg and Gothenburg.
First class sidewheel passenger steamers, comprising the OCEAN QUEEN, ARIEL, GUIDING STAR, NORTHERN LIGHT, FULTON.
The well known steamship SANTIAGO DE CUBA will leave pier 46 North river, Wednesday, June 16, at 2 P. M.
Rates of passage to Cowes, Hamburg or Bremen:—First cabin, $90; second cabin, $60; steerage, $32, gold.
Apply to RUGER BROS., General Agents.
For freight, at 102 Pearl street; for passage, 42 Broadway.

NATIONAL LINE.
Pier 47 North river
LOUISIANA.......Thomas.....Saturday, June 12, at 3 P. M.
DENMARK.......Cato.... Wednesday, June 16, at 10 A. M.
Passage to Liverpool or Queenstown—Cabin, $100 and $75; steerage, $30, currency. Steerage tickets from Liverpool or Queenstown, $37, currency.
Apply at the offices of the company, 59 Broadway,
F. W. J. HURST, Manager.

FOR LIVERPOOL AND QUEENSTOWN.—INMAN LINE of mail steamers are appointed to sail as follows:—
CITY OF BALTIMORE.....Saturday, June 12, 1 P. M.
CITY OF BOSTON (via Halifax)..Tuesday, June 15, 12 A. M.
CITY OF LONDON.....Saturday, June 19, 1 P. M.
CITY OF BROOKLYN.....Saturday, June 26, 1 P. M.
ETNA (via Halifax).....Tuesday, June 22, 10 A. M.
And each succeeding Saturday and alternate Tuesday from pier 45 North river.
RATES OF PASSAGE
By the Mail Steamer sailing every Saturday.
Payable in Gold. — Payable in Currency.
First Cabin.....$100 | Steerage.....$35
To London.....105 | To London.....40
To Paris.....115 | To Paris.....47
Passage by the Tuesday Steamer via Halifax.
First Cabin. Payable in Gold. — Steerage. Payable in Currency.
Liverpool.....$80 | Liverpool.....$30
Halifax.....20 | Halifax.....15
St. Johns, N. F., by branch steamer.....45 | St. Johns, N. F., by branch steamer.....30
Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Hamburg, Bremen, &c., at reduced rates.
Tickets can be bought here at moderate rates by persons wishing to send for their friends.
For further information apply at the Company's Offices,
JOHN G. DALE, Agent, 15 Broadway, New York.

STEAM TO QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL
Every Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday.
MANHATTAN.....Wednesday, June 9
LOUISIANA.....Saturday, June 12
Drafts payable in any part of England, Ireland, Scotland, at current rates of exchange. Apply at THOMPSON'S Passage office, 73 Broadway, corner of Rector street.

THE HAMBURG AMERICAN PACKET COMPANY'S Iron mail steamship
GERMANIA,
Captain H. E. Kier, carrying the United States mails, will sail on Tuesday, June 8, 1869, at 2 P. M., for HAMBURG, taking passengers for Hamburg, Plymouth and Cherbourg. First Cabin, $120; Second Cabin, $72; Steerage, $35, gold. Payable in United States gold.
The CIMBRIA to sail June 15.
The SAXONIA will sail as an extra steamer June 11. Passage prices reduced.
KUNHARDT & CO., General Agents, 61 Broad street, N. Y.
C. B. RICHARD & BOAS, General Passenger Agents, No. 6 Barclay street, N. Y.

REDUCED RATES.—LONDON AND NEW YORK Steamship Line. Steamers fortnightly to London direct from pier No. 8, North river. Passage at $90, $70 and $30, currency.
BELLONA.....June 15 — CELLA.....June 29
ATALANTA.....June 22 — PARAGUAY.....July 13
For passage to Hamburg, Bremen, Havre, Paris, Antwerp and Rotterdam at cheapest currency rates, apply to ROBERT N. CLARK, 65 Broadway.
For freight to HOWLAND & ASPINWALL, 54 South street.

STEAM TO ANTWERP.
INMAN LINE.
CITY OF LIMERICK, June 3.
CITY OF DUBLIN, July 7.
and monthly throughout the season.
RATES OF PASSAGE.
FROM NEW YORK. | FROM ANTWERP.
Cabin.....$100, currency. | Cabin.....$80, gold.
Steerage.....35, currency. | Steerage.....35, gold.
For passage apply to
JOHN G. DALE, Agent, 15 Broadway, New York.

STEAM TO QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL.
From New York only $30, steerage.
IDAHO.....Cutting.....Wednesday, June 16
MINNESOTA.....Price.....Wednesday, June 23
From pier 46 North river.
Cabin passage $80 gold.
Passage from and to New York, Paris, Hamburg, Rotterdam, &c. Drafts on Ireland, England, France and Germany at lowest rates.
Apply to WILLIAMS & GUION, 29 Broadway, or 83 South street.

FOR LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT QUEENSTOWN.
CUNARD STEAMSHIP
JAVA, from New York.....Wednesday, June 9
SCOTIA, from New York.....Wednesday, June 16
CUBA, from New York.....Wednesday, June 23
CHINA, from New York.....Wednesday, June 30
Passage money payable in gold.
Cabin.....$130 | Second Cabin.....$80
Cabin Passage to Paris.....$145
For freight or passage apply to
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling Green, New York.

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COASTWISE STEAMSHIPS.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S THROUGH LINE TO CALIFORNIA AND CHINA.
Through rates, First Cabin, New York and San Francisco,
Outside. Inside. Second Cabin. Steerage.
$225. $250. $150. $75.
Steamers of the above line leave pier No. 42 North river, foot of Canal street, at 12 o'clock noon,
On 1st, 11th and 21st, each month,
except when those days fall on Sunday, then the day previous.
One hundred pounds baggage free to each adult. Medicine and attendance free.
June 11, ALASKA Captain Gray, connecting with GOLDEN CITY, Captain Lapidge.
Steamer leaving June 11 connects closely with steamer GREAT REPUBLIC, leaving San Francisco July 3 for China and Japan.
NOTICE TO SHIPPERS.—Freight for steamer ALASKA received until 4 P. M. on Thursday, June 10. All usual facilities afforded shippers in collecting inland charges, &c.
For freight or passage tickets and all further information apply at the company's ticket office, on the wharf, foot of Canal street. F. R. BABY,

UNITED STATES MAIL TO HAVANA.
Atlantic Mail Steamship Company,
Sailing regularly every Thursday, at 3 o'clock P. M. precisely, from pier No. 4 North river.
MORRO CASTLE, Captain R. Adams.....June 10
COLUMBIA, Captain E. Van Sice (via Nassau).....June 17
EAGLE, Captain M. R. Greene.....June 24
For freight or passage apply to
S. G. WHEELER, Jr., President, No. 5 Bowling Green.

HAVANA, SISAL AND VERA CRUZ.
New York and Mexican Mail Steamship Line, sailing every twenty days from pier 17 East river, at 12 M.
The splendid new steamers
CITY OF MEXICO, Captain Deaken, Friday, June 18.
CLEOPATRA, Captain Phillips, Thursday, July 8.
For freight or passage apply to
F. ALEXANDRE & SONS, 33 Broadway.

FOR NEW ORLEANS DIRECT.
MERCHANTS' STEAMSHIP LINE,
comprising the first class steamships
GENERAL GRANT.....Captain H. S. Quick
CRESCENT CITY.....Captain J. B. Hildreth
SHERMAN.....Captain W. P. Henry
GENERAL MEADE.....Captain A. W. Sampson
UNITED STATES.....Captain G. L. Norton
The steamship UNITED STATES, Captain George L. Norton, will be despatched on Saturday, June 12, at 3 o'clock P. M., from pier 12 North river.
Freight received at through rates for St. Louis, Mobile and Galveston.
The SHERMAN will succeed, Saturday, June 19.
For freight or passage, having superior accommodations, apply to
FREDERICK BAKER, 40 Broadway.

FOR MOBILE—FERNANDINA ROUTE.
The first class side wheel steamer ALABAMA, Captain Limeburner, leaves on Saturday, June 12, from pier 29, North river, at 3 P. M.
Has superior passenger accommodations.
Is now receiving. Insurance guaranteed to Mobile at 1½ per cent. Through rates to all points in the interior.
For freight or passage apply to
J. P. PATTERSON, Agent, 177 West street.

COASTWISE STEAMSHIPS.

FOR NEW ORLEANS DIRECT.
The Cromwell Line.
Steamships of this line will leave pier No. 9 North river, at 3 o'clock P. M., as follows:—
GEO. CROMWELL, Vail.....Saturday, June 12
GEO. WASHINGTON, Gager.....Saturday, June 19.
Freight taken for St. Louis, Mobile and Galveston at full rates.
For passage, first and second class, or freight, apply to
H. B. CROMWELL & CO., 86 West street.

FOR CHARLESTON, S. C., THE FLORIDA PORTS, the South and Southwest.—Regular line.—The fast and popular steamship SARAGOSSA, C. Ryder, commander, will sail Wednesday, June 16, at 3 P. M., from pier No. 8 North river, foot of Rector street. Through bills of lading to all points South and Southwest. Agents in Charleston (Ravenel & Co.) forward all goods free of commission.
ARTHUR LEARY, Agent, 73 William street.
The MAGNOLIA, will sail June 23.

FOR CHARLESTON AND FLORIDA PORTS.
New York and Charleston Steamship Company's first class sidewheel steamship
JAMES ADGER, Captain T. J. Lockwood,
on Saturday, June 12, at 3 P. M., sailing from pier No. 5 North river.
Superior accommodations for passengers.
Through passenger tickets and bills of lading issued in connection with the South Carolina Railroad to all points South and Southwest and with steamers to Florida ports.
Goods forwarded free of commission.
Bills of lading furnished and signed on the pier.
Insurances by this line one-half per cent.
The MANHATTAN will follow, and sail on Saturday, June 19.
HENRY R. MORGAN & CO., Agents, 26 Broadway.

FOR NORFOLK, CITY POINT AND RICHMOND.—Daily to Norfolk and Portsmouth, tri-weekly to City Point and Richmond—The Old Dominion Steamship Company will despatch their sidewheel steamship SARATOGA for Norfolk, City Point and Richmond on Thursday, June 10, at 3 P. M., from pier 37 North river, foot of Beach street, connecting with the Seaboard, Inland Air Line, Virginia and Tennessee Air-Line, Southside and Petersburg Railroads, and Richmond and Danville and Virginia Central Railroads, taking freight and granting through bills of lading to all points South and Southwest. Bills of lading signed on the pier. For freight or passage, apply to N. L. McCREADY, President, 187 Greenwich street, corner of Dey. Insurance by steamers of this line ½ per cent.

ADVERTISEMENTS FOR THE HERALD RECEIVED IN BROOKLYN AT OUR BRANCH OFFICE 145 FULTON STREET.

TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.

ALBANY AND TROY.—THE DAY LINE BOATS, C. VIBBARD and D. DREW will commence running to Albany on Monday, May 31, leaving Desbrosses street at 7 A. M. and Thirty-fourth street at 7:15, connecting with railroads for all points North and West.

FOR BOSTON
VIA
FALL RIVER, DIRECT.
THE
WORLD RENOWNED STEAMERS
BRISTOL AND PROVIDENCE,
Commander BRAYTON. Commander SIMMONS.
Will leave (alternate days) DAILY
from pier 30, North river, foot of Chambers street,
AT FIVE P. M.
DODWORTH'S CELEBRATED ORCHESTRA, including brass, string and reed bands will be attached to each steamer on its passage.
GRAND PROMENADE CONCERT every evening.
This is the only line running a
SUNDAY NIGHT BOAT.
One of the above steamers will stop at NEWPORT every SATURDAY night, and returning SUNDAY night will leave NEWPORT.
For the better accommodation of the public the splendid steamers,
NEWPORT AND OLD COLONY,
Commander LEWIS, Commander MILLER,
will leave (alternate days) DAILY,
(Sundays excepted),
from pier 28 North river (foot of Murray street),
AT 7 P. M.,
FOR
BOSTON VIA NEWPORT
FREIGHT received at pier 30 up to 3 P. M., and at pier 28 up to 7 P. M. each evening.
JAMES FISK, Jr., President,
M. R. SIMONS, Managing Director,
CHAS. H. VAILE, General Passenger Agent,
H. H. MANGAM, Freight Agent,
Narragansett Steamship Company.

HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD.—TRAINS FOR ALBANY and Troy, connecting with Northern and Western trains, leave New York at 8 and 10:45 A. M., and 4, 6:30 and 11 P. M. Drawing room cars attached to all day trains and sleeping cars to night trains. The 6:30 P. M. train runs on Sundays.
APRIL 26, 1869. WM. H. VANDERBILT, Vice Pres't.

LOW FARE TO ALBANY AND TROY—BY THE FASTest, most elegant river steamers in the world.—Fare only $1 50, being $1 75 less than rail and 75 cents cheaper than any other line. Like reduction to all points West, North and East, on the New York Central, Albany and Susquehanna and Rensselaer and Saratoga Railroad. The steamers Vanderbilt and Connecticut leave alternately every evening, Saturday excepted, at 6 o'clock, from pier 44 North river, foot of Spring street; also foot of West Thirty-fourth street, at 6:15 o'clock P. M.

STEAMER MARY POWELL WILL COMMENCE RUNning Saturday June 5, 1869, for Cozzens', West Point, Cornwall, Newburg, New Hamburg, Milton, Poughkeepsie and Rondout, leaving pier, foot of Desbrosses street, every afternoon at 3 30.

EXCURSIONS.

A.—GRAND EXCURSION TO NEWPORT AND RETURN.
The world-renowned
STEAMER BRISTOL.
Commander BRAYTON,
WILL LEAVE PIER 30 NORTH RIVER,
foot of Chambers street,
ON SATURDAY, JUNE 12,
AT 5 P. M.,
ARRIVING IN NEWPORT THE FOLLOWING MORNING,
AND,
RETURNING, WILL LEAVE NEWPORT ON SUNDAY EVENING AT 9 P. M.,
ARRIVING IN NEW YORK MONDAY MORNING AT 6 O'CLOCK.
Dodworth's celebrated brass, string and reed bands will render a choice selection of music on the passage.
This will give pleasure seekers an opportunity of spending a day at the most
FASHIONABLE WATERING PLACE IN AMERICA
without interfering with their business.
FARE FOR THE ROUND TRIP SEVEN DOLLARS.
Owing to the great demand for EXCURSION TICKETS the MANAGEMENT, in their efforts to please the travelling public, have added the splendid steamer OLD COLONY for their accommodation, leaving New York SATURDAY, JUNE 12, at 7 P. M., from PIER 28 NORTH RIVER, foot of Murray street, and RETURNING will leave NEWPORT on the steamer BRISTOL on Sunday evening at 9 P. M.
JAMES FISK, Jr., President,
M. R. SIMONS, General Superintendent,
CHAS. H. VAILE, General Passenger Agent,
H. H. MANGAM, Freight Agent,
NARRAGANSETT STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

ANNUAL REGATTA NEW YORK YACHT CLUB, Thursday, June 10.—The favorite steamer JOSEPHINE will take a select party of ladies and gentlemen to witness the above regatta, leaving foot Thirty-fourth street, North river, 8:45 A. M.; pier 37 North river, foot of Robinson street, 9:15 A. M.; Degraw street, Brooklyn, 9:45 A. M., and Third landing, Staten Island, 10 A. M. Grafulla's Seventh Regiment Band will be on board. Tickets can be procured at 180 Broadway, rooms Nos. 3 and 4, at Fifth Avenue Hotel, in reading room, at theatre ticket office, 114 Broadway and on board. Admitting gentlemen, $2; gent and lady, $4; gent and two ladies, $5.

ANNUAL REGATTA OF THE NEW YORK YACHT Club, June 10, 1869.—Captain Samuels will despatch his large and commodious sea steamer YANKEE, Captain Andrew Hennessey, to act as a spectator boat on the above occasion. The Yankee has just been thoroughly overhauled; painted throughout and refitted with new awnings, &c. She will leave Thirty-fourth street, North river, at 8:20 A. M.; pier 27 North river, foot of Robinson street, at 9 A. M.; pier 4 North river at 9.15 A. M.; Peck slip at 9.30 A. M., and Eighth street, East river, at 10 o'clock A. M. Tickets can be procured of J. C. Conroy & Co., 65 Fulton street; A. Dutch, Jr., 52 South street, and at Cable's, 130 Broadway. Tickets $1 50.

ANNUAL REGATTA OF THE NEW YORK YACHT Club.—The new and elegant steamer SUNNYSIDE, Captain J. C. Gibbs, will leave pier 39, foot of Vestry street, on Thursday, June 10, at 10:30 A. M., to attend the annual regatta of the New York Yacht Club, returning at 3 P. M. Fare—Gentlemen, $2; ladies, $1. Tickets can be obtained at McFarland's bookstore, 957 Broadway; at Rushton's, corner of Barclay street and Broadway, and on board the boat, foot of Vestry street, between 10 A. M. and 3 P. M. This is the largest and finest steamer attending the race.

ANNUAL REGATTA OF THE NEW YORK YACHT Club, Thursday, June 10, 1869.—The fast steamer C. P. SMITH will act as spectator boat on the above occasion and accompany the yachts over the course, thus affording a fine opportunity to enjoy the regatta. The steamer will leave pier 27 North river, foot of Robinson street, 9 A. M.; pier No. 4 North river, 9:15 A. M., foot of Degraw street, Brooklyn, 9:30 A. M.; foot of Montague street, Brooklyn, 9.45 A. M., and Peck slip, New York, at 10 A. M. Tickets for the round trip 50 cents; to be had at Theatre and Railroad Ticket Office, at principal hotels in the city and on board steamer at the several landings on morning of regatta.

ANNUAL REGATTA OF THE NEW YORK YACHT Club.—By special request of her many admirers the fast and noted despatch steamer Blackbird, Captain C. West, commander, will accompany the yachts around the light ship on their race, Thursday, June 10, 1869. Will start from foot of Broome street, East river, at 7:30 A. M., calling at Fulton ferry, Brooklyn, at 7:45, at Peck slip at 8 A. M., Thirty-fourth street, North river, at 8:30, Christopher street, 9 A. M., and pier 4, North river, at 9.30 A. M. Fare $1; tickets on board.

ALL ABOARD FOR THE FISHING BANKS.—THE well known, staunch, seagoing and splendidly fitted steamer WYOMING, with upper and lower saloon and every accommodation for ladies and children, so favorably known as the boat for fish, Captain George F. Holton, will run regularly every day, except Saturday, leaving North Eighth street, Williamsburg, at 7; Eighth street, East river, at 7½; Peck slip 7¾; Christopher street 8¼; pier No. 4 North river 9 o'clock. H. B. HOLMES, Manager.
The WYOMING is up for charter on Saturdays. Apply to R. L. WHITE, 164 South street.

EXCURSIONS.—THE STEAMBOAT JOSEPHINE CAN BE hired for excursions. Apply at the Staten Island ferry office, foot of Whitehall street.

FOR CONEY ISLAND.—THE STEAMER NAUSHON, Captain William F. Baulsier, will commence the regular trips to Coney Island on Thursday, June 10, leaving Christopher street, North river, at 9:20, 12:20 and 3:30, Warren street, North river, at 9.10, 12:40 and 3:40; pier No. 4 (Morris street) North river at 10, 1 and 4 o'clock. N. B.—The steamer Norwalk will resume her place on this route about the 1st of July. The steamer Sylvan Shore will commence her regular trips from the East river on the 16th inst.

FISHING BANKS.—NIGHT TRIP.—TEN HOURS' FISHing.—The fine sea steamer YANKEE, Captain Andrew Hennessey, Saturday night, June 12, will go, rain or shine; bait, lines and refreshments on board; coffee and chowder free. Franklin street, 11½; Christopher, 12; Eighth street, East river, 12½; Broome street, 12¾; Peck slip, 1 A. M. Fare, $1 50. JAMES & A. SCOTT.

NEW YORK YACHT CLUB REGATTA.—JUNE 10, THE steamer HIRAM M. COOL will take a select party of ladies and gentlemen to witness the above Regatta, landing at Morris street wharf, Jersey City, at 8 A. M.; Thirty-fourth street, North river, 8.30 A. M.; Christopher street, West Tenth street, 9 A. M., and pier 27 North river, Robinson street at 9.20 A. M. Tickets $1, to be had on the different wharves.

TO CHARTER FOR EXCURSIONS—THE FINE SEA steamer YANKEE, Captain Andrew Hennessy. The YANKEE has just been thoroughly overhauled, painted and refitted, with awnings, &c., and is the best steamer for excursions, picnics, &c., in New York. She can be chartered on reasonable terms, of ALFRED DUTCH, Jr., 52 South st.

COAL AND WOOD.

$8 A CHALDRON FOR COKE, DELIVERED IMMEdiately, a liberal discount made by the cargo. Apply at Twenty third street and Broadway or Twenty first street and avenue A. S. F. SHERWOOD.

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CUBA.

THE REVOLUTION IN HAVANA.

Dulce Declares it the End of Spanish Rule.

A Separate Nationality Contemplated by the Volunteers.

Patriot Supplies Safe in the Interior.

The steamship Columbia, Captain Van Sice, arrived yesterday from Havana, bringing the important intelligence of the consummation of the Spanish volunteer revolution in Havana and the preliminary discussions among them as to the next step to be taken. Full details will be found in the interesting correspondence we publish below.

The Volunteer Revolution in Havana—Second Day's Proceedings—Dulce Resigns—Madame Dulce Insulted—They Return to Spain—Doubts of the Volunteers—A Massacre of Cubans Threatened—Proposed Triumvirate—Vivas for Isabella—Probable Division of the Island.

HAVANA, June 4, 1869.

Within a few hours grave events have occurred in this city, and the island is at this moment without a legal government. During the past week various meetings have taken place with a view of compelling Dulce to relinquish his command. Following these several officials called upon him and endeavored to convince him that he ought not to continue, on account of his health. At first he resisted, but finally gave way and sent a telegram to Madrid giving in his resignation, at the same time stating that he was forced to do so. The provisional government at once appointed Caballero de Rodas, which was telegraphed and officially announced here, it being understood that Dulce was to remain until the arrival of his successor, as is customary. A day or two later an order was communicated to Don Gonzalo Castañon, editor of *La Voz de Cuba*, to leave the island by the first steamer, as also to the curate of Monserrate and others. This was very displeasing to the volunteers, and a committee of the Fifth battalion, which Dulce had treated with great kindness, presented itself to the palace and stated that they would not leave until the order was revoked, as they were determined to resist it by force if necessary. Their demands were granted; and Castañon, supported by Duran Cuervo, both very hostile to Dulce, found themselves stronger than ever. Just at this time arrived from the field of operations in the interior General Pelaez, who is accused of "making money" enough within a few months to enable him to send $40,000 to Spain, and considered by the volunteers as a traitor to his country. Meanwhile Pelaez had taken refuge on board the ironclad Victoria.

The following day the volunteers determined to serenade Lesca, but the Governor objected, fearing disorders. They were very much incensed at this, and determined, in their wrath, to demand the head of Pelaez, and, failing in this, to compel Dulce to relinquish the command. Large groups of them gathered in the plaza, and Dulce hearing what was going on sent for the cavalry, the guardia civil and a guard of marines for his personal safety. Finding that the mob increased in numbers and demonstration, he ordered the cavalry to scatter it; but the officer in command would not obey. Dulce called him a coward, and stated that he would order him shot; but all to no purpose. After consultation it was finally determined to call all the volunteers together, and buglers were sent through the city to summon them. Such a thing had never happened here before, and it caused great alarm among the citizens. After the volunteers had been formed the colonel and one soldier from each battalion were appointed a committee to wait on Dulce and demand that he either deliver up Pelaez or surrender the command. He unequivocally refused to accede to the first, and as to the other endeavored to persuade them to withdraw it, but to no purpose. He finally told them that because he was a Spaniard and desired to avoid flooding the streets with blood he would resign, at the same time telling them that they would deeply regret their action, as, along with the command, he surrendered up the last possession of Spain in America, and that they were the first who refused to recognize the government of the metropolis; that they had practically declared themselves independent and had broken the ties of union with the mother country. On delivering up the command to the Segundo Cabo he did so under protest, stating that his action resulted from force, that the authority which existed was illegitimate and the offspring of a riot. The coach of Lady Dulce, who left the palace at daybreak, was detained and she was made to alight and be examined, but, after many insults, was allowed to proceed.

At the time of the above incidents the Cadiz mail steamer Guipuzcoa appeared with the Vasque Volunteers on board. She was ordered to keep outside for a time to prevent further disturbances, but she afterwards entered and the new comers were received and entertained with great enthusiasm. The cable telegraph was suspended for a time to prevent the news reaching Spain.

The more sensible of the volunteers confess that they have made a great blunder, but they express their willingness to suffer the consequences.

The Governor of Matanzas, his Secretary and the Chief of Police have also been removed by the volunteers there. The matter was inaugurated and carried through by the Committee of Mutual Safety, which took the matter in hand. The Governor of Cardenas has since been removed, as also he of Colon. So it seems the volunteers pay no respect to the Captain General of their own choosing. Secret orders are said to have been given to the police (*celadores*) to form a list of all the individuals in their respective districts who may sympathize with the insurrection of the Cubans. In the same manner investigations are ordered made in reference to certain parties who, as is alleged, sent jewelry to the amount of $17,000 to the New York Bazaar. The volunteers aver that they have noted down the names of 2,000 persons whom they propose to shoot in case it turns out that Valmaseda has suffered reverses. Arms and ammunition have of late been secretly distributed to the colored firemen and militia. The new Captain General objects to continuing in command unless he is aided by a council composed of at least sixteen persons. The President of the High Court of Justice and the City Governor have resigned their offices.

Discussions are taking place here touching the question of forming a government separate from that of the metropolis and until matters in Spain become settled. There are some who advocate a separation and the proclamation of Isabella II. During the celebration consequent on the arrival of the Vasque volunteers the Seventh battalion of this city shouted "Viva Isabella II.!" in which some of the citizens joined. The prevailing opinion, however, favors the Prince of Asturias with a regency.

As to the operations in the interior little is known. The defeat of the column escorting the convoy from Puerto Padre to Tunas is confirmed. It numbered 800 men, of which 230 were placed *hors du combat* and the balance surrendered. In Trinidad there has been an affray between the regulars and the volunteers, the latter accusing the commanders of the former of being robbers. Some of the volunteers were killed and a considerable number wounded.

The leading insurgent chiefs are about uniting their forces, as is believed, for the purpose of attacking Valmaseda or taking possession of Santiago de Cuba. The Spanish troops as they arrive here speak very harshly of the home government. They complain of want of supplies there and state that their sufferings were insupportable. In shipping their provisions and armament they were compelled to do so on their shoulders, as the government has no means.

The opinion here is that it will be impossible to put down the insurrection in the Eastern Department, but the Spaniards think they can hold the Western, and if necessary divide the island, as with Hayti and St. Domingo.

The Havana Revolution Consummated—Its Origin and Probable Results—A Triumvirate Proposed with Separate Government from Spain—Resignations of High Officials—The Attitude of the Navy—Press Comments.

HAVANA, June 5, 1869.

A successful revolution has been accomplished here, bloodless, as yet, but likely to be of the gravest importance, changing the position of the parties engaged in the suicidal struggle going on in this island, and the relations which other Powers, and particularly the United States, hold towards it. In considering it, it should be borne in mind that it was the work of the Spanish element in this city, claiming allegiance to Spain (at least to outward seeming), and representing the great commercial and property interest, and rendered effective for aggressive movement from being embodied in armed organizations called "the Volunteers." The act resulted from entire unanimity among all of that class, the good and the bad, including those who, from interest and principle, are lovers of order, and it was passively acquiesced in, if not supported by the few regular troops in the city. While various theories (some of them wild and foolish enough) as to its inception are rife, the fact is patent that it followed upon the general dissatisfaction growing out of the practical failure of all military operations against the insurgents. For reasons which the readers of the HERALD appreciate, for want of men, supplies, and, above all, of money, Dulce has been able to accomplish nothing of late towards re-establishing the authority of the government in the island. Possibly a younger and more energetic man, under the same circumstances, would have accomplished more; but it may well be doubted if any man, with so many disadvantages, could have made any material change. The Spaniards, however, constantly informed of government successes and assured that the insurrection was already conquered, naturally enough could not understand the fact that the insurgents were constantly increasing in numbers and efficiency. Originally with no great love for Dulce, who had married a Cuban and was accused of Cuban sympathies, it gratified both their prejudices and pride to attribute the thing to the weakness of his administration. Of late, as before intimated in these despatches, a feeling of distrust has become very prevalent, and this has been materially added to by the late successful landings, it being fully realized that if no headway could be made against the Cubans with their machetes none was likely against Americans with Remington rifles.

While the deposition of Dulce, in view of these circumstances, had been no doubt seriously discussed, though with great secrecy, by the Spaniards, it would not seem that any dispassionate determination had been arrived at. But advantage was taken of the excitement arising from the arrival of Pelaez to carry out what all desired though none had been bold enough to take the initiative, and he was compelled to tender his resignation and turn over the command to the second in command, General Espiñar. This document, which appeared in the official *Gazette* of the 2d, is as follows:—

SUPERIOR POLITICAL GOVERNMENT OF THE PROVINCE OF CUBA.

Having resigned the command of this province to the Segundo Cabo of the same, Don Felipe Ginoves Espiñar, from this date he takes charge of the Capitania General and of the Superior Political government thereof. DOMINGO DULCE.
HAVANA, June 2, 1869.

When signing this he stated that he did so by force, and that with the act ended Spanish domination in Cuba.

The details of the movement have for the most part already appeared in the HERALD. It is stated, on good authority, that Dulce ordered the guardia civil, stationed about the palace, to fire into the mob of riotous volunteers who were crying out for his abdication and his blood. They, however, refused to do so, stating that they would protect the Captain General's life and person, but would not fire into their companions and brothers. The night—that of Tuesday, the 1st—was a sleepless one in the long time residence of vice royalty. The noise in the Plaza de Armas was continuous and oft the ominous cry of "Death to Dulce!" pealed forth on the air to the ears of the terror-stricken family and attendants within. During the discussion and negotiations which followed upon the demand of the commission from the volunteers the Spanish Admiral informed Dulce that he would stand by him in preservation of his authority with all his force. "How many men have you?" inquired the Captain General.

"Two thousand," said the other.
"Can you depend upon them?"
"As to that I cannot say."

It was well understood that the marines and sailors had fraternized with the volunteers, and that in any emergency which might arise they could not be depended upon against them. Convinced of his utter powerlessness and satisfied that he would be removed by force if necessary, he reluctantly acceded to relinquishing the command. This action of the volunteers is of course illegal—revolutionary. The island is not in subjection to Spain, for Dulce represented the Spanish government. True, the Captain General, under the law, if desirous of surrendering up his command, must, save to a regularly appointed successor, turn it over to the Segundo Cabo, and this has ostensibly been done. Still the fact remains the same that there is no authority here save what lies in an armed mob, actuated and controlled by caprice, as mobs always are, and the grave question suggests itself to Americans whether the relations which exist between the United States and Spain compel the former to recognize this mob as the legitimate representative of a friendly Power and entitled to all the advantages of belligerency, of uninterrupted trade and commerce, while they are at the same time denied to a people struggling upon their native soil for that self-government which it is admitted should be at the base of all political fabrics.

Naturally, inevitably, rumors, speculations, theories are thicker than "leaves in Vallambrosa." Among those which have most definitely shaped themselves is one to the effect that in this successful exhibition of their power the Spaniards have inaugurated the beginning of the end; that realizing, the certain loss of the island to Spain they are beginning to consider where lies their own interests, the preservation of their homes and property. That with this latter end in view they are tending, perhaps unwittingly, toward some arrangement with the insurgents independent of Spain or, failing that, toward annexation to the United States. In opposition to this, which, it must be confessed has some show of reason, stands the Spaniard's love of country, his bitter, unreasonable prejudices in her favor, which precludes any correct judgment in matters affecting her, his intense hatred of Cubans, more than reciprocated, and his jealousy and ill-feeling toward the United States.

During yesterday rumors of a triumvirate, of a directory, a convention or what not, filled the air. Indeed, the authority that something of the kind is in contemplation is not altogether contemptible, it being no less than an official of the government. The names of those to compose the convention are given, viz.:—Don Gonzalo Castañon, formerly censor of the Havana press, now proprietor of *La Voz de Cuba*; Don Francisco Duran y Cuervo, a Spanish lawyer, a contributor to *La Voz*, formerly one of the judges of the High Court of Justice and rector of the University, and Don Julian Zulueta, formerly a slave trader, now a planter and colonel of the Second battalion of volunteers. Others place at the head Don Ramon Herrera, owner of the Antilles line of steamers and Colonel of the Fifth volunteers, adding Don Miguel Antonio Herrera, a Floridian by birth, and another Don to make up the triumvirate. The object of the movement is to proclaim, sooner or later, the Antonomia always adhering to Spain, until such time as that Power may become sufficiently settled, so as to have a stable government. The old *regime* of Lersundi, in as far as is possible, is to be restored. Valmaseda is to be placed at the head of affairs to direct the forces and terminate the civil war and to make appointments, independent of the provisional government. This intention has been developed in the Club Reacceonario, made up of Peninsulars. From the same authority I learn other facts of interest. The Segundo Cabo will resign soon, having accepted the appointment only for the time and to cover the situation. He fully understands that there will be a clean sweep of the present administration. The City Governor gave in his resignation on the same day as Dulce, although it was not published. Dulce leaves a declaration among the archives of the palace, declaring that he was forced to resign and that he has not surrendered the command. He has chartered the mail steamer Guipuzcoa for $10,000, to take himself and family to Spain. The bishop, who is also very obnoxious to the volunteers, leaves with him. His reverence was looked for last evening by some of these volunteers, who were assured that he had left. Had he been found something disagreeable would have happened to him. It is generally believed that Pelaez, in company with the engineer, Colonel Modet, have escaped to Key West. It has been currently reported that they went upon an American man-of-war, but this is denied on authority.

The course to be pursued by the navy in this somewhat anomalous condition of affairs is a matter of paramount importance. The Admiral of the station, as hereinbefore stated, was opposed to the action of the Spaniards; but in the uncertain temper of his men, much demoralized by events here and at home, he dare not attempt to sustain him by force. Doubtless, as representing the Spanish navy in these waters, he will passively accept the situation, going forward in the prosecution of his duties as usual, and await the development of events and the instructions of the home government.

The Cubans are jubilant at the way in which matters have shaped themselves. They say, allowing that "a Spanish cobbler or Manchega mule—failing other representatives of the Cid—has a right to rule the Indies," it is only as such representative, and they claim that the mules here have by their action lost such character. Again, they have placed themselves on a par with the Cubans, in that they have become insurgents and revolutionists, throwing themselves beyond the pale of recognition, and being no longer entitled to those advantages given them as a part of the Spanish nation. A recognition of the Cuban government will at once be strongly pressed upon the United States, with the strongest anticipations of success.

The condition of the American navy in these waters in the present emergency, with a far worse one likely to arise, excites much unfavorable comment. It is fully understood by the readers of the HERALD, and I need not more particularly refer to it. It is to be hoped that the startling condition of affairs now existing will arouse the Navy Department from that Rip Van Winkle sleep it seems, in some part, to have inherited from "Daddy" Welles.

The comments of the Havana press upon the recent events here, translations of which I send you, are peculiar. To understand them a short explanation is necessary. *La Voz de Cuba* was started as a Spanish republican paper. On the establishment of the free press it has persistently opposed Dulce, who recently tried to send its editors out of the country, and much of the recent action of the volunteers is attributed to its influence. In its article, while seemingly heaping coals of fire on Dulce's head, there is a vein of jubilancy and self-sufficiency running through it. The other papers indirectly accuse it of bringing about the *status quo* with sinister designs inimical to legality and the country. Neither paper gives any details of the movement, indeed scarcely mentioning the great fact, a sample of discretion not wonderful under the circumstances.

General Nelson, Minister to Mexico, sails for Vera Cruz to-day in the Cleopatra.

The Contocook left this morning for Key West to take in coal and provisions. The sloop-of-war Saratoga and gunboat Penobscot are in the harbor.

The Havana Press on the Revolution.

[From the Voz de Cuba—organ of the Spanish Volunteers.]

Our mind is not sufficiently tranquil at this moment to give form, with clearness and precision, to the thoughts which rush to it.

The situation is serious—extremely serious. No one that the island of Cuba has heretofore experienced has presented greater dangers.

Should the good sense, of which the volunteers of Havana have given so much evidences, for one moment fail, all is lost. If they continue in their wisdom, if their passions are controlled by their love of country, all is saved.

General Dulce has resigned the command. General Espiñar has assumed the power. Which of the two makes the greatest sacrifice? It is impossible to answer now. The first avoided a great conflict by resigning, the second succeeded in giving a legitimate solution to a very difficult situation. Both have done good to the country, and as we demand respect and consideration for the first we entreat that to the second be given all necessary aid to enable him to surmount all difficulties which may present themselves. "The king is dead," was said in ancient times, with a painful intonation, by the herald. "Long live the king," responded the jubilants, which indicated the principle that the monarchy never ceased for one instant to exist; that the power, authority and representation of the State should not for one instant be abandoned. Let us do the same now. "The Captain General has resigned. Long live the Captain General!" that the representative of Spain, whatever his name, may have all the prestige, authority and necessary force to carry the ship of state safely through in the midst of the tempest which at present prevails.

Without union our ruin is sure; with it, we can still save ourselves. Let there be no tumultuous manifestations. Away with rancor, and peace to the fallen. Let us respect the authority in which we have confidence, and make others respect it.

When our enemies see that an event on which depended their last hope has only served to unite us more and more, to stamp indelibly the agreement and unity of views between all Spaniards of this island, they will comprehend that they have no alternative save to conquer us.

Two words in conclusion. Volunteers, be ye as the pearls which, adhering, form the precious necklace, but the thread once broken fall to the ground and lie valueless in the dust. Union, therefore, among ye forever.

Loyal Spaniards, it is not for us to tell you what you ought to do. Your proper leaders will guide you. But we will tell you what you ought not to do; avoid all that which may favor the cause of treason in the slightest degree. Before taking one step reflect whether it will gratify our adversaries, enemies of the Patria. Let their countenances be your barometer. If you see them jubilant and content distrust them. Persevere in your course as long as you see them doleful. We need not point them out to you. You know them well. But should some one of them disguise himself so well as to succeed in deceiving your sagacity we will point him out to you, as you already know that nothing will deter us in defence of the country for which we are ready to sacrifice ourselves.

[From the Diario de la Marina.]

Have those apostles of free ideas and lamentable doctrines only exercised their influence on those who were about organizing to carry out their work of emancipation? Certainly not; they have with prodigal hand scattered the seed so recklessly that it has withered in all parts. From the onset they comprehended that to divide those parties who could in no way enter into the secession views was necessary. They well knew and know that the close union of all good Spaniards can only be solid within the common legality, the authority of the nation. The enemy is all in his power to divide them; he does not think himself stronger, but believes himself more able than ourselves. Let us prove to him that we are amply discerning to elect the just, and have sufficient patriotism to restrain our passions. We can only be united within the limits of legitimacy—within the bounds of authority of the nation. Let us adopt that as our common banner, and proclaim loudly that we are defenders and slaves to the law."

[From the Prensa.]

As we do not understand what is understood by some publishers by uniting and disuniting, and as we have no public trusts to seek for ourselves or others, it signifies little what fears there may or may not be about disuniting the good Spaniards, as we have already a thousand times said that we do fear the propaganda of dissolving doctrines more than any armed insurrection, however menacing it may appear. Fortunately we can now use this language in the island of Cuba, and we will let every day show the pernicious results of those doctrines, which continually deceive and mislead the public opinion from the facts, their cause and effects.

MATANZAS.

Deposition of the Governor by the Volunteers—Resignation of Other Government Officers.

MATANZAS, June 3, 1869.

The *Aurora* newspaper of this city says:—

The last night was eventful. The people, worthily represented by more than 3,000 volunteers, demanded the immediate deposing of Governor Lopez Pinto, to which his Excellency forthwith acceded. At the same time the chief of police gave in his resignation, as did the government secretary.

In the vicinity of the public prison two shots were heard, apparently aimed at the sentinel, without hurting him.

In the Plaza de Armas, when the volunteers were retiring, another shot was fired, which was, however, accidental.

The *Aurora* also published the following:—

POLITICAL AND MILITARY GOVERNMENT AND GENERAL COMMANDANCY OF MATANZAS.

By order of the Brigadier Commandant General I have this day taken the command of this jurisdiction *ad interim*. Being long known here it is unnecessary to impart my ideas and sentiments, which will ever be the same. But I cannot refrain from recommending the greatest order, as also the greatest prudence before lending an ear to any suggestions, more or less deceptive, from our enemies, convinced as I am that union constitutes force; and further, that the uneasiness and alarm which they pretend to disseminate in the public mind ought to be dissipated, to the good of the country we live in and towards the glory of the noble nation to which we belong.
DOMINGO DE LEON.

SANTIAGO DE CUBA.

The Landing at Mayari—Safe in the Interior—Bombastic Spanish Accounts.

SANTIAGO DE CUBA, May 27, 1869.

Mayari, in connection with the recent landing of filibusters in that vicinity, still takes up public attention. On Sunday, the 23d, the steamer Pelayo received on board large quantities of military stores for that place, and yesterday the Guantanamo arrived from there bringing five or six boxes of ammunition and four sick soldiers. The expeditionists had left the estate Ramon, on the peninsula, between the Bay of Nipe and Banes, where they were encamped, and gone safely inland with the mass of their stores and munitions, though compelled to abandon a considerable quantity of both, probably from want of transportation. The finding of these abandoned materials was quite sufficient to start the usual Spanish canards and the loyal public of this city in the evening were startled and delighted at the issue of a flaming bulletin, which announced that the brave Colonel Hidalgo had attacked the enemy's encampment at the point of the bayonet, capturing it, together with four cannons and a large quantity of stores and ammunition, with but slight loss to himself. It was further stated that upon turning a hill he was much surprised to find some 400 corpses, probably—as he says—the result of the present and former action. When closing his despatch his men were occupied in burying them. The adventurers and their insurgent friends who, it would appear, flocked to meet them, numbered some 2,300 men, and have been, says the bulletin, completely routed and dispersed, and will probably be exterminated as soon as the column of the valiant Colonel finishes the burial of the 400. Such are the bombastic Spanish accounts.

The truth is that the insurgents and their foreign friends left their camp for much the same reason that the New York burglar left the house he had robbed—viz., because he couldn't carry it with him—and when Colonel Hidalgo's column entered, at the point of the bayonet, it found no one to oppose.

General Buceta, who left here not long since, and in a great hurry, to chastise the adventurers, had not, up to late dates, arrived at Mayari, and rumor has it there is much sickness and some disaffection among his forces.

The Spanish element is decidedly cast down by the Mayari occurrences and consider the country in danger. The numerous class which sympathize with neither party, and only regard the matter as it affects their own interest, hardly know what to think of the future; but the idea of annexation meets from them, and, indeed, from many others, but little favor. The principal thing which stands in the way is protection, and as that relic of the barbarous ages flourishes in the United States, free trade, which is the great thing hoped for, would be as far off as ever, and again the exclusion of foreign flags from the carrying trade, which would result from the annexation, would prove a matter of serious importance to much of the property interest in the island.

As I am about closing this despatch I learn that the insurgents certainly left four guns behind them at Banes, which were taken by the troops. Government advices claim that an enormous amount of provisions and ammunition was captured; but there is scarcely a shadow of truth in the statement.

SPANISH ACCOUNTS.

NUEVITAS.

Obstinate Fight with the Insurgents—The Railroad to Principe—Towns Reported Destroyed—Insurgents' Movements.

NUEVITAS, May 27, 1869.

On the departure of the convoy from Puerto Padre for Tuñas a fight took place between the Fifth battalion of mobilized volunteers and a body of rebels, numbering more than 3,000 men. It was a very obstinate action and lasted seven hours; but the convoy managed to proceed, although it consisted of thirty ox carts with provisions. Our loss amounted to seventy, but the enemy suffered by far more, notwithstanding their being armed with Remington and Peabody rifles. The moment the news arrived here a column, under Colonel Ferrer, was sent there, composed of the Reina and Union battalions, numbering more than 2,000 men. These arrived at Puerto Padre on the 25th, and were going by forced marches to Tuñas.

The railroad to Puerto Principe is protected by the troops, from point to point, which service was done until recently by the column of artillery and the battalion of colored mobilized volunteers of light infantry—the first to a locality somewhat beyond Las Minas, and the second from that place to Puerto Principe. It is said that, although the colored volunteers have never been in action before, they fought with great coolness in a recent action, and although the enemy was far superior in numbers they lost some seven killed, while the blacks had only one wounded severely. The artillery column left subsequently for Gibara, being relieved on the line by the Catalan mobilized volunteers.

The war steamer Vasco Nuñez and armed steamer Marsella having gone to Nipe with some troops, there were no rebels there on arrival. Many cases of arms and munitions were left by them and some of these hidden in the sand; also a large quantity of cartridges, rifles, cannister shot and five cannon. One of these latter goes on board the steamer Pelayo for Havana; it is of brass, an Armstrong of ten centimetres; the others were sent to Santiago and Gibara.

Colonel Benegasi was in Gibara on the 24th and was to leave the next day for San Antonio, where 500 rebels have presented themselves for pardon.

The officers of the gunboats expect another expedition or two to land near Banes and Naranjo.

It is reported that when the enemy went to Tuñas, abandoning the strongholds he had on the railroad line, he destroyed completely the towns of Guaimaro, Cascorro and Sibanicu, by setting fire to the houses; but this needs confirmation.

The bulk of the insurgents are taking a northern direction via Tuñas. It appears that Quesada, Bembeta, Marmol, Peralta, Marcano, Maceo and others have got their forces together, quartered between Tuñas, Manati and Puerto Padre, and it is more than probable that they will make a junction, with a view to overwhelm some of our smaller forces. Between Puerto Padre, Tuñas and Manati we have a force of 1,500 men, which were reinforced by 1,000 more, taken from this city by Brigadier Ferrer.

PUERTO PRINCIPE.

Destruction of Railroad Stations—Welcome to the Arrival of the Train—Presentation of Stray Negroes.

PRINCIPE, May 19, 1869.

The rebels have burnt all the railroad stations, as well as those of the planters, with the exception of the Minas station, and this would have shared the same fate had the escort of the convoy arrived fifteen minutes later.

Governor Lesca's proposal to the municipality to employ the negroes of the neighboring estates on a space of ground sufficient to raise all the vegetables and ground provisions that may be required to supply the market has been much lauded.

The locomotive and train from Nuevitas arrived on the 17th. The station of San José was crowded to excess, the people probably numbering 10,000 souls. It took three days to arrive from Nuevitas. The enthusiasm and joy that prevailed defies description.

Soon after the arrival of the train Brigadier Ferrer, with the cavalry, and Colonel Goyeneche, with the Second battalion of the Reina, arrived. The three companies which took the stronghold of Ceuta belong to this corps.

Two hundred negroes have presented themselves to General Letona at Minas.

The heat has been excessive, sometimes the thermometer standing at ninety degrees Fahrenheit and more.

During the five or six months of non-communication and siege suffered by this city the following prices have ruled:—A barrel of flour, $100 to $120; 100 weight of rice, $32; 100 ears of corn, $30; 100 weight of yams, $12, and other articles of prime necessity in proportion.

When the field and yard fences were all used up for firewood the wood and timber of old houses were resorted to for kindling fire.

MANZANILLO.

Insurgents Claiming Amnesty—Laborers Return to Their Field Pursuits—Guerilla Encounters—Passage of Convoys—Valmaseda's Distribution of Forces—Capture of Three Rebel Schooners.

MANZANILLO, May 30, 1869.

On the 23d more than 700 persons, of all ages and conditions, presented themselves to the Governor for protection, with the insurgent chiefs, the so-called Generals Ramirez and Fornaris, at their head, imploring pardon. At Veguita more than 5,000 individuals have done the same.

Between this and Bayamo, where the plantations had been abandoned, all the people have returned to their field labor.

The insurgents in this jurisdiction had most of their camps in the ward of Sierra Macstra, on the hills of Cerro Pelado, twenty-one to twenty-four miles from the city. Governor Ampudia was notified of this on the 14th. Their leaders were Generals Modesto Diaz, Luis Marcano, Juan Hall, Rafael Jer Rios and Luis Bertol, the so-called Governor of Yara and Manzanillo. A small column of 250 soldiers and volunteers, with one piece of mountain artillery, under Ampudia, marched in that direction, and, owing to the rain and mud, did not reach the locality of Orilias till ten o'clock P. M. The following day an advance of volunteers formed into guerillas under Captain del Rio and Lieutenant Elizaga; these killed five of the enemy's skirmishers, and it was ascertained that the enemy's camp amounted to 500 men. When all our men were incorporated Ampudia ordered the attack. Having passed Cerro Pelado we found they had fled. Arriving at Rio Yara, near Guayabal, the enemy opened fire at our *contre* guerillas from his hidings; but we killed six and then the rebels disappeared. We rested in their camp four hours. The volunteers in Bicano killed nineteen rebels under Frias. At four P. M. we left for Calambrosio, where the rebels tried to pop at our rear, but our Colonel laid them a trap with our guerilla cavalry and infantry, killing three. On the 17th we left for Palmas Altas, and continued the march till we joined the forces on the Bayamo mainway. Captain Jimenez, of the Corona regulars, commanded the Matanzas volunteers, numbering fifty men, who, being sick, had remained there, of the convoy sent. We finally returned to Manzanillo after three days of great fatigues. In this journey we had only one soldier wounded. We brought along many families and a large convoy of ox carts, with sixty horses captured from the enemy, besides arms and other effects.

On the 18th the contra-guerilla of cavalry, under Rio and Elizaga, left to surprise the camp of Tito Calbar in Jarico, which was taken at the bayonet, and cost the enemy a loss of twenty killed and one wounded, also twenty horses and a splendid mule belonging to that mulatto chief; our little force then returned.

Colonel Ampudia ordered on the 18th to occupy the Esperanza plantation in the Yaribacoa ward, Yara road, and forty soldiers remain there.

On the 19th a company of engineers passing here went to the Bayamo road to repair the pipes on the Yara river, and returned on the 21st, leaving the bridge repaired.

On the 21st our forces left for Bayamo, commanded by Brigadier Detendre, to join General Valmaseda. This contra-guerilla is composed of the Ampudia's Volunteer Guides, Corona regulars, Cuba do., and the First and Second Matanzas volunteers, all on horses, saddled in rebel style; total, fifty men, commanded by one officer of the army and another of the volunteers. This force duly arrived there, and escorted more than 600 individuals back to this city.

General Valmaseda has distributed his men and arms in the wards Bayamo in the following manner:—In Veguitas, 401 men; Cauto Embarcadero, 260; Cayamas, 100; Guamo, 100; Sal, 100; Cauto El Paso, 200; Contra Maestre, 300; Las Bocas and Cristo, 300; Jiguani, 200; Datil and Rio de Buey, 200, in operation—total, 2,104 men. Colonel Ampudia, following the example, has established small forces at the points of attack and defence.

On the 27th Ampudia sent a force of contra-guerillas to the woods of Jarico and Hicotea, occupied by the rebels. Our detachment consisted of the guides and twenty-five men of the Cuba regiment. The only obstruction we found there was a large entrenchment at the river pass, near Jutia, where we were fired upon; but after one or two volleys from the guides the rebels abandoned the position. The flooding prevented our pursuing them as far as Sabana la Mar, where we whipped them again, leaving three cart loads of dead and wounded; among the former was a prominent chief called José Vicente Nuñez. We thus passed over the camps of San Ramon, San Francisco, Sabana la Mar, Mula, Jutia and others, and returned.

A small convoy has come from Bayamo under an escort of fifty men under Lieutenant Colonel Campillo.

The schooner Segunda Maria has been armed, commanded by Ensign Gaston, of the Huelva, and who entered successfully the river Cauto with twelve men, captured three schooners from the rebels, eighteen miles from Guamo to Cayamas, near an intrenchment.

BAYAMO.

Encounter with Rebel Guerillas—Troops Captured—Five Cannons—Rebels' Loss Thirteen Killed and Many Wounded—Execution of Three Insurgent Chiefs—Pardoned Insurgents Serving as Volunteers.

BAYAMO, May 27, 1869.

As soon as Colonel Roet, commanding the Valmaseda *contre* guerillas, got notice that Marcano and Diaz had joined all their men to sweep everything before them, to pass to the other margin of the Cauto river, flying from the incessant pursuit which Colonel Weyler has been giving them, orders were given to create a scare. He first succeeded in doing so to Diaz, as the most prominent of the two insurgent chiefs, and dispersed his forces in five minutes. Having learned from a prisoner that both chiefs had concerted to be at a given point, Boet marched for the spot and routed the enemy with still greater success than with the others. He had his men dressed like the rebels; they were easily espied by Marcano's forces from the summit of the Gato mountains, and were taken to be the bands of Diaz, so that when the enemy approached near enough Boet and his men fell upon them with such impetuosity that when they discovered their mistake they had thirteen killed and fled in great precipitation, losing five cannons, many small arms and a quantity of provisions, besides a number of horses.

In Jiguani the so-called Brigadier Emiliano Figueredo and his brother Leonardo have been apprehended with arms in hand. Both were killed by the Antequera troops, under Lieutenant Colonel Palacios; they were cousins of the so-called General and Chief of Staff of the rebel army, Don Pedro Figueredo. The chief, Augustin Perez, having been taken armed, was shot in the same town.

It is reported that the rebel forces which had hitherto been marauding in the vicinity of Santa Cruz had joined those from Manzanillo or Principe.

TRINIDAD.

Alleged Sale of Salvo Conductas by General Pelaez—Capture of Cavada's Correspondence—Troops Gone to the Valle—Demand for Reinforcements.

TRINIDAD, June 1, 1869.

A week has passed pregnant with commotions. It is reported now that numerous parties of rebels have appeared in Jumento.

To-day the few Baza troops here left with one piece of artillery and the mobilized volunteers in the direction of the Valle.

The forces in the Cuatro Villas is insufficient to finish with the many stray parties of rebels in them.

The correspondence of the rebel General Cavada has been intercepted; and from this it would seem as if he were in possession of Siguanea, which, however, we cannot believe.

CIENFUEGOS.

Trial and Execution of the Rebel Chief Leyva—Merchants and Planters Demanding Intervention in Custom House Affairs.

CIENFUEGOS, June, 3, 1869.

The planters and merchants of this city have followed the example of the merchants in Santiago, forwarding a representation to the Captain General requesting his authorization to allow them to intervene in the operations and management of the Custom House.

The rural police from Las Lajas have brought in the following prisoners:—Rafael and José Samper, Manuel Abad, Andreas Jimenez, José M. Valiate, Miguel Estepa and Rafael Viera, and they have been transferred to the public prison. The three latter are prominent rebels.

On the 1st inst., at 11 A. M., a council of war was held at the palace for the trial of José Rafael Leyva. The court was presided over by Governor Estefani and was composed of eight judges, all military captains, and a prosecuting officer, one "defensor" and a secretary. There were twenty witnesses to attest against the prisoner. The trial lasted four hours, terminating at three P. M. The prosecuting officer demanded the death penalty. The prisoner was taken back to prison and the next morning he was shot in the presence of a battalion of volunteers.

NATIONAL TYPOGRAPHICAL UNION.

Third Day's Proceedings—The Expelled Delegates Readmitted by Courtesy—Petition of the Women's Union—Appointment of Committees—Banquet at Stanwix Hall.

ALBANY, N. Y., June 9, 1869.

The National Typographical Union reassembled this morning, in their third day's session, at the Cap[illegible] the newly elected President, Isaac D. George, of Na[illegible], in the chair.

After the calling of the roll the minutes of the proceedings of the preceding day and evening's session were read and approved.

Mr. BARFIELD, of Louisville, moved that inasmuch as telegraphic information had been received from Montgomery, Ala., certifying to the endorsement of the appointment of Mr. Cornelius Halloran as a delegate to this Convention from the Montgomery Union, and his credentials having been rejected yesterday, that so much of the resolution of rejection as referred to him be stricken out and rescinded, and that Mr. Halloran be admitted to a seat as a delegate.

Mr. BEASLEY, of Cincinnati, offered an amendment that all the delegates excluded under the resolution of yesterday be readmitted.

The whole subject was laid on the table by a vote of 45 to 33.

Mr. MCKECHNIE, of New York, protested against the action of the Convention as unconstitutional and unjust. Mr. Halloran, having produced evidence of his election, was properly entitled to admission.

Mr. DOUGHTY, of Indianapolis, moved to reconsider the vote.

Mr. BRITTON, of South Carolina, rose to a question of privilege, and stated that he desired to enter his protest against this proceeding. He had voted all through against proxy delegation, but when a case such as this, as clear as daylight, was presented, he felt that the Convention should be bound to follow it. Mr. Halloran was as clearly entitled to his seat in this body as any member now present.

The motion to reconsider was carried by a vote of 41 to 33.

Mr. BRITTON moved that the gentleman from Montgomery be admitted to his seat, and called for the previous question.

Mr. MCKECHNIE rose and said that a number of these credentials had been received and referred to the appropriate committee. Among other credentials presented were the Elmira credentials, which were rejected because the word "Elmira" was omitted, although the number of the Union was given. They were all referred to a special committee, who examined and reported in favor of the delegates presenting them, but a member of this body moved for the exclusion of eight members, which was carried. Mr. Halloran had now shown that he was regularly elected, by direct telegraphic despatch, and there were none here more regularly qualified. Were all those gentlemen here regularly elected? He desired to see them all telegraph to their Unions and show whether they were properly here. He was opposed to this proxy representation as a system, but in view of the fact that it had been so largely followed and recognized at other previous sessions he thought it should be allowed to pass at this session, and that the constitution should be so amended as to prevent or regulate it in the future. There were important measures coming before this body, which was the sole reason why the admission of these delegates was so severely opposed; but if these Unions were rejected upon these matters which they desired to be heard upon, it would prove a matter of serious injury to this National Union.

Mr. CONKLIN, of New York, opposed the reconsideration.

Mr. BEASLEY asked leave to withdraw his amendment, which was refused.

Mr. GILL, of Memphis, offered a compromise measure, in the form of a resolution that all the delegates excluded under the resolution of yesterday be admitted to their seats, not as a matter of right, but in courtesy, and that this Convention is of opinion that in future proxies not actually elected by the Unions they represent should not be admitted to seats in this Union. Adopted—ayes 48, nays 31.

Mr. JOHN HART, of New York, asked that, as one of the delegates admitted to a seat in this Convention "as an act of courtesy, not of right," his name be not placed upon the roll as a delegate, as he did not desire to, and would not under such circumstances, take part in the deliberations. Request granted.

Mr. HALLORAN protested against and filed an appeal from the action of the Convention in admitting him to a seat as an act of courtesy.

On motion, J. F. Cook, of Elmira, was admitted to a seat as a regularly accredited delegate in good standing.

The PRESIDENT then announced the following standing committees:—

On Appeals—Messrs. Cowles, Barfield, Albre, Shearman, Sample, Ginn, Hendricks, Hurley, Moore, Walls, Vincent, Quackenbush, Fecham.

On Finance—Messrs. Conklin, Halleck, Moore, Pinta, Doyle, Green, Getchell, Wentworth, Hovey, Kyte, Ketcheson, Orchard, Zander, Warner, Eagles.

On Subordinate Unions—Messrs. McVicar, Oasler, Stillman, Taylor, Entwistle, Cooney, Beasley, Crowell, Dunning, Hall, Hayes.

On Returns—Messrs. Roberts, Halpin, Austin, Broughton, Diehl, Toombs, Dunn, Chadwick, Doughty, Dewey.

On Unfinished Business—Messrs. McGill, Young, O'Donohue, Whittington, Bodwell, Crowell, Berry, Peck, Britton, McKenna, McMurray, Murray.

On New Business—Messrs. Hall, Parr, O'Regan, Kerr, R. F.; Hayden, Freckelton, De Forrest, Davidson, Corcoran, Allen, Briggs, Kerr, Jas.; Hawes.

The case of Springfield Union, No. 60, was then called up to hear the report of the special committee to whom the matter was referred. It appears that last year a difficulty occurred in that Union in consequence of the acceptance by a portion of the members of a sub-contract for State printing at lower rates than those established by the Union. The contracting parties were then expelled by the other wing of the Union, after which the contracting members met as a Union and adopted resolutions expelling those members by whom they themselves had been expelled. Both factions then claimed to be Springfield Typographical Union, No. 60, and both sent delegates to this National Union.

The committee reported in favor of the contracting faction, headed by Mr. Higgins, as they were the larger body, and recommending a reunion of the two factions.

Mr. COLLINS offered, as an amendment to the report, a resolution recognizing the party under the lead of Mr. Frank Hudson, Jr., and recommending that both delegations be admitted to seats.

Adopted.

The following petition and resolution were presented by Mr. BODWELL:—

TO THE PRESIDENT, OFFICERS AND MEMBERS OF THE NATIONAL TYPOGRAPHICAL UNION:—

GENTLEMEN—You have assembled together to legislate for the interests and advantage of the trade and the welfare of those who labor at it. With such a noble end and aim in view we beg to call your attention to the large number of women working at the trade, whose neglected interests, uncared for welfare and disorganized labor are obstacles to your perfect organization, a detriment to the trade and disastrous to the best interests of all printers. Heretofore women compositors have been used to defeat the object for which you have organized—have been the prey of those philanthropic persons who employ women because they are cheap. Their labor during "strikes" has been used to defeat you. When that object has been accomplished they are sent adrift, disorganized and unprotected, their necessities compelling them to work at a price at which they cannot earn a living and which tends to undermine your wages. In view of these facts and the injustice we have done you as well as ourselves, and believing the interests of labor, whether that labor be done by male or female, are identical and should receive the same protection and the same pay, we, the women compositors of New York, have by the assistance, exertions and praiseworthy example of Typographical Union No. 6, taken the initiative in this and formed "Women's Typographical Union No. 1," of New York. For the recognition of this organization we present this our petition for a charter, asking your endorsement as individuals, as representatives of the Subordinate Unions and as members of the National Typographical Union, in the name of the cause you advocate—the elevation of labor and the protection of the laborer. We beg your honorable body will grant it to us.

By order of Women's Typographical Union No. 1.
Respectfully yours,
AUGUSTA LEWIS, President.
KATE CUSACK, Vice President.
CHRISTINA BAKER, Recording Secy.
SUSIE JOHNS, Corresponding Secretary.
EVA P. HOWARD, Treasurer.
JULIA A. GRICE, MARY A. BARTLETT, Fund Trustees.

At a stated meeting of New York Typographical Union, No. 6, held June 1, 1869, the following resolutions were adopted:—

Resolved, That Typographical Union, No. 6, does hereby endorse the petition presented by Miss Augusta Lewis and associates to the National Typographical Union for a charter for Women's Typographical Union, No. 1, of New York.

Resolved, That our delegates to the Seventeenth Annual Session of the National Typographical Union be and they are hereby requested to use their best endeavors consistent with the constitution and laws of the National Union, to secure for the petitioners a favorable answer to their prayer.

Resolved, That the Secretary of this Union be instructed to forward a copy of these resolutions duly signed and sealed to the Secretary and Treasurer of the National Typographical Union. WILLIAM STIRK, President.
E. O. HARMON, Secretary.

A communication from Trenton Union, No. 71, was also read, instructing the delegates of that Union to support the claims advocated by the petition of Women's Typographical Union, No. 1, of New York. Referred to the Committee on Subordinate Unions, together with the petition.

Mr. O'REGAN offered a resolution that immediately after the recess at twelve o'clock M., the roll of Unions be called and that each delegation then present their business in succession, the same to be referred to the appropriate committees without debate. Adopted.

Mr. FLYNN, of Washington, offered a resolution that a special committee of seven be appointed by the chair to consider the proposed amendments to the constitution and fund law. Adopted.

Mr. WHITTINGTON, of Alexandria, offered a resolution that immediately after the recess Miss Augusta Lewis be invited to address the Convention.

After some humorous debate it was ascertained that Miss Lewis did not desire to address the Convention at present, and with becoming grace and much facetiousness, Mr. Whittington, the dromio of the Convention, withdrew his resolution.

A recess of fifteen minutes was then taken, during which interval the Convention was again photographed on the Capitol steps, the attempt of the previous day having failed in consequence of the inauspicious weather.

After the recess the special committee on amendments to the constitution and fund law was announced, as follows:—Messrs. Flynn, McGill, Young, Conklin, Barfield, Halpin, McMurray.

The roll of Unions was then called and the business presented was appropriately referred.

The report of the special committee on classification of the President's address was presented, asking the reference of the subjects embraced to the proper committees.

A communication from the National Labor Union, asking the appointment of a committee of three from this National Union to attend the session of the National Labor Union, to be held August 16, and stating that the times were big with momentous issues to workingmen, the errors and grievances under which they labor being mainly owing to defects in our political system, over which the Trades Unions have not direct control, was laid on the table.

The Committee on Credentials reported in favor of the admission of Alexander Troup, of New York, as a proxy delegate from Montreal Union No. 97.

Mr. TROUP declined the purport of the report.

A very animated discussion then arose, in which Mr. Troup expressed himself as consistently opposed to the system of proxy representation, and stated that he so desired to be understood, knowing that that system had been improperly used here for personal motives.

Motions were made to admit him "as an act of courtesy, not of right," amid much merriment; to lay the subject on the table, to make it the special order for Saturday evening, at thirteen minutes to nine o'clock, and to postpone indefinitely; the latter motion being finally carried.

Mr. GETCHELL submitted the following:—

Whereas the present central organization, known as the National Typographical Union, fails to meet the requirements of the craft in this, that at the present time a large majority of the subordinate societies must be virtually debarred from any participation in its councils, and with the continual growth of territory embraced within the jurisdiction of the National Union such defect must increase instead of diminish; and whereas the principle of taxation without representation is as obnoxious to organizations of social and material advancement as it is in governments; and whereas the most universal demand for a change of some kind, which shall not only remove these injurious features from the organization, but which shall tend to bring into more intimate relations the several subordinate societies constituting our national organization has resulted in different propositions to meet the emergency, one or more of which are at the present time before this Convention for consideration, all of which fail to meet the necessities of the craft at large; now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That there should be an organization of District Unions, to be constituted of representatives from the several Subordinate Unions within their respective limits in proportion to the number of members in good standing, no Union to be deprived of at least one representative, such District Unions to be governed by uniform constitutions limiting and defining their legislative powers; and be it further

Resolved, That the organization known as the National Typographical Union shall, from and after the organization of the proposed State Unions, be constituted of representatives of the several District Unions. And be it further

Resolved, That a special committee of five members of this body be appointed to submit a uniform constitution and bylaws for the district societies, and also a constitution and bylaws for the national organization, to be spread upon the minutes of this body, with a request that the several subordinate societies act thereon.

Referred to the Committee on Constitutional Amendments.

At two o'clock P. M. the Convention adjourned until eight o'clock to-morrow (Thursday) evening, to admit of the delegates attending an excursion and dinner at Saratoga to-morrow.

In the evening a grand banquet was given to the delegates at Stanwix Hall, which passed off with great éclat.

FORMAL RECOGNITION OF A NEW BAPTIST CHURCH.

On Monday of last week the Plymouth Baptist church was recognized by a council composed of delegates from the Baptist churches of the city as a congregation of that denomination. Last evening the formal public recognition services were held in the Fifth avenue Baptist church, the Rev. Dr. Armitage presiding.

This new church was organized on the 25th of August last with twenty-two members. It now numbers sixty-seven, and an addition of twelve will be baptized in a few days. The Rev. Dr. Isaac Westcott, formerly pastor of the Forty-second street Baptist church, and late Secretary of the American Bible Union, has charge of the congregation. Its place of worship is now on Ninth avenue, near Forty-seventh street, but three lots on Fifty-first street, between Ninth and Tenth avenues, have been purchased, at a cost of $14,400, on which a chapel is now being built. It is under contract to be finished by October 1, and will cost nearly $20,000.

The exercises were opened with prayer and the reading of the 51st psalm by the Rev. S. Corey, of the Murray Hill Baptist church.

The 513th hymn ("Jesus shall reign," by Watts) was then sung by the congregation.

The recognition sermon was preached by the Rev. Dr. Rhodes, pastor of the Stanton street Baptist church, who took for his text St. Matthew xxviii., 18, 19, 20. The discourse, which was brief but forcible, was an exemplification of the great power and influence wielded by Christianity through its church organizations.

At the conclusion of the sermon the Rev. Dr. Kendrick delivered the recognition prayer, following which the Rev. Mr. Loomis, of Antioch church, in the absence of Rev. Dr. Yeaman, extended to the representative of the new church the hand of fellowship, prefacing the ceremony by a few pertinent remarks.

The charge to the new congregation was then delivered by the Rev. Dr. Armitage, pastor of the Fifth avenue church. He gave an exposition of the principles of the Church and rejoiced that a new congregation had subscribed to its doctrines. The speaker advised them to adapt their labors to the peculiarities of their field, and maintained that no two congregations in the city were alike in class and wants. In conclusion he exhorted them to maintain by their conduct and acts the tenets of the Church.

The attendance was then dismissed with a benediction.

MOVEMENTS OF MR. GEORGE PEABODY.

Mr. George Peabody, whose arrival in this city on the steamer Scotia has already been announced, passed a very quiet day yesterday at the residence of Samuel P. Wetmore, Esq., No. 15 Waverley place. In the afternoon he enjoyed a quiet drive in the Lane, accompanied by Mr. Wetmore and Mr. Arthur J. Peabody. He received but few visitors during the day, and those only his personal friends and acquaintances. Mr. Peabody's health has been seriously impaired by his recent sedulous attention to the cares of business and of the noble philanthropic schemes which have for a life time occupied his busy mind. He leaves the city to-day by the five o'clock boat for Boston, and expects to remain for a time in Salem, Mass., from whence he will doubtless proceed to visit his native place, at South Danvers, the site of the Peabody Institute, where it is needless to say his reception will amount to an ovation.

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SOUTH AMERICA.

RECOGNITION OF CUBA BY CHILE.

THE CUBAN QUESTION IN PERU.

DISUNION PLANS IN COLOMBIA

Affairs in the Central American States.

The mail steamer Henry Chauncey, Captain Conner, arrived at this port yesterday from Aspinwall, which place she left on the 1st of June.

By this arrival we have the important intelligence that Chile has followed Peru in the recognition of the Cuban republic, and that the Ministers of both Powers are instructed to unite in requesting the United States to withdraw the conditions imposed on the Peruvian monitors now in the Caribbean sea. Full particulars will be found in our correspondence below.

The Henry Chauncey brings the following

TREASURY LIST.

Order	$69,530
Ribon & Munoz	2,789
Wells, Fargo & Co.	750
Issacs & Asch	1,100
Trevor & Colgate	1,042
Total	$75,211

COLOMBIA.

Movements of American Diplomatists—Affairs in Panama—Collision on the Magdalena River—Movements in Bogota—Disunion Schemes.

PANAMA, June 1, 1869.

Ministers and consuls are flying around in all directions here of late. Among those at present on the wing are Colonel L. Markbreit, Minister to Bolivia; Mr. Charles Wylie, Consul to Guayaquil, and Mr. Charles E. Perry, Consul to Aspinwall, all brimful of great expectations; while travelling homeward are ex-Consul Rice, of Aspinwall; ex-Vice Consul Hough, of Panama, and Minister to Peru; General Hovey, who, though travelling on leave, may find himself also an "ex" before he gets to New York. The sweep on this coast seems to be general, and more's the pity, for as a rule the United States has rarely been better represented in Central and South America than up to the present time, with one distinguished exception, and he has been retained, the Lord only knows why.

The President still continues on his electioneering tour in the interior. A meeting was held last night to induce the liberal Mosqueristas to give up their candidate and go in for the ultra radicals, but the colored gentlemen stood by the old General and refused to sign away their rights. It is now probable the voting will be decided by the government forces being marched up to the polls and voting against Mosquera. Liberty is a great thing in a free country.

There is not much said of the smallpox lately; it seems to have gone outside the walls again, and it is hoped it may stay there until it dies out entirely. Our sanitary committee had a fuss with the Governor in the very first step they took, and have done nothing since, and our streets never were so filthy as at present.

The sloop Jamestown has now been here ten days, and is still healthy. Probably her present officers keep her a little more cleanly than some former ones did, which would not hurt her much.

Business is dull and money almost impossible to be had. Everybody is complaining of hard times, and many people think that Panama has seen her palmiest days, unless we get the canal started, which we want, as things look at present. Even the Panama Railroad feels the pressure, or rather want of pressure, of the times, and is comparatively idle; but it is hoped when the promised reduction of its high tariff comes into effect that a change for the better may take place, for South Pacific freights are now all being driven home by the Straits of Magellan line of steamers.

News has reached here of a most disastrous collision on the river Magdalena, at a place called Tenerife, having taken place at three A. M. on the 13th of May, between two steamers of the Compania Unida, the Venceder and Confianza, by which both vessels were perfectly smashed up and immediately sunk, their cargoes being lost with them. Fortunately no lives were sacrificed, though many persons were badly injured. The affair is said to be altogether owing to gross carelessness of the officers on board.

Letters received from Bogota to the 6th of May give a gloomy account of political matters there. The election for President took place in the State of Cundinamarca on the 1st of May, and on the 2d a political row in consequence occurred in the streets of Bogota, during which one man was killed and five seriously wounded. The election, being entirely controlled by the military, went, as a matter of course, in favor of the government; but it is likely that in the other States the result will be different, unless the government forces are stronger than those of the States. The election for Senators and Representatives was to take place on the 23d of May at Bogota, when another outbreak was anticipated. The Mosquera faction continue to grow more sanguine, but if he is elected the probability is that he will be assassinated before he can reach Bogota, if he ever attempts to get there, as I have heard hints to this effect more than once thrown out on this isthmus. A very warm discussion occurred in Congress on the 27th of April on the subject of an amnesty to Mosquera, during which Coronel Jacinto Ruiz stated that when he was in command of the guard stationed to watch the observatory in which Mosquera was held prisoner after the revolt of 1867, by which Mosquera was deposed, as mentioned in my last letter, he was asked by Señor Salustrano Villar, then and still a member of the Senate, to take part in a scheme to assassinate General Mosquera, and that he replied he never had been and never would be an assassin, and that if the government wished to commit such a horrid crime it would be necessary to remove him from the post he then held. Colonel Ruiz stated that he was a second time approached by Señor Villar with the same object, and that he then gave the facts to the press without giving the name of Señor Villar, but that the editor refused to publish them. The statement of Coronel Ruiz was handed over to the Attorney General for investigation. If, when Mosquera was deposed and a prisoner, the government party was so much afraid of his influence as to desire his assassination, how much more anxious is the same party likely to be to get rid of him if he is re-elected to the Presidency. But even if Mosquera is not elected another, and, it seems a still greater blow awaits the present administration, and that is no less a step than the determination of a large body both of liberals and conservatives to break up the Union and form it into three separate States. This step also meets the views of many of the present government party, if they should be defeated, so that whatever party may be victorious the dissolution of the Union is more than probable. Several articles have been printed and circulated on this subject, which have attracted considerable attention. The idea is that Antioquia, Cauca, Panama and Bolivar should form one nation, and that the rest of the republic should either be divided into two States or hold together if more advisable. But if a separation is to take place Panama can do better by cutting loose altogether from the other States and trust to the income of the Panama Railroad and the future prospects of a canal for self-support; and, in fact, whether the Union be dissolved or not, Panama should, for reasons already given you in previous letters, separate from the general government and form an independent State, under a protectorate of some Power that will enable it to keep peace within its borders.

CENTRAL AMERICA.

Disturbances in Guatemala—The Honduras Railway—The Nicaragua Canal—Troubles in Costa Rica.

PANAMA, June 1, 1869.

The steamer Salvador arrived on the 30th ult., with dates from Guatemala, Honduras, Salvador, Nicaragua and Costa Rica, some sixty odd passengers and a moderate cargo.

Guatemala is again disturbed by the raids of the insurgent Serapio Cruz, who, it was stated at last accounts, had been defeated and driven out of the country. This rebel has again crossed the frontier, and, at the head of some 500 Indians, is doing a great deal of mischief and giving the government much uneasiness—so much so, in fact, that it has been found necessary to adopt the most stringent measures. The personal guarantee laws have been suspended until peace is restored, and all persons travelling through the country are obliged to provide themselves with passports. Cruz and his followers are declared traitors and are to be treated as such wherever found. He has worked a good deal on the minds of the Indians by representing himself as the ghost of old President Carera, whom the Indians feared worse than the devil.

Honduras still lives on the hope of some day seeing its pet seaboard built. The engineer has thrown out a fresh report of a survey which he has just—he says—completed. It has not reached this far yet, but must be highly reliable and interesting from the assurance it contains that the entire distance of road of 242 miles can be constructed for the paltry sum of $1,885,413 and some odd cents.

Salvador furnishes no news of any kind worth mentioning.

Nicaragua is delighted that the wiseacres at Bogota have refused to ratify the treaty with the United States for cutting a canal through this isthmus, and look upon the Aylon-Chevalier French scheme of connecting the two oceans through Nicaragua as an almost accomplished fact. She has sent a Minister, Don Mariano Montealegui, to Costa Rica to gain her consent to the treaty, which is necessary, and then everything will run as smooth as oil, and Louis Napoleon may yet have to see his pet scheme, if not completed, at least well on the way, and France enjoying a foothold on the South American Continent, that the United States is too indolent to possess. After all, it would look ridiculous to see a Frenchman owning the canal and the Yankee left out in the cold.

Costa Rica has been enjoying a snug little row in Congress. The President of the State wanted that august body to ratify the contract with an American company for building a railroad of which I told you some time ago. Congress very wisely refused to lend its aid to any such swindling operation; the President got mad, sent in his resignation and retired in disgust to his plantation. Congress got scared and sent a commission to pat the worthy President on the back and modify his rage; he relented and returned to his post amid the cheers and vivas and salvos of the assembled multitude, and the city of San José rejoiced, and the Senators were made glad, and the stock-jobbing railroad schemes will probably get all they want and feel very happy.

CHILE.

Opening of the Agricultural Exposition—Recognition of Cuba as a Belligerent—General Items.

VALPARAISO, May 11, 1869.

The great event of the week has been the formal opening of the Agricultural Exposition in Santiago. This ceremony took place on the 5th, in the presence of the President and Cabinet, the Diplomatic and Consular corps and the most distinguished inhabitants of the capital. The building is simple, no expense having been incurred in decoration and display, while every effort has been made, and successfully, to obtain perfect commodiousness and thorough utility.

The opening address was pronounced by Mr. Alvaro Covarrubias, the former Minister of Foreign Affairs, whose note to the Spanish admiral accepting the war on the part of Chile was so highly commended. The speech was worthy of the occasion, and were it not for its considerable length your correspondent would translate it for the delectation of the readers of the HERALD. The orator expatiated principally upon the solid benefits to be derived by Chilean agriculturists and by the people of the republic generally from the acquaintance with the latest improvements in machinery destined for their use, and hoped that the market for foreign enterprise now being opened would redound to the profit of both producer and consumer.

The different South American republics are well represented. Chile, of course, is foremost with her wheat and copper ores; Peru sends a superb collection of sugar samples, together with the famed alpaca wool; quinine and silver ore from Cerro de Pasco; Bolivia contributes with ores—silver principally and specimens of tin; Ecuador with cocoa, while the Central American States are strong in their display of dyewoods, coffee and drugs. As regards machinery, England takes the lead, then comes France and finally the United States, the latter occupying the last rank, from the fact, possibly, that the attention of her manufacturers is directed towards home and other more promising markets. There are nearly 300 machines for agricultural and mining purposes on exhibition; 300 animals, among which we noticed some very fine Southdown sheep and some Peruvian llamas, and nearly 900 specimens of plants, trees, grain, &c. The Exposition may be pronounced a success, from the attention bestowed upon it by leading men, and from the fact that almost all the machines on exhibition have been already sold to farmers and miners in the republic. The agents of the manufacturers are confident of satisfactory results.

The debate in the Senate on the Cuban question was exciting as well as interesting, and finally, as is mentioned below, was carried favorably to the patriots. Reference was made to Mr. Seward's speech at Havana, where he was reported to have hoped that Cuba would be long under Spanish rule, and fears were entertained that the United States would not accept the Chilean invitation to co-operate. The President, it is understood, is determined to go even further, and shortly to recognize Cuba as an independent republic. This example would doubtless be immediately followed by all of the republics of South America, and the cause might be benefited thereby in opening so many ports to the numerous privateers that, should the war continue, would find lucrative employment in operating against the Spanish trade in Manila and the Philippine Islands.

On the 30th ultimo the following note was written, but not made public until such a short time before the sailing of the steamer that your correspondent had no time to forward the translation:—

DEPARTMENT OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS, SANTIAGO, April 30, 1869.

His Excellency the President of the republic, having learned the tenor of your Excellency's note dated the 11th of December last, which was remitted to this government by the agent of the provisional government of the Cuban republic at Kingston (Jamaica), has charged me with the duty of making the following reply:—

The cited note of your Excellency, after explaining the origin, object and progress of the insurrection in Cuba, begs the government of Chile to "recognize the Cuban patriots as belligerents, and to aid them as the similar character of the two countries would oblige this republic, at the same time employing all Chilean influence with other nations towards avoiding the continuance of the barbarous acts now practised by the government of Spain."

Before proceeding further I must be allowed to assure your Excellency that this government has regarded the recent events transpired in Cuba with that lively interest demanded by their importance, not only on account of the bonds of interest uniting two American countries, but also from the fact that the present insurrection in the island of Cuba is exactly analogous to that which, occurring in the commencement of the present century, attained the glorious end of the independence of Chile and of the other nations of this continent. In view of the organization and extension of the present movement in Cuba the Chilean government believes that the Cuban patriots have justly earned the right to be considered as belligerents, and, therefore, recognizes them in that character. I have the honor to reassure, &c.,

MANUEL LUIS AMUNATEGUI.

TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE PROVISIONAL CHIEF OF CUBA.

Instructions were also sent to the Chilean representative in Lima ordering him to use all the means in his power to induce the Peruvian government to follow the example given by this republic, and the authorities here believe that there will be little hesitation on the part of President Balta to aid the struggling patriots with every measure within his reach.

Business is rather more brisk, and an increased activity in freights is noticed for grain and copper produce to Europe.

The United States steamers Dacotah and Tuscarora are in port. The Powhatan has sailed for Callao, with Admiral Turner and staff on board. We are expecting General Kilpatrick, our Minister here, by almost every steamer from the United States.

PERU.

Recognition of Cuba as a Belligerent Power—The Peruvian and Chilean Ministers at Washington Instructed to Assist the Cuban Minister—The War with Spain Question—Return of General Hovey.

LIMA, May 22, 1869.

I extract the following from the leading and most influential newspaper of the republic:—

We subjoin the very important decree relative to the Island of Cuba. We are convinced that it embodies the genuine feeling of the country and that the government in thus proceeding has manifested the general desire of Peru. The only portion of territory still possessed by Spain in America should be covered by a republican flag.

We accept and applaud the declaration of the government, but we would desire the part to be taken by Peru not to be limited alone to the cold acknowledgment of the heroic patriots as belligerents, but that the banners of the 2d of May, that waved so proudly while the discomfited Spanish squadron retreated, should be displayed side by side with the star of Cuba, and thus, while aiding our brothers, avenge still further the outrage of the Chinchas. This would be a fair reprisal:—

JOSE BALTA, Constitutional President of Peru:—

Whereas the insurrection in Cuba has for its object the independence of the island; and that the bonds being broken that bound Cuba to the government of Spain, there are two parties that carry on the war with a political object and should be regarded by other nations in a spirit consonant with international right;

That the government and the people of Peru sympathize with the noble cause proclaimed by the Cubans; that the commander of the revolutionary forces of Cuba has asked the recognition of his party as belligerents;

That Peru should recognize the political status of the insurgents, not considering them as subjects of a government actually at war with Peru, and without prejudice to the manifestations that Peru may hereafter make in their behalf, I decree—

First—That the government of Peru recognizes as belligerents the political party that is now struggling for Cuban independence.

Second—The citizens, ships, and other appurtenances of Cuba serving the cause of independence shall be considered as friends by Peru.

The Minister of Foreign Affairs is encharged with the execution and circulation of this decree.

LIMA, May 13, 1869. JOSE BALTA.

J. A. BARRENECHEA.

This determination of the government was hailed by the people of Lima with the liveliest enthusiasm, and the Cuban representative here was made the object of numerous ovations, while in all classes of society subscriptions were opened for the assistance of the gallant patriots. The Ministers of Peru and Chile in Washington have been specially instructed to lose no time or means in endeavoring to induce the government of the United States to join with their countries in recognizing the struggling party as belligerents, and to consent to the withdrawal of the promise made by the Peruvian Minister in Washington regarding the voyage of the Peruvian monitors. The latter, however, cannot well be acceded to by the United States. Further than this Peru, from her geographical position, can afford hardly any assistance to the patriots, although the money and material now being collected by private parties will certainly help towards the progress of the struggle. This will naturally put an end to Mr. Seward's favorite project of solving all the pending difficulties of Spain with the allied republics of the Pacific by means of a congress of plenipotentiaries, to assemble at Washington, and in case of disagreement to be counselled and directed by the President of the United States. Now, acting so decidedly against Spain, of course no further steps can be taken in the matter.

By this steamer Major General Alven P. Hovey, for nearly four years Minister Plenipotentiary of the United States to Peru, proceeds to New York, having received the necessary leave of absence from the Department of State. The object of General Hovey's journey is to carry his family to the United States, where that health can be obtained that is unknown to foreigners sojourning in Peru, and to procure for himself the necessary rest after such a long term of active service. The American colony settled here experienced a strong feeling of regret in parting from their Minister, but are consoled by the knowledge that a few months will see him again in their midst. General Hovey enjoys a rare degree of popularity among Peruvians from the natural affection they bear towards representative Americans and from his kind and courteous bearing to all. The sympathy that, as a republican, he could not conceal for the success of the Peruvian arms on the memorable occasion of the 2d of May also endeared him to the public, and his departure is very generally regretted. Mr. Henry M. Brent, the Secretary of Legation, remains as Chargé d'Affaires during the absence of the Minister.

The country remains in the same tranquil state reported in my last communication. In fact, since the date of that letter nothing of importance has occurred here save the recognition of Cuban belligerent rights.

The port of Callao is to be improved by the construction of commodious docks and basins for shipping, and several of the largest commercial houses here are negotiating with the government for the work.

Yellow fever still continues its ravages in the South, but the cold weather, now setting in, has effectually checked its progress in this vicinity.

The United States ship Powhatan arrived in the port of Callao on the 20th instant, with Rear Admiral Turner and staff on board. The Admiral proceeds to San Francisco to take command of the consolidated squadron.

General Kilpatrick, United States Minister to Chile, left for his post on the 20th instant.

THE TRUE CAUSE OF THE REBELLION.

Interesting Letter from Alexander H. Stephens.

LIBERTY HALL, CRAWFORDSVILLE, Ga., June 4, 1869.

MESSRS. EDITORS NATIONAL INTELLIGENCER, Washington City, D. C.:—

I noticed in an issue of your paper some weeks ago an editorial in the following words:—

THE PRIME CAUSE OF THE REBELLION.

We publish to-day a communication from Mr. S. S. Nicholas, of Kentucky, upon "the *causa causans* of the rebellion, its remedies, &c." Judge Nicholas has long been a close and intelligent student of our political affairs. A life-long and unswerving advocate of the maintenance of constitutional right, he has watched with zealous regard every movement to impair its force. To these observations he has brought the aid of a powerful intellect, an iron energy, the experience of half a century devoted to judicial and literary labors, and a patriotic devotion that is questioned by none who know him, although oftentimes differing widely from his opinions. A communication upon such a subject from such a source must always command respectful consideration and invite serious reflection.

In the same paper appeared the communication of Judge Nicholas referred to, which is entitled:—

"THE CAUSA CAUSANS OF THE LATE REBELLION."

In this article the writer indulges in some remarks in reference to myself which I do not think ought to be permitted to pass unnoticed by me, coming from the high source they do, and being endorsed, as they are, by so high authority as the *National Intelligencer*. The cause of truth, as I understand it, requires that they should not be permitted thus to pass. I must, therefore, ask your indulgence in allowing me to make such comments in reply as I think the matter deserves. This would have been done at an early day but for continued severe bodily affliction. The remarks to which I specially refer are as follows:—

The following condensed extracts are taken from the elaborate and able book of the Hon. A. H. Stephens on the causes of the late rebellion, and in attempted vindication of the pernicious dogma of secession:—

"In the nature of the United States government and character of the Union can alone be discovered the remote but real causes of the war. All these troubles resulted as inevitable consequences from the violation of the fundamental laws governing our political system.

"Negro slavery was, unquestionably, the occasion of the war—the main exciting cause on both sides—but was not the real cause, the *causa causans*, of it.

"The war was inaugurated on the one side to vindicate the right of secession, and on the other in denial of the right and to resist its exercise. It grew out of opposing views as to the nature of the government, and where, under our system, ultimate sovereign power or paramount authority resides."

Mr. Stephens has a perfect right to use his time and talents in self-justification as an aider of the rebellion, but he is not justifiable in even unintentionally drawing upon the orthodox State rights principle additional obloquy by his attempt to show that "opposing views" as to those rights was the true cause of the civil war.

What Judge Nicholas means by "the orthodox State rights principle" he has not stated, nor has he intimated wherein I have in the book to which he refers "unintentionally" or otherwise attempted to draw upon this orthodox principle, according to his idea of it, additional obloquy or obloquy of any kind. Nothing certainly was further from my design than what is thus imputed to the result of my labors. The great object with me was not self-justification barely, as he intimates, but the vindication of the only true State rights principles which are consistent with the facts of the history of our country. On these alone our entire fabric of constitutional liberty was based in the beginning, and in these alone can it be maintained and preserved for the future. These principles, from the indisputable and irrefragible facts of history adduced in their vindication, and, I may say, established beyond the power of refutation, necessarily carry with them the sovereignty of the several States.

Whatever ideas Judge Nicholas may have of the orthodox principle of State rights, I venture to affirm that it would be impossible for him or anybody else to name any single right of a State or any single principle of State rights under our system, which does not depend for its existence upon the necessarily admitted sovereignty of the several States. There is no such thing as State rights without State sovereignty. The States severally possess no power nor enjoy any privilege by favor grant or delegation. All their rights and powers, as well those retained as those delegated, are inherent and sovereign. This is an indisputable truth. It is equally true on the other side that the general government possesses no power by inherent or sovereign right. All its rights and powers are held by delegation only, and held in trust by delegation from the sovereign States constituting it. Of course I speak of matters as they stood *ante bellum*.

If the facts of our history be as set forth in the volume referred to (and the world is challenged to disprove them), then the conclusions to which they lead are inevitable, even though they lead to a complete justification of the sovereign right or secession as the only sure check and barrier against the usurpation of undelegated power on the part of the general government. In the domain of reason the conclusions of logic are inexorable. This is the appropriate domain of history. Within its limits my labors were strictly confined.

But my object in this note is not to join or raise any discussion with Judge Nicholas on the matter of the orthodox State right principle. It will be time enough for me to do this with him or anybody else when there is any attempt made, by reason and argument, to refute the positions of the book upon that subject. What I do not wish to permit to pass unnoticed is what he styles "condensed extracts" from the book referred to. Against one of these "condensed extracts" it is my wish to enter a respectful protest. Many of your readers, in this as well as in foreign countries, may see these extracts who may never see the book itself. I do not wish them to remain under the impression that I am herein accurately quoted; at least, if they give sufficient attention to the subject to be impressed by the matter at all, I think it essential to a correct understanding that their opinions should be formed from my own language, and not from his representation of it.

What I said about the chief cause, the origin, and actual inauguration of the war is in these words:—

Slavery, so called, or that legal subordination of the black race to the white which existed in all but one of the States when the Union was formed, and in fifteen of them when the war began, was unquestionably the occasion of the war, the main exciting proximate cause on both sides—on the one as well as the other. But it was not the real cause, the "*causa causans*," of it. That was the assumption on the part of the federal authorities that the people of the several States were, as you say, citizens of the United States, and owed allegience to the federal government as the absolute sovereign power over the whole country, consolidated into one nation. The war sprung from the very idea you have expressed, and from the doctrines embraced in the question propounded to me. It grew out of different and directly opposite views as to the nature of the government of the United States, and where, under our system, ultimate sovereign power or paramount authority properly resides.

Considerations connected with the legal status of the black race in the Southern States, and the position of several of the Northern States towards it, together with the known sentiments and principles of those just elected to the two highest offices of the federal government—Messrs. Lincoln and Hamlin—as to the powers of that government over this subject, and others which threatened, as was supposed, all their vital interests, prompted the Southern States to withdraw from the Union, for the very reason that had induced them at first to enter into it; that is, for their own better protection and security. Those who had the control of the administration of the federal government denied this right to withdraw or secede. The war was inaugurated and waged by those at the head of the federal government against those States, or the people of these States, to prevent their withdrawal from the Union. On the part of these States, which had allied themselves in a common cause, it was maintained and carried on purely in defence of this great right, claimed by them, of State sovereignty and self-government, which they, with their associates, had achieved in their common struggle with great Britain, under the Declaration of 1776, and which, in their judgment, lay at the foundation of the whole structure of American free institutions.

"This is a succinct statement of the issue, and when the calm and enlightened judgment of mankind, after the passions of the day shall have passed off, and shall be buried with the many gallant and noble spirited men who fell on both sides in the gigantic struggle which ensued, shall be pronounced, as it will be, upon the right or wrong of the mighty contest, it must be rendered in favor of the one side or the other, not according to results, but according to the right in the issue thus presented."—(Constitutional View of the Late War Between the States, vol. I., p. 28.)

Now, if Judge Nicholas saw no difference between the issue as thus presented by me touching the inauguration of the war and that in his condensed extract, then, perhaps, it would be a useless waste of time to argue with him upon the subject of State rights, or any other question which requires close attention to the proper import of words. If he did see the difference, then there is no need for any further defence before an intelligent public for his arraignment of me for doing what he is pleased so gratuitously to say I had no right to do, or was "not justifiable" in doing. The real cause of the war, as set forth in the issue presented by me, condensed in few words, was the denial of the fact that ours was a federal government, and a violation of this fundamental principle of our complicated political organization on the part of those controlling the general government at the time, by assuming that the United States constituted a nation of individuals, with a consolidated sovereignty in the central government, to which the ultimate as well as primary allegiance of the citizens of the several States was due, and that any attempt by the several States or any of them to resume the sovereign powers which had been previously delegated in trust only by them to the federal agency was rebellion on their part. This violation of organic principles is stated to have been the immediate and real cause of the war—the *causa causans* of it. This statement, sustained by indestructible facts as it is, must remain the truth of history for all time to come.

As to the origin of the war, or the first outbreak of hostilities, I did not say that it was "inaugurated on the one side to vindicate the right of secession, and on the other in denial of the right and to resist its exercise."

It was not inaugurated by the seceding States at all. It was inaugurated and waged by those then controlling the federal government to prevent secession. On the part of the seceding States it was carried on purely in defence of their right to withdraw from the federal Union of States, which they claimed as a sovereign right. This is the substance of the statement on that point; and so the fact will go down to posterity.

The truth is well established that the seceding States did not wish or desire war. Very few of the public men in these States even expected war. All of them, it is true, held themselves in readiness for it, if it should be forced upon them against their wishes and most earnest protestations.

This is abundantly and conclusively apparent from the speeches and addresses of their leading public men at the time. It is apparent from the resolutions of the State Legislatures and the State conventions, before and in their acts of secession. It is apparent and manifest from their acts in their new confederation at Montgomery. It is apparent from the inaugural address of President Davis. It is apparent from the appointment of commissioners to settle all matters involved in the separation from their former confederates honorably, peaceably, amicably and justly. It is apparent and manifest from every act that truly indicates the objects and motives of men, or from which their real aims can be justly arrived at. Peace not only with the States from which they had separated, but peace with all the world, was the strong desire of the Confederate States.

The war was not only inaugurated by the authorities at Washington, as stated, but it was inaugurated by them while the Confederate Commissioners, with the olive branch of peace in their hands, were at the seat of the general government, and were given to understand by those in authority there that Fort Sumter, which became the scene of the first conflict of arms, would at an early day be peacefully evacuated by the federal troops then holding it. The war was inaugurated, if not begun, when the hostile fleet set out for Charleston for the purpose of reinforcing that fort, *fas aut nefas*. Hallem has well said that the "aggressor in a war is not the first who uses force, but the first who renders force necessary." And so the facts of history will ever show how and by whom this late terrible and most lamentable war was inaugurated, as well as by whom it was begun. They will show who were the actual aggressors and who first violated the organic principles and laws of our American system of self-government by the people.

Whatever may be the ultimate results of this war, so far as the fate of constitutional liberty on this continent is concerned, the responsibility of its inauguration can never be justly and truly charged upon the seceding States.

Their object in separating from their former associates, with whom they considered they had been united in a federal compact, was not only to remain in peace with them, but to preserve and perpetuate the principles of that constitution which had demonstrated such wondrous results as a bond of union between sovereign States so long as its principles had been adhered to, but which they apprehended, under erroneous construction, if not checked, would soon lead to consolidation and despotism.

If they were right in their position that ours was a federal government, then the authorities at Washington were the aggressors in inaugurating the war to prevent the exercise of the right of withdrawal; if they were wrong in their position as to the character of the general government; if it, in fact, was not federal in its nature and character; but was a government with a consolidated sovereignty in the central head, then they were the aggressors in rendering the inauguration of the war necessary for the maintenance of central supremacy. The whole matter of right or wrong in the beginning of the war, as well as its disastrous consequences, depends upon the great question, whether the general government was a federal republic or not, and what, under the constitution, was the true "orthodox State rights principle" to which Judge Nicholas refers, but does not enlighten the public upon. In other words, it depends upon the true answer to the question, Where, under our system, does sovereignty reside? Is it lodged in the general government or has it passed to the whole people of the United States as one aggregate mass, or does it still remain with the people of the several States as distinct political organizations?

The doctrine of the book is that sovereignty resides just where it did in 1776, 1778 and 1787—that is, with the people of the several States. It maintains that all that the States did by the adoption of the constitution was to delegate, in trust, the exercise of certain specific and limited sovereign powers to the general government, while they retained to themselves severally sovereignty itself—that great source from which all political powers emanate.

This doctrine, I must insist, too, is not only the true doctrine, but the orthodox doctrine upon the subject, Judge Nicholas' opinion to the contrary notwithstanding. Upon the point of orthodoxy in reference to this matter, I know of but one standard on the subject, and that is the Jefferson standard erected and established in the first of Kentucky's great resolves of 1798. The doctrine of this chief apostle of State rights and human rights, then announced, rescued and saved the country from consolidation and centralism in 1801. Under the operation of this most orthodox principle so established, with the general and tacit acknowledgment of its correctness by all the departments of the government, we increased, grew, and prospered for sixty years, as no nation on earth ever did before. Whatever disturbances temporarily marred the harmony of the general system in the interval upon the subjects of tariffs, internal improvements, the status of the African population, &c., grew out of departures, or attempted departures, in the federal administration from the standard thus erected by Jefferson as to the nature and extent of the powers of the federal government. The more nearly the principles taught by him were adhered to the more prosperous and happy the nation was in all its parts and members.

I use the word nation in this connection purposely, for, notwithstanding the very great abuse of this word in very recent times, we are, nevertheless, a nation in a very proper use of that term. Far was it from my object in the argument in the volume referred to by Judge Nicholas to show that "the United States do not constitute a nation," as I have seen it stated by some writer, in what he was pleased to consider a review of the work. The great object with me, on the contrary, was to show not only that we are a nation, but what sort of a nation we are! It is most clearly demonstrated in that argument that we are not a nation of individuals, blended in a common mass, with a consolidated sovereignty over the whole; but it is shown with equal clearness that we are a nation, the constituent element or members of which are separate and distinct political organizations, States or sovereignties.

It is shown that ours is a conventional nation—one created by compact. All federal republics, and all confederations between separate and distinct sovereign powers, are conventional nations. We were a nation under the first articles of confederation, and we are just such a nation now—not a nation of one people or of one political organization, but a nation of several distinct political organizations. We are a "confederated nation," as Washington properly styled the present union. That is, a nation of States, or what is the same thing, a nation of nations. Hence the appropriateness of the motto adopted by the fathers to express the idea of their work—"*E Pluribus Unum.*"

In this sense we are not only a nation, but a nation of the highest and grandest type that the world ever saw. It rises above the simple to the complex form.

It is, indeed, in many respects a peculiar nation, even in its complex form, differing from all other nations of its own type in many of its most striking characteristics. These peculiar features of its structure places it far in advance of all other confederate republics in its wise provisions for the preservation of free institutions, if it be but rightly administered. The most important of these features is the new principle which it introduced in the plan of federal unions, of permitting the common government, the conventional power or nation, to execute its delegated powers within their limited sphere directly upon the citizens of the several States or smaller nationalities composing it.

This new idea of so constituting a federal republic as to make of its separate members "one nation as to all foreign concerns, and to keep them distinct as to domestic ones," with a division of the powers delegated into "legislative, executive and judicial departments," with a perfect machinery of government to operate within prescribed limits in the execution of the delegated powers, constitutes the most striking difference between our present federal Union and all former republics of its class. It marks the greatest stride of progress in free institutions ever before made. It is this which has so impressed the minds and excited the admiration of intelligent foreigners in contemplating the wonderful workings of the American system. This is the feature to which the learned and philosophic De Tocqueville refers when, speaking of our constitution, he says:—

This constitution, which may at first be confounded with the federal constitutions which have preceded it, rests in truth upon a wholly novel theory, which may be considered as a great discovery in modern science. * * * * And this difference produced the most momentous consequences.

Of the same feature Lord Brougham has recorded his opinion in the following words of high import:—

It is not at all a refinement that a federal union should be formed; this is the natural result of men's joint operations in a very rude state of society. But the regulation of such a union upon pre-established principles, the formation of a system of government and legislation in which the different subjects shall be not individuals but States, the application of legislative principles to such a body of States, and the devising means for keeping its integrity as a federacy while the rights and powers of the individual States are maintained entire, is the very greatest refinement in social policy to which any state of circumstances has ever given rise, or to which any age has ever given birth.—*Brougham's Political Philosophy, vol. 3, page 336.*

This grand conception of so forming, modelling and constituting our union of States, which so impressed De Tocqueville and which Lord Brougham considered "the very greatest refinement in social policy" "to which any age has ever given birth," originated with Mr. Jefferson. It came from the same master mind whose master hand drew the Declaration of Independence in 1776 and in 1798 set forth with so much clearness and power the true, if not at present orthodox, principles of the whole structure of our federal organization in the entire series of Kentucky's famous resolutions, before referred to, and which were so thoroughly endorsed and established by the country in 1801. To the administration of the government in conformity with these principles, or with but slight departure from them, "the momentous consequences" spoken of by De Tocqueville, distinguishing our unparalleled career for sixty years in growth, prosperity, happiness and real greatness is mainly attributable.

And now, Messrs. Editors, do you ask, *Cui bono?* Why so much written upon the dead issues of the past, when questions of so much magnitude of a practical character press upon the public mind? If so, the reply is twofold. First, to vindicate the truth of history, which is itself a high duty on the part of any one who has it in his power to do it; and in the second place, to show the people of these States, in this vindication, not only the true cause, the real "*causa causans*" of the late war, but the real cause of their present troubles. The federal machinery for the last ten years has been abnormal in its action. It must be brought back to the Jeffersonian doctrines, and made to conform in its workings with the organic principles of its structure before there can possibly be a return of the days of peace, harmony, prosperity and happiness which formerly marked our course. There is no other hope for constitutional liberty on this continent. Judge Nicholas may "dream dreams" about another constitutional amendment, providing a new mode of electing the President; but the remedy lies in no such device as that. It lies simply in bringing back the government, in its administration, to original first principles. This is to be done, not by secession, however rightful and efficient remedy that might be. That is abandoned. Nor is it to be done by force or violence of any kind, except the force of reason and the power of truth. It is to be done, if at all, at the ballot box. Free institutions are more generally lost than established, or strengthened by a resort to physical force. They are eminently the achievement of virtue, patriotism and reason. That our institutions, and even nominal form of government, is now in great danger the prudent, sagacious and wise everywhere virtually admit. An able editorial in your own paper, not long since, put the pertinent and grave question, "Whither are we drifting?" To this question I take the occasion, for one, to give you a direct and positive answer. We are drifting to consolidation and empire, and will land there at no distant period as certainly as the sun will set this day, unless the people of the several States awake to a proper appreciation of the danger and save themselves from the impending catastrophe by arresting the present tendency of public affairs. This they can properly do only at the ballot box. All friends of constitutional liberty, in every section and State, must unite in this grand effort. They must seriously consider, and even reconsider many questions to which they have given but slight attention heretofore. They must acquaint themselves with the principles of their government and provide security for the future by studying and correcting the errors of the past.

This is the only hope, as I have stated, for the continuance of even our present nominal form of government. Depend upon it, there is no difference between consolidation and empire! No difference between centralism and imperialism! The end of either, as well as all of these, is the overthrow of liberty and the establishment of despotism. I give you the words of truth in great earnestness—words which, however received or heeded now, will be rendered eternally true by the developments of the future.

Yours, most respectfully,
ALEXANDER H. STEPHENS.

PRESBYTERIAN WOMAN'S AID SOCIETY.

The Presbyterian Home for training and educating young girls, who, from unfortunate reasons are left without funds and friends, and who are in a position to become a prey to the weaknesses of youth, having removed from its old quarters in Harlem to a fine family mansion on the banks of the East river, at the foot of Eighty-third street, issued invitations to a sort of dedicatory reception, which took place yesterday afternoon with great success. This institution is not now reformatory as it has been heretofore, its directors having turned over all that portion of the work relating to the rescue of fallen women to the different Magdalen societies on the island. It now devotes its attention exclusively to young girls found in hospitals and other refuges, where they flock when overtaken by disease or other distresses. On the 1st of May the Home settled on the old Jones domain, covering the whole block between Eighty-second and Eighty-third streets, and having very pleasantly situated a commodious and airy mansion overlooking the river. The grounds are beautifully and tastefully laid out, and numerous flower plots are arranged with becoming symmetry, while the natural surroundings of the place give it a very cheerful and picturesque appearance. The house is conveniently divided off into the various apartments required for domestic use, and an inspection of all the quarters revealed that everything was well ordered and neatly arranged. All of the auxiliaries that could be expected in the most perfect institution of this character were found there. The audience that had met to celebrate the auspicious commencement of the society consisted chiefly of ladies of the several Presbyterian churches of New York. At three o'clock a meeting was organized in the chapel, over which the Rev. Mr. Spalding presided, and who, in a preliminary prayer, invoked the Divine assistance. A hymn followed, when the Rev. Dr. Offer, chaplain of the institution, made a brief address. He said that the objects of the Woman's Aid Society, which had been in active working order for over two years, were to assist all women of good character who were needy, and to help the destitute of the sex to find situations. The grounds and buildings had been leased to found a home for young girls, and especially to train them morally, and to find them places at service when they were strong enough and competent to perform the duties. The Home had, since its foundation, received into its care 304 girls, of whom more than two-thirds had found positions where they could comfortably maintain themselves. The training and instruction given had always been found salutary, and the labors of the matron, Mrs. Offer, had provided the children with the necessary domestic comforts. All that was required was for the ladies to continue to sustain the Home and the citizens to assure its permanency by giving generous contributions.

The Rev. Dr. ROGERS, of the Fifth Avenue Dutch Reformed church, followed with an eloquent address. He came, as must every son of Adam, at the solicitation of the ladies, whose fascinations he could not resist; but he would say, seriously, that a long experience in religious circles in New York was daily strengthening his belief that the women of the city were performing a glorious work of Christian benevolence in trying to redeem the impure and sinful. He thought that this movement was a fresh instance of that laudable spirit, and he felt that it would succeed. The institution was especially praiseworthy and deserved support, in that it worked to prevent those left homeless and friendless from entering upon a career of vice and shame. Other institutions endeavored to cure those already afflicted, but this one, more practicable than they, was for prevention; and the good old adage said, "An ounce of prevention is better than a pound of cure." Girls who had become lost to virtue it had been found difficult to restore to proper lives; but in the case of this institution no such obstacle would be found in the way of the chaplain. When Christ said, "I was a stranger and ye took me in," He gave a lasting example of the value He placed upon succor and charity. Indeed, His whole life had been a noble series of self-denying labors; and if he were to epitomize the life of Christ and really present the pith of His remarkable career on earth he would state it in three phrases:—

First—He went about doing good.

Second—He said, "It was more blessed to give than to receive."

Third—"And the common people heard him gladly."

Those noble words, "It is more blessed to give than to receive"—the noblest ever uttered in this world—constituted the true sentiment upon which to build the success of this society; and "He went about doing" was a lesson from which to take the precepts of a benevolent intention. "And the common people heard Him gladly"—it was this power of being heard by the people that made Jesus so saintly, so pure, and so wonderful in the benign results that He accomplished; and it was this power that they should strive to wield in order to establish their institution upon enduring foundations. He congratulated the children upon their beautiful retreat—away from the rectangular ugliness of the city, whose houses of brick and mortar were so forbidding—where they might enjoy all the rural beauties that adorned the spot. He counseled them not to despise "service," but to fit themselves for spheres of usefulness and honor.

Addresses were also made by Mr. Mingens, Dr. Merwin and others, after which a benediction was pronounced and the company retired to partake of a collation served by the chaplain.

THE BUST OF HUMBOLDT.

Letter from Mr. Bancroft—The Statue to Be Ready in Time.

On the 14th of September next the centenary of the birthday of Alexander Von Humboldt will be celebrated in this city by the erection of a statue in his honor. Money was raised and a committee appointed to effect this, and the Park Commissioners gave their consent that a place may be selected at the Central Park for this enduring monument to one of the greatest minds of the century.

The committee were briskly at work examining plans and sketches, and they finally concluded to award the honor of executing the bust to Professor Blaeser, of Berlin, in Prussia. As soon as the Professor received the order he dropped everything he had on hand, to the value of 420,000 thalers, and began to shape the head of the great author of the "Cosmos." Mr. C. E. Detmold, of this city, being chairman of the committee, is receiving advices with every steamer of the progress of the work, and yesterday he received the following note from Mr. Bancroft:—

BERLIN, May 27, 1869.

MR. C. E. DETMOLD, New York:—

After announcing to you on Tuesday that Professor Blaeser had finished the model of his bust of Humboldt, I hastened to see it and spent much time in examining it. To me it seemed to be a masterly work. The busts of Humboldt by David, Drake and Rauch were there for comparison; in my judgment the bust of Blaeser exceeds them all as a work of art and as a resemblance. Professor Blaeser has in this production exerted all his power of thought and of mechanic skill. I have never known an artist labor more industriously or more conscientiously, and, I may add, rarely more successfully. The best foundry is selected for casting and the best ciseleurs for completing the work. Unless something unforeseen should interfere it can be forwarded to New York about the middle of August. Very truly yours,

GEORGE BANCROFT.

All who have seen the bust judge it as favorably as I do.

THE PEACE FESTIVAL.

The Approaching Jubilee—Rehearsals of the Orchestra and Chorus—Complete List of the Choral Organizations—The President, Admiral Farragut and Other Distinguished Persons to be Present—Applications from Bohemians for Favors—Preparations for Members of the Press—A Ball to be Given on the 17th.

BOSTON, June 9, 1869.

There is now less than a week intervening before the beginning of that grand national peace jubilee and musical festival of which so much has been written and said during the past four or five months. It will be inaugurated on Tuesday afternoon next, and continue through five successive days, concluding early upon the afternoon of Saturday, the 19th. It is, unquestionably, to be a monster and thundering affair in every particular, and there is abundant assurance that it will draw together a larger concourse of people than was ever before assembled at the "Hub of the Universe," or anywhere else upon the New England section of the American Continent. In several of my letters I have explained all that is worth explaining, and will, therefore, in this refer only to

THE ORCHESTRA AND THE CHORUS.

The numerous bands forming the orchestra will number upwards of 1,100 musicians, of which number New York will furnish 400, Philadelphia 60, Baltimore 30, Troy 25, Montreal and Quebec 15, Chicago 15, Cincinnati 12, Hartford 10, and Boston and other cities about 700. The violins will number upwards of 300, and there will be 100 or more each of violas, violoncellos and double basses.

The chorus, which has been thoroughly organized and is now undergoing almost daily rehearsals, numbers about 10,000 voices, and comprises representatives of 102 different choral organizations, as follows:—

Handel and Haydn Society, Boston.
Boston Choral Society, South Boston.
Chelsea Choral Society.
Newton Choral Society.
Worcester Mozart and Beethoven Choral Union.
Salem Musical Union.
Randolph Musical Association.
Springfield Mendelssohn Union.
Georgetown Musical Union.
Newburyport Musical Association.
Farmington (N. H.) Musical Union.
Lebanon (N. H.) Musical Association.
Androscoggin Musical Society, of Lewiston, Me.
Concord (N. H.) Choral Society.
Haverhill Musical Union.
Fall River Choral Society.
Medford Musical Club.
Weymouth Musical Union.
Athol Musical Association.
Quincy Point Choral Society.
Groton Centre Musical Association.
Malden Chorus Club.
Newton Centre Musical Union.
Plymouth Rock Choral Society.
South Abington Choral Society.
Waltham Choral Union.
Fitchburg Choral Society.
Plaistow (N. H.) Choral Society.
East Douglas Musical Society.
Quincy Choral Union.
Lawrence Musical Club.
Abington Centre Musical Association.
Orange County Musical Society, of Randolph, Vt.
Yarmouthport Choral Club.
Sandwich Choral Society.
Hyannis Musical Union.
Mansfield Musical Union.
Holliston Musical Club.
Melrose Musical Association.
North Adams Musical Club.
Northfield Musical Association.
Springfield Choral Union.
Manchester (N. H.) Choral Union.
Nashua (N. H.) Musical Club.
North Abington Musical Association.
East Somerville Musical Union.
Wolfboro (N. H.) Union Chorus and Glee Club.
Sherborn Musical Association.
Pawtucket (R. I.) Choral Society.
Francestown (N. H.) Musical Club.
North Bridgewater Choral Union.
Reading Musical Association.
Belknap Musical Association, of Laconia, N. H.
Damariscotta (Me.) Musical Union.
Farmington (Me.) Choral Society.
Belmont Musical Union.
Acushnet Musical Association.
Gonic (N. H.) Musical Association.
Leominster Musical Club.
Salmon Falls (N. H.) Choral Union.
Rockingham Musical Association, of Exeter, N. H.
Framingham Musical Union.
New Haven (Conn.) Musical Union.
Augusta (Me.) Choral Club.
Sterling Musical Association.
Rutland (Vt.) Choral Club.
Suncook (N. H.) Choral Society.
Winchester Choral Society.
Webster Musical Club.
Ashland Musical Union.
Thompsonville (Conn.) Choral Union.
Rome (N. H.) Musical Club.
Groveland Musical Union.
Malone (N. Y.) Musical Association.
Chicago (Ill.) Mendelssohn Society.
Sharon (Vt.) Musical Club.
Middleboro Musical Union.
East Boston Choral Society.
Hopkinton Choral Union.
Methuen Musical Association.
Natick Musical Club.
Milford Musical Union.
Woburn Musical Association.
Lowell Musical Club.
Amesbury Musical Association.
Saco (Me.) Musical Association.
Andover Musical Club.
Providence (R. I.) Musical Association.
Athol Musical Union.
Saratoga Springs (N. Y.) Musical Union.
Middleboro (Vt.) Choral Union.
Lakesville Musical Club, of Salisbury, Conn.
Keene (N. H.) Musical Union.
Lynn Musical Association.
Granville (N. Y.) Musical Club.
Taunton Beethoven Society.
Waterbury (Conn.) Musical Association.
Braintree Choral Society.
Whitinsville Musical Union.
New Bedford Musical Union.
West Acton Schubert Choral Union.
Bangor (Me.) Musical Association.
Mansfield (Ohio) Choral Union.
Wallingford (Conn.) Musical Club.
Westfield Musical Association.

DISTINGUISHED PERSONS WHO WILL BE PRESENT.

There will be no lack of distinguished visitors to give the Jubilee a good send off. President Grant will be here on the first day, and probably remain until the close of the second. Senator Sumner, in a letter sent to Alexander H. Rice, and received by him this morning, stated that he had an interview with the President yesterday, and he asserted positively that he would leave New York Monday evening and arrive in Boston Tuesday morning. Mr. Rice visited Washington a few days since, to ascertain if the President was coming, but when he called at the White House General Dent prevented an interview between him and General Grant. The President, it seems, was not informed that Mr. Rice had called until the information was given him yesterday by Senator Sumner, and he regretted the conduct of his usher very much, and requested Mr. Sumner to convey his regrets to Mr. Rice.

Together with his acceptance of the invitation to the Jubilee the entire militia of the State, in command of General Butler, will turn out to welcome and escort the President upon his arrival here Tuesday morning.

Secretary Boutwell and possibly other members of the Cabinet will be here, and Admiral Farragut and Vice Admiral Porter have also sent in a formal acceptance of their invitations. Among the foreign Ministers who have also replied in the affirmative are Mr. Edward Thornton, of Great Britain; Minister Roberts, of Spain; Minister Laroche, of Hayti; Minister Hitz, of Switzerland, and the South American Ministers. The Governors of all the New England and of many other States will also be present, as well as a full regiment of Mayors and most of the Congressional delegation of Massachusetts.

ARRANGEMENTS FOR MEMBERS OF THE PRESS.

The requests, solicitations and demands of Bohemians are numerous and pressing. It would seem that they want food when they are hungry, drink when they are thirsty and clothing when they are naked. Hundreds and hundreds of applications from the small fry newspapers of the country have been received, and are undoubtedly being considered, according to their merits and importance, by the Press Committee. Every facility will, of course, be furnished to all the thoroughly legitimate critics of the acknowledged newspapers of the country; and to enable them to pursue their vocation without outside annoyance, a special and spacious room has been provided exclusively for them. A telegraph office has also been incorporated among its conveniences, from which despatches can be transmitted to all points of the world at any moment. Stephen R. Niles, a man well known to the newspaper men of the country, will have the management of this feature, and on the morning of the opening day there will be a reception and breakfast there, tendered by the city of Boston in honor of the acknowledged representatives of the press who may be present.

The city is rapidly filling up with strangers from all sections of the country, and every railroad train and steamboat is crowded to its utmost capacity. Thousands of strangers visit the Coliseum daily, and all are struck with wonder at its magnificent and gigantic proportions. The Executive Committee, of which S. R. Niles and H. G. Parker are at the head, have arranged for a grand ball within the colossal edifice on the evening of the 17th—the anniversary of the battle of Bunker Hill—and it is likely that the President and other distinguished visitors will be present.

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NEW YORK CITY.

THE COURTS.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT.

Granting of the Motion to Bond the Quaker City.

Before Judge Blatchford.

Judge Blatchford, in the matter of the application to have the steamship Quaker City (or Columbia) admitted to bond, has appointed Richard Poillon, named by the Court; Benjamin J. Wenberg, named by the claimant, and Charles H. Marshall, named by the government, as appraisers, the Court directing that, on the coming in of their report, the claimant have leave to bond in the amount of the appraisers' valuation.

UNITED STATES COMMISSIONERS' COURT.

Alleged Bounty Fraud—Another Charge Against J. Nelson Luckey.

Before Commissioner Betts.

The United States vs. J. Nelson Luckey.—The defendant is again brought up for examination on a charge of bounty fraud. Richard Day, of 673 Myrtle avenue, Brooklyn, has appeared before Commissioner Betts and made affidavit that he served as a private in the New York volunteers, and was entitled to fifty dollars extra bounty money; that he placed his claim in the hands of Wellington Wilmot, of No. 81 Nassau street; that he is informed and believes that the claim was paid to Luckey; that he called on Luckey for the amount of the claim and was told by him that he had given it to Wilmot; that he (deponent) is informed and believes, and has heard Luckey say in the presence of two witnesses, that Wilmot was his (Luckey's) clerk; that he is informed and believes that Luckey accepted orders from Wilmot, drawn on him (Luckey), for payment of the rent of Wilmot's office, in Nassau street; that deponent is further informed by W. R. Gibson, Paymaster United States Army, that Luckey was the authorized attorney to prosecute his (deponent's) claim, and that a check therefor was sent to Luckey; deponent further swears that he never gave to Luckey or Wilmot any power of attorney to endorse the check in question, and he charges that Luckey has illegally deprived and withheld from him the money due him on his claim.

Luckey was held in $500 bail for an examination.

Alleged Embezzlement of a Letter.

Before Commissioner Shields.

The United States vs. John D. Marshall.—The defendant is charged with having embezzled a letter, addressed to J. C. Rainbow & Co., manufacturers of elastic trusses, 476 Broadway. The case came on for examination yesterday before Commissioner Shields. The testimony for the prosecution was to the effect that Marshall is connected with a rival truss establishment of Rainbow & Co.'s, at No. 474½ Broadway; that the letter, although intended for Rainbow & Co., came by mistake into the hands of Marshall, who, finding it contained a request for a circular about elastic trusses, sent one of his own circulars and destroyed the letter. The case will be resumed to-day.

Alleged Larceny at Sea.

Before Commissioner Osborn.

Alfred Oliver, a passenger on the ship Constitution on her late passage from San Francisco, appeared before Commissioner Osborn yesterday and caused the arrest of Benjamin Radford, John Hull and William Connelly, three other passengers on that vessel, on the charge of having while on the voyage on the high seas, on the 30th of May last, stolen from him $215 in gold.

It seems that all the parties were drunk at the time of the alleged theft, and the complainant, on getting sober, found that a pocket of his pantaloons, which contained the gold, had been cut out.

The defendants were held for an examination, to take place at one P. M. to-day.

SUPREME COURT—GENERAL TERM.

An Angry Will.

Before Judges Clerke, Cardozo and Barnard.

Frederick L. Schettler, &c., vs. L. Smith, Executor, &c., and Others.—John M. Smith, in making his will, seems to have had some strong reason to exclude his son's wife and his daughter Cornelia's intended husband, the present plaintiff, and even the children of those marriages, from all participation in his estate. He, therefore, left their shares in trust, the income to be paid to them for life, and after their death to any other wife or husband and the fee to their children by any other wife or husband. Cornelia married, nevertheless, Frederick L. Schettler, and then sought to set aside the will, on the ground that it made a limitation to the lives of the persons, one of them not designated, and therefore not necessarily in being, claiming that this was such a part of the framing of the will that if gone the whole will must go. The court below decided against the plaintiff, and she appealed. Pending the appeal she died, and her husband now prosecutes the appeal. The argument of the respondents is that the will, if technically wrong, has a plain and evident intention, which is not beyond the law, and that as it can be interpreted according to such legal intention the Court must so interpret it, and this interpretation gives the plaintiff no rights.

The Court reserved its decision.

Suit Against the City Comptroller—Novel Claim—Opinion of the Court.

The People ex rel. Geery and Others vs. Richard B. Connolly, Comptroller.—This case, which involved a considerable amount of money, came up on an appeal taken by the Comptroller from an order of Judge Barnard, directing that a mandamus issue to compel the Comptroller to cancel certain assessments upon the relator's property. The proceeding was originally brought under the law of 1858, relative to frauds in assessments, and the order to vacate, upon which the proceedings for mandamus are based, was entered on the 3d of January, 1863.

It was contended on the part of the Comptroller that no proofs of fraud or irregularity had ever been taken, and that the order of 1863 was absolutely void, and no duty devolved upon the Comptroller.

On the other hand it was urged, first, that the verified petition and certified copy record in similar cases for the same improvement were sufficient proof; and second, that no appeal lies in these proceedings to the General Term.

OPINION BY JUDGE CLERKE.

Formerly the judges were of the opinion that these proceedings were not appealable, but that opinion had been overruled and for a number of years last past appeals have been allowed; that in the proceedings to vacate assesment, the law required that oral proof of the fraud or irregularity complained of should be taken by the judge in each case; that the verified petition was not proof within the statute, nor was the proof taken in one case available to another petitioner seeking to vacate an assessment upon his property for the same improvement; that each petitioner must give proof of the frauds or irregularities alleged by him. The order vacating the assessment was therefore improper and should not be enforced, and the order of Special Term granting the mandamus should be reversed.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS.

Discharge of a Minor from the Navy.

By Judge Ingraham.

In re Wm. Sohmer.—This was an application by his parents to have Wm. Sohmer discharged from the navy on the ground that when he enlisted he was under eighteen years old, and had enlisted without the consent of his parents. The return set up that he had represented himself as over nineteen years and otherwise qualified for the naval service. Counsel for the parents claimed that mere representations by the boy, unless, at least, under the sanction of an oath, were not a sufficient ground to detain him. The Court directed the boy's discharge.

Decisions.

Merchants' National Bank of St. Louis vs. Carter et al.; Sandre et al. vs. Black; Northrop vs. Hawke et al.; Barnes vs. Boardman; Blancard vs. Winter; In re Hawthorne, &c.; Rowan et al. vs. Sheldon et al.; Brockway et al. vs. Henry; Henry vs. Domingo et al.; Brown vs. Gilchrist; Hunt et al. vs. McIlroy; Tyler vs. Ford et al.; Moultrie vs. Virginia Fire and Marine Insurance Company; McKernan vs. Wilson et al.; Raden et al. vs. Huse et al; Brown vs. Tremore; O'Keefe vs. Gallagher.—Motions granted.

Uhler vs. Hudson; Anderson vs. Hoyt; Bridsale vs. Davis et al.; Ludlow et al. vs. Judson.—Motions denied.

Burke vs. Isham et al.—Allowance of $500 granted.

By Judge Cardozo.

Sun Printing and Publishing Association vs. Herbert.—Motion denied, with costs.

Adler vs. Doherty.—Proposed case and amendments settled.

In re Francis M. Bixby.—Prayer of petitioner granted.

The Etna National Bank, &c., vs. The Fourth National Bank of Hartford.—Order granted.

Isaac et al. vs. Hart.—As to the receivership and injunction the motion to vacate will be denied, &c.

By Judge Clerke.

Carpenter vs. Whitbeck.—The order of 25th of May to stand, the other to be revoked.

Goldstein et al. vs. Benedict et al.—Order settled.

By Judge Sutherland.

In re Edward Schell.—Report of referee as modified confirmed.

Claflin et al. vs. Christal.—The amendment as asked for must be again denied without costs.

SUPERIOR COURT—TRIAL TERM—PART I.

The Jury System.

Before Justice Fithian.

Part of the jurors were, as reported, brought before Judge Fithian Tuesday to purge themselves from contempt in not appearing, and a few more appeared this morning. The Judge heard the excuses of those who presented themselves, and then told them that he understood from them that they had been excused by the Commissioner of Jurors. A practice had, he was informed, grown up that, even after summons, the Commissioner of Jurors, on good cause shown, would exempt persons applying to him. This course was plainly wrong. It left the Court no opportunity of judging what the probabilities of obtaining a jury were. The Commissioner had power, for proper cause, to strike a person's name from the jury list, and he, perhaps, had power, after a fine had been imposed by the Court, to remit it for good cause shown. But he had not the power, after summons issued and served, to interfere with the panel till the Court had acted. In this case, however, as the parties had relied on the custom, he should not inflict a fine or hold the parties to duty, but would give notice to all that if summoned they must attend before the court. He recommended the gentlemen there to have their names removed from the jury list.

One of them stated that two weeks ago he had gone to the Commissioner of Jurors and presented his excuse—full military service—and had supposed that was enough.

The Court recommended him to apply again.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS.

Before Recorder Hackett.

IMPORTANT CHARGE OF RECORDER HACKETT.

At the opening of the court yesterday the Grand Jury were empanelled and Mr. John H. James selected to act as foreman.

His Honor Recorder Hackett then delivered the following charge:—

GENTLEMEN OF THE GRAND JURY:—

It becomes the duty of the presiding Judge of this court to call the attention of the Grand Jury to a statutory requirement with reference to particular offences. The various statutes alluded to are contained in a brief prepared by the late District Attorney for the assistance of grand jurors, and as printed copies of that brief will be handed to each of you by my direction, my duty in that respect will have been discharged. It would seem that although I called attention at the last February term of this court to the neglect of citizens in the performance of jury duty, that thus far it is without effect; for, at the opening of the present term of this court, but eighteen petit jurors out of 150 summoned answered to their names, and out of that number eleven were excused by my colleague for good and sufficient reasons. Out of thirty-six Grand Jurors summoned but fourteen appeared, hence the business of the court had to be adjourned over until to-day to give to the Sheriff sufficient time to summon a new panel. Surely there must be some defect in our jury system, and some mode should be devised and legislative wisdom should be invoked to afford a remedy. The Mayor, City Judge and myself, as members of the Board for the selection of jurors, and soon to meet to draw the list for the ensuing year, are preparing a list of defaulting jurors in this court and the Court of Oyer and Terminer, and propose to publish their names. The attention of this community, and the people at large has been drawn by the public journals, and the charges of my predecessors and associates to the insufficient accommodations of the City Prison for the purpose for which it was originally designed, and more particularly of late years by the reports of the honored department of Public Charities and Correction. Constructed in the year 1837, when the number of our population, perhaps, compared with that of the present day, was but one-fourth, the City Prison afforded sufficient accommodation for all offenders—to those charged with crime, awaiting trial, or those temporarily confined after judgment; but with the rapid growth of the city, its large increase in population, it is notoriously and wholly incapable of holding (with due consideration to the rights of the imprisoned) the number charged as offenders against the law. This is a serious reproach to the first city of the Western hemisphere, and demands our serious consideration. We are indebted to the signal ability which has been displayed by the Commissioners of Public Charities and Correction to lighten, by ingenious and well regulated orders, using and adapting all means within their power, by changes from one place of custody to another, to relieve in part the miseries (but not remove) of persons charged with crime, which otherwise they would have been condemned to suffer. I have noticed with great satisfaction in the recent message of the Mayor that he (with the experience begotten by many years in the prosecution of offenders as District Attorney of this city) has imparted his views—corroborative of my own—as to the pressing necessity of immediately constructing a new city prison. I earnestly ask of you, as a body charged with supervision of prison management, to forthwith visit the city and other prisons within our county, and to inquire if such necessity exists, and to place on record, for municipal and legislative use, your views regarding any existing wrong, and the appropriate remedy. I have personally known of two and even three prisoners to be necessarily confined in one cell, and you will consider that they were not proven but only suspected offenders. Very recently we have heard something said about the barbarity of the whipping-post and the pillory in Delaware, and the authorities of that State have undergone with us of the North severe reprehension. But if any who have felt it their duty to animadvert with severity upon these ancient and with us unusual modes of punishment will only visit our City Prison, when, as now, it is crowded with convicted prisoners and alleged offenders, they will begin to think, nay, believe, that allusions to barbarity and reprehensions more fittingly belong to our ill-doings in respect to the matter I have just adverted to.

Mr. Wm. F. Howe, counsel for Wm. Varley, better known as "Reddy, the Blacksmith," made an eloquent plea for the postponement of the trial until to-morrow to enable him to summon a number of witnesses, who would establish the fact that his client was not present at the time of the alleged robbery.

Assistant District Attorney Hutchings, who will represent the people this term, said he would try this case at the opening of the court on Thursday.

Thomas Williams, who was charged with stealing $27 on the 17th of May from Michael Hogan, was acquitted.

Elizabeth A. Munday (colored), who was charged with stealing a dress valued at $125 from Mary Cook, 367 Hudson street, on the 14th of May, pleaded guilty to an attempt at grand larceny. She was sent to the State Prison for eighteen months.

James Donaldson was charged with taking sixty dollars on the 19th of May from John Godfrey, who testified that he was negotiating a loan with the defendant, when he snatched the money from the counter and ran out. Mr. Howe, on cross-examination, showed a receipt which Godfrey gave the defendant for forty dollars. The Recorder directed the jury to find a verdict of not guilty.

Mary Reed was tried and convicted of grand larceny in stealing on the 3d of April jewelry and ladies' wearing apparel valued at $380, the property of Louis Bergh, who employed her as a domestic. Upon the rendition of the verdict Mr. Hutchings informed the Court that the prisoner was indicted for a similar offence on a previous occasion. She protested that she was innocent. The Recorder sent her to the State Prison for four years.

COURT CALENDARS—THIS DAY.

SUPREME COURT—GENERAL TERM.—Enumerated motions.—Nos. 231, 5, 10, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 68, 69, 70.

CIRCUIT.—Part I.—Nos. 265, 1215, 824, 564, 1316, 212, 1121, 255, 18¾, 65, 1120, 4247, 993, 1495, 1767, 1179, 1645, 1189, 1471, 1761.

CHAMBERS.—Nos. 28, 61, 65, 111, 144, 151, 152, 154, 155, 160, 164, 171. Call 176.

MARINE COURT—TRIAL TERM.—Nos. 2901, 2900, 2959, 2906, 2854, 3058, 3046, 3048, 3054, 3057, 3061, 3062, 3065, 3060, 3067, 3068, 3069, 3070, 3071, 3072, 3073, 3074, 3075, 3076, 3077, 3078, 3079, 3080.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS.—The People vs. John Howard, Jacob Smith and William Varley, robbery; Same vs. Maurice T. Byrnes, felonious assault and battery; Same vs. Henry Carrie, felonious assault and battery; Same vs. David Eato, felonious assault and battery; Same vs. Owen McMahon, receiving stolen goods; Same vs. Wolf Marks, receiving stolen goods; Same vs. John Baldwin, receiving stolen goods; Same vs. Timothy Mullins, receiving stolen goods; Same vs. George L. Schultz, burglary; Same vs. Josephine Betchley, burglary; Same vs. Pauline Weber, burglary; Same vs. Charles Johnson, grand larceny; Same vs. Frederick Brandow, grand larceny; Same vs. James Riley, grand larceny; Same vs. John McDougal, larceny; Same vs. John Carter and George Seymour, forgery.

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

THE WEATHER.—The following record will show the changes in the temperature for the past twenty-four hours, in comparison with the corresponding day of last year, as indicated by the thermometer at Hudnut's pharmacy, HERALD building, Broadway, corner of Ann street:—

	1868.	1869.		1868.	1869.
3 A. M.	63	56	3 P. M.	70	72
6 A. M.	65	56	6 P. M.	69	69
9 A. M.	68	63	9 P. M.	65	64
12 M.	66	67	12 P. M.	63	62

Average temperature yesterday........63¾

Average temperature for corresponding day last year........66⅜

FOUND IN THE WATER.—The remains of a male child, far advanced in decomposition, were found floating in the water off pier 28 East river. The body evidently had been in the water for several weeks. Coroner Flynn has charge of the case.

IMMIGRATION.—During the month of May 58 steam vessels and 22 sailing vessels having passengers on board arrived at this port from Europe. The number of passengers arrived were:—Cabin, 3,206; steerage, 49,728. On these vessels there were 28 births and 74 deaths.

THE BOARD OF EDUCATION.—The new Board have commenced to weed out. A number of clerks have been dismissed, and in the place of Mr. Schwartz Mr. Julius Hennett has been appointed as depository clerk, and the latter took charge of his office yesterday.

FOUND IN A VAULT.—At two o'clock yesterday morning John Smith, a night scavenger, found the remains of a male child in the vault attached to premises No. 123 Leonard street, and notified the Sixth precinct police of the fact. Coroner Flynn will hold an inquest on the body.

RIVER THIEVES FIRED UPON.—About twelve o'clock on Tuesday night several river thieves entered the cabin of the bark Golden Fleece, lying at pier No. 28 East river. They were discovered by the mate before they had an opportunity to steal any article of value and fired upon. The thieves fled, leaving behind a sixteen foot rowboat, with a quantity of rope, sails and a keg of fish, which they had probably stolen.

ROBBERY ON THE HIGH SEAS.—Officers Lancaster and Allen, of the harbor police, yesterday arrested three seamen belonging to the crew of the Pacific mail steamship Henry Chauncey, on complaint of a passenger, Alfred Olevett. The accused were charged with stealing from him, during the late voyage from Aspinwall, $250 in gold. They were arraigned before Commissioner Betts, who committed them to jail to await examination.

FATAL HATCHWAY CASUALTY.—About seven o'clock yesterday morning Daniel Gordon, a laborer employed in the manufactory of Messrs. Fielding Brothers, Nos. 236 and 238 East Forty-first street, fell through the hatchway, from the third to the lower floor, and was almost instantly killed. His skull was terribly fractured, besides which he received other injuries of a fatal character. Deceased was a middle aged man and a native of Ireland. He has left a widow and three children. Coroner Keenan was notified to hold an inquest on the body.

FIRE COMMISSIONERS.—The Fire Commissioners held their usual meeting yesterday, General Shaler presiding. A communication was received from Mr. Bergh, President of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, requesting quarters in which to place a truck intended to convey disabled horses from the streets, which was referred to the Committee on Apparatus. Bills amounting to $25,696 92 were examined and approved. Some charges of breaches of discipline against members of the force were investigated, after which the Board adjourned.

SUDDEN DEATHS.—Sarah Zimmer, a woman thirty years of age, died suddenly at No. 229 Second street. Coroner Flynn was notified.

Warden James Owens, of the Almshouse on Blackwells Island, yesterday notified Coroner Rollins that William Haas, an inmate of that institution, had died suddenly. An inquest will be held on the body.

Elizabeth Quinn, a colored woman, who has been complaining for some time past, was taken suddenly worse yesterday afternoon and died soon afterwards at her residence No. 40 Wooster street. Coroner Keenan was notified. Wooster Beach, M. D., will make a post-mortem examination on the body.

BOARD OF EXCISE.—At a meeting of the Board of Excise, held yesterday, the license of Darries & Winters, No. 185 Eighth avenue, was not revoked; that of Michael Feeley, No. 29 State street, Brooklyn, was annulled, as was also that of M. J. Kelly, No. 2 James slip, and A. Wall, No. 580 Third avenue. Mr. Eaton, counsel to the Board, gave his opinion in relation to the money ordered to be paid to the Inebriate Asylum at Binghamton. The act directing the money to be paid was passed last winter, but, under the circumstances, he was of opinion that the safe way would be to test the matter in the courts, provided the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund would make a demand; if they did not then he would advise the payment. Judge Bosworth suggested that the treasurer do not pay the money, but wait for a mandamus to compel the Board to pay it. Mr. Manierre moved that the Treasurer do not pay the amount until the further order of the Board. Adopted. Mr. Manierre presented the following report from the Committee on Applications:—

Resolved, That persons not before licensed, who may apply for licenses to sell liquor, ale and beer, shall advertise for four weeks in one of the daily papers and present evidence that they have so advertised.

Adopted, and Board adjourned.

POLICE INTELLIGENCE.

ALLEGED HIGHWAY ROBBERY.—John H. Starin, of No. 132 West Forty-seventh street, caused the arrest of Augustus R. McCurdy by detectives McCarty and McGowan, of the Twenty-ninth precinct, charged, in company with three accomplices, who are still at large, with robbing him of $5,000 in $100 bills on the 25th of May last. Mr. Starin states that in the afternoon of the above date he was sitting in a carriage in Washington place, near Broadway, with the prisoner, Frank Dye and John Bird, the latter still being at large, when an unknown person came up, suddenly seized hold of him in a violent manner and forcibly took the money, which he held in his hand, from him, when he made his escape, and has not since been seen nor recognized by him. He charges that the three parties with whom he was in company were acting in concert with the man who committed the robbery, as they detained him in the carriage for that purpose. The prisoner, who has been in custody several days, in order to try and effect a settlement—without any success, however—was arraigned before Justice Dodge, at Jefferson Market, yesterday, and pleaded not guilty to the charge, but was committed in default of $10,000 bail, waiving an examination.

THE BLONDE HAIR DEALER.—Since the revelation made in the HERALD of yesterday in reference to the transactions of Augustus Duquesne, alias Bonner, the party who has taken a sudden affection for blonde hair, and representing himself as a hair-dresser employed at different theatres, by which means he has succeeded in swindling a large number of dealers in hair out of various amounts, ranging from $12 to $100, the Jefferson Market Police Court has been visited by a number of persons in search of the prisoner. Yesterday afternoon Miss Mary Scilley, of No. 795 Broadway, appeared before Justice Dodge and stated her desire to be confronted with the prisoner, as she had recently been victimized of a quantity of hair, and surmised, from the account she saw in the HERALD, that he was the person. The accused upon being brought up from the prison was at once recognized by Miss Scilley as the party who had imposed on her, she stating that on the 5th instant he came into her store and represented he had a large quantity of human hair, which he would dispose of at a low figure, as he had lately arrived from Paris, where he obtained it, and that for ten dollars he would sell to her a quantity that she would be compelled to pay twenty-four dollars for in any other place. She finally concluded to purchase some of the obliging Augustus' hair, whereat he purchased a braid of blonde hair from her valued at thirty dollars, requesting her to send her brother, a small boy, to his hotel with him in order to get the money, which agreement she consented to, and the two had proceeded but a short distance when he informed the boy that he might return to his sister and he would call on her the following day and settle with her, since which time she has seen nothing of him, the hair or money. He was again committed to answer the charge preferred by Miss Scilley, in addition to those already pending against him.

CHARGE OF KIDNAPPING.

An Alleged Female Kidnapper Charged with Stealing a Child Eleven Months Old—Two Children Found with Her—Scene at the Police Court.

Our criminal calendars very rarely reveal charges of kidnapping, and most of such cases are the abduction of children of wealthy parents, with the view to obtaining rewards for the restoration of the lost children. A case came before Judge Dowling yesterday, at the Tombs, which the presence of every reasonable motive for the alleged kidnapping envelopes in a veil of mystery, as well as makes more than ordinarily interesting. The circumstances of the case as brought to light in the proceedings before the court are as follows:—

Mrs. Eliza Kelve is a widow, living at No. 129 Washington street; she is a German woman, about twenty-five years old and quite handsome, and has two fine-looking children, the oldest being five years and the youngest eleven months old. Her husband died about eighteen months ago, and having left her destitute she has been compelled to go out and wash and scrub and do other menial work for the support of herself and children. On Tuesday morning she went out to do a day's work, leaving the two children at home. Shortly after noon Mary Ann Crowley, living in the same house, came where she was at work and told her that an old woman had taken her baby away. Mrs. Kelve at once returned to her room and found, sure enough, the baby, her "little dove" as she called him—and he was as bright-looking as he was little—was gone. Her five year old child, the custodian of the baby, was nearly as tearful as the mother, and could give no other explanation than that an old woman took away the baby. Everybody knows how mothers will hurry from station house to station house in quest of their lost children. Mrs. Kelve hurried to all the station houses in the vicinity and at once reported the stealing of her child, and having been assured by every policeman she met that he would keep a sharp look out for old women with babies, started herself with two women in quest of the missing infant. They went through street after street and lane after lane, and up stairs and down stairs, and into dwellings and saloons and stores and shops and all sorts of places. At length she came upon the object of her search at the corner of Washington and Rector streets. She called officer Gorman, of the Twenty-seventh precinct, who at once arrested the woman and returned to Mrs. Kelve her child. The prisoner also had another child, a boy about two years old, with her. On being brought into court the prisoner gave her name as Margaret Barry.

"How came you by this woman's child?" Judge Dowling asked her.

"I found it in the street," she answered.

"She took the child from my room, so my little girl says," interposed the mother, which statement was confirmed by the child.

"What were you going to do with the child?" pursued the Judge.

"Take care of it."

"Where?"

"At No. 19 Washington street, where I live."

"Have you a husband?"

"No; I am a poor widow."

"Didn't you steal that little boy, too, you have got with you?"

"No; he is my boy."

"He don't look at all like you."

"He is my child, any way."

"I am not so sure about that; a woman that will steal one child will steal another."

"I didn't steal him."

"We'll see about that by and by," pursued the Judge. "How long after your child was stolen before you recovered it?" he asked Mrs. Kelve.

"About seven hours," replied Mrs. Kelve.

"It is rarely my sympathies and indignation are so aroused as in a case like this," said the Judge. "I will commit this woman for trial for kidnapping your child, and meantime will find out whether the other child belongs to her."

"This is my child, this is my child," pleaded the prisoner, "don't take him from me," and she clasped the child with a fixed determination that nothing should separate them.

The prisoner was committed in default of $500 bail. She was sent into a cell inside, the little boy being also sent with her.

MAYOR'S OFFICE.

Those light-fingered prestidigitators, the bogus jewelry and three-card monté men, keep Marshal Tooker pretty busy; but he "holds a stacked hand," as they themselves would express it, which enables him to spoil their "little games" and bring their most cunning devices to naught. Verdant individuals from New Jersey and Pennsylvania who resort hither "to see the elephant," and who seem to be almost proverbially the easiest prey of such rascally gentry, having been shown that animal by exhibitors of gorgeous exterior and pleasing address and insinuating manners, but of more than questionable integrity, are fain to seek the Mayor's Office to regain the money out of which they have been fleeced, albeit through their own covetousness and ignorance. It is astonishing that in spite of the warnings which the exposures in the Mayor's Court, daily published in the HERALD, afford to strangers in the city against the knaves who trade upon rustic credulity and avarice, that any one with the faintest glimmering of reason can rush blindly into their toils. But such cases are of constant occurrence. The two following are notable instances of this species of folly:—

A PAIR OF VERDANT PENNSYLVANIANS.

Charles Shay, just arrived from New Orleans, but hailing from the City of Brotherly Love, is a discharged soldier. He appeared yesterday before Marshal Tooker and complained that an individual named John Wilson, the keeper of a bogus jewelry establishment at No. 183 West street, had induced him to bet on three card monte, the bait being a gold watch, at which interesting pastime he lost thirty dollars. The compliments of the Marshal, with a request to step up to the captain's office and settle, being conveyed to Wilson, he deemed it advisable to refund the money.

James Dalton is likewise a Pennsylvanian; his abiding place is Westdear township, Alleghany county. Mr. William Osborne, of No. 233 Broadway, observing James in the act of gazing at the Brummagem plate and jewelry displayed in his show case requested him to step in and examine the same more minutely. James, "suspecting no harm," as he affirmed, complied, and was induced to lend a youth with an honest countenance seventy-six dollars to bet on three card monte, upon the assurance that he was sure to win, which he did not. The ingenious young man then left the store, for the purpose (so at least he averred) of obtaining seventy-six dollars from a friend, promising to return speedily and repay the same to Dalton. It is needless to say that he failed to keep his promise. After waiting some time the fact that he had been done exceedingly brown gradually dawned upon the Alleghanian. He was asked by the Marshal when he made his complaint, whether he read the newspapers, to which he replied that he hadn't done so for six or seven months. Officer McGrath was despatched in quest of the missing money and the complainant was advised to subscribe for a New York paper immediately.

GRAVE CHARGE AGAINST A LAWYER.

A complaint was made in May last against Alexander H. Reavey, a lawyer doing business at 243 Broadway, by John Byrnes, for retaining $1,000, the amount of a judgment recovered in behalf of the complainant against the Second Avenue Railroad Company. When summoned before Marshal Tooker he expressed his willingness to pay over the money, and subsequently did pay over fifty dollars, but has failed, so the complainant alleges, to pay the remainder, although he agreed to do so in three weeks. Yesterday a complaint of similar character was made against him by Mr. H. S. Danziger, an insect destroyer, of 431 Seventh avenue, who alleges that Reavey collected a judgment of twenty-five dollars for him and retained the same. Reavey's defence is that the twenty-five dollars was due to him for professional services.

Marshal Tooker expressed his surprise that two such cases—the circumstances of which were so damaging to the reputation of a professional man—should have appeared upon the record at such a short interval from one another, and said that he thought the charge very serious and one which nearly affected the character of the accused, and allowed him until twelve M. to-morrow to pay over the money to his clients.

A COW CASE.

Bridget Farrell, of Schenck street, Brooklyn, complained that she had been victimized by Isaac Hamman, of No. 247 East Fifty-first street, in a cow transaction. She had purchased a cow of the defendant for $115, paying thirty-nine dollars down and giving her note for the balance—seventy-six dollars. Isaac guaranteed that the animal would milk twenty quarts a day. The cow was to have four days' trial, and if she did not give that amount of milk she was to be returned and the money and note refunded. But alas for the duplicity of human nature; the cow turned out not only to be dry but diseased, whereupon Bridget returned the animal to her quondam owner, who seemed much surprised at such a bad report, and promised to restore the money, which, however, he neglected to do. Bridget being thus at one fell blow jockeyed out of the cow and greenbacks, hastened to the Mayor's Court for justice, accompanied by her friends, who loudly expressed their indignation against the Teutonic cow fancier. The defendant was accompanied by his counsel, George A. Greensward, who at first seemed disposed to deny Marshal Tooker's jurisdiction of the case, but drew in his horns when informed that if he doubted that, any interference of his own in the case could be dispensed with. The principal witness for the complainant was a grimy man named James Higgins, who also acted as a sort of counsel. This gentleman corroborated Bridget's statement, and proceeded to argue the case on her behalf with more volubility than eloquence, which aroused the ire and contempt of Greensward at being opposed to such an exceedingly unkempt and unprofessional practitioner, and he sniffed the air as if he smelled something very unlike green pastures. The upshot of the case was that the cow jockey, acting upon the advice of the Marshal, "lest a worse chance might befall him," agreed to restore the money and the note to the injured Bridget, who departed amid the noisy congratulations of her friends, a deputation of two of whom waited upon the Marshal in the course of the afternoon and informed him that the Dutchman had paid over the greenbacks.

SOLD AT AN AUCTION.

A number of incensed individuals appeared before Marshal Tooker yesterday afternoon and complained that they had been swindled by an auctioneer of this city, who had advertised to sell a quantity of unopened packages remaining unclaimed at the office of Adams Express Company. A small square box was exhibited by one of the parties as a sample of the way in which buyers had been victimized. The box was marked "Jenkins Murphy, Easton, Pa., C. O. D., $12 40," and contained pieces of red brick wrapped in brown paper. One hundred of these boxes had been sold at from four to five dollars apiece, the contents of all corresponding with the one exhibited. One of the complainants stated that a large box which was sold contained an entire skeleton, another package a sheep's head wrapped in straw. Others contained rusty pieces of iron, stones, old clothes and a variety of nondescript and worthless articles. Of 200 buyers, all of whom had purchased packages, not one obtained an article of the slightest value. A few of the complainants gave their names and the amounts paid by them, as follows:—George Shear, of No. 54 Macdougal street, $38; Red. Palmer, of No. 76 William street, $130 48; Philip Russak, of No. 18 Pike street, $70; Caspar Elias, of No. 35 Warren street, $5; David L. Walter, of No. 157 Eighth avenue, $83; John Kearney, of No. 1,055 Second avenue, $18 25; Bernard Primer, of No. 224 West Fortieth street, $10 25.

Several of the victimized offered to swear that the packages sold them were not the original packages advertised to be sold, but that they had been opened and the worthless articles substituted for their original contents, and Mr. Shear stated that he was informed by a gentleman in the auction rooms at the time that the buyers were being sold, that the packages were worthless, and that this person advised him not to buy any more, that everything sold "was a regular humbug." One of the victims, with a rueful visage, showed his purchase, a box filled with tattered, discolored and ill-smelling garments.

Marshal Tooker opined that inasmuch as the auctioneers had not represented the packages as valuable the sale was at the buyer's risk, and there was no redress, but advised the complainants to take legal advice. Acting on this hint they left the office, declaring that it was the "biggest swindle that ever was got up in New York." Shortly afterwards one of them returned and said that the District Attorney coincided with the Marshal's views on the subject.

CRICKET.

St. George vs. Philadelphia.

The first eleven of the Philadelphia Cricket Club, including Pearson, their professional, commenced a match yesterday on the St. George's ground, back of Hoboken, against the first eleven of St. George, including Norley, their professional.

The ground looked in beautiful order, and there were a number of ladies on the balconies of the club house, who were evidently much interested in the game. The following is the score of the game:—

SCORE OF FIRST INNINGS EACH SIDE.

Philadelphia Club.		*St. George's Club.*	
Barclay, b. Norley	19	Bance, b. Magee	11
Large, c. Norley, b. Hutterfeld	9	Norley, run out	29
Pearson, c. Kyre, b. Norley	0	Fortun, run out	12
Outerbridge, b. Norley	6	Robinson, run out	5
Magee, c. and b. Norley	2	Cross, b. Brewster	26
Hopkinson, not out	55	Cater, b. Pearson	0
Staley, c. Gibbes, b. Norley	0	Gibbes, b. Barclay	11
Newbold, c. Fortun, b. Norley	3	Stead, c. and b. Magee	22
Brewster, run out	2	Gordon, c. Pearson, b. Brewster	8
Sarlori, run out	2	Butterfield, not out	5
Harris, c. and b. Norley	3	Hill, b. Magee	0
Byes	5	Bye, 1, l. byes, 3; wides, 4	8
Total	100	Total	137

The match last week between the second elevens of St. George terminated in favor of St. George in one innings by 185 to 45.

At the conclusion of the day's play a very interesting affair came off in the club house. All hands were called to order by Mr. Vanderlip, the treasurer of the St. George Club, and the veteran Sam Wright, who had acted as umpire for the match, was requested to take his position at the other end of the long table, round which stood about fifty members, when Mr. Vanderlip, who held in his hand a heavy silver tankard, filled with champagne addressed "ye veteran cricketer" as follows:—Mr. Wright, on behalf of a committee of the members of St. George's Cricket Club, I am deputed to present to you this silver tankard, to each handle of which you will find attached $150—in all $300—and before I pass this loving cup, which is filled with sparkling wine, to be emptied and refilled and emptied again by the friends who surround you ere it reaches your hand, let me read the following inscription:—"Presented to Sammy Wright, June 9, 1869, from the members of the St. George's Cricket Club, as a mark of their appreciation of his valuable and faithful services, during a period of more than thirty-two years." And allow me to say that there are but few now belonging to the club who can, from personal experience, go back so far as your advent among our predecessors; but they, as well as all the present members, cheerfully concur in bearing testimony to your uniformly honorable conduct, both as a cricketer and a man, and also to the respectable manner in which you and your estimable wife have brought up your sons in our midst. I therefore, on the occasion of your retiring from the cricket field of your own desire, wish you and your wife and family every happiness in the future, and hope you will often visit us.

Uproarious cheers and shakes of the hand greeted the old man, who, after silence had been restored, hesitatingly said:—"Muster Vanderlip, I did not expect this. My heart is too full to say much, and I never made a speech in my life; but you know what I would say if I could find words;" and the old cricketer was quite overcome and stood back to conceal his emotions, and was cheered again and again.

BROOKLYN CITY.

THE COURTS.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT.

The Farmers and Citizens' Bank Case.

Before Judge Benedict.

Frederick A. Platt, Receiver, vs. John B. Webb, Samuel Sneden and Oren M. Beach.—A report of this case appeared in the HERALD of yesterday. The jury returned a verdict for the plaintiff of $3,857 90.

Another Farmers and Citizens' Bank Receiver Case.

Frederick A. Platt, Receiver of the Farmers and Citizens' Bank, Eastern District, vs. John H. Broach and Another.—The plaintiff, as the receiver of this bank by the appointment of the Comptroller of the Currency, came into possession, among the other assets of the bank, of a note for $1,500, payable to the order of H. W. Redfield, the cashier of the Farmers and Citizens' National Bank, made August 5, 1867. This note, it was alleged, was deposited as collateral security for a joint note at six months for $4,800, given by defendants for a valuable consideration from the bank, and delivered to Mr. Redfield, the cashier. The defence set up was that the note was placed in the bank for the purpose of having it discounted, and that the note was void for want of consideration. It was also claimed by the defendants that the note was not properly stamped. And, as a final defence, it was set up that the makers of the note were bankrupt, and had been discharged as such.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—IN ADMIBALTY.

Report of the Commissioner in the Sylvan Stream Collision Case.

The Harlem and New York Navigation Company vs. The Steamboat State of New York.—Commissioner Jones, to whom the question of damages growing out of the collision between the Sylvan Stream and the State of New York in the East river was referred, made his report yesterday afternoon. The damages sustained by the libellants were assessed at $602 56. The Court directed the decree to be entered for the full amount. Benedict & Benedict for the libellants; J. W. Leveridge for claimant.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT.

A Counterfeiter Pleads Guilty.

Before Judge Benedict.

Frederick Haywood, who was arrested several weeks since and indicted by the Grand Jury yesterday afternoon, changed the plea of "not guilty" entered on his first arraignment to "guilty" of the first count of the indictment. This step was taken under the advice of his counsel. Assistant District Attorney Parris thereupon moved a *nolle prosequi* on the other counts, which was granted. The prisoner was remanded for sentence.

Smugglers Remanded for Sentence.

At the last term of this court one Price was convicted of smuggling cigars on Staten Island and was remanded for sentence. While ruminating on the state of his affairs, present and to come, he was moved to impart a little information to the District Attorney with the hope it might operate in his favor by reducing the term of his imprisonment. This information at once led to the arrest of Gordon Young and James Arnold, who were immediately taken before the Grand Jury, where they were indicted as confederates of Price in his smuggling operations. At first they put on a bold front and played the *rôle* of injured innocents, of course pleading "not guilty" when arraigned on the indictment. Yesterday, however, having been advised of a better way by their counsel, they withdrew that plea and entered that of "guilty." They were remanded for sentence.

Another Smuggler Arrested.

Price was brought into court yesterday to be sentenced, and Young and Gordon were also brought up, as stated in the case above. This fact, it is said, led to the presence of a man by the name of Charles M. Bartlett, a reputed shipmaster, and it was said the friend of the parties convicted and pleading guilty of smuggling. Acting upon the principle that misery loves company, Young and Gordon determined to have all the consolation to be had from putting that old saw into use. Accordingly they had an interview with Assistant District Attorney Parris while Bartlett was sitting an unconcerned spectator in court. Mr. Parris immediately applied to Commissioner Jones for a warrant, and one was filled out with the name of Bartlett and put into an officer's hand. In a few minutes afterwards it was served, and Bartlett was brought before Commissioner Jones, and held, in default of $2,000 bail, on a charge of smuggling cigars. It was stated by the Commissioner that he would consider the question of the reduction of bail whenever bail should be offered.

CITY COURT.

The Odeon Opera House Case.

Before Judge Thompson.

Isaac Dennis vs. Philip W. Glover and Another.—A report of this case appeared in the HERALD yesterday. It was submitted to the jury yesterday morning, and after an absence of about an hour a verdict was returned for the plaintiff for the sum of $516 11.

Action to Recover a Broker's Commission.

Manly A. Ruland vs. Elizabeth Furman et al.—Plaintiff as a licensed broker, doing business in Brooklyn, effected, as he alleges, a sale of real estate for the plaintiff on which he charged a commission of two per cent, or the sum of $400. It was to recover this that this action was brought. The defendant denied ever having made any agreement to pay plaintiff a commission and claimed that he represented to her that he was acting in the matter of the sale as the agent and broker of William Jarvis, to whom the sale was made. Verdict not yet rendered.

Decision.

Mackay vs. The City of Brooklyn.—Judgment for plaintiff for $1,273.

BROOKLYN INTELLIGENCE.

HELD FOR THE GRAND JURY.—William Walsh, a young man about twenty-four years of age, was examined before Justice Welch yesterday afternoon on a charge of committing an indecent assault upon Delia Devine, in York street, on Sunday night last. He was committed to await the action of the Grand Jury.

PARK EXPENSES FOR MAY.—The amount expended by the Park Commissioners for salaries, supplies, &c., during the month of May was $81,977. The construction expenditures on the works were as follows:—Prospect Park, $67,501; Washington Park, $6,856; Parade Ground, $1,228. The maintenance of the parks, irrespective of the cost of construction, was $6,089.

FATAL ACCIDENTS.—James Jones, a boy twelve years of age, while playing near the machinery of the planing mill at the foot of Degraw street yesterday, was caught by the revolving shaft by the jacket and wound up over the wheel with such force and velocity that his left arm was torn from his body and flung a distance of nearly twenty feet. The unfortunate boy's right leg was also broken and he was badly cut about the head. He was taken to the Long Island College Hospital, but his recovery is considered very doubtful.

Mrs. M. Haslinger, who was burned a few days ago by the explosion of kerosene oil in Concord street, died at the hospital from the injuries.

EYE AND EAR HOSPITAL.—Nearly 1,500 cases of disease of the eye and ear have been treated at the Eye and Ear Hospital during the first year of its existence, which closed on the 15th of April; 184 operations were performed and twenty persons previously blind were restored to useful vision. The total expense of the institution, which is free to the public, is less than $5,000. Twenty-five thousand dollars are now needed to erect a more suitable building for this institution and to defray the necessary expenses thereof for 1870. To further this latter end a meeting was held on Tuesday evening, at which $8,000 was subscribed by the gentlemen who were in attendance, S. B. Chittenden and H. B. Claflin giving $2,500 each towards the fund.

THE DIME SAVINGS BANK ROBBERY—GRIFFIN HELD.—The examination in the case of James Griffin, arrested on charge of being concerned in the robbery committed on the Dime Savings Bank, Fulton street, in November last, when a box, containing several stock certificates and other papers of value, belonging to the estate of John A. Cross, from the vaults of that institution, was resumed yesterday afternoon before Justice Welch. District Attorney S. D. Morris appeared for the prosecution, and the defendant was represented by Mr. Sedgwick as counsel. John Dunn, detective of the Sixth precinct police, New York, was recalled, and testified that he knew Daniel Noble by sight (the party alluded to is now on trial at Elmira, in the Royal Insurance robbery case) but had never spoken to Noble; witness arrested Griffin on the evening of November 10, upon the impulse of the moment; the first knowledge had by witness of the accused was about a year previous, when he was brought to the Sixth precinct station house for drawing a pistol on a man at the Metropolitan Hotel; had no conversation with any one about arresting Griffin before the arrest was made; had never heard of any ill feeling between Captain Jourdan and officer Griffin before the arrest of the latter. Mr. George S. Puffer, one of the executors of the estate of John A. Cross, was the next witness, and testified to his having been informed of the fact that the documents stolen from the Dime Savings Bank were recovered by him from the police three days after he last remembered seeing the box in which they were kept, which was deposited in the vault and not in the safe of the institution. At this juncture the counsel for prisoner moved the dismissal of the case, which was denied by the Court. The District Attorney then placed the several documents taken from the bank, which had been found in the prisoner's possession, and were identified in evidence, and the examination terminated. The prisoner, in making his voluntary statement said, that he was thirty-three years of age, resided in Massachusetts of late years, but formerly lived in Canada; that he was born in Ireland, and was by occupation a gambler. He pleaded not guilty. His right hand is much deformed, and owing to this defect and a plainly perceptible nervousness of manner it was with apparent difficulty that he signed his name, James Griffin, in a scrawling hand. The District Attorney refused to accept bail, and after a brief and private interview between the counsel and prisoner the latter was committed to jail, to await the action Grand Jury. Griffin, who is scrupulously neat in his personal appearance, claims that he has never heretofore been in prison. His present detention, he urges, was a put-up job on the part of the friends of Dan Noble to prevent his attendance at the trial, where he was to have been a witness.

WEST POINT.

The Examination of the Second Class—A Signal and Telegraph Drill—How Field Telegraphs are Built and Worked—Standing of the Graduating Class in Ordnance, Gunnery and Cavalry.

WEST POINT, June 9, 1869.

Now that the examination of the Graduating class has been brought to a brilliant close, the Academic Board have taken the second class in hand, and to-day the major portion of the six sections of which the class is composed were overhauled in Philosophy, which stands at the head of their third year's course.

THE CLASS OF 1870.

In a certain point of view the examination of the second class is not considered so attractive an event to outsiders as that of the first class; but to the cadets immediately concerned it is of far more importance than the awarding of diplomas to a whole corps of graduating classes. This can be easily understood when the thoroughness of the examination of the second class is taken into consideration. It rarely happens that any cadet who may have fought the good fight well, from the ranks of the fourth class until he has finally become a member of the first class, is found deficient at the end of the year, when it becomes a question who are worthy of being entered on the army register as officers of Uncle Sam, and this simply because the examination of the second class almost always decides the fate of every aspirant for West Point graduation honors. Not that the examination of the graduating class is less severe than that of the class which comes after it, but simply because the great stumbling block for drones and stupids is the final overhauling which the second class gets yearly before it merges into honors of a higher degree. No better illustration of this fact can be given than that afforded by the class which will leave the post on the 15th inst. as officers of the army. At its examination last June, when it was of course the second class, it numbered forty-six members, and yet it will next Wednesday graduate only thirty-nine strong, for at the "excoriation" last June it lost four of its members who were turned back to recommence the studies of the previous year, and two were found deficient and compelled to bid a farewell to West Point as cadets. It will thus be seen that the examination of the second class is one that has no small terrors for its members. This year it numbers sixty-one cadets, and if every one of them should succeed in crossing the Rubicon of the academic course the graduating class of 1870 will be a larger one than any which has graduated for many a year. It will, however, be a most brilliant exception to second classes of previous years if some one of the members do not succumb in the struggle that has already begun.

In the examination this morning the sections that were called up showed an astonishing proficiency in the subject upon which they were examined—Natural and Experimental Philosophy. The text books consulted by the class in this study are Bartlett's Mechanics, Acoustics and Optics; and, although the learned authority himself, who happens to be the head professor of these branches in the Academy, cross-questioned the various sections in vigorous style, the cadets proved themselves so strong in optics that they were able to "see stars" by the million when it came to astronomy.

A SIGNAL DRILL.

One of the most interesting drills which have taken place since the examination exercises were opened was had to-day. It was what is called a signal and telegraph drill—signalling by means of flags, and building a field telegraph. Although very few persons but those immediately concerned in the drill were able to comprehend much about the thing, it attracted considerable attention, and was looked upon with a great deal of interest by the officers of the Post. The signalling was probably the most attractive feature of the whole affair. A certain number of the second class were detailed with the flags, which were of the ordinary size, nailed to poles about four feet long. Several of the signallers went up to the heights of Fort Putnam and across the river, and signalled to others on the parade ground with the flags, and for several minutes orders were communicated from point to point, and conversations held by the aid of the simple movements made by the moving of the flags. The orders were communicated and repeated with a rapidity which was actually astonishing. The building of the field telegraph, which was done by the first class, was also a great feature of the drill. Lines were run from Fort Putnam down in the direction of Cozzens' West Point Hotel and back to the post, and messages were sent over the wires without the slightest hindrance, although on the plains the lines were laid at the rate of three miles an hour. The batteries that were used in the drill differ very much from the ordinary batteries common to most telegraph companies, one of their principal advantages over the ordinary kind being the impunity with which they can be thrown into and carried in the wagons. Everybody who knows anything about telegraphing is aware that ordinary batteries, after being tossed about over a rough road for a short time, refuse to work; but all the rough usage which the batteries received during the drill to-day appeared to nowise to impair their efficiency. They consist simply of a peculiar apparatus to be attached to the wires, and contain sulphate of copper in chrystals, a piece of zinc and a sponge. When they are used, the copper, zinc and sponge are wetted, and, it is said, after once being put in readiness for action, that they will work steadily for at least a month. I may add that during the drill hard rubber was used about the poles as insulators instead of glass. The officers stationed here and General Meyer, of the signal corps, who was present, expressed themselves as very much pleased with the exhibition.

THE GRADUATING CLASS IN ORDNANCE, GUNNERY AND CAVALRY.

The standing of the graduating class in ordnance and gunnery and cavalry tactics was read at parade this evening. The following are the names of the first ten in

ORDNANCE AND GUNNERY.

1—Tillman.	5—Hun.	8—Porter.
2—Taylor.	6—Liple.	9—Augur.
3—P. M. Price.	7—Fitzsimmons.	10—Nye.
4—Bergland.		

The following are the names of the first ten in

CAVALRY TACTICS.

1—P. M. Price.	5—Augur.	8—Porter.
2—Hun.	6—Maxon.	9—Braden.
3—Nye.	7—Tillman.	10—Duvall.
4—Taylor.		

A GRAND HOP,

in which the graduating class are to participate, will take place next Saturday evening at Cozzens' West Point Hotel, just a couple of miles below this post. As the cadet hop, which will close the festive part of the class career at West Point, is fixed to come off on the evening of the 14th inst., and as many of the ladies who are to attend are stopping at this hotel, the most extensive preparations are being made to make this special hop one long to be remembered by the class of '69 and everybody else who will be present. It is always considered a very great privilege for a graduating class to be allowed to go to any ball outside of the post before they are formally relieved from duty, but General Ritcher, who is never gingerly about giving the cadets a permit to enjoy themselves "off limits" as long as they will not "compromise" themselves in any way, has consented to allow the class to attend the affair. The graduates are, of course, quite delighted at the prospect, and are already laying aside choice gloves and burnishing up bell buttons to an excessive brightness in order all the more readily to captivate the hundred and one gay ladies, who are certain to fall in love with them or their uniform on the occasion.

"YOURS TRULY."

Some person who evidently believes that the graduates are as pious as they are good looking, has forwarded to each one of them a "moral" work, for which, of course, the aforesaid person will be praised during the natural lifetime of the class of '69. All the books are neatly bound, and on the fly leaf of each is inscribed the name of the cadet to whom it was sent, with the line 'From a friend.' One of the books has a frontispiece, in which a melancholy looking young man is leaning on a tombstone and peering wistfully at a distant church steeple, just as though he was wondering what good church steeples ever do to the cause of religion. The cadet who got this book is at a loss to know what it contains.

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NEW YORK HERALD

BROADWAY AND ANN STREET.

JAMES GORDON BENNETT,
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Letters and packages should be properly sealed.

All business or news letter and telegraphic despatches must be addressed NEW YORK HERALD.

Rejected communications will not be returned.

Volume XXXIV.....No. 161

AMUSEMENTS THIS EVENING.

BOWERY THEATRE, Bowery.—IXION—THE ARTFUL DODGER.

NIBLO'S GARDEN, Broadway.—THE SPECTACULAR EXTRAVAGANZA OF SINBAD THE SAILOR.

FIFTH AVENUE THEATRE, Fifth avenue and Twenty-fourth street.—LA PERICHOLE.

WOOD'S MUSEUM AND THEATRE, Thirteenth street and Broadway.—Afternoon and evening Performances.

OLYMPIC THEATRE, Broadway.—HICCORY DICCORY DOCK.

BOOTH'S THEATRE, 23d st., between 5th and 6th ave.—THE MARBLE HEART.

WALLACK'S THEATRE, Broadway and 13th street.—MOTHER HUBBARD.

THE TAMMANY, Fourteenth street.—CLORINDA—ROMEO JAFFIER JENKINS.

WAVERLEY THEATRE, 720 Broadway.—BURLESQUE OF IXION.

MRS. F. B. CONWAY'S PARK THEATRE, Brooklyn.—SCHOOL.

CENTRAL PARK GARDEN, 7th av., between 58th and 59th sts.—POPULAR GARDEN CONCERT.

SAN FRANCISCO MINSTRELS, 585 Broadway.—ETHIOPIAN ENTERTAINMENTS—THE UNBLEACHED BLONDES.

BRYANTS' OPERA HOUSE, Tammany Building, 14th street.—ETHIOPIAN MINSTRELSY, &c.

TONY PASTOR'S OPERA HOUSE, 201 Bowery.—COMIC VOCALISM, NEGRO MINSTRELSY, &c.

EMPIRE CITY RINK, corner 3d av., 63d and 64th sts.—GRAND CONCERT, &c.

DE GARMO'S ROOMS, No. 62 Fifth avenue.—GRAND COMPLIMENTARY CONCERT.

HOOLEY'S OPERA HOUSE, Brooklyn.—HOOLEY'S MINSTRELS—THE GREGORY FAMILY, &c.

NEW YORK MUSEUM OF ANATOMY, 618 Broadway.—SCIENCE AND ART.

LADIES' NEW YORK MUSEUM OF ANATOMY, 620 Broadway.—FEMALES ONLY IN ATTENDANCE.

TRIPLE SHEET.

New York, Thursday, June 10, 1869.

THE HERALD IN BROOKLYN.

Notice to Carriers and Newsdealers.

BROOKLYN CARRIERS AND NEWSMEN will in future receive their papers at the BRANCH OFFICE OF THE NEW YORK HERALD, No. 145 Fulton street, Brooklyn.

ADVERTISEMENTS and SUBSCRIPTIONS and all letters for the NEW YORK HERALD will be received as above.

THE NEWS.

Europe.

The cable despatches are dated June 9.

The official returns of the elections in France by ballot show that the government has secured 213 candidates out of the 290. Some riots occurred in the provinces, which were, however, suppressed without bloodshed.

About eight thousand emigrants left Liverpool for various ports in the United States, during the last week.

The Archbishop of Canterbury has advised the prelates in the House of Lords not to oppose the Irish Church bill. The purchase of the telegraph lines throughout the United Kingdom has been completed by the Post Office Department.

A person, alleged to be a Fenian, has been arrested in Cork for circulating treasonable documents among the British soldiers.

The debates on the project of a regency still occupy the Spanish Cortes. Señor Olozaga stated recently in debate that the election of a king was impossible at present.

Cuba.

The volunteer forces throughout the island are again engaged in revolutionary measures. Señor Roberts, the Minister at Washington, is reported to have telegraphed a warning to them to desist. The Cubans in Havana are getting ready to leave. In Trinidad the volunteers attempted to depose the Governor, who resisted, and in the fight that ensued General Lesca was killed. Two slavers are expected to arrive off the coast.

Information received in Washington is to the effect that the Cubans are actively preparing a great offensive movement. The report from Spanish sources that Cespedes and a large number of Cubans had surrendered is denied.

South America.

Our Panama letter is dated June 1. The State elections had taken place in Cundinamarca, but had been controlled altogether by the military. The Mosquera faction grow in power, but if he is elected he will probably be assassinated before his inauguration. Secession schemes are under discussion by opponents of the present administration.

Our Valparaiso (Chile) letter is dated May 11. The belligerent rights of the Cuban insurgents have been recognized by the Chilean government. In the discussion upon the subject in the Senate reference was made to Mr. Seward's speech in Havana, in laudation of the Spanish government, and the belief was expressed that the United States would not co-operate in the recognition. The Agricultural Exposition of the South American Republics has been opened at Santiago.

Our Lima, Peru, letter is dated May 22. President Balta had issued his decree formally recognizing the Cubans as belligerents and ceding them the usual privileges. The Peruvian and Chilean ministers in Washington have been specially instructed to ask a withdrawal of the promise made by Peru to keep the Peruvian monitors out of a conflict with the Spaniards during their transit to Peru. Minister Hovey had sailed for the United States, on leave.

The New Dominion.

The Attorney General of Nova Scotia, during a speech in the Legislature yesterday, took strong grounds in favor of repeal of the union with the Dominion of Canada, which he declared had been forced upon Nova Scotia. He moved that a judicial opinion as to the legality of the union be obtained in the higher English courts, and stated that, if the freedom of the province could not be otherwise secured they must resort to extreme measures. Resolutions for the admission of Newfoundland into the Dominion of Canada passed through the Committee of the House of Commons in Ottawa on Tuesday night.

Patrick Buckley, imprisoned in Ottawa on suspicion of being one of the assassins of Thomas D'Arcy Magee, has become insane and been placed in a lunatic asylum.

Miscellaneous.

John F. Cook, the colored Register elect of Washington city, states in a card that he, for one, intends to make use of his recently acquired privilege and sit among the white people at the National theatre. Cook himself is an exclusive darkey, who would not heretofore associate with the "war niggers." It is now understood that he will probably be the next republican candidate for Mayor. In this connection it is well known in Washington that the most fashionable barbers and restaurateurs there are colored men, who will not permit one of their own race to be shaved in their shop or to eat in their restaurant.

Governor Geary, of Pennsylvania, who wants to be re-elected next fall, has had a difficulty with Alexander McClive and numerous federal office-holders, who are of the opinion that the State will go democratic if Geary runs. The Governor, in consequence, has called on General Grant to use his influence for Geary with his office-holders, and he has promised that he would look into the matter.

A large delegation of the Sons of Temperance waited upon the President yesterday, and were cordially received. Dr. Lee, an Englishman, ventured to express the profound desire of all England for peace with this country, and inflicted a reply to Mr. Sumner's speech upon the President, which the latter bore without moving a muscle of his face or uttering a word in reply.

The civilized Indian tribes propose now to have a congress of their own, to show the savage tribes the blessings of peace and industry.

Commissioner Delano has decided that pork packers are liable to taxation as manufacturers.

Secretary Boutwell has directed that no information or encouragement be extended to claim agents.

Colonel Manuel Freyor, the Peruvian Minister, was formally presented to President Grant yesterday.

In the National Typographical Union at Albany yesterday the expelled delegates were readmitted by courtesy. The women's petition for a charter for their Typographical Union was presented and referred to the appropriate committee.

The election in Washington Territory has resulted in the choice of Garfield (republican) as delegate to Congress by 500 majority.

The Japanese colonists, who arrived in California a short time ago, have purchased a tract of land in El Dorado county, and will at once enter upon the cultivation of tea and silk.

R. W. Flournero, a democratic representative in the Georgia Legislature, was murdered in his own field on Tuesday by a negro man in his employ.

The City.

The annual regatta of the New York Yacht Club takes place to-day. The course is from a flagboat abreast of the club house on Staten Island to the lightship and return. There are fifteen vessels entered.

Judge Blatchford, yesterday, gave the owner of the Quaker City leave to bond her in the amount of the appraiser's valuation.

The present jury system was commented upon severely by both Justice Fithian and Recorder Hackett in their respective courts yesterday. Justice Fithian said that after his jury was made up he has known the Commissioner of Jurors to excuse some members of it, and thus stop the whole business of the court. Recorder Hackett said the Board for the selection of jurors, consisting of the Mayor, the City Judge and himself, intended to publish a list of defaulting jurors in the Courts of Oyer and Terminer and General Sessions.

A woman giving her name as Margaret Barry was yesterday committed by Judge Dowling, at the Tombs, to answer a charge of kidnapping a child eleven months old, belonging to Mrs. Keive, a German widow lady, living at No. 729 Washington street. Another child was found with the prisoner when arrested, which is believed to have been also kidnapped.

There were 416 deaths, 279 births and 438 persons married in this city last week. There were 136 deaths in Brooklyn.

The North German Lloyd's steamship Weser, Captain G. Wenke, will leave her dock at Hoboken at two P. M. to-day for Southampton and Bremen. The mails will close at the Post Office at twelve M.

The steamship Morro Castle, Captain R. Adams, will leave pier No. 4 North river at three P. M. to-day precisely for Havana.

The stock market yesterday was excited and suffered another sharp decline. Four stock houses failed through being involved in the fall in Mariposa mining stock. Gold opened at 139¼ and declined to 138⅜.

Prominent Arrivals in the City.

E. D. Webster, of Elmira; Attorney General Brewster, of Pennsylvania; H. B. Plant, of Missouri; E. D. Morgan, of Aurora, N. Y.; R. S. Cook, of Albany; H. Kip, of Buffalo; Adjutant General Cunningham, of Massachusetts; Judge Cattell, of Binghamton; General N. B. McLaughlin, Colonel Gunther and Colonel Curtis, of the United States Army; Captain James Lawless, of Bristol; H. P. Bowne, of San Francisco; William Hyer, of Peru; ex-Governor James E. English, of Connecticut; George K. Watkyns and H. C. McIvann, of the United States Navy, are at the Astor House.

Count d'Aulan, of the French Legation, Washington; Congressman Samuel Hooper, of Massachusetts; ex-Congressman John V. L. Pruyn, of Albany, and Horace M. Peabody, of Galveston, Texas, are at the Brevoort House.

J. R. Osgood and E. P. Dutton, of Boston, and W. H. Davis, of Philadelphia, are at the Westminster Hotel.

Paymaster J. A. Cunningham, of the United States Navy, and T. H. Campbell, of Vermont, are at the Fifth Avenue Hotel.

J. W. Hazeltine, of Philadelphia, and F. Livingston, of California, are at the Hoffman House.

Colonel Charles S. Lester, of Saratoga Springs; Colonel J. F. Barrett, of Albany; Dr. E. Martin, of San Francisco; General John Mulford, of Richmond, Va.; Colonel S. D. Lawrence, of New London; L. F. Gaylord, of Cleveland, and Judge Ladin, of Saugerties, are at the Metropolitan Hotel.

Judge R. S. McCormick, of Pennsylvania; W. McKee, of Los Angeles, Cal., and J. S. Wilson, of Macedon, are at the St. Charles Hotel.

Colonel Stewart, of the United States Army, and John Forbes, of Halifax, N. S., are at the St. Julien Hotel.

Major General A. P. Hovey, United States Minister to Peru; General John Hough, of Panama; Zealock Pratt, of New Haven; E. P. Ross, of Auburn; E. B. Phillips, of Chicago; W. H. Bristol, of Owego, and Hiram Bliss, of Maine, are at the St. Nicholas Hotel.

Prominent Departures.

General R. C. Schenck, Rev. A. G. Campbell, and Miss Vinnie Ream, the sculptress, sailed in the steamship Java yesterday for Liverpool.

GENERAL GRANT GOING TO THE JUBILEE.—General Grant, with his family, the Secretary of War and others, left Washington last evening, *en route* for West Point, to attend the approaching examination at the Military Academy. Thence he will probably proceed direct to the Boston Peace Jubilee, which will be opened on Tuesday next, the 15th, and continue from day to day till Saturday evening. In the programme the hymn welcoming General Grant is arranged for Saturday; so it may be considered that by appointment he will then appear. After the Jubilee we expect that the General will make a tour, or at least a short excursion or two, to some of our summer watering places. Meantime the attention of the universe is supposed to be centred in "the Hub."

TELEGRAPHS CONTROL IN ENGLAND.—The British Post Office has completed arrangements for the purchase of the lines of telegraph in the United Kingdom, under provisions of the late act of Parliament. The measure promises to work satisfactorily. It will insure regularity of transmission and do away with personal interests and favoritism.

THE TWO SPRAGUES—The Rhode Island Sprague, who promises to bring about "the good time coming" by making money plentiful for everybody; and the Chicago Sprague, who has been mulcted in one hundred thousand dollars on a breach of promise. The Rhode Island Sprague is a millionnaire who goes for the diffusion of money with knowledge; the Chicago Sprague is a millionnaire who preferred his money to matrimony, and who prays after this fashion:—"o Lord hoo art in heaven bless our 2 harts and soles." It is possible that the Rhode Island Sprague has never heard of the Chicago Sprague, but one of his letters would be something to have in the list of the Washington *Globe*.

The Elections in France—The War Question.

Although we are not yet in full possession of the details of the elections just completed in France, our information is sufficient to enable us to forecast the actual result and to warrant some little speculation on the probable effect of that result on the future policy of the French government.

It is calculated that at least seven and a half millions of the French people have voted—a fair representation of the thirty-eight millions which constitute the population of the empire. Of these seven and a half millions four millions have voted for and three and a half millions have voted against the empire, or, which is the same thing, against Bonapartism. The opposition in Paris has worked with a will, and in spite of the presence in the midst of them of the terrible and unceasingly and universally active machinery of the government the opposition in the chief city of the empire has won a complete success. In each of the nine circumscriptions an anti-government candidate has carried the day. This, however, is not all. Among the opposition candidates the extreme men have in almost every instance been the popular favorites. Not one imperialist has been returned. M. Thiers is the only man, not a republican, who will represent Paris in the new Chamber; but of all the moderates M. Thiers is the most opposed to personal government. M. Ollivier is, perhaps, the only statesman in France whose cry is liberty under the empire; but he was defeated two to one, and compelled to seek a constituency elsewhere. The anti-Napoleonic spirit which now controls the Paris electors could scarcely have been more conspicuously revealed than it has been in the success of such men as Gambetta and Bancel, and in the large number of votes cast in favor of Henri Rochefort. M. Gambetta has no higher claim on the French people than that which rests on his famous speech for the accused in the Baudin conspiracy trial—a speech which, if he was then sincere, marks him out as a dangerous foe to the government. M. Bancel is a violent "red" of 1849, without any modern claims. M. Rochefort, as all the world knows, owes his popularity to the *Lanterne*, which he has carried over Europe, reflecting in caricature the worst aspects of Napoleonism. Revolution, not reform, seems to be the wish of Paris, and all this in spite of the countless and costly favors which Paris has received from the bounteous hand of the Emperor. It is a most unkind cut, but it has been given, and Napoleon has no choice but to endure it as best he can.

As it is with Paris so it seems to be with all the great cities. Lyons, Marseilles, Nantes and other cities have responded to the call made upon them with an enthusiasm which Paris has scarcely excelled. The opposition, in fact, on the part of the large centres of intelligence has been pronounced with an emphasis which has in it no dubiety and which ought not to be mistaken. Of the smaller towns, of course, we know comparatively little, but it is the general opinion that the elections even in these have swelled the ranks of the oppositionists. The departments are less under the influence of the strong popular impulse of the moment; but it is now notorious that in almost every department a heavy vote has been cast against the present system of government. According to several well skilled statisticians, the government has lost nearly one-fourth of the departments and well nigh one-half of the total electorate. One elector in every three has probably gone against the government.

Is it rash to conclude, with these facts before us, that the empire is a failure even in the hands of such a man as Napoleon? It is not, we think, rash to say, with the London *Spectator*, a journal which though keen is usually judicious, that "the brain of France, which, in spite of temporary fever, is still stronger than the body, has condemned the empire, condemned it furiously, condemned it with needless words of shrill insult." If this language is too strong it is surely safe to put it in this form, that, when after years of personal and rather benevolent and successful government, too, Napoleon gives the French people a chance of expressing their sentiments, they have not said "we are satisfied," but have said something totally different—"we want a change." To put it in another form still, no impartial reader can go over the words on which we base our opinions and say that in the event of the death of Napoleon his son would be sure of the succession. It is now, in fact, more apparent than ever that Napoleon rules France because he wields the mighty machinery of the army, and not because he is the favorite of the French people. The latest news which has reached us, although it shows a large government majority, does not alter this view of the situation. We have claimed ninety oppositionists. The last official returns admit seventy-seven.

The vital question now is, What will Napoleon do? He cannot allow this opposition feeling to go on increasing year by year in such tremendous proportions. Something must be done. What will it be? There are at least three things which the Emperor might do. There are three possible policies. He may regard this vote of the French people as a declaration of war, withdraw the liberties he has granted and rule as an unrestrained and irresponsible despot. He may grant further liberties, concede what some of his best friends have advised him to concede, ministerial responsibility, and sink into the position of a constitutional king. Or he may give an outward direction to French discontent and seek a foreign war. We have no idea that he will adopt the first course. To proclaim himself before the world the chief of France by the mere terror of the bayonet and the bullet is not quite to his taste. It is his desire to seem at least to be the elect of France. The second course is simply impossible. It would offend every Bonapartist throughout the empire. As Bonapartists now monopolize all the offices, civil, religious and military, from the highest to the lowest, and as ministerial responsibility would in one session make an end of Bonapartism we have no choice, but say that the individual interests of the Emperor as well as the welfare of his dynasty point to the third course as offering the best means of escape out of the difficulty. We shall, therefore, be disappointed if war rumors do not begin to fill the public ear more alarmingly than they have done during the whole course of the Emperor's reign. A war with Prussia would rally France around him and stifle all opposition. If by war he could restore the boundaries of 1814, and secure for France the flowery banks of the Rhine, his dynasty would be safe. From this point of view the result of these elections is alarming. It makes a European war almost a necessity.

Important from Cuba.

The intelligence from Cuba, which we publish in our columns to-day, both by telegraph and mail, is of the highest importance. It will be seen that a revolution has been consummated in Havana. General Dulce, on signing his forced resignation, declared it to be "the last of Spanish rule in Cuba," and it has filled the Spanish Minister at Washington with alarm. Still the Spanish volunteers hold on in their mad course, killing even their late idol, General Lesca, in Trinidad, and displacing other governors who are obnoxious to them. The natural sequence of all revolutionary proceedings is forcing itself upon their consideration in the important question, What next? Some desire to proclaim a separate nationality, with a friendly connection with Spain; others think Cuba should be divided, as St. Domingo is divided between Dominicans and Haytiens, leaving the central and eastern portion of the island as a free republic and holding the western for Spain; another party wish to proclaim Isabella, or at least the Prince of Asturias, and a fourth, comprising the conservative Spaniards, look hopefully to the coming of General Rodas.

This officer is now on his way from Spain, and will probably arrive before the close of the present month. The condition of things he will find in Cuba assimilates in some respect to what the Viceroy Venegas found in Mexico when the Spaniards there made a similar revolution against the Viceroy Iturrigaray, in 1808, and sent him back to Spain in something like the same manner that Dulce has been sent back from Cuba. The movement in Mexico secured the revolution there, as this in Cuba seems destined to do for the revolution in that island. But one immediate result can follow, and that is a great increase of the weakness of Spanish power in Cuba. Its resources will be dried up by the disorders of the mad volunteers on the one hand and the exodus of wealthy Cubans on the other. Our telegraphic accounts state that a second emigration had commenced in Havana, while our correspondence informs us that the volunteers affirm they hold the names of two thousand Cubans who are to be brought to account. We fear that a terrible massacre is impending in Havana, in which Americans and Cubans will be slaughtered without distinction. Should General Rodas on his arrival attempt to control this fierce and ignorant volunteer element he may make matters worse instead of better.

We have constantly endeavored to awaken the government to a sense of the true condition of the Cuban question and of the perils it involves to the individual interests of our citizens and our national interests at large. It would seem as though a darkness like that which cursed Egypt is spread before the eyes of the administration, and that they are wrapt in a sleep as deep as that of death. On their heads will rest the responsibility of coming events, which are already casting their bloody shadows before. The cold blood of our Secretary of State cannot appreciate the fires which are kindling in our own domain, and it is time for the President to awaken to the danger and see that our national and private interests are encompassed with safety. Our fleet must be largely increased, and that immediately, in Cuban waters. The true position and relations of the republican government must be recognized and their belligerent rights acknowledged. Admiral Hoff should be at once instructed to make known to the Spanish revolutionary leaders in Havana that the lives and properties of American citizens must be respected; and if we would establish our due influence in the new republic we must take some steps that will show our sense of the obligations of civilization and humanity towards the struggling Cubans. A blind belief in the fallacies and polite words of the Spanish Minister will not save Secretary Fish nor the administration of General Grant when the public mind shall be awakened by the progress of events of which they have been forewarned and against which they should be forearmed.

REPEAL IN THE DOMINION.—Nova Scotia is still discontented with the Canadian Consolidation Union. Attorney General Wilkins in his place in the Legislative Assembly, in Halifax, denies the power of England to tax the province, and, consequently, her right to hold its people to Canada. He proposes to test the question in legal form before one of the high courts of Great Britain, as the province must be "liberated" by mild measures if possible, or "extreme steps" if necessary. This is ominous of dissolution. Attorney General Wilkins wants repeal, self-government and home taxation, as he has already demonstrated in his correspondence with Major General Doyle, the General expunging the forcible arguments from the official publication. Mr. Wilkins rests on the very principle which freed the United States. It cannot fail, and never dies.

ARISTOCRACY "CAVING IN."—The Archbishop of Canterbury advises the House of Lords to pass the Irish Church bill, and twenty-five conservative peers refuse to pursue the policy of rejection of the measure. They are wise in their generation. The cry of "Down with the House of Lords" would be dangerous to the order.

A Question for Secretaries Fish and Boutwell.

The Spanish Consul in New York writes a very impertinent letter to Collector Grinnell, and states that "having received information which I consider reliable" that the steamer Tybee was to carry a cargo of arms and ammunition out of this port, he had communicated the same to the Spanish Minister at Washington, and, "pending the instructions which will no doubt be speedily received from Washington," he requests the Collector to "refuse her clearance unless proof is adduced that her destination is a lawful one." Inasmuch as arms and munitions of war are lawful objects of commerce in times of peace, and as we have no official information that Spain is at war with any Power excepting Peru and Chile, it strikes us that the interference of the Spanish agents here with our lawful trade is a most unjustifiable piece of impertinence. The letter contains a remarkable reflection upon either Secretary Fish or Secretary Boutwell in assuming that orders will come immediately from Washington to stop the departure of the ship. Has the Secretary of State given any assurances to the Spanish Minister that Spain will receive favors from the administration prejudicial to our lawful trade and unjust to the republican Powers now at war with Spain? Or is Secretary Boutwell disposed to throw the weight of his official position in favor of the monarchical side in the great contest now being inaugurated in America?

Negro Suffrage in Washington.

There are two or three facts connected with the municipal elections of Washington on Monday last which challenge some attention. First, the total vote cast, about eleven thousand, was several thousands less than the vote registered. Secondly, the registered negroes were by several thousands less in number than at the last previous registration. Thirdly, at the last preceding election the vote between the republicans and conservatives was very close. Fourthly, at this election of Monday last the republicans carried the city by about five thousand majority, and much to their own astonishment. From these facts it follows that the conservative vote, to the extent of several thousands, was not brought out in this election; and here we meet the question, why not? The answer has been furnished in the negro riots and ruffianism which prevailed on election day. It does not appear that the wrath of the radical blacks extended to any white voter directly; but by their savage pursuit of an obnoxious democratic nigger, of some prominence among his people, considerable numbers of conservative whites were doubtless frightened away from the polls. Many others, no doubt, remained at home in disgust at the growing beauties of negro suffrage in Washington.

The result is that the municipal government of the national capital is in the hands of the negro population of the city—say two-fifths of the estimated total population of one hundred and fifty thousand. In other words, sixty thousand blacks in Washington, with a small detachment of radical white voters, under the management of a corporal's guard of radical white politicians, give the law to the ninety thousand whites of the city. The political excitement consequent upon the riots is becoming intensified, the radical negroes demanding a perfect equality with the whites in matters of municipal office and outdoor everyday society. In politics they will move to elect a colored mayor, and have already named Register Cook as their candidate. The Register is described as an "advanced darky" in our Washington telegram to-day, and a man possessing both tact and fortune. He despises the Virginia "contrabands," rating them as unfit for decent negro society. Major Richards, Superintendent of Police, is spoken of as the white candidate; but it is thought he will have little chance of election, in consequence of his action for the suppression of the riot. Equality or a war of races will most likely ensue. The negro will not give way. He demands full acknowledgment in the theatres, restaurants and barber shops; yet, strange to say, the fashionable barbers of the city will not operate on a "darky" or poor "colored person." Any negro is, it appears, good enough to associate with white men; but "one negro is not as good as another" even yet. What is the character of this black element of Washington? From all accounts it is made up of the worst materials of the Southern emancipadoes. Just before the war (1860), in a total population of sixty-one thousand, the blacks of Washington numbered eleven thousand to fifty thousand whites, or in round numbers, they were one-sixth of the population. Thus, it appears that since 1860 they have increased at the rate of nearly six hundred per cent in nine years, while the whites show an increase of less than one hundred per cent.

The war will account for the difference. With the beginning of the war the negro slaves from Maryland and Virginia began to drift into Washington. As the war progressed a wider area of territory was drained by these fugitives drifting into Washington. With Joe Johnston's evacuation of Manassas and retreat to Richmond in 1862, the towns, farms and plantations of Eastern Virginia down to the Richmond peninsula were nearly stripped of their negro slaves. Some were carried off by their masters southward for safety; some sought their freedom within the lines of the Union army; but from the small encouragement given these fugitives by General McClellan the main body of them drifted into Washington. The abolition of slavery in the District of Columbia still further increased these accessions of blacks in the District, and the necessities for labor in the Washington depots of army supplies and in the fortifications around the city, and all the manifold little jobs and chances to pick up something incident to the headquarters of a vast active army system, in the movements of men and supplies, by land and water, furnished these negroes resources of subsistence.

When the war ended and these bountiful resources were cut off, starvation began to appear among the Washington blacks. The supply of them was greater than the demand. The government had to furnish the destitute temporarily with provisions and clothing. Next, as slavery had been everywhere abolished in the Union, the runaways from Virginia, Maryland and elsewhere began to return to their old places, and so the law of necessity has since been operating to reduce the negroes of Washington. But they are a gregarious race, and they like the shows and excitements and license and chances of idleness of towns and cities, even to the verge of famine. Hence the heavy black population still remaining in Washington. Being, too, an *omnium gatherum* chiefly of ex-slaves from the corn and tobacco fields of Virginia and Maryland, and mostly unable yet to appreciate emancipation, except as a passport for idleness and vagabondizing, and mostly regarding the right of suffrage as the right road to subsistence without labor, it is not difficult to reach an explanation of the late developments of negro suffrage in Washington. The moral suggested is that a few more such manifestations of negro suffrage will be apt to inaugurate that conflict of races which, when fairly begun in this country, will only cease with the disappearance of the African. Nor will the reckless political carpet-baggers leading him in this direction escape the consequences of their folly. With Andy Johnson in the White House these riotous proceedings of the Washington blacks would perhaps have resulted in terrible scenes of bloodshed. The strong hand of General Grant within call maintained comparative order; but still a few more such examples of negro electioneering may bring negro suffrage to a pass beyond the reach even of General Grant.

POLICE JUSTICES have come into more than usual prominence recently through the prevalence of the various minor offences against good order of which they have cognizance, and the public verdict has been that, with the single exception of Justice Dowling, their places might be much better filled. No part of the city government is so much a reproach to us as this and so much neglected by the people, and there is no point at which the rowdyism and violence that are such evils get so much the encouragement of impunity. We hope that citizens will watch closely the action of party men in the nominations for these places.

Recognition of Cuba by Chile.

It will be seen by our correspondence published elsewhere to-day that Chile has followed Peru in recognizing the Cuban republic as a belligerent Power, and the two republics have united in instructing their Ministers at Washington to ask our government to withdraw the conditions stipulated in the sale contract for the two Peruvian monitors now in the West Indies. This request places the government at Washington in a very peculiar position. It must either withdraw these conditions or it must detain the thirty Spanish gunboats now building here for the Spanish government. There is reason to suppose that the war between Spain and the Peruvian and Chilean republics will soon blaze out afresh, with a Cuba complication in the waters of the Atlantic, and serious complications may follow. We can pursue but one safe and honorable course in these questions, and that is to extend to Cuba our recognition of her rights as a belligerent Power and put both parties on an equal footing in our ports. In that way Peru will obtain her monitors, Spain her gunboats, Cuba the arms she clamors for, and all parties can proceed to settle their little unpleasantness after their own fashion. But for Mr. Fish to insist on imposing conditions upon the republican efforts while monarchical Spain is allowed to buy war material and ship it by every weekly steamer to Havana, and finally to construct thirty gunboats in our shipyards unmolested, won't do at all. Republics have rights as well as monarchies, and we expect our very respectable Secretary of State to admit that fact at once.

An Extraordinary Breach of Promise Case—Damages One Hundred Thousand Dollars.

Chicago has at last had a real sensation, a magnificent sensation, a hundred thousand dollar sensation, a marble block sensation, a sensation hinging upon incidents which might be woven into a comedy that would throw "London Assurance" and the splendid roué-ism of Sir Harcourt Courtley completely in the shade. Here is the plot:—Miss Amanda J. Craig is the heroine and plaintiff; E. C. Sprague is the wicked man and defendant. Amanda is a poor but respectable school marm, a native of Cincinnati, of the ripe age of thirty-five, well developed and comely to look upon. Sprague is a Chicago millionnaire, and owner of what is commercially known as "Sprague's block"—a marble institution of the city of divorce and breach of promise cases. The curtain rises upon a law court in a suburb of Chicago. Present—judges, lawyers, sheriffs, witnesses, constables and a promiscuous multitude of curious people. "Craig versus Sprague." Damages, one hundred thousand dollars. Miss Amanda puts in her testimony. She was wooed and won by the defendant, who, after capturing the citadel of her affections, cruelly proceeded to dismantle and demolish its ramparts. She required a hundred thousand dollar monitor to avenge her wrongs, and fortified her position by introducing testimony showing that she was in every way a maiden whose character was as pure as the driven snow, and, like Cæsar's wife, above suspicion. The defendant takes the stand. And it should here be observed that in this piece he appears in two distinct characters, to wit:—In the character of suitor he is a gay and festive youth, of forty-five or so, you know, attired in the height of fashion; hair and whiskers carefully tricopherosed, teeth of matchless whiteness, eyes of piercing blackness, and in form a perfect, but alas! perhaps, a padded Adonis. In this bewitching make-up he very naturally wins his way into the artless heart of the innocent Amanda. But, shame on inhuman inconstancy! he finally casts her off for another—which incident will do very well for the underplot—and poor and injured Amanda raveth and teareth her lovely locks, and biteth her sweet lips until the blood oozes like nectar pressed from well ripened grapes. Defeated and scandalized in the Court of Cupid, she appeals for justice in a law court in an Illinois village. And now comes in the defendant in his second make-up. Not liking the idea of disgorging one-tenth of his fortune for his freak of super-juvenile fancy in making a pretty girl love him, he consults his lawyer, who advises him to grub out his front hair, plug out his eyes, banish his false teeth (the idea of a lawyer ever recommending the gum game!) to attire himself in Chatham street old clo', sow pimples and raise pups on his nose, and give himself up generally to a course of malignant erysipelas, or, in his own facetious orthography, "arisplace." He also manufactured a few "side issues" which will do very well for by-play for supes when the piece is produced on the stage. In this transmogrified form he hoped to impress the jury that poor Amanda was a temptress, a man-catcher, a millionnaire gutta-percher, a Potiphar's wife without the pot of gold. But—ha! ha!—a likeness of his former self, when he was a rich and ardent suer and his sweetheart only an honest sewer, when he

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was dressed in fine clothes and clean linen and had diamond rings on his fingers and giggling belles on his elbows, when he fervently prayed for "geasus" to protect his beloved Amanda—such a likeness was produced and exhibited to the jury. The effect was both visible and risible. But neither sham nor shame could check the stream of artifice which the defendant had set flowing, but the sluicegates of unparalled calumny were then opened to crush and overwhelm the frail fabric of a woman's reputation for chastity in an Illinois law court. The respondent charged the plaintiff with having confessed to the fact of her own dishonor, and that a Restellian operation had been performed upon her by some Cincinnati physician. The physician was called upon the stand, but his quivering heart would not permit his livid lips to utter the living lie. He equivocated, stammered, stuttered, and, finally, he was sent to prison for contempt of court. He may be released from jail, but he will bear with him forever the contempt of mankind for his dastardly attempt to blast the reputation of a woman who has been pronounced honest by the verdict of the jury, in according the full amount of damages claimed. The plaintiff, it is said, intends to appeal the case to a higher court. He had better appeal to the Court of Heaven for forgiveness for the sins he has committed in this foul and scandalous business, and learn, when he applies for mercy, not to spell the name of the Saviour of mankind with a little "g."

THE TRUE CAUSE OF THE REBELLION.—We publish to-day a letter from Hon. Alexander H. Stephens upon the present political situation. He takes a gloomy view of everything, and thinks we, as a nation, are fast running into imperialism. It is natural for one in Mr. Stephens' position to take a sombre view of passing events, and there is really nothing remarkable in the letter before us; but as an index of the bent of popular thought in the South this effusion will command no little interest.

THE LOOPHOLES OF THE LAW.—The London *Times* concludes its discussion of the Alabama question in the light of Laird's letter with an admission that the English "law left a great deal unprovided for." As that is the very foundation of our claim it would seem that John Bull is getting his senses. Now who is responsible for the damages to us that came about through the defects of English law? Any farmer can answer this who has had to pay damages for injury done by his cattle through the insufficiency of his fences.

BALLOT AND BAYONET.—For a long while certain of the opponents of woman suffrage have relied, as upon a right bower, upon the query about the women in war—if they voted would they fight? The women have been puzzled by it. Anna Dickinson, who seems pugnacious, has boldly answered "Yes," and others have doubted. Mrs. Stanton has finally found the grand solution and gives it with an answer that comes down smash like Columbus' egg. She says that when women vote there will be no more war. We hope the peace societies will take note of this.

SPRAGUE, of Chicago, is a sort of critical visitation sent to us to show us in how many and what miraculous ways certain English words may be spelled. He would pass for a pretty good jokist of the orthographical school, and some of his efforts are without parallel. He spells the word wild thus—"yld." This sublime reliance on the sound of the first letter would have broken the heart of Artemus.

AMERICAN JOCKEY CLUB.

Third Day of the Regular Meeting.

Like all the preceding days of this meeting the programme for to-day is full of good things, and cannot fail to attract a fashionable attendance. The Hopeful Stakes for three year olds, five furlongs, is the first in order, with twenty-four entries; then comes The Ladies' Stakes, which is exclusively for three year old fillies—a similar race to that of the English Oaks. Afterwards there will be a two mile heat race, called the Metropolitan Stakes, which has five entries, four of which will no doubt start. This will be an interesting race, as it is one that is calculated to test the powers of the horses engaged. The fourth race is a selling race, with the usual allowances, a dash of a mile and a quarter. These four races will make an interesting afternoon's amusement, and the results will no doubt be highly satisfactory to the numerous assemblage that will be present. The first race will be started promptly at three o'clock, and the others following in quick succession.

Pool Selling.

Mr. T. B. Johnson sold pools in the races at Riley's, corner Twenty-eighth street and Broadway. The attendance was large, but the buyers seemed only inclined to invest upon the race, which was the Metropolitan stakes, to be run in two mile heats. The following pools were sold upon this event:—

Pleasureville	$300	140	265	300	190	180	110	160
Sleety	85	40	100	95	70	60	85	50
Vauxhall	100	45	85	105	65	60	40	50
Viola	80	26	45	56	41	42	18	30
Totals	$565	251	495	656	366	332	203	280

On the fourth race, which is the Selling Race, only one pool was sold and that a small one. The gentlemen present did not seem inclined to touch this event. The following is the pool sold:—

Boaster	$10	Kitten	$16
Canale Bairns	10	Oysterman	4
Urbana	13		
Total			$53

THE RIVERSIDE PARK RACES.

BOSTON, June 9, 1869.

The races at Riverside Park to-day were well attended and closely contested. The first race, for a purse of $4,000—$2,000 to first, $1,000 to second, $600 to third, $400 to fourth—for all horses that never beat 2:30 in harness. The race was won by John Turner's (of Philadelphia) bay mare Fannie Allen, winning the first, third and fourth heats; F. G. Nodine's (of New York) bay mare Belle of Brooklyn, second; William Borst's (of New York) brown gelding Old Put, third, and H. Woodruff's (of Brighton, Mass.) bay mare Empress, fourth. Nine started. Time—2:24½, 2:34, 2:32¼, 2:31½.

The second race—for a purse of $500—$350 to first, $100 to second and $50 to third—mile heats, three in five, in harness, for horses that never beat three minutes, was won by Doble's Hot, Roden's Jem Libby second, Hayes' Lady Wilkes third. Five started. Time—2:40, 2:37, 2:30, 2:39¼, 2:41¼.

Mr. Cutler's Orphan Boy, a very promising Ethan Allen colt, fell dead on the track from heart disease, after having trotted half a mile in 1:17. He had been drawn from the three minute race because he was too spirited to drive in company.

THE WRECKED STEAMER MISSISSIPPI.

Total Loss of the Steamer and Three-Fourths of Her Cargo—Disposition of Her Passengers and Crew.

ST. THOMAS, May 31, 1869.

The steamship Mississippi, the running ashore of which you have been informed by telegraph, lies ashore between Francois and Vauclain, on the east side of Martinique, with ten feet of water at her bows and fifteen at her stern. Out of 15,000 bags of coffee she had on board only 4,000 have been saved, together with some rubber. The steamer and the balance of the cargo are a total loss. All of the passengers and crew are here. Some of them will go to New York by way of Havana, others via Halifax. Captain Slocum and Dr. Spore are both still with the ship. It is not known whether the coffee saved will be sold in Martinique or reshipped to the United States.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD

Revolutionary Acts of the Volunteers in Cuba.

GENERAL LESCA KILLED.

The Insurgents Preparing to Take the Offensive.

THE FRENCH ELECTIONS.

Extraordinary Emigration from Liverpool.

The Regency in the Spanish Cortes.

The Incipient Rebellion in Nova Scotia.

CUBA.

Exodus of Cubans—More Revolutionary Movements by the Volunteers—General Lesca Killed at Trinidad—Nuevitas Railroad Again Cut—Slavers to Arrive.

HAVANA, June 7, via KEY WEST, June 9, 1869.

The exodus of Cubans from this portion of the island has again commenced.

The Committee of the Volunteers met yesterday, but adjourned without taking any definite line of action.

It is reported that Señor Roberts, the Spanish Minister at Washington, has telegraphed to them warning them of the precarious and revolutionary position they hold.

In Trinidad the volunteers attempted to depose the Governor, who resisted their demands, and the result was that General Lesca was killed.

The newly arrived volunteers from the Basque provinces have been sent to reinforce Villa Clara.

Advices from Nuevitas state that the railroads between that place and Puerto Principe have been again cut by the insurgents, and that communication with the latter place is interrupted.

The government has been informed of two slavers that are expected to arrive.

Junction of General Jordan with General Quesada—Skirmishes Near Trinidad—Quiet in Havana—The Sugar Market.

HAVANA, June 9, 1869.

The fact is now established beyond a doubt that the filibusters who landed in the Bay of Nipe have effected a junction with the forces of Quesada.

The troops have had several skirmishes with the insurgents recently, near Trinidad.

The city of Havana is quiet.

The steamer Eagle, from New York, arrived this morning.

The sugar market is heavy; sales were made to-day on the basis of 8⅜ a 8⅞ reals per arrobe for No. 12 Dutch Standard.

Active Offensive Measures of the Patriots—Spanish Canards.

WASHINGTON, June 9, 1869.

Information from reliable sources in Havana has been received, which shows that the Cubans are making an active offensive movement, and were never in better spirits or more sanguine of success.

Telegrams from Havana deny the report that any number of Cubans or any officer of the Cuban forces had surrendered to Valmaseda. There was great excitement in Cuban circles on Sunday night, occasioned by the reports of the surrender of Cespedes, which originated in the telegram sent over by the Spanish officials of Cuba; but subsequent despatches received from Cuban sources proved the report entirely unfounded.

THE NEW DOMINION.

Newfoundland Annexed to the Dominion—Fire at Hamilton.

OTTAWA, June 9, 1869.

The resolutions for the admission of Newfoundland into the Union passed through the Committee of the House of Commons last night.

The Detroit River Bridge or Tunnel bill was rejected, on representation by the Great Western Railway Company that it would undertake the construction of the work within twelve months.

The hardware store of E. & G. Magill, at Hamilton, was destroyed by fire last night, and three adjoining stores were gutted by the flames. The loss is $75,000.

Patrick Buckley, so long confined in jail on suspicion of being an accomplice in the murder of Hon. D'Arcy McGee, has become insane and been placed in the lunatic asylum.

Debate on the Repeal Resolutions in the Nova Scotia Legislature—Extreme Measures Threatened.

HALIFAX, June 9, 1869.

In the House of Assembly to-day the Attorney General alluded to the subject of the repeal of the Union act, and said the British Legislature has not power to tax Nova Scotia, and, therefore, has not power to alter her constitution. The province must be liberated from the Union. Mild measures had already been taken for the attainment of the object, and now they were about to try stronger measures. He moved that the Attorney General of Nova Scotia be authorized to obtain, in the higher English courts of law, a judicial opinion as to her forced union with Canada; and stated that if after all the freedom of the province could not be secured they would have recourse to extreme steps. He did not, however, intimate what the steps would be. The debate attracted but little interest, only about a dozen persons being in the gallery. The debate will be resumed to-morrow.

John Tobin, an ex-member of the Legislature for this city, committed suicide by shooting himself with a pistol this morning.

CALIFORNIA.

Reception of Senator Casserly at San Francisco—Location of the Japanese Colony.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 8, 1869.

Hon. Eugene Casserly, United States Senator from California, who left New York on the 29th ult., reached this city last night, having made the trip in ten days. On the arrival of the boat from Sacramento the Senator was received by a procession of the San Francisco democratic clubs, who escorted him to his hotel, where he made a short speech.

The colony of Japanese which arrived here a short time ago have purchased a tract of land in El Dorado county, and express themselves well pleased with the location for the purposes contemplated—the cultivation of tea and silk.

Three days' sales of tide lands within the city limits realized $300,000.

The Savage Silver Mining Company has declared a dividend of $3 per share, payable on the 11th inst. The Alpha Mining Company has levied an assessment of $5 per share, delinquent on the 5th of July.

Flour is steady at $4 50 a $5 50. Wheat, $1 40 a $1 65. Legal tenders, 73¼c.

PENNSYLVANIA.

Fires in Altoona—Arrest of Incendiaries.

ALTOONA, June 9, 1869.

Numerous incendiary fires have occurred here during the past year—the last being the lumber yard of D. & C. Moore, on Saturday morning last. Developments made by the detective agency show that the incendiaries were young men connected with fire companies. Several arrests have been made. Thomas A. Beale, better known here as Farmer Beale, and Charles Pressell were last evening brought before the Mayor on two distinct charges. Both acknowledged their guilt and were committed to jail.

ENGLAND.

The Prelates of England on the Irish Church Bill—Important Telegraphic Arrangements.

LONDON, June 9, 1869.

The Archbishop of Canterbury has counselled the bishops in the House of Lords not to oppose the Irish Church bill.

A banquet was given to-night to the deputations from Ireland now in this city bearing petitions against the Irish Church bill. Many tory peers and clergymen of the Established Church were present.

It is said that twenty-five conservative peers will decline to follow the policy of rejection announced by the majority at their meeting last Saturday, and the defection of others is probable.

The Post Office Department has completed the arrangements for the purchase of the lines of telegraph in the United Kingdom, in accordance with the bill passed by Parliament last year.

Extraordinary Emigration from Liverpool.

LIVERPOOL, June 9, 1869.

Emigration to America is setting in very strongly this season. No less than eight thousand people left this port last week in the different steamers and sailing vessels for New York, Boston, Baltimore, &c.

Second Day of the Ascot Races—See Saw and Frivolity the Winners.

LONDON, June 9, 1869.

The second day's Ascot races took place with another large attendance of the nobility, gentry and of the masses. The first race was for the Royal Hunt Cup, valued at 200 sovereigns, added to a handicap of 10 sovereigns each, for all ages, two year olds excepted, one mile, and was won by Lord Wilton's See Saw, beating Mr. John Day's Cock of the Walk by a neck and S. C. Legard's Border Knight two lengths behind. Twenty-two started. The betting before the race was 3 to 1 each against See Saw and Cock of the Walk and 6 to 1 against Border Knight.

Br. c. See Saw, by Buccaneer out of Margery, dam ... 1
Blk. c. Cock of the Walk, by Chanticleer, out of Whimsical, 4 years ... 2
Ch. c. Border Knight, by Adventurer, out of Miriam, 3 years ... 3

In the second race Frivolity was the winner. The following is the summary:—

Frivolity ... 1
Br. f. Perfume, by Buccaneer, out of Frangipanni, 2 years ... 2
Ch. f. Atlantic, by Thormanby, out of Hurricane, 2 years ... 3

The third race, the Eleventh Ascot Biennial Stakes, of 10 sovereigns each, with 100 added; three year old colts to carry 122 lbs., fillies to carry 118 lbs.; owner of second horse to receive 25 sovereigns out of the stakes, one mile, sixty-one subscribers, was won by Mr. Bevill's Alpenstock, beating Mr. Savile's Ryshworth and Captain Machell's Martyrdom, with three others. The betting was 7 to 1 against Alpenstock, 4 to 1 against Ryshworth and 2 to 1 against Martyrdom.

Ch. c. Alpenstock, by Rataplan, out of Mountain Flower ... 1
B. c. Ryshworth, by Skirmisher, out of Vertumna ... 2
Ch. c. Martyrdom, by St. Albans, out of Eulogy ... 3

The fourth race, the Ascot Derby Stakes of fifty sovereigns each, half forfeit, with 200 added, for three year olds, colts to carry 122 lbs., fillies 118 lbs.; the second horse to save his stake, one mile and a half, twenty-two subscribers, was won by Sir J. Hawley's Pero Gomez, beating Count F. de la Grange's Consul and Mr. Johnstone's Good Hope, with one other. The betting was 2 to 1 against Gomez, 5 to 1 against Consul and 7 to 1 against Good Hope.

Br. c. Pero Gomez, by Beadsman, out of Salamanca ... 1
Ch. c. Consul, by Monarche, out of Lady Lift ... 2
Blk. c. Good Hope, by Cape Flyaway, out of Maid of Kent ... 3

The Coronation Stakes, of 100 sovereigns each, for three year old fillies, carrying 122 pounds, was won by Sir R. Bulkeley's Martinique, beating Cracovienne, second, and Clipper, third. Five started. The betting was 2 to 1 against the winner and 3 to 1 against each of the others.

IRELAND.

More Fenian Arrests.

LONDON, June 9, 1869.

Despatches from Cork, received to-day, mention that one Johnson, a printer, was arrested in that city last evening on the charge of being connected with the Fenian organization. His particular offence consisted in circulating documents of a treasonable character among the soldiers of the British army.

FRANCE.

Latest Account of the Elections.

PARIS, June 9, 1869.

The following is published as the official returns of the recent elections by ballot:—

Government candidates ... 30
Opposition ... 28
Unknown ... 1

The general result throughout the country is now, therefore, pretty accurately known. The next Corps Législatif will be composed as follows:—

Government ... 213
Independent ... 42
Radical ... 35
Total ... 290

There were quite serious riots at Nantes and Bordeaux yesterday, but they were soon suppressed without bloodshed.

The Prussian Press on the French Elections.

PARIS, June 9, 1869.

The Marquis de la Valette, Minister of Foreign Affairs, at his official reception to-day, thanked the Prussian Chargé d'Affaires for the favorable tone of the Berlin journals in regard to the elections in France.

Imperial Decree Convening the Corps Législatif.

PARIS, June 9—Evening.

The Emperor has issued a decree convening the Corps Législatif on the 28th inst.

The Election Riots in Nantes and Paris.

LONDON, June 9—Midnight.

The election riots at Nantes were more serious than the first despatches from Paris to-day represented. The troops were called out and were obliged to use the bayonet in dispersing the mob. Many of the rioters were wounded and a large number arrested. At last advices order had been restored and the city was quiet.

A telegram from Paris to-night states that large and tumultuous crowds assembled again in the Montmartre district to-day, and that troops were called out to suppress the disturbance.

SPAIN.

Regency Debates in the Cortes—The Election of a King Impossible.

MADRID, June 9, 1869.

The project for a regency was debated at great length in the Cortes yesterday, and at last referred to an appropriate committee. During the discussion Olazaga, in reply to a question, stated that the election of a king at the present time was impossible.

Departure of the New Captain General of Cuba Announced—Internal Dissension.

MADRID, June 9, 1869.

General Caballero de Rodas will sail for Havana to-morrow on the steamer San Antonio. He will stop at Porto Rico on his way to Cuba.

The want of harmony in the present Ministry is becoming more and more apparent, and a change is expected.

AUSTRIA.

The Case of Bishop Linz—Interference of Cardinal Rauscher.

VIENNA, June 9, 1869.

Cardinal Rauscher, the Archbishop of Vienna, has intervened to protect Bishop Linz from the secular power, but the Ministry assert that they are unable to interfere with the course of justice. In consequence of the affair a coldness is manifesting itself in the relations between the Cardinal and the imperial government.

GALICIA.

Order Relating to the Use of the Polish Language.

LEMBERG, June 9, 1869.

A ministerial order has been promulgated here authorizing the use of the Polish language in the administration of the internal service of Galicia.

TURKEY AND PERSIA.

Conclusion of a Boundary Treaty.

VIENNA, June 9, 1869.

It is reported that a treaty has been concluded by the commission appointed by the Turkish and Persian governments to arrange the boundary between the two countries.

CABOOL.

Quiet Being Restored in the Country.

BOMBAY, June 8, via LONDON, June 9, 1869.

Advices from Cabool report that Azim and Rahman have given up all hope of overthrowing Sheere Aali and have gone to Teheran. Sheere Aali had introduced many reforms in his government. He had remodelled his army, established a police force and forbidden citizens from carrying arms.

AUSTRALIA.

Expulsion of Members from the Victoria Parliament.

LONDON, June 9, 1869.

Advices from Melbourne report that several members had been expelled from the Parliament of Victoria for bribery, and proceedings against others were pending.

THE PACIFIC COAST.

Sailing of the Panama Steamer—The Election in Washington Territory—Affairs in Arizona—Movements of General Halleck.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 9, 1869.

The steamer Montana sailed to-day for Panama with $500,000 in treasure, of which $235,000 is for England, $130,000 for Guatemala, $50,000 for New New York, $39,000 for France, $23,000 for Panama and $12,000 for Punta Arenas.

Returns from eight counties in Washington Territory give Garfield, republican, delegate to Congress, 429 majority, indicating his election by 500 majority.

Arizona advices to May 22 have been received. It was rumored that Berry, Dobson and party, who started for the Eastern States, via New Mexico, had been murdered by the Indians. The Indians were numerous in the vicinity of Prescott and continued their depredations. An expedition under Colonel Greene attacked a party of Indians near Tucson, and killed thirty and wounded eight.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 9, 1869.

General Halleck was last night the recipient of a handsome gold badge from the veterans of the Mexican war. General Halleck and staff started to-day overland for Louisville, Ky., his future headquarters as Commander of the Division of the South.

MISSISSIPPI.

The Murder of Colonel Crane—Resolutions of the Jackson Board of Aldermen.

JACKSON, June 9, 1869.

The body of Colonel Crane left for Dayton, Ohio, this morning.

The Board of Aldermen of this city passed resolutions condemning his murder and sympathizing with the family of the victim, and conclude as follows:—"We but reflect the prevailing sentiment of all classes in deprecating the crime."

ALABAMA.

Nominations for Congress—Split Among the Republicans of the Third District.

MONTGOMERY, June 9, 1869.

The Democratic Convention at Troy yesterday nominated A. N. Worthy, of Pike county, for Congress in the Second district. His disabilities have been removed by act of Congress. The republicans met in this city yesterday and nominated C. W. Buckley as their candidate.

The Republican Convention to nominate for the Third district met at Opelika yesterday. There is a wide split in the Convention. A special despatch to the *Advertiser* says that up to four o'clock this afternoon no organization had been effected and that a break up was imminent. The fight is against Norris, the late incumbent.

CONNECTICUT.

Reception by Governor Jewell to the Legislature—Great Number of Visitors Present.

HARTFORD, June 9, 1869.

Governor Jewell gave a reception this evening to the members of the Legislature, State officers and other invited guests from all parts of the State, and a few from neighboring States, at his residence on Farmington avenue. More than a thousand visitors called during the evening to pay their respects.

The arguments before the Legislative Committee on the Parallel Railroad bill were closed to-day by Mr. Bishop, President of the New Haven road, for the remonstrances and Senator O. S. Ferry in favor of the petition for the parallel road.

MASSACHUSETTS.

The American Institute of Homœopathy—The Prohibitory Liquor Law—Fatal Affray.

BOSTON, June 9, 1869.

The American Institute of Homœopathy resumed its session to-day. Dr. Helmuth, of St. Louis, read a paper on the extirpation of the lower jaw, defending his statement against Dr. Franklin's criticism. Drs. Wesselhoeft, of Boston, and Hale, of Chicago, also read papers on scientific subjects. Reports were presented on nomenclature, dispensatories, obstetrics, &c. The committee on credentials reported fifteen State societies, forty-five local or county societies, eighteen hospitals, twenty-four dispensaries, eight colleges and twelve medical journals, represented by 122 delegates. This afternoon the members of the Institute had a harbor excursion, and in the evening enjoyed a social levee and collation in Music Hall as the guests of the city.

The Prohibitory Liquor bill, excepting the cider clause, passed the House to-day, 152 to 67.

The Metropolitan Police bill has been killed in the Senate by a vote of 27 to 4.

The newly organized Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals commenced operations by arresting city car drivers for overloading their cars, one driver arrested having seventy people in a car built to accommodate twenty.

Patrick and James Cheever, brothers, some days ago forcibly ejected John Good from their liquor saloon in Roxbury, and Good subsequently died in the hospital from alleged injuries then received. The Cheevers are under arrest for manslaughter.

NEW HAMPSHIRE.

The Atlantic and St. Lawrence Railroad.

CONCORD, June 9, 1869.

The Governor to-day transmitted to the Legislature the report of the Railroad Commissioners relative to the Atlantic and St. Lawrence Railroad, which shows that about one-third of the road in New Hampshire is in bad condition—the ties dilapidated and the rails worn out. Mr. Ray, of Lancaster, a member of the House, said the road was in a shameful condition and utterly unreliable as a means of transportation; that freight trains got off the track thirteen times in eight miles; the Grand Trunk Railroad of Canada had a lease of it for 999 years, and there was too much red tape in its arrangement. Passenger trains run only twelve to fifteen miles per hour; the trains were so slow that stages had to wait for them. Mr. Bridges had promised to put the road in condition, which he trusted would be done. Colonel Kent, of Lancaster, said this was the only railroad in Coos county, and its condition was of the greatest interest to his people. While it was run by an American company it was in good condition, but from that time it was worse than any railroad in New Hampshire. People were entirely uncertain at what time to expect freight or mails. The road was entirely worn out, and it was imperative that the Governor and Council should order the Railroad Commissioner to see that it was put in proper condition.

EUROPEAN MARKETS.

LONDON MONEY MARKET.—LONDON, June 9—4:30 P. M.—Consols closed at 92⅝ for money and 92⅞ for account. United States five-twenty bonds, 80⅞. Erie Railway shares, 18⅞. Illinois Central, 94½. Atlantic and Great Western, 25.

FRANKFORT BOURSE.—FRANKFORT, June 9.—United States five-twenty bonds are firmer, but not quotably higher.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.—LIVERPOOL, June 9—4:30 P. M.—The market closed quiet. Middling uplands, 11¾d.; middling Orleans, 12d. The sales of the day have footed up 10,000 bales. The shipments of cotton from Bombay to the 4th inst. since the last report (according to Reuter's telegram) have been 80,000 bales.

LIVERPOOL BREADSTUFFS MARKET.—LIVERPOOL, June 9.—Corn, 27s. 9d. per quarter for new mixed Western.

LIVERPOOL PROVISIONS MARKET.—LIVERPOOL, June 9.—Cheese, 79s. per cwt. for the best grades of American fine. Lard, 71s. per cwt.

LONDON PRODUCE MARKET.—LONDON, June 9.—Sugar is easier at 28s. 9d. a 29s. per cwt. for No. 12 Dutch standard, afloat. Turpentine, 28s. 9d. per cwt.

PETROLEUM MARKET.—ANTWERP, June 9.—Petroleum, 48f. for standard white.

The New Hampshire Legislature yesterday reelected Peter Sanborn State Treasurer, J. D. Lawrence Secretary of State, J. B. Clark State Printer and John Clark Commissary General.

YACHTING.

Annual Regatta of the New York Yacht Club—The Prospects, Entries, Course of the Yachts, Signals and List of the Excursion Boats.

Blow, ye winds, blow strong—blow, ye breezes, blow. Let the shrouds sing like harpsprings and the yachts skim the breakers as a flock of gulls. Dash back the saucy brine and scud along like so many phantoms. Let the swelling roar on the windward bow send a thrill through the gallant seamen, whispering with melodious voice, "Keep closer to the wind, boys." This is the day for skill, science, tact, judgment and courage. The New York Yacht Club holds its annual regatta to-day—seldom with brighter anticipations, never, it is to be hoped, under more auspicious circumstances. The events of the year have raised the public expectation—the discussions, the challenges and the preparations have tended to excite an interest in yacting never perhaps before exhibited. That the energy, the activity and the national pride of our yachtmen have been thoroughly aroused is apparent. A grand co-operation has been manifested to render yachting among the most popular amusements of the country. They have succeeded. Even at the present time it is becoming widespread throughout the land, and the exhilarating and exciting sport is everywhere being ardently pursued. The boasted and pretended superiority of other nations in this respect must surely crumble before such united efforts, and, first in everything that is noble and gallant, American yachtmen will do their duty. The preparations for the regatta to-day have been extensive and elaborate, and much is expected from the result. Though the season is generally marked by many interesting and exciting events, the annual regatta of the New York Yacht Club is virtually the great marine event of the year. An unusually grand display is expected. Nearly all the yachts entered have undergone a thorough overhauling. Months of toil and trouble have been spent in turning them out in the best of style. The judgment of the experienced sailor and the discriminating eye of the architect have been brought into requisition in order to leave nothing undone towards the completion of the vessels. New and handsome above, gorgeous and inviting below, the yachts appear to-day like the members of a distinguished graduating class about to receive their diplomas, the difference being, however, that many were previously crowned with honors. Never was there a greater interest manifested in any similar event, not because of the mere pleasure to be derived from witnessing the contest, but rather on account of what will result from the recent improvements made on some of the most prominent craft. That the regatta, moreover, is looked forward to with anxiety it is scarcely necessary to observe. The very thoughts of a dead calm and a broiling sun are unsupportable. It is devoutly to be wished that those doubtful luxuries will be withheld to-day, and that in place thereof there shall be a stiff nor'easter and a flowing sea. There are no less than fifteen entries, including five fast schooners of fame. Two good and friendly rivals, whose contests have ever awakened interest, appear upon the scene. Both the Palmer and the Phantom expect to win—and what other yacht entered does not? Then there is the Alarm, eager for the race, after a rest of two years. The Alarm is a stable yacht, and should the "breakers ahead" jump, as it is hoped they will do, it is probable that she will revive her juvenile honors. The Silvie and the Idler, too, will enter the lists. The former is a well known performer, while the name of the latter by no means represents its sea-going qualities. Between those five excellent schooners a most exciting race may be expected. A great amount of speculation exists in regard to the alterations made in the yachts, and to-day, should the weather prove favorable, will satisfactorily test the result. No less than seven first class sloops will also compete, among them yachts that have already been distinguished by their fleetness and sea-going qualities. A most closely contested race is anticipated between the Gracie, Madeline and Addie V. It would be idle to speculate as to the winner in such a case, so evenly matched do those fast speeding vessels seem. Besides, the Sadie, Kate, Bonita and Coming are entered in this class, and any one of them may bear away the honors. Great speed is expected from these yachts, and there is every reason to believe that the hopes of all will be happily realized. There are but three entries for sloops under twenty-five tons, or second class—namely, the White Cap, the Storm King and the Julia. The contest between these will doubtless excite more or less interest among the many admirers of their different models. For a nautical event of the kind it is rare that such a host of fast sailing vessels congregate for competition, and the spectacle must undoubtedly be gratifying in the extreme.

THE COURSE.

The sailing course and directions for the start are as follow:—A flagboat will be anchored abreast of the club house, Staten Island, about three-quarters of a mile from the shore, west of which the sloops will anchor in line about forty yards apart, and the schooners in line 200 yards north of the sloops, about fifty yards apart. In taking position in line each yacht may select its own in the order of its arrival at the anchorage, and the committee would suggest that the yachts arrive at the flagboat as early as possible, so that there may be no delay in the start. Mainsails, foresails and gaff topsails may be set before starting, unless otherwise ordered by the committee. The signal for starting will be announced on the morning of the regatta. Yachts will proceed from the anchorage to the buoy off the Southwest Spit, passing it to the west and south, and thence to the lightship, rounding it to the northward and eastward, and return over the same course, passing to the west of the flagboat off the club house going and returning. Going and returning, all the buoys on the west bank, viz.:—Nos. 11, 13 and 15—are to be passed to the eastward.

THE YACHTS.

The following are the names of the yachts entered:—

Name.	Entered by.	Tonnage.	Area.
SLOOPS UNDER TWENTY-FIVE TONS.			
White Cap	Ludlow Livingston	17.5	485.3
Storm King	Peter Voorhis	21.6	470.8
Julia	Charles A. Meigs	16.5	355.0
SLOOPS OVER TWENTY-FIVE TONS.			
Gracie	William Voorhis	54.5	1,094.0
Madeleine	Jacob Voorhis	90.3	1,363.1
Kate	R. Dillon	33.1	884.3
Sadie	J. B. Herreschoff	42.1	743.0
Addie V	John Voorhis	44.8	891.0
Bonita	G. G. Havens and D. C. Dodge	52.5	1,041.2
Coming	W. B. Nichols	53.1	1,150.0
SCHOONERS.			
Palmer	Rutherford Stuyvesant	194.2	2,371.9
Alarm	A. C. Kingsland	225.3	2,490.8
Silvie	Edward Dodge	105.2	1,807.8
Phantom	H. G. Stebbins	123.3	2,063.4
Idler	T. C. Durant	133.5	1,934.6

THE SIGNALS.

It may not be amiss to mention that the distinguishing signal of the club is a pointed burgee, the width being two-thirds of its length, the device a white, five-pointed star, with centre of two red stripes, one running lengthwise through it in the middle, the other running crosswise through it, all on a blue field. The commodore wears a broad pendant, with a foul anchor encircled by thirteen five-pointed stars, in white, on a blue field; the vice commodore a pendant with a similar device on a red field, and the rear commodore a broad pendant, with a similar device in red on a white field.

PRIVATE SIGNALS.

The yachts are distinguishable by their private signals, the following being those of the schooners:—The Palmer wears a pendant with model of miniature propeller in white in centre of a red field; the Phantom, blue and red field, upper portion red, lower blue, crossed diagonally by a broad white stripe; Silvie, blue field with diamond in white, band of red in centre; Alarm, red and blue field, with two white stars; Idler, red field, diamond in white, with letter I in blue.

THE EXCURSION BOATS.

The public interest taken in the regatta of 1869 is greater, perhaps, than on any previous, various circumstances having arisen to insure a popularity for yachting it might not otherwise have attained. A large number of excursion steamers will convey crowds to the scene. It will indeed be a gala day on the deep. Aroused into vigilance by the bracing morning air, thousands will anxiously witness the start and will follow with eager eye the fast speeding craft. The waters will echo with sweet music, for some of the steamers will be accompanied by bands and, perhaps, when the contending yachts are struggling bravely for fame, not a few will join in the mazy dance, particularly mazy if there be a heavy sea. Under all the circumstances the marine festival to-day holds forth the most brilliant hopes of fine sailing, pleasure and recuperation. There is no question that all will battle bravely for the honors, that they will bring into requisition the best powers of the sailing masters, and that the capacities of the yachts will be thoroughly tested.

Among the boats accompanying the regatta will be the following:—

The steamtug W. Fletcher, furnished for the use of the Regatta Committee, will leave the foot of Desbrosses street this morning precisely at nine o'clock.

The steamer Middletown, furnished for the exclusive use of the members of the club and lady friends, will leave the foot of Desbrosses street at 10 A. M. Prior to the starting of the yachts this steamer will touch at the lower landing of the Staten Island ferry, near the club house, to receive members on board. At the termination of the regatta the Middletown will again call at the lower landing to leave those wishing to visit the club house, stopping at the same landing at 7 P. M.

The Josephine intends to take a party of ladies and gentlemen to witness the regatta, leaving foot Thirty-fourth street, North river, 8:45 A. M.; pier No. 27 North river, foot of Robinson street, 9:15 A. M.; Degraw street, Brooklyn, 9:45 A. M., and third landing, Staten Island, 10 A. M. The arrangements are under the supervision of Mr. Van Wagner, a yachtman, who will doubtless know the requirements of those on board. Grafulla's Seventh regiment band will be in attendance.

The Yankee will leave Thirty-fourth street, North river, at 8:30 A. M.; pier No. 27 North river, foot of Robinson street, at 9 A. M.; pier No. 4 North river at 9:15 A. M.; Peck slip at 9:30 A. M., and Eighth street, East river, at 10 o'clock A. M.

The Sunnyside will leave pier No. 39, foot of Vestry street, at 10:30 A. M.

The steamer C. P. Smith will leave pier No. 27 North river, foot of Robinson street, 9 A. M.; pier No. 4 North river, 9:15 A. M.; foot of Degraw street, Brooklyn, 9:30 A. M.; foot of Montague street, Brooklyn, 9:45 A. M., and Peck slip, New York, at 10 A. M.

The Sleepy Hollow will likewise start for the scene, having on board the Forty-seventh regiment band. The time and places of landing will be as follows:—Peck slip, East river, 8:30 A. M.; Christopher street, North river, 9:30; pier No. 4 North river, 10:30.

The Blackbird will also attend the regatta, leaving the foot of Broome street, East river, at 7:30 A. M., calling at Fulton ferry, Brooklyn, at 7:45, Peck slip at 8, Thirty-fourth street, North river, at 8:30, Christopher street at 9 A. M. and pier No. 4 North river at 9:20 A. M.

The Hiram M. Cool will leave Morris street wharf, Jersey City, at 8 A. M., Thirty-fourth street, North river, at 8:30 A. M., Christopher street (West Tenth street), at 9 A. M., and pier 27 North river, Robinson street, at 9:20 A. M.

It will be seen from the above that the attendance will be exceedingly numerous. Only one element, therefore, is required to render the regatta a grand success, for if the wind be at all favorable, a brilliant display may be anticipated.

MUSICAL AND THEATRICAL NOTES.

Mr. Theodore Moss has commenced his summer season under the most favorable auspices. The audiences at Wallack's for the last three nights have been extremely large. The burlesque and pantomime have been thoroughly reconstructed and cut down, so that the hitches of the first night's performance have all disappeared and the piece now runs quite smoothly. At least three-quarters of an hour are saved by the reconstruction. The pantomime is exceedingly funny, the ballet one of the best we have seen on the metropolitan stage, and the scenery and appointments fully up to the standard of this favorite temple of Thespis. The Lauri family fully sustain their high reputation in pantomime, and some of their tricks are very extraordinary. We would suggest to Miss Rose Massey that she might profitably moderate her excessive zeal to gain the laughter of the audience. In a few nights more, doubtless, many new features will be introduced. Mr. Moss deserves the highest praise for the enterprise and liberality he has displayed in the production of this potpourri of spectacle, burlesque and pantomime.

Hooley's Minstrels and the Gregory Family in combination will appear at Wood's Museum on Monday next, June 14, Manager Hooley, of Hooley's Opera House, Brooklyn, having arranged with Manager Wood for two weeks, and will give performances every afternoon and evening.

Mrs. Edwin Booth *née* Mary McVicker, it is rumored has retired permanently from the stage. The name of the lady who is to take her place next season at Mr. Booth's theatre has not yet transpired.

Fisk, Jr., at last has a fair prospect of making some money out of the Fifth Avenue theatre. "Flash of Lightning" Daly has taken a lease of the theatre for one year at a rental of $27,000, $10,000 of which he has already paid in advance. It is fitting that the two railroad sensationalists should come together; they both indulge in locomotives and explosions.

ARMY INTELLIGENCE.

The order assigning Captain T. A. Baldwin, United States Army, to duty in connection with registration in Virginia, has been revoked, and he is ordered to duty as Indian Agent, with orders to report immediately to the Commissioner for assignment.

NAVAL INTELLIGENCE.

Commander John Madigan is detached from the Boston Navy Yard and granted leave of absence.

Lieutenant Commander E. O. Matthews is detached from the Naval Academy and ordered to special duty in the Ordnance Bureau.

Lieutenant Commander J. C. Rowland is detached from the Potomac and ordered to the Jamestown.

Lieutenant Commander A. V. Reed is detached from the Jamestown and ordered to return home.

Lieutenant Commander Alfred Hopkins is detached from the naval station on League Island and placed on waiting orders.

Surgeon W. K. Schofield is detached from the naval rendezvous at Boston and ordered to the Saratoga.

Lieutenant Commander Morton W. Sanders is ordered to the Juniata.

The following midshipmen belonging to the United States Naval Academy have resigned:—George A. Zabriskie and W. T. Livingston, of New York; W. S. King and R. Nagle, of Pennsylvania; A. B. Fowler, of Massachusetts, and Jasper C. Barnette, of Michigan.

The United States steamer Portsmouth (third rate), Commander A. A. Semmes commanding, arrived at Bahia, Brazil, on April 3, after a passage of twenty-two days from the Grand Canary Islands, and came to anchor off Rio Janeiro on April 21.

THE M'COOLE-ALLEN PRIZE FIGHT.

ST. LOUIS, June 9, 1869.

The last deposit of $500 a side for the match between Mike McCoole and Tom Allen was made last night at McCoole's saloon. The fight will take place on Tuesday, June 15. The place has not been announced.

MAILS FOR THE PACIFIC.

The steamship Alaska will sail from this port on Friday for Aspinwall.

The mails for Central America and the South Pacific will close at half-past ten o'clock in the morning.

The NEW YORK HERALD—Edition for the Pacific—will be ready at half-past nine in the morning.

Single copies, in wrappers for mailing, six cents.

Died.

OAKLEY.—On Wednesday evening, June 9, at his residence, 254 West Twenty-first street, of rheumatism of the heart, GEORGE OAKLEY, in the 77th year of his age.

Notice of funeral hereafter.

[*For other Deaths see Eighth Page.*]

A.—Old Well Hotel, South Norwalk, Conn., for sale. J. W. BARNUM, 636 Broadway, New York.

A.—Save 25 per cent by Purchasing your Silverware direct from the manufacturers, FORD & TUPPER. Salesrooms 787 and 789 Broadway, corner of Tenth street.

A.—Ladies' Faces Enamelled; also the Preparation for sale, with instructions, by M. LAUSSON, 759 Broadway.

A.—Italian Lotion for the Complexion Prevents Sunburn and Freckles. For sale by Dr. ZACHARIE, 760 Broadway.

Adirondack Mineral Spring Water, Whitehall, New York.
"According to the analysis of the water made by Professor Collier, of Vermont University, it contains more active medicinal properties than any other known Mineral Waters. Hence it should be used strictly medicinally and not as a beverage. One gill twice a day in most cases is sufficient."
DR. SAMUEL SHUMWAY.
Wholesale Depot at the Great Mineral Water and U. S. Medicine Warehouse,
No. 8 College Place, New York.
JOHN F. HENRY,
Or SAMUEL SHUMWAY,
Chicago, Ill.

Annual Regatta of the New York Yacht Club, Thursday, June 10, 1869.—The steamboat SLEEPY HOLLOW will make the following landings:—Leave Peck slip 8½, Christopher street 9½, pier No. 4 North river 10½ o'clock A. M.

Brokaw Brothers.
Great Sale this Week.
Gents', Boys' and Youths' Cheviots Suits.
Best Scotch, Bannockburn and Domestic Goods.
BROKAW BROTHERS,
28 to 34 Fourth avenue, opposite Cooper Institute, and 63 Lafayette place.

Bunting Flags of All Sizes, Wholesale and retail.—HOJER & GRAHAM, Manufacturers and Banner Painters, 97 Duane street.

Cristadoro's Unrivalled Hair Dye.—Sold and applied at his wig and scalp factory, No. 6 Astor House.

Corns, Bunions, Enlarged Joints and all diseases of the feet cured by Dr. ZACHARIE, 760 Broadway.

His Most Brilliant Conception.—Knox Has gone and done it. In the production of his Summer Hat for gentlemen—the light, bright, fancy-looking and bewilderingly beautiful beaver—he has surpassed himself, and the trick has been discovered. Result, crowded salesroom, No. 212 Broadway, over worked assistants, a full cash box and a delighted hatter. Verdict, serves him right.

Kellinger's Liniment,
An External and Internal Remedy for All Pains, Aches, &c.
Warranted. Beware of counterfeits. Genuine is signed "De Witt C. Kellinger."
Sold by all druggists, and can be had wholesale and retail of JOHN F. HENRY, General Agent,
United States Family Medicine Warehouse,
No. 8 College place, New York.

Montana Cordial.—No More Dyspepsia. To be taken before and after each meal. H. A. CHOLVIN, 131 Fulton street, New York.

Prescription and Remedy by Dr. GrandJEAN; cure gray hair, baldness; new hair forced to grow. Astor place.

Saunders' Razors, Razor Strops and Fine Pocket Cutlery. Store No. 7 Astor House.

To Kill Moths in Clothing, Furs, Carpets, &c., use LYON'S INSECT POWDER. It will do it. Nothing else will. Don't wait till the mischief is done. Kill them now. Be sure you get Lyon's Powder. See E. Lyon's signature on the flask. Buy no other and you will avoid disappointment. Depot 21 Park row, New York.

Words of Cheer for Young Men, Who, Having fallen victims to social evils, desire a better manhood. Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address HOWARD ASSOCIATION, box P, Philadelphia, Pa.

NewspaperARCHIVE®

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

WEDNESDAY, June 9—6 P. M.

The day has been a most excited one in the stock market, under a continuation of the "bear" movement and a general depression in prices, which at one time was so sharp as to excite apprehensions of a panic. The earliest transactions were not of a character to create suspicion. The first symptoms were those of strength and buoyancy—an appearance given the market to induce purchases by the outside public, who were flattered by hopes that the "worst had been seen" and "the bottom had been touched." The depth of Wall street strategy is profound. The present retrograde movement in stocks seems to be the converse of that which carried up everything on the list, despite the spring stringency in money, and led to the high prices prevailing at the beginning of the present month. It has taken just six months for the culmination of the "bull" plan of operations. Are the present yielding and reactions of the market the reverse process and the beginning of a grand "bear" movement, which is to carry stocks back to or beyond the figures from which they started last winter? The success of the operation, if such it be, seems to have been shrewdly based on the trouble in Mariposa, which again fell to-day about eighteen per cent. A few days ago it was quoted at 51. This afternoon it could have been bought at 14. The stock market is in a chaotic state, and as order once grew out of chaos order will eventually come out of the present confusion and demoralization. It was an unhealthy state of affairs when speculation took hold of such trashy investments as Mariposa, and little consideration should be felt for the four or five stockbroking firms who failed to-day through "carrying" or dealing in it. Even the trustee certificates, which were known to be the only tangible sign of property in the enterprise, dropped from 80 to 35. The demoralization which this exhibition of rottenness produced led to a general pressure to sell late in the afternoon, and the "bears" threw themselves into the market and kept up the hue and cry. Some idea may be gathered of the excitement which prevailed from the fact that New York Central sold down to 186¾, Northwestern to 87¾, Northwestern preferred to 99, Hudson River to 154⅜, Ohio to 32⅜, Michigan Southern to 104¾ and St. Paul to 73⅞. Pittsburg was offered at 94½. The strongest stocks in the general depression were Pacific Mail and Fort Wayne. The excitement was aggravated by the sudden stringency of the money market, the rate on call loans advancing to seven per cent, with a commission, and to one-eighth of one per cent per day, which rates were paid for balances until to-morrow. Of course there is no normal state of the money market which accounts for this increased activity. The advance in the interest rate and the tightness of the money market are simply artificial and the result of locking up greenbacks by the cliques. The fact shows the wonderful power which they possess, and reveals the secret of the success which it has been their boast has always attended their operations with or against the general community.

The following were the closing prices on the call at the last session of the Stock Exchange:—Cumberland, 33 bid; Wells-Fargo & Co.'s Express, 31 a 32; Adams, 59⅛; United States, 66¾ a 67; Merchants' Union, 14½ a 15⅛; Quicksilver, 15 a 16; Canton, 63¾ a 64; Mariposa, 6¾ a 10; do. preferred, 15 a 16; Pacific Mail, 84¼ a 84⅜; Western Union Telegraph, 41 bid; New York Central, 189⅞ a 189⅞; Hudson River, 158⅛ a 158⅜; Harlem, 148 a 149; Reading, 98⅛ a 98⅜; Chicago and Alton, 155 a 156; do. preferred, 154⅜ bid; Alton and Terre Haute, 39⅜; do. preferred, 56 a 60; Wabash, 74¾; do. preferred, 80 a 83; Milwaukee and St. Paul, 76⅜ a 76⅛; do. preferred, 87¼ a 87⅜; Fort Wayne, 157⅛; Ohio and Mississippi, 33⅜ a 33⅛; Michigan Central, 130⅜ a 131; Michigan Southern, 107⅛ a 107⅛; Illinois Central, 143 bid; Pittsburg, 97¾ a 98; Lake Shore, 107⅛; Rock Island, 120⅛ a 120⅜; Northwestern, 90⅛; do. preferred, 101⅜ a 102; Boston Water Power, 16½ bid; Hannibal and St. Joseph, 125 a 127; do. preferred, 122 a 123; New Jersey Central, 113⅜ a 113⅛; Morris and Essex, 93; Columbus, Chicago and Indiana Central, 43 a 43⅛.

The latest street prices are given in the table appended to the list of stock sales. In the fluctuating and vibrating market it was difficult to fix quotations, and they are given as correctly as it was possible to gather them in the excitement of the time.

In addition to the failures of stock houses referred to above it was reported that the paper of two prominent sugar houses had gone to protest, but the cause of their embarrassment was not explained.

Foreign exchange was firm on the basis of the following sterling quotations:—Good to prime bankers', sixty days, 109¾ a 109⅞; do. short sight, 110⅛ a 110⅜.

The government market opened steady and maintained its firmness until late in the afternoon, when, in sympathy with the general tone of the market, there was a yielding of about one quarter per cent in the list. The London price came steady at 80⅞, but its effect was counteracted by the decline in gold. The following were the closing street prices:—United States sixes, 1881, registered, 117 a 117⅛; do., coupon, 121⅞ a 122; do. five-twenties, registered, 116⅞ a 117⅛; do. do., coupon, 1862, 122⅛ a 122⅜; do. do., coupon, 1864, 117⅜ a 117⅞; do. do., coupon, 1865, 118⅛ a 118⅜; do. do., coupon, new, 1865, 119⅜ a 119⅞; do. do., coupon, 1867, 119⅜ a 119⅞; do. do., coupon, 1868, 119⅜ a 119⅞; United States ten-forties, registered, 108⅛ a 108⅜; do. do., coupon, 108⅜ a 109; currency bonds, 106⅞ a 107.

The government bought another million of bonds to-day for the sinking fund. The total amount offered in the proposals was nearly $5,000,000. The selections and awards were as follows:—$670,000 1867, coupon, at 116.21; $100,000 1865, new, registered, at 116.20; $80,000 1865, coupon, at 116.20; $100,000 1867, coupon, at 116.20; $50,000 1868, registered, at 116.

Southern securities were irregular, the Tennessees and North Carolinas sympathizing with the activity of money and the decline in stocks, while South Carolinas, Louisianas and Alabamas were steady and firm. Prices closed:—Tennessee, ex coupon, 65½ a 65⅞; do., new, 62⅛ a 62⅜; do., five per cent, 57 a 59; Virginia, ex coupon, 57½ a 58; do., new, 61½ a 62; do., registered stock, 48 a 49; do., registered, 1866, 55 a 65; do., registered, 1867, 52 a 53; Georgia sixes, 82 a 84; do., sevens, 96 a 97; do., sevens, interest payable in Georgia, 94 a 95; North Carolina, ex coupon, 58¾ a 59; do., new, 55⅛ a 55⅜; Missouri sixes, 92⅛ a 92⅜; do., Hannibal and St. Joseph, 94 a 95; Louisiana sixes, 70 a 72; do., levee sixes, 65⅞ a 66⅞; do. do., eights, 87 a 88; Alabama eights, 100 a 101; do., fives, 66 a 67; do., sixes, sterling, 95 a 100; South Carolina sixes, 81 a 82; do., new, 79 a 80; do., registered stock, 67 a 70; City of Memphis sixes, 56 a 56½; do., Atlanta eights, 85 a 90; do., Savannah sevens, 92 a 94; do., New Orleans consols, 75 a 76; do. do., issues of railroads, 71 a 71½; Mobile and Ohio sterling, 66 a 67; do., eights, 60 a 61; Mississippi Central Railroad, first mortgage, 75 a 78; do., second do., 60 a 62; Memphis and Charleston, first mortgage, 85 a 90; do., second do., stock, 47 a 49; Greenville and Columbus Railroad, guaranteed, 62 a 65.

The firmness of foreign exchange led to an advance to 139¼ in gold, which was the opening and highest price of the day. When it subsequently drooped to 138¾ it was run back to the opening figure by large purchases, and the movement was not without symptoms of "bear" manipulation, the subsequent decline to 138⅜ verifying the suspicion. Gold at 139 is too high, and the cliques are keeping it in the vicinity of that figure to sell freely against the heavy disbursements on the first of July in payment of the government interest. The course of the market is shown in the table:—

10 A. M.	139¼	2 P. M.	139⅛
10:30 A. M.	139⅜	2:50 P. M.	139⅜
11:30 A. M.	139	3 P. M.	139⅛
12 M.	139⅛	3:30 P. M.	138⅞
1 P. M.	139⅛	4 P. M.	138⅜
1:30 P. M.	139	5 P. M.	138⅜
1:34 P. M.	138⅞	5:30 P. M.	138⅜ a 138⅜

Cash gold was in abundant supply, as high as 8 and 9 per cent and 1-32 being paid for carrying up to Clearing House time, and 7 and 9 per cent in the afternoon. These rates are somewhat curious in the face of the activity in money to-day, and exhibit the clique strategy of inducing purchases. The disbursements in coin interest to-day were $51,367. The Henry Chauncey, from Aspinwall, brought $75,000, and the Manhattan, for Liverpool, took out $50,000 in specie. The operations of the Gold Exchange Bank resulted as follows:—

Gold cleared	$56,592,000
Gold balances	2,909,206
Currency balances	4,288,713

A meeting of the stockholders and bondholders of the Pittsburg, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad Company will be held at Pittsburg, Pa., on June 24, for the purpose of considering the proposed lease of the road to the Pennsylvania Central Company. The transfer books of the company will close on June 14 and open on the 25th.

At the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Cumberland Coal and Iron Company, held on Monday, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year:—President, Wm. H. Richards; Directors, Allan Campbell, R. P. Getty, C. A. Rapallo, A. R. Baylis, Alexander Barret, Joseph R. Skidmore, James H. Benedict, E. C. Benedict, Lewis Roberts, Francis Robinson, Charles Alger, Samuel Bonnell, Jr. At a subsequent meeting of the Board of Directors E. C. Benedict was elected vice president and J. Richards secretary.

The character of the cotton supply is a very curious one for investigation at this time. Statistics show that the increased manufacturing interests of the country have developed a home demand which can hardly be supplied from the stocks now in warehouse at the various ports. According to Wright & Co.'s circular it may be necessary to reimport cotton to keep our mills going during the interval to the new crop:—

The stock on hand has been considerably reduced this week, notwithstanding that nearly 8,000 bales have been added to the quantity at New Orleans upon actual count. The stock was taken there on the 31st of May and found to be 52,127 bales, of which 25,000 were unsold yesterday, and consisted of 5,000 low middling and above, 15,000 below low middling and 5,000 of inferior and unmerchantable trash. The stock in New York was also taken on the 31st of May and found to be only 41,500, and this has since been further reduced by exports and the takings for home consumption. As soon as the vessels loading for Europe shall have cleared our available stock will be so much reduced that it seems almost a foregone conclusion our domestic consumers will have to draw a supply for their requirements, until the new crop is marketed, from Liverpool.

The receipts for customs and the receipts, payments and balances at the Sub-Treasury in this city sum up as follows:—

	Custom House. Receipts.	Sub-Treasury. Receipts.	Payments.	Balances.
June 1	$426,000	$2,945,217	$1,867,218	$78,456,476
June 2	408,000	1,825,405	1,845,562	78,446,319
June 3	423,000	1,372,536	553,770	79,265,085
June 4	279,000	2,167,720	2,115,780	79,317,024
June 7	339,000	1,151,179	749,606	79,979,782
June 8	355,000	2,348,169	1,821,255	80,506,696
June 9	424,000	2,106,107	910,047	81,702,757

SALES AT THE NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

Wednesday, June 9—10:15 A. M.

$11000 US 6's, '81, c	122	1000 shs NY Cen RR	190⅝
25000 US 5-20, c, '62	122⅜	100 do b15	191
3000 US 5-20, r, '64	117¼	100 do c	190½
25000 US 5-20, c, '64	117⅜	100 do b10	191
54000 US 5-20, c, '65, n	120	100 do b10	190⅞
10000 do s3	120	200 do c	190⅝
145000 US 5-20, c, '67	120	200 Hud Riv RR	158⅜
45000 do c	120	100 do	158¼
100000 do b60	120⅜	200 Harlem RR	148½
500 US 5-20, r, '65	117⅛	600 do b10	148½
500 US 5's, 10-40, reg	108¾	500 Reading RR	98⅜
20000 US 5's, 10-40, c	109¼	400 do b5	98⅜
10000 do b3	109¼	1000 Mich Southern	109⅛
5000 Tenn 6's, ex con	67	600 do	109⅞
15000 Tenn 6's, new	63	1500 do	109½
30000 do	63⅛	200 do	109¾
5000 do 2d call	63⅛	5 Panama RR	293¾
12000 N C 6's	59⅛	100 Illinois Cent RR b60	143
10000 N C 6's, new	56½	1000 Clev & Pitts RR	97⅛
2000 Missouri 6's	92	300 do c	97⅛
10000 La 6's, l b	66⅜	400 do	97¾
5000 do bet c	66⅛	100 Tol, Wab & West b c	75⅜
2000 Jersey City w l	93	300 Chicago & N W RR	91⅜
500 Georgia 7's	97	700 do	91¼
1000 Erie 4th mtg	82	100 do b60	92
2000 Chic, Bur & Quin 8's	112	900 do b60	92⅛
2000 Chic & N W 1st	95	300 Chic & N W pref	102⅜
10000 Chic & N W c c bds	100	300 do	102⅜
2000 Chic & R I 1st m bs	101	100 Lake Shore RR	109¼
2000 Mor & Es 1st mtg	99⅛	400 do bet call	108⅞
1000 Morris & Essex 2d	95⅛	900 Chicago & R I RR	120⅜
2000 C & R I & Pac 7's b c	98¾	200 do	120⅜
5000 C, C & Ind Cent 1st	84½	400 do	120⅜
7000 do	84	500 do	120½
9000 do	83⅞	200 do b60	121
15000 Mar Tr 10's, ctfs	60	100 do	120½
10000 do bet call	55	200 do b3	120⅝
1000 St Lou & IM 1st m bs	85	10 do	122½
6000 Tol & Wab 1st m ex	91½	200 Mil & St Paul RR	76½
25 shs Am Exch'ge Bk	114	200 do	76⅞
40 Gallatin Nat Bk	112	100 do b3	77
25 Cen National Bk	116	100 Mil & St Paul pref	87⅞
10 Fourth Nat Bank	107½	400 do	87⅞
100 Bruns C Land	8½	100 do	87⅞
200 West U Tel	41⅛	200 do c	87⅞
200 do bet call	41½	100 do	87⅞
100 Qu'ksilver Min Co	16	100 Al & Ter H RR	38
200 do	16⅛	400 Ohio & Miss RR	33⅞
200 Mariposa pref	27½	100 do b15	34
500 do bet call	27	8 N J Central RR	117
100 Canton Co	64	175 do	116⅜
100 do bet call	63⅛	30 do	116
300 Pac M SS Co	85¾	100 do	115⅞
200 do	85⅞	21 do 7.	115⅜
300 do	85⅛	200 do	116
600 do	85⅞	400 Morris & Es RR	93
200 Adams Express	59⅛	60 do	93⅛
200 do	59⅞	100 do	93⅛
100 Wells-Fargo Ex	31½	2000 Mar & Cin 2d pref	8¾
300 do bet c	31½	200 H & St Jo RR	125
500 do	32	43 New Jersey RR	130
500 Am Mer U Ex	40	100 C, C & I C RR	42
100 United States Ex	67½	60 Pitts, FtW & Chi b c	157¾

12 M. and 2:15 o'Clock P. M.

$5000 US 6's, '81, reg	117½	$10000 US 5-20, c, '62	122⅝
1500 US 6's, '81, c	121¾	2000 US 5-20, c, '64 c	117⅞
1000 US 5-20, c, '65	118⅜	500 US 5-20, c, '65, n	119⅞
24000 do	119⅜	14000 US 5-20, c, '67	119⅞
25000 U S 5-20, c, '62 b3	121½	11000 do s3	119¾
10000 do	122½	2000 US 5's, 10-40, reg	108

One o'Clock P. M.

$10000 Tenn 6's, ex c	65⅝	100 shs Han & St Jo RR	125
4000 Tenn 6's, new	63	100 N Y Cen RR	189½
14000 do	62⅞	200 do c	189⅝
12000 do	62⅜	100 do	189½
3000 Va 6's, ex c	57⅜	100 do	189⅞
4000 N Car 6's	59	100 Hud River RR	158⅛
3000 N Car 6's, new	55¼	200 Harlem RR	148
21000 Missouri 6's	99	2500 Reading RR	98⅛
12000 do	92⅛	3500 do	98⅞
10000 do	92¼	1500 Mich Southern RR	107⅛
6000 Louisiana 6's	71½	500 do	107⅛
10000 Mar Tr 10's, c	86	800 do	107⅞
53000 do	85	1000 do	107¼
10000 Pitts, FtW & Chic 2d	98½	100 Illinois Central RR	143
10000 Mil & St P 1st m bs	95	900 Clev & Pitts RR	97⅝
5000 Mich Cen 8's, n bs	125	200 do	98
200 shs Canton Co b30	64	500 C & N W RR	90⅛
100 do b10	64	500 do	90⅛
100 West Union Tel	41	100 Chic & NW RR pf	101⅞
100 Quicksilver M Co	16	200 Lake Shore RR	109
100 Mariposa pref	17	200 do	107¾
100 do	15⅛	600 Chic & Rk I RR	120
400 do	15⅞	66 C. C. Cin & I RR	73
100 do c	16⅜	500 Mil & St Paul RR	77
100 do c	17⅛	500 Mil & St P pref	87⅛
200 do c	17⅛	350 P, Ft W & Chi RR	157
500 Pacific M SS Co	84	200 do	157¼
500 do	84⅜	100 Morris & Es RR	93
500 do	84⅜	100 Tol, Wab & W RR	74⅜
100 do b4	84⅜	100 do	74
1400 do	84⅞	20 Del, Lack & West	117¾
200 do b3	84⅜	800 N J Central RR	114
10 do	84⅞	50 do	114½
10 do	84⅞	100 do	112⅜
50 do	84⅞	40 do	112½
130 do b3	84⅞	50 Chic & Alton	155
18 Del & Hud Canal	134	100 Ohio & Miss RR	33¾
100 Adams Express	59	100 do	33⅞
100 do bet call	59	700 do	33⅞
100 American Express	40	100 H & St Jos pref	120
100 Wells-Fargo Exp	31½		

STREET QUOTATIONS.

Quarter to Six o'Clock P. M.

Pacific Mail	82⅝ a 82⅞	Ohio & Miss	32⅜ a 32⅝
West Un Tel	40⅛ a 40⅜	Mich Southern	104⅜ a 104⅝
N Y Central	186⅜ a 186⅞	Pittsburg	— a 94½
Erie	29½ a 30	Rock Island	119 a 119
Hudson River	156⅛ a 156⅜	Northwestern	87⅜ a 87⅝
Reading	97⅛ a 97⅜	Northwestern pf	99 a 99⅛
St Paul	75 a 75⅛		

COMMERCIAL REPORT.

WEDNESDAY, June 9—6 P. M.

COFFEE.—Rio continued to rule quiet but steady at former quotations. Other kinds were dull but unchanged. We heard of no sales.

COTTON.—The market was fairly active, the demand being entirely from spinners and speculators. Prices were heavy at the opening, but quite steady at the close at yesterday's quotations. The sales amounted to 4,250 bales, including 2,730 for spinning and 1,520 on speculation. The sales for future delivery were 200 bales low middling, for December, at 24½c., and 100 do., for September, on private terms. We quote:—

	Uplands and Florida.	Mobile and Memphis.	New Orleans and Texas.
Ordinary	26⅜	26⅞	27
Good ordinary	28⅜	28⅞	29
Low middling	30⅜	30⅞	31
Middling	31⅜	31⅞	32
Good middling	32⅜	33⅛	34

FLOUR AND GRAIN.—Receipts, 6,161 bbls. flour, 44,957 bushels wheat, 16,057 do. corn and 6,100 do. oats. The flour market was generally dull and heavy, but we make no change in our quotations. There was some demand for extra Western and State at about previous prices. California was almost unsalable. The sales were about 8,000 bbls., including about 3,000 bbls. for export, at $5 90 for extra Western and $6 15 for State. Southern flour was dull and nominal. The sales were only 125 bbls. Rye flour was slow of sale and heavy in price. Sales 225 bbls. Corn meal was still dull and nominal. Sales 125 bbls. We quote:—

No. 2 State	$4 25 a	$5 00
Superfine State	5 00 a	5 50
Extra State	6 00 a	6 25
Choice do	6 25 a	6 50
Superfine Western	5 00 a	5 50
Extra do	5 75 a	6 25
Extra Minnesota	6 00 a	7 00
Round hoop Ohio, shipping brands	6 00 a	6 50
Round hoop Ohio, trade brands	7 00 a	8 50
St. Louis low extra	7 00 a	7 50
St. Louis straight extra	7 50 a	8 00
St. Louis choice double extra	8 60 a	9 50
St. Louis choice family	10 00 a	11 00
Southern choice and family	9 00 a	11 50
Southern superfine and extra	5 50 a	8 00
California flour (sacks and bbls.)	6 25 a	9 50
Rye flour	4 25 a	6 50
Corn meal, city	4 00 a	4 50
Corn meal, Brandywine	4 65 a	4 75
Corn meal, Jersey	4 25 a	4 35

—Wheat was fairly active and a shade firmer, both on the spot and to arrive. The sales comprised about 100,000 bushels at $1 41 a $1 42 for No. 2 spring, in store; $1 43½ for do. afloat, at $1 43 a $1 44 for small lots do., $1 37½ for No. 3 do., $1 48 for No. 1 do., $1 55 for white Michigan, $1 48 for No. 2 spring to arrive, $1 46 for white Canada, in bond, and $1 63 a $1 70 for California. Corn was fairly active and 2c. a 3c. higher, the sales being about 95,000 bushels at 69c. a 90c. for damp to very choice new mixed Western, via canal; 91c. a 95c. for choice railroad, and 89½c. for white Western. Oats, though quiet, were firmer. The sales were about 25,000 bushels at 81c. a 82c., afloat. Rye was dull and heavy at $1 20 for Western. Barley was dull and nominal. Of barley malt small sales were made at $1 70 a $1 75.

FREIGHTS.—The market was quiet, but rates were generally without alteration. For vessels for charter the demand continued limited. The engagements were:—To Liverpool, 2,000 bbls. flour at 1s. 1½d., and per steamer 25,000 bushels grain at 6d. and 150 bales cotton at ⅜d. To Rotterdam, 25 tons measurement goods at 25s. To Glasgow, per steamer 500 bbls. rosin at 2s. 7½d. To London, 1 500 bbls. flour at 2s. 3d. To Antwerp, 250,000 feet plank at $10. The charters were:—A North German bark to Cork for orders, with 2,500 qrs. grain, at 5s. 3d.; an Italian brig to Gibraltar for orders, with 1,000 bbls. petroleum, at 4s. 6d., if direct, 4s. 3d.; a North German bark to the Baltic, with 2,200 bbls. petroleum, at 4s. 9d., and from Philadelphia an Italian bark to Gibraltar for orders, with 2,200 bbls. petroleum, at 5s., if to the Adriatic, at 6s.

GUNNIES.—Cloth was firm, with sales of 500 bales to arrive in Boston at 10½c., gold, in bond. Bags were dull but steady at 16½c. a 17c.

HEMP was dull, and prices were nominal at 12½c. a 13c., gold, for manilla, 4c. a 5c., do., for jute, 10c. a 10½c., do., for Sisal, and 8c. a 8½c., do., for Tampico, in bond.

HAY.—A moderately active business was doing at 60c. for shipping, 90c. a $1 20 for retail lots, $1 10 for long rye straw, and 90c. a 95c. for short do.

HOPS.—The demand was light from all classes of buyers, and prices continued to rule heavy at 5c. a 15c. for inferior to choice grades. Sales 30 bales.

MOLASSES.—The market was quiet, but prices for all grades were unchanged. Sales 80 hhds. Demarara at 58c.

NAVAL STORES.—Receipts, 50 bbls. spirits turpentine and 3,800 do. rosin. For the former the market was quiet, there being but little demand, and prices remained heavy at 44½c. a 45½c. for merchantable and shipping lots. The sales were 200 bbls. at 44½c. a 45½c., the latter price for New York bbls. Rosin was but little sought after, and heavy in value. Sales 442 bbls. strained at $2 30, 200 good do. at $2 35, 178 pale at $5 25 and 250 pale and extra pale at $5 73 a $7. We quote:—Strained, $2 30 a $2 35; No. 2, $2 50 a $2 75; No. 1, $3 a $4 25; pale, $4 50 a $5 50; extra do., $6 a $7 50 and window glass, $8 a $9. Tar dull, but unchanged.

OILS.—Linseed was in demand, and 10,000 gallons were sold at $1 a $1 01. Crushers' prices were $1 03 a $1 06, in casks. Other kinds were dull, but unchanged.

PROVISIONS.—Receipts, 526 packages cut meats and 263 do. lard. The market for all articles coming under this heading was very quiet to-day, though former prices were generally maintained. Pork was in light request, and new mess was quoted nominally $31 50 at the close. The sales were confined to about 650 bbls. in small lots at $30 for city mess, $28 for Western prime mess, and $30 75 for thin mess. Live hogs were dull and nominal at 8¾c. a 9¾c. for common to strictly prime. All of the arrivals, amounting to 3,400 head, were for slaughterers. Beef was more sought after, at former prices, the sales being 250 bbls., at $10 a $14 for plain mess, chiefly at $10 a $12 and $11 a $16 for extra do. Tierce beef was still dull, and prices were nominal at yesterday's quotations. Of beef hams, which were steady in value, 50 bbls. were sold at $30 a $31 50 for Southern and Western. Cut meats were quiet at 15c. for dry salted and pickled shoulders, 15½c. for smoked do. and pickled hams, and 19c. a 19½c. for smoked and bagged hams; sales fifty packages within the range of these prices. Bacon was in light stock and firmly held at 15½c. a 16½c. for ice-cured. Lard was in more demand and rather firmer; sales 1,000 packages, at 17½c. a 19½c. for No. 1 to prime steam and kettle rendered, including 500 tierces, for July delivery, at 19½c. seller's option.

PETROLEUM.—Crude in bulk, was still in light request and obtainable at 16c., at which price there were sold 500 bbls. Crude, in bbls., was dull and nominal. For refined there was but little demand and the market was unsettled and decidedly lower, opening at 31½c. a 32c., and closing at 31c. a 31½c. with, however, holders generally still offering sparingly. The sales were 1,000 bbls. at 31¾c., 1,000 do. at 31½, 500 do. at 31c., 2,000 do. for July and August at 31½c., seller's option, and 4,500 gallons, in tins, at 39c. In Philadelphia the market was fairly active, the demand being almost entirely speculative, and prices were higher, closing at about 32½c. for June. The sales were 12,000 bbls. for June at 32½c., 1,000 do. do. at 32c., 6,000 do. do. on private terms; 4,000 do. for July at 32c. a 32½c.—most all at the inside price—6,000 do. from July to December at 33½c., 1,500 do. from July to September at 33c. and 9,500 do. from August to October at 33½c.

RICE.—Carolina was quiet but steady with small sales within the range of 8½c. a 9c.

SUGAR.—There was a moderate degree of activity in the market for raw, and full prices prevailed, viz.:—11½c. a 11¾c. for fair to good refining Cuba. The sales were 530 hhds. at 11½c. a 12½c. for Cuba; also 225 boxes, part at 14c. By auction, 900 boxes at 10½c. a 11½c. Refined was in good demand and higher, hard selling at 15⅛c. a 15⅝c., soft white at 14⅝c. a 14⅞c., extra C at 14⅛c. a 14⅜c. and yellow at 13½c. a 14⅛.

SEEDS.—All kinds grass were dull and nominal at yesterday's quotations. Linseed was dull and lower, being quoted $2 12½, gold, duty paid.

STEARINE.—The market, though quiet, was steady at 19½c. a 19¾c. for common to choice, in hhds. and tierces; sales 15,000 lbs. within the range of these prices.

TALLOW was steady, with a moderate demand, the sales being 75,000 lbs. at 11¾c. a 11⅞c.

WHISKEY.—Receipts, 875 bbls. The market was dull and heavy at 96c. a 98c., tax paid. A sale of 50 bbls. was reported at the inside price.

REAL ESTATE MATTERS.

There were no dealings in the salesrooms in this city yesterday, but Messrs. A. J. Bleecker, Son & Co. and A. D. Mellick, Jr., & Brother both held sales out of town, which were largely attended. That of the first-mentioned firm was held in Westchester county, in the immediate neighborhood of Scarsdale, a station on the Harlem Railroad. A special train—an unusual enterprise on this road—which left this city at a quarter past ten A. M., brought the visitors to the ground, where an ample lunch was furnished, which was discussed *al fresco* under the shadow of tall trees with evident *gout* by a mixed assemblage of ladies and gentlemen. The charming variety of landscape here presented of ridge and valley, gentle undulating slopes and spreading table land, with the beautiful Bronx meandering musically through alternate leafy shades and scorched meadows, have been already sufficiently referred to here, and it must be confessed, however the admiration may be excited upon a view of these attractive features, their appreciation is lessened by the insufficient means of travel afforded thither and the *desagremens* concomitant to a trip there and back. The arrangements for the sale were complete in every particular, the experience of Mr. Bleecker being a guarantee of thoroughness in this regard so far as these depended upon him. In some minor points there was, it is true, room for improvement; but for such laches there is ample excuse in the imperfect knowledge of those responsible, of the amenities of these occasions, and as these are wholly outside of any effect upon the market, they obtain notice only in a faithful chronicle of all the circumstances of the sale. It has been before mentioned that this region has been dedicated by the several owners to certain exclusive uses, all property being sold subject to restrictions which prohibit any but first class improvements. This was reflected in the bidders, who were all of that select class above any suspicion of contemplating other than improvements of that character. About 100 lots were disposed of, at prices averaging $600 per acre, a figure involving, it is said, some sacrifice to the owner, but accepted in the expectation of the multiplication of interests there securing future appreciation.

Messrs. A. D. Mellick, Jr., & Brothers' sale, at North Elizabeth, was more satisfactory, in its immediate results. The situation of Elizabeth, at the junction of the New Jersey and New Jersey Central railroads, offering such unequalled means of communication with the city, 102 trains passing through daily, the distance in point of time being less from the City Hall than Thirtieth street, render it peculiarly adapted to the residence of persons doing business in New York. The property disposed of is situated only three minutes' walk from North Elizabeth station, 600 feet from a beautiful park, and is surrounded by first class improvements. A very large party attended, mostly from this city, who were served upon their arrival with a bountiful collation, got up with a disregard of expense and attention to the many varieties of appetite to be served, which have of late distinguished the cuisine department at the sales of this firm. Many ladies accompanied their husbands and brothers upon the excursion, and made the occasion a holiday, enjoying themselves in a hearty picnic way, while their male attendants engaged in competition to secure lots. The bidding was animated and spirited, and the prices quite up to those of previous sales. The size of the lots is uniformly 50x150.

Auction Sales of Real Estate Yesterday.

The following are the particulars of both of these sales:—

WESTCHESTER COUNTY PROPERTY—BY A. J. BLEECKER, SON AND CO.

Chestnut av, 6 lots, each 50x300, each	$525
Chestnut av, 6 lots, each 50x200, each	500
Chestnut av, 6 lots, each 50x200, each	400
Walnut av, 6 lots, each 50x200, each	200
Walnut av, 8 lots, each 50x200, each	140
Walnut av, 7 lots, each 50x200, each	180
Walnut av, 6 lots, each 50x200, each	150
Walnut av, 6 lots, each 50x200, each	135
Chestnut av, 6 lots, each 50x330, each	140
Chestnut av, 3 lots, each 50x300, each	121
Maple av, 6 lots, each 50x460, each	200
Maple av, 6 lots, each 50x650, each	535
Maple av, 6 lots, each 50x650, each	430
Maple av, 1 lot, 50x210	260
Maple av, 1 lot, 20x200	110
Spruce av, 6 lots, each 50x242, each	185
Spruce av, 3 lots, each 50x242, each	160
Spruce av, 3 lots, each 50x242, each	160
Spruce av, 6 lots, each 50x242, each	135
Cedar av, 2 lots, each 50x242, each	245
Cedar av, 2 lots, each 50x242, each	200

NORTH ELIZABETH, N. J.—BY A. D. MELLICK, JR., AND BROTHER.

Lot 1, block A	$700	Lot 5, block C	$405
Lot 3, block A	605	Lot 7, block C	405
Lot 5, block A	635	Lot 9, block C	405
Lot 7, block A	650	Lot 11, block C	405
Lot 9, block A	600	Lot 13, block C	405
Lot 11, block A	570	Lot 15, block C	405
Lot 13, block A	610	Lot 2, block C	385
Lot 15, block A	600	Lot 4, block C	385
Lot 17, block A	510	Lot 6, block C	395
Lot 19, block A	515	Lot 8, block C	290
Lot 1, block B	515	Lot 10, block C	350
Lot 3, block B	495	Lot 12, block C	350
Lot 5, block B	500	Lot 14, block C	350
Lot 7, block B	500	Lot 1, block D	435
Lot 2, block B	500	Lot 2, block D	380
Lot 4, block B	500	Lot 4, block D	350
Lot 6, block B	505	Lot 6, block D	350
Lot 8, block B	505	Lot 15, block B	500
Lot 1, block C	450	House and plot 9, do	5,500
Lot 3, block C	405	House and plot, do	4,750

Real Estate Notes.

A meeting is called for Friday next at No. 4 Pine street, to elect officers for the new Board of Real Estate Brokers.

John J. Cisco, ex-Assistant Treasurer of the United States, and a former resident of Staten Island, has recently purchased the elegant residence and ground owned by George Law, on Howard avenue, for $65,000, and will occupy the place this summer.

Mr. Eastman Russell purchased recently at private sale from G. Lespinasse, one lot on 128th street, 265 feet west of Fifth avenue, 20x100, for $4,500.

Official Transfers of Real Estate Yesterday.

TRANSFERS IN NEW YORK CITY.

Block between 24th and 25th sts, from original high water mark, 1,198.7¼ ft to permanent extension line	Nom.
Church st, e s, 32.9 2.5 ft n of Dey st, 40x4.3½	2,500
Lexington av, s w corner of 89th st, 24.9x100	16,000
Macdougal st, No 14, 25x100	12,000
Oliver st, s e corner of Water st, 25x50	9,750
Reade st, s s, 40.8 ft w of Greenwich st, —x36.2x4x37	550
9th st, n s, 287 ft e of 6th av, 18x92.3	14,500
52d st, s s, 199 ft e of 2d av, 19x100.5	16,000
59th st, n s, 145 ft e of 4th av, 20x100.5	21,000
74th st, s s, 250 ft e of 11th av, 50x140.3½x50.7¼x142.11¾; 74th st, s s, 200 ft e of 11th av, 25x148.3¼x25.9¼x153.8¼	22,900
78th st, n s, 155 ft e of 3d av, 50x102.2	9,500
114th st, s s, 75 ft w of 6th av, 25x100.11	25,000
115th st, s s, 295 ft e of 5th av, 50x100.11	1,600
115th st, s s, 295 ft e of 5th av, 50x81.4¼x72.2x irregular	2,500
118th st, n s, 150 ft w of 1st av, 25x201.3	5,000
120th st, n s, 100 ft e of 2d av, 25x100.10	7,500
125th st, n s, 200 ft e of 9th av, 100x99.11	16,000
126th st, n s, 415 ft e of 6th av, 20x99.11	25,000
Avs C and D, between 5th and 6th sts, center line of the block, 7x43.5-7x irregular x43.5-7	800
7th av, e s, 70.11¾ ft n of 14th st, 24x100	25,000
8th av, e s, 66.11 ft s of 55th st, 23.8x100	25,000
8th av, s e cor of 128th st, 99.11x125	25,000
9th av, n e cor of 46th st, 25.1½x100	15,600
10th av, n e cor of 24th st, 24.8½x80	7,000
11th av, n e cor of 84th st, 24.9x100	6,600
11th av, w s, between 34th and 35th sts, 197.6x100x irregular x125	25,000

LEASES RECORDED IN NEW YORK.

Bowery, No 263, 3 years, per annum	564
Broome st, No 523, 5 years, per annum	660
Greene st, No 115, 3 years, per annum	1,000
Mulberry st, No 117, 3 years, per annum	1,430
Prince st, n e cor of Sullivan st, 3 years, per annum	720
West 35th st, No 219, 5 years, per annum	1,400
1st av, No 84, 3 years and 11 months, per annum	1,250

SUBURBAN INTELLIGENCE.

NEW JERSEY.

Jersey City.

THE CITY TREASURER REPORTS that on the 31st of May a balance of $43,829 72 remained in the city treasury.

FOUND DROWNED.—The body of a boy was found floating in the Paterson dock yesterday. It was drawn out and identified as that of Bernard F. Kelley, who was drowned while bathing in the river at Weehawken last Saturday. Coroner Warren will hold an inquest.

Hoboken.

THE MANIA FOR CHILD BEATING.—Another case of child beating, as grievous as any of those published during the past two weeks, came to light yesterday. It is charged that Frederick Seiler beat and kicked a girl named Catharine Hughes, nine years of age, in a cruel and brutal manner, on Sunday night. Both parties reside on the Meadows. A warrant was issued by Justice White for the arrest of Seiler.

THE CONSEQUENCES OF TROTTING ON THE STREET.—Mr. Caleb D. Weeks, a resident of Fifth street, was returning from Jerome Park on Tuesday, when he undertook to trot his horse rather lively along Third avenue, Lady Thornton running alongside. On nearing 110th street he perceived the track obstructed by a wagon, and in turning the animal to avoid it he was thrown out, falling heavily on the ground. His face was greatly cut and bruised, but this he did not regard much in view of his narrow escape from a sudden death.

A REMARKABLE CASE OF SUICIDE.—Among the passengers on the ferryboat Morristown from New York on Tuesday evening was a man who demeaned himself in an excited manner, walking up and down the cabin, and darting glances at several of the passengers. When the boat had reached the middle of the river he thrust his hand in his pocket, drew out a bundle of papers and presented to a lady in the cabin a card bearing the name "J. Smith, 136 Allen street, New York." He then made use of some remarks to the effect that she would now behold him for the last time. Before he had finished his observations he rushed out, and, placing his hand on the guard rail, turned a complete somersault and plunged into the river. The boat passed over him, but was soon stopped. All efforts to recover the body proved unavailing.

Hudson City.

THE BOULEVARD COMMISSIONERS met at the Court House yesterday, whence they proceeded to locate the Boulevard north of Hudson City. The work of locating the west side Boulevard has been completed.

THE COURTS.—James Slater, who was indicted for perjury, was arrested and held to bail yesterday morning in the sum of $1,000 to appear for trial. The Court of Sessions is still engaged in the trial of criminals charged with theft and assault and battery.

Newark.

LAY DELEGATION IN THE METHODIST CHURCH.—In the Union street Methodist Episcopal church on Tuesday evening a meeting of members of various churches was held to participate in a discussion *pro* and *con* on the subject of lay delegation. The attendance was large and much interest manifested in the proceedings, which consisted of a stirring address against the measure by General Runyon and an equally forcible one in favor of the same by Mr. C. C. North. Other similar meetings are to be held in various churches.

MEETING OF THE ESSEX COUNTY BOARD OF FREEHOLDERS.—An adjourned meeting of the Essex county Board of Chosen Freeholders was held at the Court House in this city yesterday. By a communication from the Hudson county Board the attention of the Board was called to the alleged encroachments on the rights of riparian owners along the Passaic river by the Citizens' Gaslight Company and the Paterson and Newark Railroad Company. The committee on high bridge at Ridgewood, Bloomfield, submitted a report from Mr. C. Delafield, Civil Engineer, which set forth that the bridge was very defective; that part of it had already fallen, and the rest was very dangerous; also a report that the counsel of the Board considered the contractor liable for damages and cost of rebuilding a bridge. The committee submitted a resolution that a committee be appointed, with power to rebuild the bridge upon any plan which they might agree upon. Considerable discussion on the subject followed as to what course should be pursued regarding the rebuilding of the bridge. There appeared to be no ability on the part of the Board to obtain any satisfaction from the contractor, and a motion prevailed to rebuild it at the expense of the county. A committee of five was appointed to take charge of the matter. A motion relating to the laying out of Montclair avenue, at a cost of $90,000, was laid on the table. A report providing for the altering and improving of the Supreme Court Chamber, at a cost of $18,000, was approved of. The chamber at present is in disgraceful condition and very badly ventilated. Messrs. Brodnax, Halsey, C. W. Harrison, Horace Dodd and Joel D. Mead were appointed a committee to inquire into the expediency of building a new County Poor House, to report at the next meeting. It was resolved to hold stated meetings on the first Wednesdays in August, November, February and May.

Trenton.

THE HARRISON-VREELAND CASE AGAIN.—The celebrated Harrison and Vreeland case, which originated in a suit brought in the Hudson Circuit Court last January by Mrs. Harrison, a widow of forty-five, against George Vreeland, a wealthy drover of eighty-three, for breach of promise, is now being argued in the Supreme Court on motion of defendant for a new trial.

THE CENTRAL AGRICULTURAL FAIR.—The second day of the Central agricultural fair was quite a success. A large number of persons were present. The principal feature was the trial of speed. Some of the best stock from a wide range of country was entered. The most interesting trial was the race, a single mile dash, which was won by J. Borcam, of Jamesburg, in 1:51. In the trial of three minute horses there were twelve entries, best three in five, and the race was won by W. H. Dable in three straight heats in 2:48¾, 2:51½, 2:45. In the trial of double teams there were three entries, and was won by J. A. Walters in 2:50¼, 2:57, 2:52, best three in five. In the trial of pacers, best two in three, J. L. Doty won in 2:50, 2:52.

LONG ISLAND.

INJUNCTION AGAINST THE ROCKAWAY RAILROAD.—It is expected that the new road running from Valley Stream, on the Southside Railroad of Long Island, to Rockaway, would be opened early this month, but an injunction has been served on it by James McManus, a landholder on the route, which will delay operations for another week probably.

THE FRUIT CROP.—The fruit prospects on Long Island, as a general thing, are not very promising. There will be only about a third of a crop of cherries. The late cold rains and cloudy weather have had the effect to mar both cherries, pears and apples. Of peaches there will be a good crop, although this fruit is not extensively cultivated on the island. The prospects of currants and other small fruit are not good.

PROSECUTIONS AGAINST LIQUOR DEALERS.—A formidable movement, which includes all classes of citizens, with a powerful influence to back them in their efforts, has begun at Glen Cove, Queens county, for the purpose of breaking up illicit whiskey shops. The violators of the law, when arrested, are taken before a justice, and upon confession or conviction judgment is suspended, providing the offender pledges himself to give up business. During the past week seventeen liquor dealers have been arrested by this organization. At Bayport and Sayville, Suffolk county, organizations have been formed to suppress the sale of intoxicating drinks, and also to report violations of the Excise law. They have been productive of great good.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

FATAL RAILROAD ACCIDENT.—While the "owl train" to the city on the New York and New Haven Railroad was passing through Rye at an early hour yesterday morning, the engineer shut off steam on discovering the dead body of a man lying across the track in front of the locomotive. On approaching the body it was found that in addition to the skull being laid open, one of the lower limbs was completely severed. The remains were put on board the train, which at once backed up to Rye station, and there the body was identified as that of James Sweeney, a laborer, who was known to have been intoxicated on the previous evening. Coroner Bathgate, of Morrisania, was notified, and will hold an inquest to-day.

KINGSTON.

FIRE.—A fire in St. James street Tuesday morning destroyed the office and pattern rooms of the Ulster County Foundry. Loss $10,000; insured for $1,600.

POUGHKEEPSIE.

EDITORIAL EXCURSION.—On invitation of Captain Ferdinand Frost, of the steamboat Mary Powell, representatives of the press of the Hudson river will to-day make an excursion to New York city, reaching the metropolis at eleven A. M. Disembarking, the excursionists are to visit several newspaper offices. During the trip a Hudson river editorial association will be formed and officers will be elected for the ensuing year.

THREATS OF A LAW SUIT.—A short time since Strakosch engaged the Collingwood Opera House for a concert to be given by Clara Louise Kellogg. Soon after the announcement of the concert word was sent that as Miss Kellogg was about to embark for Europe the concert would not take place. James Collingwood, proprietor of the Collingwood Opera House, now proposes to sue Strakosch for the rent of the building.

GREENWICH, CONN.

SHOCKING RAILROAD CASUALTY.—Robert Talbot, a merchant living at Horse Neck, near Greenwich, Conn., in jumping from a New York and New Haven freight train while passing the latter place, on Tuesday evening, was thrown under the cars and had both legs cut from his body, causing instant death. Deceased, it appears, was informed by the conductor of the train before leaving New York, that he would not stop at Greenwich, but the man ultimately obtained a promise from the engineer, in which the conductor concurred, that he would go slow in order to let him get off. None of the train hands saw him jump, nor did they know he was killed until some hours after. Talbot was about forty years of age and leaves a numerous family.

BOARD OF HEALTH.

Judge Whiting Defends Himself—Treasures Laid Up in Heaven—The Lime-Burning Nuisance—The Dog Question—Vital Statistics.

The regular weekly meeting of the Board of Health was held yesterday, a full Board being in attendance.

After the routine business had been disposed of Charles Spencer, counsel for P. Malone, addressed the Board, representing that during Mr. Malone's illness suit had been commenced against him for the discontinuance of his lime-burning establishment, in Little Twelfth street, and voluminous evidence having been taken before the referee, he asked that the suit be discontinued, which was so ordered, Mr. Malone paying costs.

The Board at its last session having ordered proceedings to be instituted against Mr. Whiting, contractor for cleaning the streets, to compel him to remove certain debris on Thompson street, that gentleman was heard in his own behalf. He stated that in April, before these proceedings were commenced, his business had passed from his hands into those of a Mr. Brown. While he was the contractor he had always cleaned the streets once per week, and in some cases, as a sanitary measure, had cleaned them three times per week, while the contract only made him liable for weekly cleanings. He had now retired upon his honors and laid up treasures where moths and dust could not corrupt, which was not the case with many New York public men.

The counsel of the Board reported that the Chief Engineer had represented that on Thompson street there were three stratifications of filth—one of dead dogs, another of dead cats and the third of garbage collected there from the kitchens of live negroes—and the contractor for cleaning the streets was responsible for some of the collections. A lengthy discussion followed, and it was finally resolved to call upon the Engineer to make a report showing what proportion of the expense of cleaning the street named should be borne by Mr. Whitney, the Seventh Avenue Railroad and the present contractor, Mr. Brown.

Dr. STILES, assistant Superintendent, having reported against the granting of permits for certain firms in Brooklyn to convey slops through the streets and in favor of a monopolizing firm in Jamaica, the various interests were heard through counsel, but final action was deferred.

The application of Turner Brothers to clean entrails in Thirty-ninth street was refused.

The following unique letter was forwarded by the Superintendent of Police and placed on file as a curiosity:—

JOHN A. KENNEDY:—

SIR—Is there No protection for the people of this city Mayor Hall wont protect them. Neither will the Board of Health, with the Police Commissioners at its head. Who then will. Now Sir its not only two bad but it is outrageous to think that in the 10 Ward with parts of the 13 11 and 17 there are at this moment no less than 50,000 Dogs unmusseled walking the streets unmolested, to the great terror of the people. There is no use in saying this Counsel or that Counsel is at fault. its truckling to the German vote is doing all away then with Nonsense Oakey Hall and Bosworth are the guilty parties we live in Barberous times.

CITIZEN 10TH WARD.

Dr. HARRIS submitted the following report, after the reading of which the Board adjourned:—

METROPOLITAN BOARD OF HEALTH, June 9, 1869.

In the week that ended on Saturday, the 5th inst., there were 416 deaths in New York and 188 in Brooklyn. Seventy of the deaths occurred in the public institutions of New York and 16 in the institutions of Brooklyn. Measles and scarlatina were predominant causes of mortality, and were charged with 43 deaths in New York and 26 in Brooklyn. From these diseases and the fatal secondary diseases they caused the death rate among children is now unusually high for the season. Of the deaths in New York 107, or 25.72 per cent of the total, occurred in children under one year of age, and 227, or 53.36 per cent of the total, occurred under the fifth year.

Phthisis pulmonalis was at its minimum for the year, only 45 deaths, or 10.83 per cent of the total mortality in New York, being charged to that disease.

Smallpox and varioloid caused only four deaths in New York and none in Brooklyn. This disease not only causes little mortality but must soon cease to prevail in New York, as the effort to secure the vaccination of all persons who need such protection is proving entirely successful. The first three weeks of June are the most healthful in the year, and vaccination is now given with the very greatest degree of success and safety. No other great commercial city in the world is now less liable to distribute contagion, but in no other city is the duty of vaccination more necessary. The enlightened action that is being taken by the local boards of school trustees in concert with the Board of Education in regard to the school regulation requiring the registration of the fact of the vaccination of every pupil and teacher, is securing faithful attention to this sanitary duty with but little trouble to inspectors.

There were five deaths by burns and scalds, seven by drowning and five by accidents in streets and elsewhere in New York during the week.

The death rate was equal to 21.63 per 1,000 inhabitants in New York and to 19.40 per 1,000 in Brooklyn. The rate in London the third week in May was 21 per 1,000, 27 per 1,000 in Liverpool, 31 per 1,000 in Berlin and 38 per 1,000 in Vienna. These records show that New York and Brooklyn are among the most favored of the great cities as regards the death rate or chance of life at the present time.

E. HARRIS, Sanitary Superintendent.

Statistics of births, marriages and stillbirths in the city of New York week ending June 5, 1869:—

Total number of births certified by physicians	279
Total number of stillbirths certified by physicians	29
Total number of persons married and legally certified by clergymen and magistrates	438

JOHN BOWNE, Register Clerk.

THE SUPPOSED MALPRACTICE CASE.

Arrest of a Midwife—Denying Her Identity.

Mrs. Eckert, alias Mrs. Burns, the midwife living at No. 118 Clinton street, who is suspected of performing an abortion on Mrs. Theresa Brust, late of No. 73 Eldridge street, and thus producing death, as already reported in the HERALD, was arrested on Tuesday evening by detective Healy, attached to the Coroners' office. On going to the prisoner's house the officer inquired for Mrs. Eckert and was told that no woman by that name had lived there for at least nineteen years. Returning to the late residence of deceased the officer met a person acquainted with Mrs. Eckert, who volunteered to go and point her out. The house of the suspected woman was again visited, and on being confronted with the mistress thereof the officer discovered that a trick had been played upon him with the view of shielding the midwife from arrest. Mrs. Eckert was identified as the woman for whom he held a warrant, and immediately taken into custody. Denying that she was Mrs. Eckert, the prisoner then for the first time said her name was Mrs. Burns. On Coroner Keenan's commitment Mrs. Eckert, alias Mrs. Burns, was locked up in the Tombs to await the result of the inquisition over the remains of Mrs. Brust. The accused, who seems to have a thorough knowledge of the world, understands her own rights in the premises and has engaged counsel to defend her.

MARINE TRANSFERS.

The following is a complete list of marine transfers at this port, from the 7th to the 9th inst., inclusive:—

Date.	Class.	Name.	Tonnage.	Share.	Price.
June 7	Stm. Pro.	Josiah H. Gautier	24 46-100	¾	$500
June 7	Stm. Pro.	Virgo	114 2	5-100	6,705
June 7	Schooner	Minnie	299	⅜	3,000
June 9	Schooner	Julia A. Rider	252 36-100	1-32	562
June 9	Schooner	Albert G. Lawsen	94 89-100	1-3	2,750

MARRIAGES AND DEATHS.

Married.

ANDERSON—ALLEN.—On Wednesday, June 9, at St. Patrick's Cathedral, by the Most Rev. Archbishop McCloskey, EDWARD HENRY ANDERSON to JOSEPHINE ALLEN, daughter of the late John T. Allen.

AUFERMANN—BECKER.—On Saturday, June 5, by the Rev. Leopold Mohn, at the residence of the bride's parents, North Hoboken, N. J., Mr. AUGUST AUFERMANN to Miss ANTONIE BECKER, daughter of Louis Becker, Esq.

CARY—CARLETON.—In this city, on Wednesday, June 9, by the Rev. Samuel D. Burchard, D. D., THOMAS S. CARY, of Staten Island, to MARY AUGUSTA, eldest daughter of the late Augustus L. Carleton, of New York city.

DENNETT—MARCUS.—On Tuesday, June 8, at Christ church, by the Rev. F. C. Ewer, D. D., Mr. G. WALKER DENNETT, of Boston, to Miss LIZZIE, daughter of the late Rev. M. Marcus, of this city.

FOSTER—CREIGHTON.—On Wednesday, June 9, at the residence of the bride's parents, No. 99 Barrow street, by the Rev. Dr. Dowling, ALONZO W. FOSTER to MARY FRANCES CREIGHTON, both of this city. No cards.

HASELL—WILLETT.—On Tuesday, June 8, in Calvary church, by the Rev. William F. Morgan, D. D., LEWIS CRUGER HASELL, of South Carolina, to CLEMENCE LLOYD WILLETT, daughter of Edward M. Willett, of this city.

Charleston papers please copy.

KAY—ESTWICK.—In this city, at the residence of the bride's parents, by the Rev. R. J. W. Buckland, ROBERT J. KAY to SARAH E. ESTWICK, all of this city.

O'BRIEN—NOONAN.—On Tuesday, June 8, at the Church of St. John the Evangelist, by the Rev. Charles McCready, TERRENCE G. O'BRIEN to ANNIE T., daughter of Michael Noonan, Esq., all of this city. No cards.

PLATT—HOLBROOK.—At Harlem, at the residence of the bride's uncle, by the Rev. E. Lucas, ARCHIE RUSSELL PLATT, son of George Platt, Esq., to Miss SUSAN HOLBROOK, niece of George Richmond, Esq., all of this city.

SPENCER—WRIGHT.—On Wednesday, June 9, at the residence of the bride's parents, by the Rev. J. A. Spencer, D. D., BIRD WILSON SPENCER to FANNY JOSEPHINE, eldest daughter of the late Moses B. Wright, cashier of the Merchants' Exchange National Bank, all of this city.

TOWNSEND—MCKINLEY.—At the residence of the bride's father, Elizabeth, N. J., on Tuesday, June 8, by the Rev. D. F. Warren, D. D., LOUIS TOWNSEND to CARRIE H., youngest daughter of Wm. McKinley, Esq., all of Elizabeth.

WHITING—STENNETT.—On Tuesday, June 8, at the residence of the bride's parents, by the Rev. D. V. M. Johnson, HENRY V. WHITING to FRANCES, daughter of Ebenezer Stennett, all of Brooklyn. No cards.

Died.

ALSTYNE.—On Thursday, June 3, JOHN ALSTYNE, in the 69th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, at the Chapel of the Holy Saviour, East Twenty-fifth street, near Madison ave., this (Thursday) morning, at half-past nine o'clock. The remains will be taken to Eastchester for interment.

BEATTYS.—In Williamsburg, on Monday, June 7, MAGGIE L., beloved wife of Benjamin Beattys, and daughter of Nicholas and Elizabeth Cort, aged 28 years, 9 months and 22 days.

The relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral, from her late residence, 25 Taylor street, this (Thursday) afternoon, at half past two o'clock.

BERGEN.—At Morrisania, on Tuesday, June 8, MICHAEL J. BERGEN, aged 34 years, 6 months and 10 days.

The relatives and friends of the family, the members of the St. Augustine Benefit and Benevolent Society, and the members of the Morrisania Fire Department, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, Boston road, opposite Mott street, Morrisania, this (Thursday) afternoon, at one o'clock.

BRADY.—On Tuesday, June 8, SUSAN BRADY, a native of county Cavan, Ireland, in the 47th year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, this (Thursday) afternoon, at two o'clock, from her late residence, Ninety-first street, near Fifth avenue.

CLARK.—At Westfield, N. J., on Wednesday morning, June 9, WILLIAM CLARK, aged 80 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral services, on Friday afternoon, at two o'clock. Trains leave New York per New Jersey Central Railroad at twelve o'clock, foot of Liberty street.

CLEARY.—On Tuesday, June 8, after a short illness, MARTIN CLEARY, a native of Burr, Kings county, Ireland, in the 67th year of his age.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of his son, 518 East Fourteenth street, this (Thursday) afternoon, at two o'clock.

COWEN.—At Carmansville, on Wednesday morning, June 9, at two o'clock, after a short and severe illness, CATRINE COWEN, in the 37th year of her age.

The friends and relatives of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Friday afternoon, at one o'clock, from her late residence, 150th street and Tenth avenue.

GIBSON.—On Wednesday morning, June 9, after a severe illness, THOMAS RICHIE, youngest son of William T. Gibson, in the 5th year of his age.

His remains will be taken from the residence of his parents, No. 104 Seventh avenue, to Greenwood Cemetery, this (Thursday) afternoon at two o'clock.

GILLESPIE.—On Monday, June 7, BIRDIE, only daughter of Frederick E. and Lizzy Gillespie, aged 5 years, 11 months and 7 days.

Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of her parents, 396 Atlantic street, Brooklyn, this (Thursday) afternoon, at half-past two o'clock.

GILMOUR.—On Wednesday, June 9, THOMAS ROSS GILMOUR, in the 18th year of his age.

The remains will be taken to Orange county for interment this (Thursday) morning.

GRENNAN.—In Brooklyn, on Tuesday, June 8, SAMUEL GRENNAN.

The funeral will take place from the residence of Robert S. Wood, Forty-seventh street, near Third avenue, Brooklyn, this (Thursday) afternoon, at half-past one o'clock.

HADLEY.—In this city, on Tuesday, June 8, after a short but severe illness, EMMA M. CURTIS, daughter of Joseph W. and Ophelia G. Hadley, aged 11 years, 7 months and 9 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Friday morning, at half-past eleven o'clock, from her late residence, 102 Greenwich avenue. Her remains will be taken to Woodlawn Cemetery for interment.

HALPIN.—Of consumption, THOMAS HALPIN, aged 32 years.

Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral this (Thursday) afternoon, at two o'clock, from his late residence, 41 Atlantic street, Brooklyn.

HANNA.—On Tuesday, June 8, JOHN HANNA, aged 48 years.

His brothers-in-law, J. W. and C. Atkinson, and friends are respectfully requested to attend the funeral, from his late residence, No. 237 East Twenty-fifth street, this (Thursday) morning, at ten o'clock.

KIRKPATRICK.—In Brooklyn, on Monday morning, June 7, JOSEPHINE S., wife of William Kirkpatrick.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral services, at the residence of her husband, 52 State street, Brooklyn, this (Thursday) morning, at ten o'clock. The remains will be taken to Philadelphia for interment on the half-past twelve P. M. train.

KOHBERTZ.—On Tuesday, June 8, PHILIPPINE KOHBERTZ, in the 76th year of her age.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from Woodbridge, N. J., this (Thursday) morning, at ten o'clock.

MACKEY.—On Wednesday, June 9, of paralysis, Mrs. JOSEPH MACKEY, widow of Joseph Mackey, Sr., aged 63 years.

The friends of the family, and those of her sons, Robert, Joseph and William James Mackey, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Robert Lowden, No. 228 Thompson street, on Saturday morning, at eleven o'clock. Her remains will be taken to Greenwood for interment.

MAXWELL.—The members of Abrams Lodge are requested to attend the funeral of our late brother JOHN C. MAXWELL, from the residence of his parents, 245 East Thirty-first street, this (Thursday) afternoon, at one o'clock. By request of

C. A. SEAMAN, M.

MILLER.—On Sunday, May 9, at Prinsted, Sussex, England, NATHANIEL F. MILLER, formerly of the firm of H. B. Claflin & Co., of this city, in the 48th year of his age.

His relatives and friends, and those of his brother Alvah, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, at the Madison Avenue Presbyterian church (Rev. Dr. Adams'), on Friday afternoon, at one o'clock. His remains will be taken to Greenwood Cemetery for interment.

MOUNT.—On Tuesday, June 8, JOHN V. B. MOUNT, son of the late John and Elizabeth Mount, aged 18 years, 1 month, and 10 days.

Friends and relatives are invited to attend the funeral, from his uncle's residence, No. 449 West Forty-seventh street, this (Thursday) afternoon, at two o'clock.

MCCABE.—On Tuesday evening, June 8, after a short and severe illness, HUGH MCCABE.

His friends and those of his family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, 156 East Twenty-ninth street, on Friday afternoon, at one o'clock.

O'DONNELL.—On Tuesday, June 8, EDMUND O'DONNELL, in the 6th year of his age.

The remains will be taken from the residence of his mother, 189 Meadow street, Hoboken, to St. Peter's Cemetery, Bergen, for interment, this (Thursday) afternoon, at two o'clock.

PRENDERGAST.—In Brooklyn, on Wednesday, June 9, ESSY, the beloved wife of Patrick Prendergast, aged 44 years.

The relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral, from her late residence, No. 345 Columbia street, on Friday afternoon, at three o'clock, to the Cemetery of the Holy Cross.

County Clare and Limerick papers please copy.

QUINN.—On Tuesday, June 8, RICHARD QUINN, aged 32 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, 1,387 Broadway, near Fifty-first street, this (Thursday) afternoon, at two o'clock.

SCHUYLER.—At Newark, N. J., on Wednesday, June 9, SMITH ANDERSON, youngest child of Smith A. and Bessie Schuyler, aged 1 year and 9 months.

Funeral from the residence of his parents, No. 31 Lombardy street, Newark, on Friday, at twelve o'clock noon.

Baltimore and St. Louis papers please copy.

SCULLY.—On Wednesday, June 9, MARGARET TERESA, infant daughter of Cornelius and Grace Anne Scully, aged 9 months and 17 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of her parents, 140 Fourth street, Brooklyn, E. D., this (Thursday) afternoon, at two o'clock.

SMITH.—In Brooklyn, on Tuesday, June 8, of consumption, PATRICK H. SMITH, a native of Teggamaddy, parish of Bright, county Down, Ireland, aged 34 years.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, No. 104 Gold street, this (Thursday) afternoon, at half-past two o'clock.

STERNBERGER.—On Tuesday, June 8, DAVID STERNBERGER, aged 81 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his son's residence, No. 9 East Thirty-fifth street, on Friday morning, at nine o'clock.

Philadelphia papers please copy.

WATERMAN.—In Hudson City, N. J., on Tuesday, June 8, AUGUSTUS WATERMAN, aged 48 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, this (Thursday) morning, at half-past ten o'clock, from his residence, Jefferson avenue, near Oakland, Hudson City, N. J.

WILLETS.—In Jersey City, on Tuesday, June 8, HANNAH, widow of Isaac Willets, aged 76 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of her son, Isaac Willets, 336 South Second street, Jersey City, this (Thursday) afternoon, at three o'clock.

YARNALL.—On Tuesday morning, June 8, after a long and severe illness, CHARLOTTE, daughter of John and Ann Yarnall, aged 23 years.

Earth lost, Heaven gained.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, from the Church of the Epiphany, Stanton street, this (Thursday) afternoon, at half-past one o'clock.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

TURK'S ISLAND.

The financial condition of this British colony is anything but encouraging, the revenues showing a considerable falling off and the Treasury being empty. A company has been formed, named the Turk's Island Commercial Association (limited), with a capital of $20,000, in fifty dollar shares, the object of which is to purchase and import such articles as are needed for consumption on the island, and for the disposal of salt. The association proposes to commence operations at once, and one of the directors will proceed immediately to the United States to carry out the intentions of the association.

The total imports of goods for the year 1868 were £40,778, while the average for the last five years, including 1868, was £59,948; and the duties paid on imported goods last year amounted to £3,690, against £4,909 in 1867. This deficiency is partly accounted for by the introduction of damaged goods from St. Thomas, which were taken from vessels sunk in that harbor by the cyclone of October, 1867. There has been exported during the year 1,398,000 bushels of salt, against 1,094,628 bushels exported in 1867. The estimated revenue for 1869 is £8,591, while the expenditures will be £9,451, leaving a deficiency of £860 to be provided for. The stone piers, injured by the hurricane at Grand Turk are to be repaired.

FILTHY CONDITION OF THE BAY SHORE.

FORT HAMILTON, N. Y., June 7, 1869.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD:—

Having noticed your exposures of the workings of the Quarantine laws under Dr. Swinburne, and he being a member of the Board of Health, I would respectfully call your attention to the following copy of a communication, signed by citizens of this town and forwarded to the treasurer of the Board of Health. Fearing that he will not give it publicity, I deem it expedient to ask that you give it a place in your valuable paper:—

"We would respectfully call your attention to the filthy condition of the beach in the immediate vicinity of Fort Hamilton. The party who now has charge of the sanitary arrangements for the district—commencing at Court street and ending on the north shore of Coney Island—has only one man employed to keep this large extent of shore clean, and your good judgment will show you that it is utterly impossible for one man to keep such a large district in good order. Hoping you will give this matter your early attention, and thereby earn the thanks of numerous residents of the shore road, we remain, sir, your most obedient servants."

BOARDERS AND LODGERS WANTED.

1 LARGE ROOM, SECOND STORY, FRONT; ALSO two on the fourth floor, to let, with Board, at 50 East Forty-sixth street, between Fifth and Sixth avenues. References given and required.

1 BLOCK FROM CITY HALL.—FRANKFORT HOUSE, Frankfort street, corner of William. 250 rooms; accommodate gentlemen only; 35c. to 50c. per day; $1 50 to $3 per week. Open all night.

2 OR 3 FAMILIES CAN BE ACCOMMODATED WITH Rooms and good Board, also single gentlemen, at 176 Bleecker street.

2 LARGE HALL ROOMS ON THIRD FLOOR, AND handsomely furnished Room on fourth floor; house and table first class. Terms $10 per week. 35 West Twenty-fourth street.

$2.50 TO $6 PER WEEK.—FURNISHED ROOMS to let, with or without Board, and for light housekeeping; American family. 89 and 117 Hudson street.

5 CHARLTON STREET.—FURNISHED ROOMS, WITH Board, for gentlemen; house first class and very convenient to business, and terms moderate.

5TH AVENUE, 273, BETWEEN TWENTY-NINTH AND Thirtieth streets.—An elegantly furnished second and third Floor to rent, with first class Board, to families or single gentlemen, at moderate prices; house, location and all appointments unexceptionable. Best references given and required.

5TH AVENUE, NO. 70, CORNER THIRTEENTH street.—Handsomely furnished Rooms, for families or single gentlemen, with first class Board. Transient parties accommodated.

$6 PER WEEK FOR BOARD FOR SINGLE GENTLEmen; also furnished Parlor on first floor for gentleman and wife; table board $4 50. 132 Bleecker street.

$7 A WEEK.—A LARGE FRONT ROOM, WITH closets attached, on second floor, suitable for a lady and gentleman or two single gentlemen, with gas and bath; Board, if desired. 481 West Twenty-second street.

9 EAST TWENTY-SECOND STREET, NEAR BROADway.—A private family will let the entire second Floor, in suits or separately, with or without Board.

9 WEST TWENTY-FIRST STREET.—ELEGANTLY furnished Rooms to let, in suits or separately, with or without Board.

9 DOMINICK STREET.—FURNISHED ROOMS TO let.

11 ASHLAND PLACE, PERRY STREET, THREE doors from Waverley place and near Sixth avenue.—Second floor furnished, with Board, together or separate; terms moderate; dinner at 6.

11 UNIVERSITY PLACE, CORNER OF EIGHTH street.—A few single gentlemen can be accommodated with good Board and pleasant Rooms at from $7 to $12 per week; also a few families can be accommodated with handsomely furnished Rooms on reasonable terms.

12 EAST THIRTEENTH STREET, FIRST HOUSE from Fifth avenue.—Pleasant Rooms en suite or separate, with Board, for single gentlemen or gentlemen and their wives.

13 BOND STREET—FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET, to gentlemen only; no meals. Hall Rooms, suits of Rooms and double Rooms at reasonable prices.

18 MACDOUGAL STREET.—A LARGE BACK PARlor on first floor and small Room on third floor, to let, separately or together, with or without Board; private family.

18 EAST TWENTY-FIRST STREET, FIRST HOUSE east of Broadway.—A few large, airy Rooms will be rented, together or separately, with Board, at moderate rates.

19 WEST TWENTY-SEVENTH STREET, ADJOINING Coleman House.—Large and well furnished front Suits of Rooms for families; also single Rooms for gentlemen; first class Board.

19TH STREET, NEAR GRAMERCY PARK.—A SECond Floor, newly carpeted and handsomely furnished, will be rented en suite or separately, with Board, at moderate rates. Apply at 126 East Nineteenth street.

$25 TO A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE ONLY.—EXTRA large Suit of Rooms, with Board, in a private family. Forty-eighth street, near Fifth avenue; nothing like it ever offered. First class applicants only. Address box 2,592 Post office.

29 CLINTON PLACE (EIGHTH STREET), BETWEEN Broadway and University place.—A large furnished Room to let, with or without Board. References exchanged.

29 JAMES STREET.—FURNISHED ROOMS FOR five or six gentlemen, with or without Board; bath, gas, all conveniences; terms moderate.

34 WEST TWENTY-FIFTH STREET, NEAR MADIson square.—Suits of Rooms and single Rooms, well furnished, for gentlemen, without board, in a first class house; choice location.

38 WEST WASHINGTON SQUARE, SECOND BROWN stone house from Fourth street.—Elegantly furnished Suit of Rooms to let, with first class Board, in a private family; house and location first class.

40 IRVING PLACE, OPPOSITE THE WESTMINSTER Hotel. Furnished Rooms to let, to gentlemen of the highest respectability.

40 EAST FOURTH STREET, BETWEEN BROADway and Bowery.—A gentleman and wife, also two young men, can be accommodated with good Board and pleasant Rooms, on moderate terms.

42 GROVE STREET.—NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS, on the second floor, to let, with Board; also Room and Bedroom on the first floor; terms moderate to good parties.

43 WEST TWENTY-FOURTH STREET.—DESIRABLE Rooms for gentlemen and wives or single gentlemen, with or without Board for summer.

46 UNIVERSITY PLACE.—TO LET, LARGE AIRY and elegantly furnished Rooms, en suite or single; gas and bath; for gentlemen only.

48 WEST ELEVENTH STREET, NEAR BROADway.—Handsomely furnished Rooms to let, with or without Board; terms reasonable for the summer.

49 SEVENTH STREET.—NICELY FURNISHED FRONT Rooms, with all modern improvements, suitable for gentlemen and wife or single gentlemen, with first class Board. References.

50 NINTH STREET, WEST OF BROADWAY.—A private family offers a Suit of Rooms on second floor, furnished, with full Board.

51 LEXINGTON AVENUE.—A SMALL FAMILY HAS a few neatly furnished Rooms to rent, in suits or singly.

56 EAST NINTH STREET, NEAR BROADWAY.—Pleasant Rooms to let, with Board, to gentleman and wife or single gentlemen.

57 WEST TWENTY-FOURTH STREET, BETWEEN Fifth and Sixth avenues.—Handsomely furnished Rooms to let to gentlemen, with or without breakfast; private family; house newly refitted.

67 AMITY STREET.—A VERY PLEASANT FURnished Room, for one or two gentlemen, without board, on moderate terms; also a single Room; very desirable location.

69 IRVING PLACE, NEAR GRAMERCY PARK.—Very elegant Rooms, singly or en suite, with or without Board. Private table if desired. References.

70 VARICK STREET, FIRST DOOR FROM CANAL.—Extra large Rooms with ample closets to let, with or without Board; location central and convenient to all cars on west side of town.

71 WEST THIRTY SIXTH STREET, BETWEEN FIFTH and Sixth avenues.—Pleasant Rooms, with ample closets, to let, with Board; house and location first class; references required.

83 CLINTON PLACE, FOURTH DOOR FROM FIFTH avenue.—Rooms to let, with Board, to transient or permanent persons for the summer.

88 AMITY STREET.—LARGE, COOL, FURNISHED Rooms, for gentlemen and their wives and single gentlemen; also a splendid Second Floor, unfurnished.

99 PRINCE STREET, NEAR BROADWAY, (HELLstem's Hotel.)—Handsomely furnished Rooms to let, to single gentlemen or gentleman and wife, with or without Board.

101 WEST ELEVENTH STREET, BETWEEN FIFTH and Sixth avenues.—Newly furnished Rooms to let in a private family. References required.

104 BLOOMFIELD STREET, HOBOKEN.—ROOMS for gentlemen, with or without Board.

104 WEST FOURTEENTH STREET.—UNUSUALLY pleasant and handsomely furnished Rooms to let, en suite and singly, with Board; house first class, terms reasonable.

BOARDERS AND LODGERS WANTED.

108 FOURTH AVENUE, NEAR TWELFTH STREET.—A handsomely furnished Parlor and Extension; closets, hot and cold water; Board first class. Also a handsome large Room. Terms moderate.

109 (NEW NO.) WEST THIRTEENTH STREET, three doors below Sixth avenue.—A private family will let, with Board, a well furnished Room. References exchanged.

111 FIRST AVENUE, NEAR THE CORNER OF Seventh street.—A newly furnished front Room, on the second floor, with or without Board.

111 EAST TWENTY-FIFTH STREET, NEAR FOURTH avenue.—Elegant Apartments to let, in a private family, consisting of a gentleman, wife and son.

111 EAST TWENTY-FIFTH STREET, NEAR FOURTH avenue.—A handsomely furnished house to let, where the board of a gentleman, wife and son will be taken in part payment of rent; undoubted references required.

112 EAST TWENTIETH STREET, FRONTING GRAMercy Park.—Elegant Second Floor to let, with or without private table; five rooms, ample closets, bathroom; every accommodation. References exchanged.

116 WEST FORTY-FIRST STREET.—DESIRABLE Rooms to let, with Board.

127 EAST TWELFTH STREET.—A SMALL AMERIcan family would let a Parlor and Bedroom on second floor; also small Rooms to gentlemen, without board, or would give partial Board.

128 AND 149 WEST TWENTY-THIRD STREET, NEAR Sixth avenue.—To let, with first class Board, to gentleman and wife or single gentlemen, Rooms on second and third floors; gentlemen who are obliged to stay in the city during the summer months will find this a desirable location.

128 EAST TWENTY-SIXTH STREET, BETWEEN Fourth and Lexington avenues.—Rooms, with Board, can be had in a small American family, without children.

129 CHRYSTIE STREET.—FURNISHED ROOMS TO let, a front Room on the first floor, and one on the second; suitable for gentlemen and their wives or single gentlemen, with or without Board.

129 CLINTON PLACE, EIGHTH STREET, BETWEEN Fifth and Sixth avenues.—Furnished Rooms, en suite or singly, with or without Board; gas, water, bath, &c. Terms moderate.

130 EAST SIXTEENTH STREET, NEAR UNION square.—To let, with first class Board for gentleman and wife or two gentlemen, one large, pleasant Room on second floor, at low price for the summer; references.

132 EAST TWENTY-NINTH STREET.—A LARGE front Room to let, with Board, to two gentlemen. Terms $14 a week. Also Second Floor, newly carpeted, with or without furniture.

133 EAST FIFTEENTH STREET, NEAR UNION square.—To let, handsomely furnished back Parlor, also large front Room, with or without Board; terms moderate.

133 WEST FORTY-FIRST STREET.—ELEGANT SUITS of Rooms, on second floor, to let, with or without Board; also smaller Rooms for single gentlemen; private table if desired.

141 WEST FORTY-FIRST STREET, BETWEEN Sixth avenue and Broadway.—Fine, large, well furnished Rooms to let, with Board, very desirable; unexceptionable references given and required.

141 EAST THIRTIETH STREET.—A HANDSOMELY furnished back Parlor to a lady or gentleman and wife, with Board; table first class.

148 EAST TWENTY-SEVENTH STREET.—FURNISHed Rooms, with Board, for families or single gentlemen; board first class; rooms single or en suite; terms moderate; everything new.

151 WEST THIRTY-SIXTH STREET.—ELEGANTLY furnished Rooms to let. References required.

155 EAST THIRTY-NINTH STREET.—TWO LARGE Rooms, on second floor, furnished; first class; all improvements; gentlemen and wives; with best of Board; price moderate; private family.

158 SECOND AVENUE.—TO LET, SEVERAL VERY desirable, neatly furnished Rooms, with or without Board, in first class brown stone residence.

159 WEST TWENTY-THIRD STREET, BETWEEN Sixth and Seventh avenues.—A private family will let two or three pretty Rooms, with Board, at very nominal prices; house and neighborhood first class.

170 FIFTH AVENUE, CORNER TWENTY-SECOND street.—Very handsome, newly furnished Rooms to rent; all modern improvements and first class attendance.

170 WEST TENTH STREET.—TWO FURNISHED front Rooms on the second story of a private house to let, without board, to two or three gentlemen.

173 HUDSON ST.—A NICELY FURNISHED ROOM, with Board or conveniences for housekeeping; also large Room suitable for two or more gentlemen, with Board.

204 THOMPSON STREET, ONE DOOR ABOVE Bleecker.—Two elegantly furnished front Rooms, with gas.

207 EAST EIGHTEENTH STREET.—A PRIVATE family can accommodate a gentleman and wife, or two or three single gentlemen with pleasant Rooms, with or without Board. Reference required.

209 EAST TWENTY-NINTH STREET.—A PRIVATE family will rent one or two finely furnished Rooms, with modern improvements, to quiet, respectable parties at a moderate price. Apply immediately.

211 EAST EIGHTEENTH STREET.—TWO HANDsomely furnished Bedrooms, on first floor; gas, bath and every home comfort; neighborhood good and terms moderate.

211 EAST SEVENTEENTH STREET.—A GENTLEMAN and wife or two or three single gentlemen can have good Accommodations, in first class neighborhood, on reasonable terms.

211 SEVENTEENTH STREET, NEAR SEVENTH AVenue.—A large Room on second floor to let, with Board, for two, $7 each; also a hall Room, in a German musical family. Modern improvements.

212 WEST ELEVENTH STREET, NEAR SEVENTH avenue.—Large Furnished Rooms, with Board, to single gentlemen; also large front and back Rooms, on second floor, unfurnished excepting carpets, to gentleman and wife. Terms moderate.

213 THOMPSON STREET.—CHOICE OF HANDSOMEly furnished Rooms, Parlors, Extensions and Second Floor, to rent, with or without Board; closets, bath and gas.

214 EAST THIRTY-FIRST STREET.—PLEASANT Suit of nicely furnished front Rooms, on second floor, for gentleman and wife or two gentlemen; breakfast if desired; terms low; reference exchanged.

217 WEST FORTY-NINTH STREET.—GENTLEMAN and wife or single gentlemen can find splendid accommodations, with or without Board, in private family, at summer prices.

224 EAST TWELFTH STREET.—A PLEASANT furnished Room to let to a gentleman and wife or two single gentlemen, with Board, also a few day boarders taken; dinner at 6.

236 WEST 18TH STREET, CERCA 8TH AVENUE.—Una Senora tiene algunas piezas bonitas donde familias Cubanas pueden hallar un habitacion agradable con precios moderadas. Dirigirse a Madame ALLEN, 236 West Eighteenth street, new No. 356.

237 WEST TWENTY-FIRST STREET.—TO LET, two very pleasant furnished Rooms, to single gentlemen, with or without Board, in a private family. References required.

239 EAST THIRTIETH STREET.—PLEASANT Rooms, with Board, for gentleman and wife or single persons; price low; private family.

257 WEST TWENTY-FOURTH STREET.—FRONT Rooms on second and third floors, well furnished, with every convenience, to let, with first class Board, to families or single gentlemen, at moderate prices; references required.

261 WEST FIFTEENTH STREET.—ELEGANTLY furnished Rooms, with Board, in suits or singly, to gentleman and wife or single gentlemen; terms moderate; every accommodation.

302 WEST THIRTIETH STREET.—HANDSOME furnished and unfurnished Rooms to let, with first class table, in a Jewish family.

344 SECOND AVENUE, CORNER OF TWENTIETH street.—Nice, light Rooms, second floor, in suits or singly; a rare chance for parties wanting a good home and table.

623 LEXINGTON AVENUE.—VERY NEATLY FURnished Rooms to let, with or without Board, to genteel parties at moderate price; house and neighborhood first class; all modern improvements.

642 NINTH AVENUE, BETWEEN FORTY-NINTH and Fiftieth streets.—A few young men can be accommodated with Board and the comforts of a home. Terms moderate; $5 to $6.

773 DEAN STREET, NEAR GRAND AVENUE, Brooklyn.—A lady living alone has furnished Rooms to let, to gentlemen and their wives.

977 SECOND AVENUE.—A FEW GENTLEMEN can be accommodated with a neatly furnished Room, with or without Board; terms moderate.

1,168 BROADWAY.—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED Rooms to let, with breakfast if desired.

ATTENTION.—BOARD WANTED, IMMEDIATELY, for several families and gentlemen, near car and stage lines; also Board in the country for families. Persons having Rooms leave particulars. 678 Broadway. Applicants directed free.

A FAMILY OR GENTLEMEN MAY OBTAIN FIRST class Board on the shore, between New Brighton and Quarantine, Staten Island, fresh fruits and vegetables. Particulars of W. A. COLLINS, 88 Pine street.

A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE CAN OBTAIN NEW AND handsomely furnished front Room in the family of a widow lady; Board for wife. Call or address 111 West Twenty-seventh street.

BOARD.—TWO CHILDREN CAN OBTAIN BOARD; OR a child to dry nurse. Call on Mrs. CLARK, Sixteenth street, near Sixth avenue, South Brooklyn.

BOARDING.—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED ROOMS, with hot and cold water, closets, bath, and Board for two, or $14 a $16 per week; one Hall Room, $7, in the first class house 149 East Fifty-first street, between Lexington and Third avenues.

BOARDERS WANTED.—GENTLEMEN WHO DO NOT wish to leave the city, but desire Board, with cool, airy Rooms, in a house on Murray Hill, owned and occupied by a strictly private family may address A. T., station F Post office.

EXCELLENT BOARD, WITH VERY NICE SECOND story front Room and Bedroom and Room for servant if desired, can be had at very reasonable price by applying at 19 East Seventeenth street.

HANDSOMELY FURNISHED ROOMS.—VERY DESIRable for families or parties of gentlemen, can be had, with or without Board, at 18 West Fourteenth street.

LARGE AND WELL FURNISHED ROOMS TO GENtlemen and wives, with first class Board, good location; French or Spanish cooking or private table. No. 7 Varick place, near Bleecker street.

ONE OR TWO GENTLEMEN CAN HAVE ROOMS IN a first class house; French family; moderate terms. No. 2 West Thirteenth street, close to Fifth avenue.

BOARDERS AND LODGERS WANTED.

MRS. M. B. SUMNER, 20 EAST THIRTY-FIFTH street, can offer first class Board, temporarily, at summer prices. The rooms are large; location airy and very accessible. The house has been improved and refurnished. To gentlemen or families obliged to remain in the city during the warm season this is a most desirable opportunity.

PLEASANT, AIRY ROOMS, WITH FIRST CLASS Board; location excellent; terms very moderate. 216 West Fifteenth street.

TO LET—VERY PLEASANT DESIRABLE ROOMS, with superior Table Board, very cheap, by the day, week or month. Madison Square House, corner Twenty-first street and Broadway.

TO LET—A NEATLY FURNISHED ROOM, IN JONES street, with or without Board, in a private family; references required. Address A. B. C., box 466 Post office.

ADVERTISEMENTS FOR THE HERALD RECEIVED IN BROOKLYN AT OUR BRANCH OFFICE, 145 FULTON STREET.

BOARD AND LODGING WANTED.

A YOUNG MAN WOULD LIKE TO OBTAIN BOARD in a private family; terms must be moderate. Address A. B. C., box 159 Herald office.

A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE WISH PERMANENT Board (a home) in a genteel location, with Room or Rooms on the second story; private family preferred. Address J. HALL, box 4,714 Post office, with price, which must be reasonable.

BOARD WANTED—BY A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE, in a farm house, with good boating and fishing in the neighborhood. Address, with full particulars, R. H. M., 152 West Fourteenth street.

BOARD WANTED—FOR A YOUNG LADY, BETWEEN Twentieth and Fortieth streets, east of Fourth avenue; private family preferred. Address, stating terms, which must be moderate, E. S. S., Herald office.

BOARD WANTED—IN HARLEM, FOR TWO ADULTS; one pleasant Room for one month, during July, longer if suited; best references given and required. Address A. B., box 2,980 Post office, New York.

BOARD AND LODGING WANTED—WHERE THERE are but few boarders; a pleasant Room and good Board, for a lady and child eight years old; west side, above Fourteenth street; terms not to exceed $10 per week. References exchanged. Address A. B. C., Herald office.

WANTED—TWO ROOMS, ONE OF THEM SMALL, with Board, for a brother and sister; location from Twenty-sixth street to Central Park; terms moderate; best references given. Address W. J., Herald office.

WANTED—BOARD FOR A LADY, IN A GOOD NEIGHborhood and in a house where there are no other boarders; room or rooms must be on first floor and handsomely furnished. Parties having such will address, with full particulars, location, price, &c., Friend, Herald office.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—FOR ONE WEEK, FROM 15th inst., for a gentleman and wife, Accommodation in a private house where no other boarders are taken; the neighborhood of the Hudson River or Harlem Railroad preferred. Address, stating full particulars, A. H., Herald Branch office, Brooklyn.

ADVERTISEMENTS FOR THE HERALD RECEIVED IN BROOKLYN AT OUR BRANCH OFFICE, 145 FULTON STREET.

BROOKLYN BOARD.

119 MONTAGUE STREET.—BOARD ON BROOKLYN Heights; location most desirable in Brooklyn, for the summer; Rooms airy and pleasant. Parties from the South, wishing summer Board, would find desirable accommodations. Table first class. References required.

TO LET—ON BROOKLYN HEIGHTS, TO A GENTLEman, without board, one large, well furnished Room. Address A. B., Brooklyn Post office.

PERSONS WISHING TO SUBSCRIBE FOR THE HERALD WILL BE SERVED AT AN EARLY HOUR BY LEAVING THEIR ADDRESS AT THE BRANCH OFFICE OF THE NEW YORK HERALD, 145 FULTON STREET, BROOKLYN.

HOTELS.

ASHBURTON HOUSE, FORTIETH STREET, BEtween Fifth and Sixth avenues, fronting Reservoir Park.—Elegantly furnished Rooms on first and second floors, in suit, for families; table d'hote or transient.

CLINTON PLACE HOUSE—ON THE EUROPEAN plan, 755 Broadway, corner of Eighth street and Clinton place; Rooms in suits for families and single gentlemen, at moderate rates. OWENS & HERBERT.

GLADSTONE HOUSE (A LA CARTE), MADISON AVenue, corner Twenty-seventh street.—Rooms, en suite, for families, and single Rooms for gentlemen. BENJ. L. HALLETT, Proprietor.

INTERNATIONAL HOTEL, JUNCTION OF WILliam, Duane and Chambers sts.—Board and Room $1 50 to $2 a day, $7 to $10 a week; Rooms without board, 40c., 50c. and 75c. a day, $2 to $5 a week. Open all night.

NEW ENGLAND HOTEL, CORNER BOWERY AND Bayard.—On the European plan; 200 light rooms; lodgings, 50c. a 60c. nightly; $3 to $4 weekly, for gentlemen only.

ST. CHARLES HOTEL—EUROPEAN PLAN—BROADway, Bleecker and Bond streets.—Forty additional Rooms, newly furnished, at $1 per day. "Reconstructed" and chemically cleaned. GEO. S. LELAND, Proprietor.

SUMMIT HOTEL, CORNER CANAL AND BOWERY (new house), on European plan.—Rooms by the day or week. B. BREDER, Proprietor.

WADSWORTH HOUSE, FIFTH AVENUE AND THIRteenth street.—Open for permanent and transient guests; superior Rooms, singly or in suits. Table unsurpassed.

ADVERTISEMENTS FOR THE HERALD RECEIVED IN BROOKLYN AT OUR BRANCH OFFICE, 145 FULTON STREET.

COUNTRY BOARD.

A GENTLEMAN CAN BE ACCOMMODATED WITH A large Room in a new house on Staten Island, near the ferry; table French, family strictly private. Address, for further particulars, V., box 2,684 New York Post office.

A BEAUTIFUL SUIT OF ROOMS, WITH FIRST CLASS hotel Board, can be had at Mount Vernon, 15 miles from city, near depot. J. H. JENKINS, No. 9 Pine street, basement.

A—ONE OR TWO FAMILIES REQUIRING FIRST class accommodations can engage Suits of splendid Rooms at Greenwich, Conn.; house and furniture strictly first class. Address W. B. P., box 126 Herald office.

A FEW BOARDERS CAN BE ACCOMMODATED UPon a dairy farm in a private family, 20 miles northwest of Catskill; terms low. Address box 1,322 New York Post office.

BOARD FOR A FEW FAMILIES AT A FARM HOUSE—High ground, good stabling; one mile from Unionville station, Harlem Railroad, 25 miles from New York. References from former boarders. Address J. M. TWITCHINGS, Neparan Post office, New York.

BOARD AT NEWMAN SPRINGS, ON THE SHREWSbury river.—Nice Rooms, plenty of shade, woods, springs, good fishing, boating, bathing, &c., fresh vegetables, fruit, milk, &c., raised on the farm; prices moderate. Address M., Newman Springs, Redbank, N. J.

BOARD WANTED—AT LONG BRANCH, FOR THE summer, in a cottage or private family, for a gentleman and wife, with stabling near by. Address, stating terms, O. E., box 731 New York Post office.

BOARD WANTED—AT DANBURY, CONN., IN A farmhouse, for a lady, two small children and nurse; require two connecting Rooms. Address, stating terms, M. E. P., Herald office.

COUNTRY BOARD.—A GENTLEMAN AND LADY AND a single gentleman can have large and airy Rooms, with good Board, in a private family 45 minutes from New York, convenient to steam and horse cars. Address H. M., Herald office.

COUNTRY BOARD.—TWO PLEASANT ROOMS AND good Board, in a private family, near Summit, N. J., by way of Morris and Essex Railroad. For particulars apply to J. WOOD, 218 Fulton street, room No. 7.

COUNTRY BOARD.—PLEASANT ROOMS AND GOOD Board, on moderate terms, in a delightful and healthy location, may be obtained by applying at Cedar Glen, Sing Sing.

COUNTRY BOARD.—PLEASANT ROOMS AND GOOD Board may be obtained with a family residing near Factoryville landing, Staten Island. Address W. S., box 52 New York Post office.

COUNTRY BOARD.—TWO OR THREE CHILDREN or two ladies (no objection to an invalid) to be taken the year round, 35 miles from the city. To be seen personally for two days at 206 West Thirty-sixth street.

COUNTRY BOARD AT CORNWALL.—EIGHT OR TEN persons can be accommodated with Board at a first class farm house, four miles from Cornwall landing, ten minutes' walk from depot, at Vail's Gate (Erie Railroad, Newburg branch); large, airy rooms; healthy and pleasant location; mountain air and scenery; to and from the city twice a day by boat or cars; milk, vegetables, fruit, &c., terms $9 for adults, $6 for children and servants, stabling for horses. Address E. S. BENEDICT, Vail's Gate, Orange county, N. Y.

COUNTRY BOARD AT RIVERDALE.—NICELY FURnished Rooms to let, with excellent Board, at one of the finest situations upon the Hudson, 40 minutes from city and three minutes' walk from Mount St Vincent depot. References given and required. Address S. W., Riverdale, Westchester county, N. Y.

COUNTRY BOARD CAN BE HAD AT A FARM house, well shaded, near a village, 14 miles per rail from the city. Apply at 54 West Twenty third street.

COUNTRY BOARD WANTED FOR THE SUMMER—FOR six adults, four rooms, 60 to 80 miles from city. Address H. J. H., box 165 Herald office.

COUNTRY BOARD WANTED—BY A WIDOW LADY, in a farmer's family, near depot on the New Haven Railroad; terms $8 per week; if agreeable will remain from five to six months. Address, with full particulars, Farm House, box 127 Herald office, for one week.

CHESTNUT GROVE, VANDERBILT'S LANDING, Staten Island.—Families and single gentlemen can be accommodated with Board in the best French style. Spanish and German spoken.

FIRST CLASS BOARD AT GENTLEMAN'S COUNTRY seat and farm.—One hour from city. Milk and fruit in abundance. Good table; very healthy. Terms $10 per week. Address Home, Hempstead Long Island.

FIRST CLASS BOARD—AT CHAPAQUA, WESTCHESter county, N. Y., on Harlem Railroad, 30 miles from city; new house, large, airy rooms, extensive piazza, spacious grounds, five minutes from station. Address as above, box 66 Post office.

FIRST CLASS BOARD FOR THE SUMMER—AT CHARLES C. MAILLER'S, five miles from Cornwall landing, one mile from the Short Cut Railroad and near Mineral Spring; beautiful scenery; very high ground; very healthy. Will meet boarders at the landing.

GOOD ROOMS—WITH BOARD, ALSO BOARD, AT A farm house, near Columbia Springs, three miles from the city of Hudson. Inquire at 167 Hudson street.

PLEASANT ROOMS, GOOD TABLE, IN PRIVATE family, forty minutes from city, three from depot; terms moderate. Apply to Mrs. FIRMIN, 206 East Sixteenth st.

TWO GENTLEMEN CAN BE ACCOMMODATED WITH comfortably furnished Rooms, with Board, in a private family, ten minutes' ride from Hoboken ferry; excellent location. Address Board, Herald office.

WANTED—BOARD AT A COUNTRY FARM HOUSE, within one hour's ride of New York, for gentleman, lady and child. Address, giving locality and terms, JAMES H. SACKETT, Druggist, 80 Cedar street, New York.

COUNTRY BOARD.

WANTED—COUNTRY BOARD (FARM PREFERRED) for two ladies, within three hours of city. Address, stating terms, location, &c., E. M., box 2,246 Post office, N. Y.

WANTED—BOARD FOR LADY, CHILD AND NURSE, on Hudson river, not above Newburg. Address, stating terms, WM. STOUTENBURGH, 22 South William street.

2 OR THREE FAMILIES CAN BE ACCOMMODATED with fine Rooms and good Board; good bathing and fishing; large piazza all around the house. For particulars call at 48 West Eleventh street.

ADVERTISEMENTS FOR THE HERALD RECEIVED IN BROOKLYN AT OUR BRANCH OFFICE 145 FULTON STREET.

SUMMER RESORTS.

ATLANTIC HOTEL, LONG BRANCH, N. J.—THIS house, having changed owners, has been refitted throughout, and will open for the season on the 5th of June. Terms very moderate. Catering in the German and American styles. Arrangements can be made at Cristalar's, 427 Broadway, New York, between 10 and 12 o'clock. M. REICKENBERG, Proprietor.

AT FIVE MILE RIVER HOUSE, ROWAYTON, CONN.—Bathing, boating, fishing and splendid drives, in this delightful marine atmosphere. Address S. C. SMITH, as above, or 202 William street, New York.

AT THE BEACH HOUSE, WALLINGFORD, CONN.—Board for families and children; magnificent house; beautiful grounds, mountain air, fine drives, fruit, flowers, pure milk; just opened. Address A. W. SMITH.

ADIRONDACKS.—FIRST CLASS BOARD CAN BE OBtained at the Ausable House, Keeseville, N. Y., near Lake Champlain, on the route to the Wilderness; scenery wild and romantic; good fishing, boating; fine mountain air, drives, &c.; a good livery connected with the house; city references given. Address D. S. CUTTING, Proprietor.

COOPER COTTAGE, AT LONG BRANCH, N. J.—WILL open for the reception of visitors June 12. JOSEPH H. COOPER, Proprietor.

CLIFF HOUSE, TARRYTOWN, N. Y.—IS NOW OPEN for the reception of permanent and transient Boarders. For particulars call on or address M. V. PACKARD, Tarrytown, N. Y.

CLIFFWOOD SPRINGS, SEASHORE HOUSE, KEYport, N. J.—Business men and families wishing to leave the city for a few days or longer will find at this first class establishment all the comforts that can be desired. The favorite steamer Matteawan leaves daily foot of Barclay street at 4 P. M., and arrives in New York at 8½ o'clock A. M. For particulars apply to KING & CO., 185 Fifth avenue.

COLUMBIA HALL, Lebanon Springs, N. Y. This summer hotel is now open for the reception of guests. Terms moderate. Harlem trains will run direct to Lebanon Springs without change of cars or baggage. HAZARD & CO., Proprietors.

HIGHLAND FALLS HOTEL, HIGHLAND FALLS, near West Point, N. Y.—Now open for the reception of guests; bathing house attached to the grounds; stages to and from West Point for all the parades and drills; terms $10 to $12 per week. GEORGE STEPHENS, Proprietor.

HEATH HOUSE, SCHOOLEY'S MOUNTAIN SPRINGS, N. J.—Opens June 1. Route via Morris and Essex Railroad, foot of Barclay street; time of leaving, 8 and 11:30 A. M.; 3:30 and 4 o'clock P. M. For particulars address E. B. COLEMAN, Proprietor. Can be seen on Wednesdays from 12 to 1 o'clock, at 75 John street, New York.

HOWLAND HOUSE, SHARON SPRINGS, N. Y.—THIS select boarding house is now open for summer boarders; accommodations and table first class; terms $10 to $14 per week. Apply to H. E. HOWLAND, with Sporborg & Co., 381 Canal street, N. Y.

LINDEN PARK, AT CORNWALL-ON-THE-HUDSON.—This beautiful summer resort has been put in complete repair, and is now ready for the reception of guests. C. H. RING.

MONT EAGLE HOUSE, AT SUSPENSION BRIDGE, Niagara, N. Y., is now open for the reception of permanent and transient guests. This strictly first class house has accommodations for 200 guests. Every window commands a full view of the falls. Board can be engaged in June for the season from $12 to $15 per week. W. P. MUNROE, Proprietor.

MANOR HOUSE, SARATOGA SPRINGS, N. Y. FIRST CLASS BOARDING HOUSE. OPEN FOR GUESTS JUNE 15.

ORANGE LAKE HOUSE, NEWBURG, ORANGE COUNty, N. Y., is now open for the season. Please send for circular. R. THOMAS & NEPHEW.

RICHMOND HILL HOUSE, NEW DORP, STATEN Island—Now open; one hour from city; sea bathing, ample shady grounds, unsurpassed for beauty or healthfulness; terms $9. J. P. KELLETT, Proprietor.

SLAWSON'S HOUSE, AT LAKE MAHOPAC, FOUR miles from Croton Falls, on the Harlem Railroad, will open for boarders June 15, 1869. Address S. SLAWSON, Mahopac, New York.

SEASIDE BOARDING—AT SHREWSBURY, NEAR Long Branch; also a furnished Cottage, with Board, Stabling, &c.; distant two hours. Inquire at 131 Pearl street.

NYACK, ON THE HUDSON.—SUITABLE ARRANGEments for desirable summer Board. Apply to ABRAM SMITH, No. 8 Wall street, room 29, or J. O. ACKER, opposite Rockland Bank, Nyack.

RIVER SIDE HOTEL.—PLENTY OF SHADE; BOATing, bathing and fishing. Persons wishing pleasant Board for the summer can make suitable arrangements by calling on Mrs. H. B. JONES, Northern Hotel, corner Cortlandt and West streets, or on P. A. ACKERMAN, proprietor, Paterson, N. J.

SOUTH ORANGE MOUNTAIN HOUSE—FORTY-FIVE minutes from Hoboken by Morris and Essex Railroad, six minutes from Montrose station, and twelve minutes from South Orange. The house has been thoroughly renovated and refurnished throughout, water and baths on each floor. Attached to the house are fine lawns and a large grove; also a good bowling alley, billiard room and croquet ground; accommodation for horses and carriages. Apply to or address HITZELBERGER & PALMER, South Orange, N. J.

SIMCOE HOUSE—OYSTER BAY, LONG ISLAND, will open on the 12th of June. First class families can have choice of rooms by applying immediately at KING & CO.'S, 185 Fifth avenue.

THE CONTINENTAL HOTEL,
Long Branch, N. J.,
has been leased by
W. B. BORROWS,
of the Everett House, New York,
and will be opened for the season on the 18th instant.
Rooms may be engaged at the Continental or at the Everett.

WACCABUC HOUSE—LAKE WACCABUC, GOLDEN'S Bridge, Westchester county, N. Y., will open July 1. M. R. MEADE, Proprietor.

WASHINGTON ROCK HOTEL, DUNELLEN, N. J.—Now open; mountain air, high, healthy location, splendid view, drives, shade, &c., 1½ hour by rail. JOHN WOOD, Proprietor.

WILLOW HAVEN.—THE MOST DELIGHTFUL AND accessible first class summer Hotel around New York; five miles, twenty minutes distant. Particulars by addressing Otis W. Randall, box 5,154 Post office.

ADVERTISEMENTS FOR THE HERALD RECEIVED IN BROOKLYN AT OUR BRANCH OFFICE, 145 FULTON STREET.

MEDICAL.

ALL PRIVATE DISEASES CURED IMMEDIATELY, without mercury. Office and consultations very private. Dr. HARRISON, 177 Bleecker street.

A SPECIALTY.—DR. R. CORBETT, MEMBER OF N. Y. U. Medical College and R. C. Surgeons, London, can be consulted as usual on private diseases. Office, 20 Centre street, near Chambers. N. B.—No fee unless cured.

A GREAT AND SURE REMEDY FOR MARRIED ladies.—The Portuguese Female Pills always give immediate relief, being specially prepared for married ladies. A lady writes—"These pills relieved me in one day, without inconvenience, like magic. Price $5. Dr. A. M. MAURICEAU, office 129 Liberty street, or sent by mail.

A.—MADAME GRINDLE, FEMALE PHYSICIAN, 120 West Twenty-sixth street, guarantees relief to all female complaints. Pleasant rooms for nursing.

A LADIES' PHYSICIAN.—DR. GRINDLE, 120 WEST Twenty-sixth street, near Sixth avenue, having over 18 years' successful and uninterrupted practice in this city, guarantees immediate relief in all female complaints, with or without medicine; relief to the most anxious in twenty four hours. Elegant rooms, board and nursing provided.

ALL THE WORST PRIVATE DISEASES CURED IMmediately by Dr. EVANS, 94 Chatham street; also manhood restored by his Life Elixir recommended before marriage.

A CERTAIN CURE FOR LADIES IN TROUBLE BY Dr. EVANS, 94 Chatham street; powerful, safe Monthly Pills and Mixture $5. Circular free, first post.

A.—MME. VAN BUSKIRK, PHYSICIAN AND MIDwife, cures the worst cases of female complaints, with safety, at 42 St. Mark's place.

A CERTAIN CURE FOR MARRIED LADIES, WITH or without medicine, by Madame RESTELL, Professor of Midwifery; over 30 years' practice. Her infallible French Female Pills, No. 1, price $1, or No. 2, specially prepared for married ladies, price $5, which can never fail, are safe and healthy. Sold only at her office, No. 1 East Fifty-second street, first door from Fifth avenue, and at druggist's, 152 Greenwich street, or sent by mail. Caution.—All others are counterfeit.

DR. EMILIA DEMIA, OF PARIS, HAS ESTABLISHED an office in New York for the supply of his great specialty for the proper ordering of increase of family without medicine. Thousands of parents are now suffering poverty who, had they known how to keep their offspring to a limit proportioned to their means, would have saved themselves much suffering. To all such this discovery is invaluable; can be used with perfect confidence, is harmless, agreeable, and adapted to either sex. Mailed on receipt of $1. DR. JORDAN, Agent, 208 Broadway, room No. 8.

DR. COOPER, 14 DUANE STREET, MAY BE CONsulted on private diseases. Thirty-two years' experience enables him to warrant a cure in all cases, or no charge.

DR. HUNTER, 56 BOND STREET, ONE DOOR FROM Bowery (late of No. 3 Division street), can cure worst cases of private diseases, without mercury, in shorter time than any other physician, or no charge. Consultation and medicine, $5.

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES.—DR. AND MADAME DUBOIS (25 years' practice) guarantee certain relief to married ladies, with or without medicine; no pain or inconvenience. Female restorative $5. Patients from a distance provided with Board, nursing, &c. Electricity scientifically applied. No. 154 East Twenty-eighth street, near Third avenue.

LADIES' PHYSICIAN.—DR. ASCHER, NO. 3 AMITY place, guarantees sure relief at once, without danger. Strictly private, &c.

LADIES NEEDING MEDICAL TREATMENT SHOULD consult Dr. HARRISON, 177 Bleecker street. Consultations at all hours. Office very private.

LADIES' BENEFACTOR—SUCCESSFUL IMMEDIATEly.—Dr. EVANS, 94 Chatham; powerful Medicines. Also gentlemen treated. Private diseases cured. Manhood restored. Call or write.

SURE CURE IN 24 HOURS, WITH OR WITHOUT medicine. Consultations free. Dr. and Mme. ESTELA, 15 East Thirtieth street.

PERSONS WISHING TO SUBSCRIBE FOR THE HERALD WILL BE SERVED AT AN EARLY HOUR BY LEAVING THEIR ADDRESS AT THE BRANCH OFFICE OF THE NEW YORK HERALD, 145 FULTON STREET, BROOKLYN.

SALES AT AUCTION.

AUCTION NOTICE.
LARGE AND ATTRACTIVE SALE OF BOOTS, SHOES AND BALMORALS, ON FRIDAY, JUNE 11, AT 10½ O'CLOCK, INCLUDING A VERY FINE VARIETY OF STOCK GOODS. BY ORDER OF CONSIGNORS.
We will sell as above a full assortment of Boots and Shoes, adapted to the city retail trade.
Catalogues on morning of sale.
AARON CLAFLIN & CO., Auctioneers, 18 Murray street and 21 Park place.

AUCTION SALE OF MACHINERY, &C.—RECEIVER'S Sale.—BENJ. P. FAIRCHILD, Auctioneer, will sell on Thursday, June 24, 1869, at 10 o'clock, at 24 Church street, all the remaining assets of the New York Quartz Company, consisting of Machinery for the manufacture of Silicates of Soda, Emery Wheel Machinery, Office Furniture, Iron Safe, Platform Scales, Hydraulic Press, Steam Boilers, Shafting, Pulleys, Belts, &c., together with all the Patents and other property belonging to the New York Quartz Company. By order of Samuel Booth, Receiver. Catalogues can be had at 24 Church street.

AUCTION NOTICE.
THIS DAY (THURSDAY), at 11 o'clock, thirtieth regular spring sale of manufactured Straw and Palm Leaf Goods, and soft Hats, comprising four hundred cases, embracing the usual variety.
Catalogues and samples now ready.
WM. TOPPING & CO., Auctioneers. No. 132 Church street.

A LARGE AND PEREMPTORY AUCTION SALE OF magnificent Household Furniture, fine Carpets, &c., &c., most of which are in perfect order, having been but little used. J. BARRY, Auctioneer, will sell this day (Thursday), June 10, the entire elegant Furniture, &c., contained in the large brown stone house 136 East Nineteenth street, commencing at 10½ o'clock precisely, consisting of an elegant rosewood seven octave Pianoforte, magnificent Suits in French satin brocatel and fine reps, Centre Tables, &c.; also a large variety of superb Bedroom Furniture, in fine carved walnut, &c.; pure horsehair Mattresses, &c.; fine Dining Room Furniture, Tableware, &c. Full particulars in catalogue. N. B.—Sale positive and without reserve.

AUCTION NOTICE.—AT PRIVATE SALE, OVER 50 magnificent Parlor Suits, covered with all colors satin brocatel, reps and haircloth, from $65 to $225 a suit; great variety Parlor, Bedroom, Library and Dining Furniture cheap for cash. ERNEST ROTH'S Furniture Manufactory, 58 Bleecker street, between Broadway and Mulberry street.

AUCTION SALE OF A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF Household Furniture.—By STANLEY DAY, Auctioneer, on Thursday, June 10, at 10 o'clock, on the premises, No. 8 Livingston place, between Fifteenth and Sixteenth streets, east side of and fronting Stuyvesant square. The house being leased the Furniture will be sold, subject to removal the same day. N. B.—Second hand dealers, be on hand.

A.—EDWIN NICHOLS & CO., AUCTIONEERS.
Magnificent Household Furniture,
Elegant rosewood 7¼ octave Pianoforte,
Works of Art, Bronzes, Paintings, Vases, Statuary,
Magnificent Satin Brocatel Parlor Suits,
Velvet, Brussels, Medallion Carpets, at public auction, this (Thursday) morning, June 10, at 11 o'clock precisely, at the elegant residence 72 West Twenty-sixth street, near Sixth avenue and Broadway. Parlor Suits, covered with the richest description French satin brocatel, velvet and reps; brocatel and lace Curtains, Mirrors, Paintings, Clocks, Bronzes, china and antique Vases, Figures, Statuary; rosewood Etageres; French Cabinet, bois de rose; gilded Chairs and Tables; rosewood and walnut marble top Tables; Chamber Suits, Bedsteads, Bureaus, Washstands, Commodes, Spring and Hair Mattresses, Bolsters, Pillows, Linen; Turkish Chairs, Lounges, Sofas, Rockers, Armchairs; Sideboard, Extension Table, 12 Dining Chairs, silver Tea and Coffee Sets, Ice Pitchers, Casters, Butter Dishes, Coffee Urns, Spoons, Forks, Glass, Crystal and China Ware, Table Cutlery, &c. N. B.—Parties wishing to attend this sale take Broadway or Sixth avenue cars or stages.

AUCTION NOTICE.
J. M. TAYLOR, AUCTIONEER.
Elegant Household Furniture,
Pianoforte, Drawing Room Suits, Paintings, Bronzes, Velvet Carpets, Mirrors, at public auction, this day (Thursday), at the brown stone mansion, 57 West Fifteenth street, between Fifth and Sixth avenues, commencing at 10½ o'clock. Drawing Rooms—superb Suits, covered crimson gold, blue gold brocatel, of the richest description; rosewood Etageres, Secretaire, Bookcase, marqueterie bois de rose Cabinets, Tables, Encoignures, Music Cabinet, Paintings by eminent artists, artistic Bronze Statuary, Velvet Medallion Carpets, Chandeliers, Brocatel Lace Curtains, Sevres China Ornaments; rosewood Pianoforte, celebrated maker, Stool, Cover, Music Stand, Books, Hatstand, Bedrooms, rosewood and walnut Dressing Bureaus, Bedsteads, Wardrobes, Commodes en suite style Louis XIV.; Hair Spring Mattresses, Bedding, Toilet Sets; Dining Room walnut Extension Table, Buffet; elegant sets crystal Glassware; Silver Casters, Salvers and Dinner Tea Service; Pitchers, Urns, French China Dinner set; Table Linen, Sheffield Cutlery; Basement and Kitchen Furniture. Sale peremptory. N. B.—Parties wishing to attend this sale take Fifth avenue stages or Sixth avenue cars.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE OF CLOTHING, JEWELRY, &c. BENJAMIN P. FAIRCHILD, Auctioneer. On Thursday, June 10, 1869, at 10 A. M., at No. 38 Vesey street, up stairs, consisting of ladies' Wearing Apparel, Lace and Camel's Hair Shawls, Dresses, Skirts, &c.; also Jewelry, Gold Watches, Rings, Pins, Sleeve Buttons, Silver Ware, Trunks, &c. By order of
SAMUEL W. STARR, CHARLES FAUREST, } Administrators.

BY HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER.
HENRY H. LEEDS, AUCTIONEER.
Salesrooms Nos. 95 Chambers street and 77 Reade street, Art Galleries 817 and 819 Broadway, southwest corner Twelfth street.
ON THURSDAY, JUNE 10,
at 11 o'clock, at our salesroom No. 95 Chambers street,
Fine Oil Paintings,
removed from the owner's residence for convenience of sale, consisting of fine Landscapes, Figures, Interiors, Marines, Flower and Fruit pieces by favorite American and European artists; among them will be found the works of, viz:—

Gudin,	H. Ronner,	Wyngaarde,
Sterich,	Borselen,	Lieste,
T. G. Haas,	Ten Berghe,	Vandenbergh,
Hoppenbrouwer,	Rosenboom,	Bombled,
Roelofs,	T. W. Marshall,	P. Savry,
Kook Koek,	Harms,	Schuly,
T. Bilders,	Emmerick,	C. Grierson,
J. M. Culverhouse,	W. C. Knell,	Paul Webber,
T. A. Richards,	Rene Menard,	Juillard,
Moormans,	Joseph Foinn,	Sommers

and others.
Also a number of old Pictures to close accounts and pay advances and charges.
The above are now on exhibition free till time of sale.

BY HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER.
HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.
Salesrooms 95 Chambers street and 77 Reade street; Art Galleries 817 and 819 Broadway.
On Saturday, June 12, at 10½ o'clock, at our salesrooms, 95 Chambers street and 77 Reade street,
Household Furniture, Pianos, &c.
Full particulars in a few days.

BENJ. F. THEALL, AUCTIONEER.
Large sale of Fireproof Safes.
BENJ. F. THEALL will sell at auction, on FRIDAY, June 11, at 11 o'clock A. M.,
at No. 43 Cortlandt street, next door to Merchants' Hotel, the entire stock of the celebrated
Wilder Patent Salamander Safes,
comprising a full assortment of all sizes, including five Plate Safes, with marble tops for residences. These Safes are known to be the best fireproof Safes made, and are all warranted perfectly dry. Now is the time to secure a bargain, as the whole will be sold without reserve. Examine previous to sale.

BY A. D. MELLICK, JR., & BRO.,
Auctioneers,
and dealers in New Jersey Real estate,
25 Pine street, New York.
Continuation sale of
100 Villa Plots,
at Avenel, N. J.,
one hour from New York by the New Jersey Railroad, and 1½ miles from Rahway. The heavy rain of the 2d inst. having made it necessary to adjourn the sale, it will, if the day prove fair, be continued on the 10th inst., when every lot put up will be positively sold to the highest bidder, as no bidding will be allowed on account of the owners. These lots are situated on elevated ground, as high as the church steeple in Rahway, and command extensive views of Staten Island and the Orange Mountains. A train will leave the foot of Cortlandt street at 2 P. M. on the day of sale, returning promptly at 5.15. For railroad passes, maps and full particulars, apply at the office of the Avenel Association, 197 Broadway, and 61 Montgomery street, Jersey City, and to the Auctioneers, 26 Pine street, New York.
O. H. PIERSON, Auctioneer.

BY F. COLTON, AUCTIONEER.—LARGE SALE OF new and second hand Furniture, about 50 Carpets and Oilcloths, Parlor and Cottage Furniture, Mirrors, Curtains, two Pianos, Hair Mattresses, &c. This day (Thursday), June 10, at 10½ o'clock, at the auction rooms, 53 East Thirteenth street, between Broadway and University place, a very large assortment of new and second Furniture, very much of which is really good and very much really poor. Some, however, of the rosewood and solid black walnut is much better than the ordinary class of household furniture, costing originally the very highest prices. There are very many rich and good Carpets, very fine Hair Mattresses, China and Glassware, Chandeliers, Grover & Baker's Sewing Machines, &c. Catalogues early this morning. N. B.—The carpets will be sold about 1½ o'clock P. M. Deposits from all.

BY M. DOUGHTY, AUCTIONEER.
MORTGAGE SALE OF TWO BILLIARD TABLES, ROSEWOOD PIANOFORTE, 3 SEWING MACHINES, PARLOR SUITS, MIRRORS, &C.
M. DOUGHTY will sell this day (Thursday), June 10, at 10½ o'clock, at the salesroom, 79 Nassau street, two Billiard Tables, three Sewing Machines, one rosewood Pianoforte, Parlor Suits, Chamber Suits, Mirrors, Gas Chandeliers, Mattresses, Paillasses, Lounges, Wardrobes, Bookcases, Extension Tables, Crockery and Glassware. Also three iron Safes, &c. The whole to be peremptorily sold by order of
JAMES HALL, Attorney for Mortgagee.

BY LEAVITT, STREBEIGH & CO., CLINTON HALL, Astor place.—This (Thursday) evening, at 7½ o'clock. Art sale—To be sold by auction, without reserve, as above, the entire collection of modern Oil Paintings belonging to Colonel James McKaye, of this city; also a number of fine Paintings, sold by order of executors, &c.; more than 100 Paintings, and embracing choice specimens by many of the most distinguished and popular artists, American and foreign, Church, Kensett, Huntington, Durant, Whittredge, Irving, Wm. Hart, James Hart, Edward Frere, Frogon, Diaz, Moulinet, Jules Noel, Carolus, &c.

BY J. W. CAMPBELL, JR., AUCTIONEER—WILL sell this day, commencing at 10½ o'clock, and continuing Thursday and Friday, in lots to suit, balance of the stock Dry Goods in store 128 Sixth avenue. Ladies specially invited.

BY MAX HAYERSDORFER, AUCTIONEER, OFFICE 390 Bowery.—J. BACH & CO. sells this day, 10½ o'clock, 1,341 Third avenue, entire large stock of Grocery Store, consisting of Teas, Coffees, Sugar, Molasses, Flour, Starch; also Fixtures, &c.; rare chance; positive; in lots; dealers invited.

BY PHILIP LEVY, AUCTIONEER.—WORKS OF ART. Superb collection of Oil Paintings, by eminent artists. Catalogue sale this day and to-morrow, June 10 and 11, at Artists' Salesroom, 80 Nassau street, commencing 10½ o'clock A. M.

CORPORATION SALE OF SCRAP IRON, FIRE HYdrants, &c., at public auction.—The Comptroller of the city of New York will sell at public auction on Tuesday, June 15, 1869, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the Corporation pipe yard, foot of East Twenty-fourth street, a large lot of Scrap Iron, Fire Hydrants, Stopcocks, &c.
Particulars may be had by application to the Collector of City Revenue, Comptroller's office, City Hall Park.
RICHARD B. CONNOLLY, Comptroller.
DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE, COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE, NEW YORK, June 1, 1869.

GEORGE W. KELSEY, AUCTIONEER.
Petroleum Refinery at auction, on Thursday, June 10, at 12 o'clock, on the premises corner Richardson and Leonard streets, Fifteenth ward, Brooklyn, E. D., ample buildings, with five years' lease of ground (50x100), at $180 per year, with two stills, 15 and 65 barrels tankage capacity, 200 barrels refined and 500 crude; also good seven horse power Engine, Boiler, &c.; also one double Truck. Sale positive. For particulars apply to KELSEY & CORNWELL, 27 Broadway, Brooklyn, E. D., or on the premises.

ADVERTISEMENTS FOR THE HERALD RECEIVED IN BROOKLYN AT OUR BRANCH OFFICE, 145 FULTON STREET

SALES AT AUCTION.

GEORGE COOK, AUCTIONEER.
Household Furniture, Desks, Pianos, Safes, &c.
This day, at 11 o'clock, at 108 Liberty street, a general assortment of Furniture, Beds and Bedding, Glassware, Crockery, Cutlery, Plated Ware, Desks, Pianos, Safes, &c.

IMPORTANT SALE OF REAL ESTATE.
ANTHONY J. BLEECKER, SON & CO., will offer for sale at auction on the premises,
on TUESDAY, JUNE 22,
a portion of the Estate known as
Hamilton Park,
at New Brighton, Staten Island.
The location of this property is unsurpassed in beauty and convenience. It is within 771 feet of the Brighton Terrace, opposite the ferry landing, is but 35 minutes from Wall street, on high ground, commanding extensive views, and will be sold in Villa Plots, with all necessary restrictions. Several of the very fine Houses on the property will also be offered for sale as above.
To those desiring homes in the country, and yet within the immediate vicinity of their business pursuits, this sale will afford unusual advantages for investment, as a new impetus has been given to transactions in real estate on the Island.
Pamphlets containing maps, descriptions, &c., may be had at the office of the auctioneers.
A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO., 77 Cedar street.

J. BOGART, AUCTIONEER.
THIS DAY, June 10,
at 11 o'clock, in front of the auction rooms,
No. 1 North William street, corner of Frankfort,
Mortgage sale of
Horses, Trucks and Harness,
consisting of five good Work Horses,
three Trucks, Double and Single Harness, &c.
MATHEW BEARNE, Attorney for Mortgagee.
Same day,
at 9 o'clock A. M., at No. 5 Hamilton avenue, mortgage sale of the Stock and Fixtures of a liquor store.
M. BEARNE, Attorney for Mortgagee.
SATURDAY, June 12,
at 10½ o'clock, at the auction rooms,
No. 1 North William street and No. 12 Frankfort street,
Household Furniture,
Carpets, Mirrors, Pianos,
Parlor, Bedroom, Dining Room, Library and Kitchen Furniture.
JACOB BOGART, Auctioneer,
No. 1 North William street.

JAS. E. MALLORY, AUCTIONEER.
By MALLORY & BLACKWELL,
55 Liberty street.
THURSDAY, June 10,
at Sing Sing,
on the premises, 1 o'clock P. M.
Continuation sale of 100 Building Lots,
all of which afford magnificent river views.
Trains leave Thirtieth street at 10 and 10:45 A. M.
By order of E. E. & A. B. Clark, Executors.
SATURDAY, June 12,
at Sing Sing,
on the premises, 2 o'clock P. M.
Brookside Hotel and Trotting Park, known as the Brookside Farm, containing 36 acres, with ½ mile track. The house, containing 15 large rooms, has been used for a hotel, but is very suitable for a private residence. Half mile track and ample stabling; half purchase money can remain. Particulars at office of auctioneers, and of NOAH W. PIKE, Main street, Sing Sing.

JOSEPH HEGEMAN & CO.—FRIDAY, JUNE 11, AT 10 A. M., at the Central Salerooms, Willoughby street, corner Pearl, Brooklyn—A general assortment of Parlor, Chamber and Dining Room Furniture, Fancy Goods, Counters. Also at 2 P. M., a number of rosewood Pianos, large Mirror, new Clothing, &c.

LEWIS E. WOOD, AUCTIONEER.
Greenville Property.
120 valuable Lots, at Greenville, N. J.,
at auction: 20 minutes from Liberty street, New York, by Central Railroad of New Jersey, and 30 minutes from Wall street or the City Hall, New York.
LEWIS E. WOOD
will sell at public auction
On THURSDAY, JUNE 17, 1869,
at 2 o'clock P. M., on the premises,
some of the most desirable Property ever offered in Hudson county. All the lots are beautifully located on high ground, commanding an extensive view of the bay and city of New York, Brooklyn, Staten Island, Long Island, &c. The property to be sold is on and near the
Eastern Boulevard of Hudson County,
and a short distance from the station of the Central Railroad.
Twenty-two trains daily, each way,
between Greenville and New York, running from Liberty street to Greenville in twenty minutes, for 10 cents (by excursion tickets).
For particulars inquire at the Post Office building, Greenville, N. J., or of LEWIS E. WOOD, 69 Montgomery street, Jersey City, or M. ARMSTRONG, 19 Ferry street, New York.

MARSHAL'S SALE
of Piano, Liquors, &c.,
by S. HERMAN & CO.
I. S. WEINBERGER, Auctioneer,
will sell on Friday, June 11, at 10½ o'clock, at No. 13 Bowery, 1 fine Piano in excellent condition, 1 piano Stool, 2 office Desks, 14 French 21 day Clocks, Artificial Flowers, Vases, 30,000 ladies' embroidered paper Collars. Also the balance of Liquors remaining unsold. By order of L. Rindskopf, City Marshal.

O. H. PIERSON, AUCTIONEER.
By A. D. MELLICK, JR., & CO., Auctioneers and dealers in New Jersey real estate, 26 Pine street, New York.
Auction sale of 70 Villa Plots at Plainfield, N. J.,
known as the Raymond property,
On Wednesday, June 16, at 1 P. M., on the premises.
These lots are well located at the base of the Blue range of mountains, fronting on the main road to Scotch Plains and in the midst of fine residences occupied by New Yorkers. No suburban town is more favorably known than Plainfield, situated, as it is, about one hour from New York on the Central Railroad of New Jersey, the most popular road in New Jersey, and in a most beautiful section of country. It is rapidly filling up with a population of New York families. Special train from the foot of Liberty street at 11 A. M. on the day of sale. Lunch on the arrival of the train. For railroad passes, maps and full particulars apply at the office of the auctioneers, 25 Pine street, New York.

O. H. PIERSON, AUCTIONEER.
By A. D. MELLICK, JR., & BRO., Auctioneers and Dealers in New Jersey Real Estate, 26 Pine street, New York.
Thursday, June 17, at 1 P. M., on the premises,
Important sale of 100 Villa Plots,
By order of De Witt Clinton Jones, Esq.
At New Providence station, on the Morris and Essex Railroad, about one hour from New York and one mile from Summit. These lots are situated in the most attractive region of New Jersey, among fine improvements and immediately at the station. The views are unsurpassed, embracing the lovely Passaic Valley, the Orange Mountains and the vicinity of Summit. The neighborhood is unexceptionable, being within a short distance of several large towns. There will also be offered a desirable modern Residence, recently completed, and an attractive Cottage. Special train from the foot of Barclay street at 11 A. M. Collation on the arrival of the train. For railroad passes, maps and full particulars apply at the office of the auctioneers, 25 Pine street, New York.

PAWNBROKER'S SALE OF WATCHES AND JEWELry.—JOHN MORTIMER, 15 East Broadway, will sell this day, at 11 o'clock, 300 lots Gold and Silver Watches, fine Gold and Diamond Jewelry, Plated and Silver Ware, Opera Glasses, Pistols, Musical and other instruments and other valuable goods; also, at 9 o'clock, 200 lots Men's Clothing. By order of B. Davis, No. 3 Sullivan street.

PAWNBROKER'S SALE.—JAMES AGAR, AUCTIONeer, will sell this day, at salesroom, 42 East Broadway, at 11 o'clock, 400 lots Dresses, Shawls, Silk Cloaks, Underclothes, Sheets, Spreads, Table Linen, Coats, Pants, Vests. By order of R. Rich, 45 Eighth avenue.

ROBERT SOMERVILLE, AUCTIONEER.
ROBERT SOMERVILLE will sell on Friday, 11th, at 10½ o'clock, at his salesroom, 37 Nassau street, a large assortment of Household Furniture, two Grand Pianos, Velvet and Brussels Carpets, Parlor Suits, Bedroom Suits, Dressing Bureaus, Washstands, Arm Chairs, Rockers, Feather Beds, Mattresses, Mirrors, Lace Curtains, Shades, Refrigerators, Office Furniture, Safes, Sitting and Standing Desks, &c.

ROBERT SOMERVILLE, AUCTIONEER.
Velocipedes.
ROBERT SOMERVILLE will sell on Saturday, 12th, at 10 o'clock, at his Salesroom, 37 Nassau street, 75 Velocipedes, new and second hand, two and three wheel; some are very fine, with the latest improvements, built by Wood Brothers, Pickering, Monod and others; also several built in Boston, Philadelphia, Paris Machines, &c.

RICHARD WALTERS, AUCTIONEER,
Dry Goods, Hosiery, Trimmings.
Marshal's Sale.
Will sell on Friday, at 11 o'clock, at auction store 27 East Broadway, by virtue of an execution, a general stock of Dry Goods, white and other Shirts, Hosiery, Coats, Vests, Pants, Damask, Linens, Ribbons, Trimmings, &c.
JOHN T. STEWART, City Marshal.

RECEIVER'S SALE OF
Printing Establishment.
JOSEPH MCGUIRE, Auctioneer,
Will sell by auction,
On THURSDAY, June 10, at 10 o'clock A. M.,
all the Type, Presses, Fixtures, Shafting, Furniture and Goods of whatever kind and description, constituting the Job Printing Establishment of the firm of Stone & Barrow, on the second, fourth, fifth and sixth floors of 95 Nassau street.
By order of WALTER ROCHE, Esq., Receiver.

SECOND GREAT ANNUAL SALE
of the property of
THE RUTHERFURD PARK ASSOCIATION,
to be held on the ground
On WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY, JUNE 16 and 17.
This property is situated on the banks of the
BEAUTIFUL PASSAIC RIVER,
9 MILES OR 45 MINUTES FROM NEW YORK CITY HALL,
within a stone's throw of the new depot on the New York and Oswego
MIDLAND COUNTIES RAILWAY,
now building.
Maps and free passes at the office of the auctioneers, A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO., 77 Cedar street, New York, or at the office of the company, 132 Hudson street, Jersey City. Special train at 11 A. M. on the day of sale, for which free passes will be furnished. Other trains at 9:35 and 10 A. M., 12 M., and 1 45 P. M., &c.

HOUSES, ROOMS, &C., WANTED.

A LADY AND GENTLEMAN WOULD LIKE A HOUSE or an office building to take charge of on easy terms; reference from last place. Address Mrs. H. L. Irwin, box 4,113 Post office, for two days.

APARTMENTS WANTED—IN A PRIVATE HOUSE, BY a lady and son; three Rooms, one large and two small; rent about $20 per month. Address L. B. A., box 154 Herald office.

FURNISHED ROOMS—WITHOUT BOARD, WANTED in the house of a widow, either in Brooklyn or Williamsburg. Address, with particulars, H. H., box 5,459 Post office.

FURNISHED HOUSE WANTED—ON FIFTH AVENUE, below Thirtieth street, by a desirable tenant, family small. Address box 2,157 Post office.

WANTED—A SMALL HOUSE, IN A GOOD LOCAtion. Rent not to exceed $1,000. Address H. M. G., box 5,926 Post office.

WANTED—TWO ROOMS OR AN EXTRA LARGE SINgle one, for a party of four gentlemen, with full Board, near Twenty-eighth street and Sixth avenue; terms must be very moderate. Address Fred, station G.

WANTED—A SINGLE FURNISHED BEDROOM, BY A gentleman, must be between Twenty-third and Forty-second streets, west side. Address C. K. D., Herald office.

WANTED—FURNISHED ROOMS FOR HOUSEKEEPing, by a gentleman and wife. Address, stating terms, L. A. B., Herald office.

ADVERTISEMENTS FOR THE HERALD RECEIVED IN BROOKLYN AT OUR BRANCH OFFICE, 145 FULTON STREET.

EXPRESSES.

AUG. HYNARD'S FURNITURE AND BAGGAGE EXpress, office 78 and 80 Bank street, near Bleecker. First class storage; furniture packed and shipped, or moved in city or country at short notice and reasonable rates. All orders by post promptly attended to.

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WASHINGTON.

Formal Presentation of the New Peruvian Minister.

THE ALABAMA CLAIMS DISCUSSION

A Voice from the Tailors of Tooley Street.

NEW PHASES IN THE NEGRO QUESTION.

A Negro Candidate for Mayor to be Next Elected.

Exclusiveness of the Colored Elite.

WASHINGTON, June 9, 1869.

Departure of President Grant for New York.

President Grant and family, accompanied by Consul Cramer and wife, left Washington to-night for New York.

Presentation of the Peruvian Minister to the President.

This afternoon Colonel Manuel Freyer was introduced to the President by the Secretary of State, and delivered his credentials as Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of Peru. The Colonel made some remarks upon the occasion, of which the following is a translation:—

YOUR EXCELLENCY—The relations of friendship which the government of the United States has always maintained with the republic of Peru, far from being weakened by the vicissitudes of time, have recently been tightened and strengthened in the direction of reciprocal good will. Numerous are the acts by which the powerful North American nation has proved its sympathies in favor of the Peruvian people. I take pleasure in acknowledging them and in proclaiming these sentiments for fraternity and of sincere attachment with which they have inspired my country. She, having entered upon the ways of progress and of true liberty by acclimatizing upon her soil all those democratic institutions which are compatible with the necessities of her existence, cherishes a constant desire to draw closer those ties which neither distrusts nor a contrariety of principle and interests will ever weaken. On placing in your Excellency's hands the autograph letter which accredits me in the character of Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to the United States of America, will you allow me to assure you that the mission which I have come to discharge near this enlightened government has no other object than to render more intimate those friendly and cordial relations, and that I shall endeavor by all the means in my power to merit the confidence of your Excellency, from whose elevated judgment I, at the same time, promised myself a very cordial reception?

The President replied as follows:—

Colonel FREYER—I welcome you as the Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of the republic of Peru to the United States. You have drawn a correct picture of the friendly relations between our two countries. It will be my pleasure during your mission to endeavor to preserve and perpetuate them, and I have entire confidence in your disposition and ability to co-operate with me towards that desirable end.

Executive Business.

During the absence of the President from Washington his private secretary, Brevet Brigadier General Horace Porter, will remain on duty in charge of the Executive Office for the purpose of transacting the ordinary business.

Trouble Among the Pennsylvania Radicals—Presidential Interference Invited.

Geary, of Pennsylvania, arrived here last night, and to-day had a private interview with the President on the coming fall election in that State. Geary is anxious to be re-elected, but there is considerable opposition to him among some prominent republicans in Pennsylvania, such as Alex. McClure. Not a few of the federal office-holders in the Keystone State have been induced to take sides with McClure and his friends against Geary's nomination, on the ground that he cannot carry the State, and that they are bound to go for some man who will lead the party to victory, and thus sustain Grant's administration. It is understood that Geary's mission here was to complain to the President of the conduct of these federal office-holders. Geary assured the President of his popularity in Pennsylvania, and intimated that he was about the only man who could carry the State next fall against the democrats. Grant is not indifferent to the success of the republican ticket at the coming fall elections, but whether he will make the naughty federal office-holders in Pennsylvania rally to the support of Geary against the field remains to be seen. Thus far he has only given his usual promise, viz:—"To look into the matter." This is a phrase invariably used by the President on all occasions where his mind is not fully made up.

A Negro Mayor for Washington—Aristocracy Among the Darkies.

The next move of the colored republicans of this city is to be an effort to elect one of their race, John F. Cook, as Mayor of Washington. Cook has just been elected Register, one of the most important offices in the city, and is quite an advanced darky, possessing education, tact and a fair share of fortune. His colored brethren say they must have him as their next Mayor, at every hazard. They contend that they do all the heavy voting and elect all the republican candidates, and therefore are entitled to control something better than the mere Registership and a few Aldermen and Councilmen. Cook, though popular with most of the old colored settlers, looks down upon the poor blacks, and particularly the Virginia contrabands, whom he thinks unfit for decent colored society. It is said that during Lincoln's time! Cook advised Old Abe not to allow the contrabands to come to Washington, on the ground that it would ruin business. How this will go down with his colored citizens remains to be seen. Major Richards, the Superintendent of Police, was a pretty prominent candidate for the Mayoralty until the riot on Monday last. It is believed that his prompt action to suppress that little disorder has destroyed his last chance of success, and that Cook will certainly get the nomination and be elected. It is remarked here that while the blacks are clamoring for admission to the theatres on the white level, they do not practice the same equality in their dealings with each other. Thus the most fashionable barbers here are colored men, who will on no account descend to shave a darky. Their reason is, perhaps, not that they object on their own account, but because it would ruin their white custom. Stewart, who was elected Alderman of the First ward on Monday, is a colored man and a barber, and was objected to by some of his race because he would not let negroes be shaved and cut in his artistic establishment. "Do you think I'm going to vote for a colored man because he is a republican, when he thinks us not respectable enough to be shaved in his store?" was the smart answer of some of the colored voters whose ballots were asked for Stewart. It is the same thing in the restaurants. Many of them are kept by colored men and have the most resp[illegible]ble white patronage. Of course they decline to allow Sambo to squat at the same tables with their white customers. Thus it will be seen that the theatre question is not the only one that will create trouble, and that that trouble is likely to recoil on the black himself.

The Washington Negroes Determined to Claim Seats in the Theatres on Equality with the Whites.

It was telegraphed by certain correspondents day before yesterday that no danger would grow out of the law recently passed by the Municipal Council of this city, compelling the admission of colored people to all places of amusement on an equality with whites. The reason assigned was that the colored people had determined not to thrust themselves offensively upon the whites. The following letter, written to a Washington paper by John F. Cook, a colored man, just elected registrar of this city, shows that at least some colored people intend to avail themselves fully of the rights guaranteed them under this new arrangement:—

TO THE EDITOR OF THE CHRONICLE:—

I see by an item in your local columns that Messrs. John F. Cook and Carter A. Stewart called on the managers of the National theatre and assured them that the colored people had no intention of attempting to gain admittance to any part of said theatre except the galleries. This statement, as far as I am concerned—and I might say for Mr. Stewart—is wholly false. I never was in the theatre in my life, for the reason of its making the distinction on account of color; and, having labored long and earnestly to break down such degrading barriers, I am the last man to shame a record of which I am proud, and shall avail myself often of the privilege that I, with others, have labored to secure for the colored people of our city. I have no compromise or truce to make on this matter with any manager or anybody else. Respectfully, &c. JOHN F. COOK.

More Negro Outrages.

On Monday night the house of Charles Stuart, the colored citizen, on M street, near Thirteenth, was entered by a crowd of black scamps, who wantonly destroyed nearly all the furniture and bedding on the premises. Stuart and his wife were absent at the time, the one in the Central guard house for safety, the other with her friends in the Seventh ward. Last night Mr. Coburn, who keeps the store in which Stuart took refuge after he had been aided by the police to get away from the mob, appeared at the Fifth precinct station house and asked that a guard of policemen be detailed at his premises, as he had received information that his premises were to be attacked. Several policemen were ordered to be on the lookout for the expected raid, but at a late hour no sign of trouble was seen.

Indian Outrages in Arizona.

Delegate McCormick, of Arizona, to-day laid before General Sherman and Secretary Rawlins a full statement of the recent Indian outrages in Arizona, and the great losses suffered by the citizens. He made a fresh appeal for more troops, and the matter has been referred to General Thomas, commanding the Pacific department. General Sherman has probably endorsed the memorial of the Legislature of Arizona, requesting that arms and rations be issued to citizens where they can effectively co-operate with the troops against the hostile Indians.

New Method of Settling the Indian Question—An Indian Congress.

An Indian congress is among the things talked of by representatives of the civilized Indians of the Indian Territory now stopping in this city. It is not generally known that these Indians, by attention to agricultural and industrial pursuits, have made rapid advances in civilization. They have become quite wealthy, and have flourishing towns and villages, highly cultivated fields, schoolhouses and a college. In fact, they enjoy every blessing almost that a civilized community can boast of, including a regularly organized government. The civilized tribes living under this rule believe that by having a congress, in which they can all be represented, much good can be accomplished. It is said that Colonel Parker, Commissioner of Indian Affairs, is considering the plan of inviting representatives from some of the savage tribes to go with him to his Congress for the purpose of pointing out to them the blessings of cultivating the arts of peace, and thus encouraging them to go and do likewise. The idea seems a good one and worthy of Parker's practical sagacity.

Visit of a Delegation of Sons of Temperance to the President.

The representatives of the National Division of the Sons of Temperance of North America, now in session in this city, many of them accompanied by members of their families, proceeded to-day to the East Room, in accordance with prior arrangements. The visitors, about two hundred and fifty in number, formed in a semi-circle, when President Grant entered the room and was addressed by Robert M. Faust, of Pennsylvania, Most Worthy Patriarch of the organization, who said these present were from all parts of the Union and the British provinces, and they came to pay their profound respect to the Chief Magistrate of the nation. In granting this interview they looked upon the President as recognizing their motives in the interests of humanity. The visitors then approached in line, were introduced and shook hands, and as this ceremony was completed they retired.

Patience and Perseverance Rewarded.

The few Senators and Members who remained here after the adjournment of Congress to look after their appointments have made their preparations to go home. With few exceptions they have secured nearly all they wanted, which was more than those who rushed wildly in at the beginning did. Senator Thayer, of Nebraska, for instance, found himself elbowed to one side by the more bold and hungry Eastern Senators at the commencement of the administration. He contented himself with getting a *promise from the President that no appointments* should be made in Nebraska without his consent, except in the case of the Quaker Indian agents. Since Congress adjourned Thayer has got all his State officers appointed, besides getting one of his constituents appointed Consul to Dresden. Other Senators, who pursued a similar course, have been equally successful, except in cases where there was a difference of opinion between the two Senators from the same State.

Report of the Board of Visitors to the Naval Academy.

The Board of Visitors who attended the recent annual examination of the midshipmen at the Naval Academy have furnished their report to the Secretary of the Navy. It covers about twenty pages of foolscap, and is more interesting than such reports usually are. After noticing the details of the examination the report devotes some attention to the condition of the Naval Academy. Under the able management of Admiral Porter it has been brought to a higher state of efficiency than at any period in the history of its existence. The grounds and buildings have been much improved, and new methods introduced for the better improvement and culture of the midshipmen. Admiral Porter, the report states, deserves much credit for the manner in which he conducted the affairs of the institution while he presided over it.

Cockney Assurance—Amusing Scene at the White House.

An amusing incident occurred during the visit to the President of the National Division of the Sons of Temperance. After the Most Worthy Patriarch of the Division had inflicted his speech upon the President a little cockney Englishman, by the name of Dr. Lee, stepped forward and insisted upon speaking for all England, after the manner of the three tailors of Tooley street. The President, after glancing at him, stood his ground bravely. The Englishman, losing sight of the temperance question, launched out upon the subject uppermost just now in the mind of every Britisher—to wit, the importance of maintaining peace between the two countries. The cockney expressed great confidence in the "hability" of the President. He hoped "hamity" would be preserved. No honest "Hinglishman" wanted a war between "Hingland" and "Hamerica." He went on in this strain for some time, everybody in the room endeavoring to keep a straight face. The President looked steadily at the floor, never moved a muscle of his face, and seemed much pleased when the little Britisher concluded.

Heading off Claim Agents—A Serious Evil Remedied.

Secretary Boutwell has issued a circular to the general bureaus of the Treasury Department, ordering that hereafter no attorneys, claim agents, or other persons, or persons acting in his or their stead or behalf, shall be permitted to hold official intercourse with any employé, or have access to the records and files of the department, or its bureaus, under any circumstances whatever, unless such attorney, agent, or person has express written authority from the Secretary. All employés of the department are also instructed not to communicate, either in or outside of the department, any information in relation to the business thereof.

Internal Revenue Decisions—Pork Packers Liable to Taxation as Manufacturers.

The Commissioner of Internal Revenue has replied to a letter from John Connell, Assessor at Toledo, Ohio, concerning his construction of the law that packing pork in bulk, putting it up in barrels and rendering the lard for sale, was manufacturing within the meaning of the act, and that parties engaged in the business should be assessed accordingly. The Commissioner says:—Paragraph 318 of section 79 of the act of June 30, 1864, as subsequently amended, defines a manufacturer as any person, firm or corporation, who shall manufacture by hand any goods, wares or merchandise, not otherwise provided for, exceeding annually the sum of $1,000, or who shall be engaged in the manufacture or preparation for sale of any article or compounds, or shall put up for sale in packages, with his own name or trademark thereon, any article or compounds; in the language of the law, all such whose annual sales exceed $5,000 shall pay for every additional $1,000 in excess two dollars, &c. Persons engaged in the business of packing pork and rendering lard and packing the same in barrels, kegs or otherwise are something more than mere dealers in pork and lard; they are clearly embraced in the definition given of a manufacturer, and are included among the persons, firms, &c., who are required to pay a tax on their sales in excess of $5,000 annually, inasmuch as they prepare these articles for sale and put them up in packages with their own names or trademarks. The Commissioner is clearly of the opinion that the persons engaged in the business above referred to should be required to pay a special tax as manufacturers, and to return their sales in excess of $1,250, quarterly, and pay the tax of two dollars per $1,000 on such excess.

In answer to a letter from the United States Assessor at Sand Creek, N. Y., enclosing a letter addressed to him by Junius A. Cowles, relative to his liability to a tax on sales of leather tanned by him for a customer from hides furnished by the last named, the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, says:—"It does not appear whether Cowles made returns of the leather tanned by him on the estimated value of the leather sold, or whether he returned the actual sales as reported to him made by the owner of the leather. The Commissioner presumes the returns were made on the basis of the owner's sales, that the returns were properly made, and there exists no just or proper reason for refunding the taxes. If, as alleged, Cowles manufactured hides into leather for the owner, the latter furnishing the hides and the former tanning them for a definite sum agreed upon between the parties, but having no interest in the sales of the leather or in the manufacture further than to receive the stipulated price for tanning them, he has no sales to return for taxation, but the owner is the one to make the returns. If not an actual manufacturer, he is engaged in the business of manufacturing; his capital, if not his personal skill, is thus employed, and he is sharing with other manufacturers the profits of the business, and therefore not only the letter and spirit of the law, but also justice and equity, require that he should pay the tax.

Printing of Fractional Currency.

Preparations are now being made to resume work in the printing division of the Treasury Department in July, when about two hundred male and two hundred female employés, recently suspended, will be reinstated. The American and National Bank Note Companies, of New York city, are now engaged in tinting and printing the backs of notes, which will be forwarded to the Treasury Department, where the faces will be printed and the numbers and seals put on. These companies will print all the fractional currency and forward it to Washington to have the seal put on.

Settlers on Government Lands in Florida.

The Commissioner of the General Land Office has received returns from the local office at Tallahassee, Fla., showing that during the past month fifty-four farms, embracing 6,660 acres, were added to the productive area of that State under the provisions of the homestead law, which requires actual residence upon and cultivation of the tracts for a period of five years.

Changes in the Treasury Department.

Several of the most prominent clerks connected with the Secretary's office in the Treasury Department were removed this morning. Among them were S. C. Marsh, F. V. Robinson, B. F. Duane and Samuel Butts, of the warrant division. The two former have been in charge of general accounts and public debt statements for a number of years. The two warrant offices have been consolidated into one division under J. H. Saville, who will hereafter prepare the public debt statement. Charles C. Waldron, of the warehouse division of the Secretary's office, has been removed, and W. A. Shannon, Chief of that division, has resigned.

Executive Appointments.

The President has appointed Dwight C. Marsh Collector of Customs for the district of Passo del Norte, in Texas and New Mexico.

SALE OF THOROUGHBRED HORSES.

Valley Brook farm, on the Passaic, New Jersey, the property of Mr. James S. Watson, about a mile distant from Rutherfurd Park station, on the Erie Railroad, was yesterday the scene of considerable activity in consequence of Mr. Watson offering for sale a number of thoroughbred horses, mares and colts. The ten A. M. and twelve M. trains took down a large number of prominent "horsemen," among whom were Messrs. Frank Morris and his son John, Governor Bowie, of Maryland; F. Hall, of Maryland; H. P. McGrath, of Kentucky; Captain T. G. Moore, of Kentucky; Dr. Weldon, Thomas Puryear, John Hunter, T. Dennison, A. J. Miner, H. Babcock, J. Coffee, H. Morris, T. Slater, of Mobile; T. Purdy, A. Godwin, of Paterson; Thomas Doswell, of Virginia; J. Robbins, Dr. Ervin, Dr. Lindsay and a host of others.

The day was beautiful, and as soon as the last stage load had emptied itself at the door mine host Watson invited every one in to partake of a sumptuous dinner, and soon all hands had their legs stretched under the mahogany, enjoying the roast beef, boiled ham, real chicken salad, fish, oysters and the innumerable other condiments that graced the board, washing it down with bountiful supplies of champagne and other wines, together with other liquors having more body. Shortly after one o'clock Dr. Underwood mounted the rostrum, and in loud and clear tones announced that the sale was about to commence. The first mare on the list—Fannie Lewis—was not offered. The second was "The Gloamin, foaled in 1856, a full sister to Nebula, the dam of Asteroid," and after some lively bidding she was knocked down to John Hunter for $1,300. Her foal by her side, by Jerome Edgar, was also sold to Mr. Hunter for $450.

Pasta, foaled in 1852, dam of Patti, Bonnie Lass, &c., by Revenue, was next on the list, but for some reason was not offered. The same was the case with the next on the list, Minnie Minor, foaled in 1861, a sister to Julius, by Lexington. Both of these mares had filly foals at their sides by Jerome Edgar.

Imp. L'Anglaise, foaled 1859, bred by her Majesty at Hampton Court, England, by Hobbie Noble (by Pantaloon, out of Phryne, by Touchstone), was, after some spirited bidding, knocked down to John Hunter. Her colt foal by her side, by Jerome Edgar, was knocked down to Dr. Martin for $1,000.

Chignon, foaled in 1861 (sister to Climax), by imported Balrownie, was knocked down to Mr. Hunter at $900, the colt foal by her side, by Jerome Edgar, having been purchased by the same gentleman for $660.

Jessie Dixon, foaled 1860 (the dam of Narragansett), by Arlington, was next on the list, but being at Morris with the Eclipse stallion, her sale was necessarily deferred.

Canonicus, two year old chestnut colt, by Prophet, out of Jessie Dixon, dam of Arlington Prophet, was next offered. The bidding on this fine arrival was very lively, and at last Thomas Puryear became the owner of the colt at $2,600.

Six yearlings, five colts and one filly were then offered at the paddock, in the following order, and were sold at the prices and to the gentlemen named:—

A bay colt, by Censor or Jerome Edgar, out of Nannie Lewis, by Glencoe, was sold to H. P. McGrath, of Kentucky, for $1,750.

A chestnut colt, by Censor, out of Julia, by Glencoe, g. d. Sallie Ward, by John R. Grimes. Julia was the dam of Minnie Minor and Julius. Bought by Thomas Puryear for $1,600, who also bought a brown colt, by Censor, out of The Gloamin, by Glencoe, g. d. Blue Bonnet, dam of Lightning, Thunder, Loadstone and Lancaster, for $2,250.

A bay colt, by Jerome Edgar, out of Chignon (sister to Climax), by Balrownie, was next sold to Mr. Thomas Doswell, of Virginia, for $1,200.

A bay colt by Prophet, out of Jessie Dixon (Narragansett's dam), by Arlington Prophet, by imported Monarch, out of Cassandra, by imported Priam, was next offered, and knocked down to Mr. Thomas Puryear for $1,500.

A bay filly by Jerome Edgar, out of the imported mare L'Anglaise, by Hobbie Noble, Hobbie Noble by Pantaloon, out of Phryne, by Touchstone, was the last in the list, and was knocked down to Thomas Doswell for $850.

The horses looked remarkably well and exhibited to great advantage. After the sale had closed the stallion Jerome Edgar was trotted out and his fine points exhibited. A visit around the farm examining fine stock and another excellent lunch consumed the remainder of the afternoon, when the company left, well pleased with their visit and everything connected with it.

SUPERINTENDENT KENNEDY'S LAST ORDER.

The general order of the Superintendent of Police issued a few days ago, one of the clauses of which instructs captains that in no case shall a prisoner be sent to hospital except on the commitment of a magistrate, and which has met the determined opposition of the captains, is likely to be put to a severe test to-day. On Tuesday night a woman was locked up at the Fourteenth precinct on the charge of petty larceny. She was taken with violent convulsions. Surgeon Sutton announced that she would certainly die before morning unless removed to hospital, yet Captain Garland dare not violate the order. He conferred with Inspector Jamison, who, on learning the circumstances, telegraphed to the Superintendent for permission to convey her to hospital. Procuring no answer, the Inspector ordered her sent to hospital, in violation of the order. Dr. Sutton will to-day bring the case before the Commissioners as an illustration of the necessity for a modification of the ill-advised order.

THE NATIONAL GAME.

Mutual vs. Yale—The Champions in the Elm City.

The first game between the champion Mutuals and the University nine of Yale College was played yesterday afternoon at Hamilton Park, New Haven. The champions yesterday morning became, for the nonce, "early birds," and under the supervision of their President, Mr. John Wildey, started from the Mutual Club House, Broadway, near Bleecker street, in time to catch the eight o'clock train for New Haven. Arriving at the Twenty-seventh street depot they found a large delegation waiting to accompany them. New Haven was reached in due season, and at the depot Messrs. Sperry, Robeson and others of the Yale boys were on hand to escort them to their temporary headquarters. After a pleasant stroll through the city, the public offices and the classic and historic precincts of old Yale and a light dinner, the nines donned their uniforms and embarked on the Nightingale, a six horse pleasure wagon, for Hamilton Park. All necessary arrangements had been made by the collegians and but little time was lost in getting to work. The ground is within the circuit of a half mile track, level and well laid out; but the grass was too long for comfort to those who have been accustomed to playing on such well trimmed fields as the Union and Capitoline grounds. Mr. John Kelly, of the Empire Club of New York, having been chosen to act as umpire, the game commenced at exactly half-past two, with the Yales at the bat. There were some 2,000 or 3,000 spectators on the grounds, and a peculiar quiet seemed to come upon all present as Walters swung his ponderous arm and the ball went whizzing into Mills'. McClintock, first striker, sent up a foul near third base. This was looked upon as a bad beginning, as Swandell seemed to be certain of it; but it went out of his hands as easily as it went in, and thus the striker was spared. He was not spared very long, as he soon retired on three strikes. The next man followed on the retiring list by a tip bound. Deming then, by a good hot grounder near third, made his second base and subsequently got home, just before McCutcheon was made third hand out by Hatfield to E. Mills. On the Mutual side the start off was not so good. Hunt sent a high fly to left field and was captured by Deming, as were all who gave Deming, or in fact any of the fielders, a chance for a fly. Space forbids the giving of a detailed account of the game, although it is richly deserving of it. From first to last the collegians played with consummate skill and spirit, feeling, no doubt, that they had nothing to lose and a great deal to win in making a creditable stand against the champions. As the score will show they succeeded in doing this, and the heavy batting of the Mutuals, in some instances, alone prevented them (the Yales) from coming off victorious. Of the special instances of good playing on the occasion that of French, at first base, deserves especial notice, as this was his first appearance in the nine. In the second inning Swandell was on first base, when Eggler sent a sharp grounder along towards right short. French captured it, and with remarkable presence of mind under the circumstances he sent the ball to Selden, heading off Swandell, who had passed him on the way to second. Another instance may be mentioned: E. Mills had started from first to second just as Devyr sent a grounder, foul, near first; French picked it up and passed it to Hooper, by whom it was passed back in time to head Mills off. This was done in a "click-clack" style that elicited round after round of applause.

McCutcheon at short was sure and fatal to any who gave him an opportunity. Hooker's pitching in general appearance was much like that of McBride and fully as effective. Richards' catching, and, in short, the playing of the entire nine, was first class in every particular. McClintock on third was the only weak spot in the nine, but the evidences of weakness were few, yet material in their effects. On the Mutual side the outfielding was very good, but the infielding was not what might be expected from the champions. Hunt and McMahon each took a fly ball in good style, and Eggler, who had but two chances given him, attended well to both.

A large number of the small boys and some of the large boys from the college could not understand the working of the point mentioned above as made by French on the foul hit by Devyr. They thought that there were two hands put out by the play, and when the second hand in the innings was disposed of they raised the cry of "Three out," "three out," and insisted that if the umpire, scorers and players did not notice it that made no difference; they saw it and it must be so. The members of the club succeeded in enforcing quiet; but when the third hand was put out the crowd cried "four out," "four out." The police committee, however, succeeded in quieting the fault finders by urging upon them to "treat the visitors as gentlemen." This appeal had the desired effect and tended to show the commendable spirit which rules the Yale boys, although then temporarily forgotten in the excitement of the contest. As the game drew near to the close the College nine gained confidence, and were thus enabled to carry the game through with the following creditable score:—

[The columns signify outs, runs, first base on clean hits and total bases.]

YALE. Players.	O.	R.	1B.	T.	MUTUAL. Players.	O.	R.	1B.	T.
McClintock, 3d b.	4	2	2	4	Hunt, l. f.	3	3	3	3
Selden, 2d b.	4	2	0	0	Hatfield, 2d b.	1	4	2	2
Deming, l. f.	1	4	2	3	E. Mills, 1st b.	2	3	5	6
French, 1st b.	3	1	1	1	Devyr, s. s.	5	1	2	4
McCutchen, s. s.	3	2	3	4	Swandell, 3d b.	4	1	1	1
Hooker, p.	3	1	4	5	C. Mills, c.	4	1	3	3
Condict, c. f.	4	1	0	0	Eggler, c. f.	3	2	1	1
Richards, c.	2	2	3	4	Walters, p.	2	2	4	4
Lewis, r. f.	3	1	1	1	McMahon, r. f.	3	2	3	4
Totals	27	16	16	22	Totals	27	18	23	26

RUNS EACH INNINGS.

Clubs.	1st.	2d.	3d.	4th.	5th.	6th.	7th.	8th.	9th.
Yale	1	1	4	3	2	3	0	0	2—16
Mutual	0	0	7	4	4	1	2	0	0—18

Fly catches—McClintock, 1; Deming, 3; French, 1; Condict, 3; Richards, 2; Lewis, 2—total, 12. Hunt, 1; Hatfield, 1; E. Mills, 1; Swandell, 1; C. Mills, 2; Eggler, 2; Walters, 1; McMahon, 1—total, 10.

Foul bound catches—C. Mills, 1.

Catches on strikes—C. Mills, 1.

Base play—Put out by McClintock, 2; Selden, 4; French, 9—total, 15. By Hatfield, 5; E. Mills, 7; Devyr, 1; Swandell, 1; C. Mills 1—total, 15.

Assisted—By French, 2; McCutcheon, 7; Hooker, 3; Richards, 1; Lewis, 1. Hunt, 1; Hatfield, 4; Devyr, 6; C. Mills, 2.

Fly catches missed—McClintock, 2; Hooker, 1. Swandell, 1; Hatfield, 1; Hunt, 1.

Time of game, two hours and fifteen minutes.

Scorers—Messrs. A. W. Evarts and M. McCarthy.

Umpire—Mr. John Kelly, of the Empire Club of New York.

The Mutuals were carefully attended to by their gentlemanly hosts and expressed themselves as being highly pleased with their visit, the attentions paid them and the agreeable game they had enjoyed, and they mutually resolved to reciprocate fully when the Yales visit the Metropolis.

Base Ball Notes.

The Red Stockings, from Cincinnati, still continue on a victorious march. They defeated the Mutuals, of Springfield, Mass., yesterday, with a score of eighty to five. To-day they play the Lowells, at Boston; to-morrow the Tri-Mountains, and on Friday the Harvards. On Monday they will try the skill of the Yale College boys, and the next three days will be spent in this vicinity in contest with the Eckford, Mutual and Atlantic Clubs.

To-day the Empires play their first game of the season with the Socials at Hoboken. A good game and a social time may be expected.

FIRE IN THIRTY-SECOND STREET.

At twenty-two minutes before ten last night a fire broke out in the five story brick furniture factory of Killian Brothers, situated at No. 157 West Thirty-second street. The fire originated in the boiler room, in the basement, and extended to the fourth and fifth stories, also to the rear building, occupied by Stewart & Allison, carpet shakers, who had yesterday received about $5,000 worth of carpets from the Fifth Avenue Hotel, which was somewhat damaged by water. The first floor, front, occupied by Hoffman and Stewar, gold pen and jewelry manufacturers, was damaged to the amount of $1,000, insured. The basements occupied by John Banks, machinist, and John Ammemillen, file-cutter, were damaged $600 each, which was fully covered by insurance. The loss of Killion Brothers on stock will not exceed $10,000, and on building $9,000, on which there was an insurance of $12,000 on the former and $20,000 on the latter, in New York, New Haven and Boston companies.

SHIPPING NEWS.

Almanac for New York—This Day.

Sun rises	4 28	Moon sets....eve	— —
Sun sets	7 30	High water....eve	8 49

PORT OF NEW YORK, JUNE 9, 1869.

CLEARED.

Steamship Java (Br), Cook, Liverpool via Queenstown—E Cunard.
Steamship Manhattan (Br), Forsythe, Liverpool—Williams & Guion.
Steamship Iowa (Br), Hedderwick, Glasgow—Henderson Bros.
Steamship Magnolia, Crowell, Charleston—A Leary.
Steamship Hatteras, Roberts, Norfolk, &c—Old Dominion Steamship Co.
Steamship Wamsutta, Fish, New Bedford—Ferguson & Wood.
Ship Rhine, Jordan, London—Grinnell, Minturn & Co.
Ship Ocean (Nor), Hansen, Glasgow—Funch, Edye & Co.
Ship Arkwright, Caulkins, San Francisco—Sutton & Co.
Bark Hirundo (Nor), Aarue, Gloucester—Wendt, Telens & Bockmann.
Bark Michele (Ital), Mundi, Bristol—Funch, Edye & Co.
Bark T H Armstrong, Lodge, Cadiz for orders—James Borland & Co.
Bark Gen Churucca (Sp), Tasigros, Valencia—J Bensusin, Jr.
Brig Teresina (Ital), Lauro, Cork for orders—Lawrence, Giles & Co.
Brig Eva (Ital), Lauro, Queenstown or Cork—G Sloocovich.
Brig Alice (Br), Loud, Rio Grande do Sul—Brett, Son & Co.
Brig Bogota, Ross, Aspinwall—Panama Railroad Co.
Brig Lark, Scopean, St Thomas—Peniston & Co.
Brig Torrent, Gould, Sagua—Howe, White & Co.
Brig Little Fury (Br), Cunningham, Rosario—Henry & Parker.
Brig Uruguay (Br), Goudy, Annapolis, NS—Boyd & Hincken.
Brig Aspen (Br), Shelby, Pictou—H J De Wolf & Co.
Brig Calliao, Buckman, Cow Bay—Thompson & Hunter.
Brig Hannah G (Br), Easton, St John, NB—Heney & Parker.
Schr Rosalie (Br), Albury, Harbor Island—J Eneas.
Schr Susan Wright, Mount, Georgetown, SC—Dollner, Potter & Co.
Schr Rockingham, Nickerson, Charleston—N L McCready & Co.
Schr T D Wilder, Heather, Charleston—N L McCready & Co.
Schr Delmar, Lank, Newbern—J L Davis.
Schr R F Reeves, Banis, Norfolk—C E Staples & Co.
Schr M Rogers, Jackson, Baltimore—C E Staples & Co.
Schr Pennsylvania, Hotchkiss, Providence—Baker & Dayton.
Schr Mary Gray, Allyn, Uncasville.

ARRIVALS.

REPORTED BY THE HERALD STEAM YACHTS.

Steamship Palmyra (Br), Watson, Liverpool and Queenstown via Boston June 7, with mdse, to E Cunard.
Steamship Zoe (Br), Clark, Cardiff, 18 days, with railway iron to order. June 8, lat 40 18, lon 68 50, passed ship J F Chapman, from Liverpool for NYork.
Steamship Bremen (NG), Leist, Bremen via Havre May 29, with mdse and 821 passengers, to Oelrichs & Co. Experienced fine weather during the whole passage; June 4th and 5th high wind and sea. May 31, lat 49 42, lon 9 42, spoke ship Tradesman (Br), bound east; June 7, lat 40 54, lon 66 03, steamship Main (NG), hence for Bremen.
Steamship Germania (NG), Kier, Hamburg May 26, via Havre 29th, with mdse and 639 passengers, to Kunhardt & Co. Had moderate weather and variable winds during the passage; June 1, at 8 PM, lat 49 30, lon 23 25, passed steamship Hammonia.
Steamship Columbia (Br), Carnaghan, Glasgow May 26 and Moville 27th, with mdse and 639 passengers, to Henderson Bros. Had strong westerly winds to the Banks; from thence light variable weather; passed a number of icebergs off Cape Race.
Steamship Henry Chauncey, Conner, Aspinwall June 1, at 6:15 PM, with freight, passengers and treasure, to F R Baby. June 5, off Watling's Island, spoke steamship Arizona, hence for Aspinwall.
Steamship Colombia, Van Sice, Havana June 5, with mdse and passengers, to the Atlantic Mail Steamship Co. May 30, on the outward passage, lat 29 35, lon 78, exchanged signals with ship Patrician (Br), from Jamaica for London. The C has on board the crew and mails of the steamship Mississippi, recently lost near Martinique.
Steamship John Gibson, Winters, Alexandria, with mdse and passengers, to Philips & Brown.
Steamship Brunette, Howes, Philadelphia, with mdse, to J Lorillard.
Bark Theodor Voss (NG), Hilder, London, 64 days, with mdse, to Thos Dunham's Nephew & Co. Had strong NW and SW winds most of the passage.
Bark Hugin (Nor), Olsen, Port Talbot, 45 days, with railway iron, to Funch, Edye & Co. May 8, lat 45, lon 29 52, spoke bark Austrian (Nor), from Cardiff for New York.
Bark Pontecorvo (Nor), Bolt, Antwerp, 50 days, with mdse, to Funch, Edye & Co. Had light winds and calms most of the passage.
Bark Thomas (Br), Ayres, Sagua, 10 days, with sugar, to Grinnell, Minturn & Co; vessel to master.
Brig Elaion (Br), Hutchinson, Seville, 62 days, with lead, cork, &c, to order. Had strong westerly gales; June 3, lat 39, lon 70, spoke brig James Ives, from — for Boston.
Brig Penelope, Dixon, Messina, 106 days, with fruit, to James Henry. Had strong westerly gales down the Mediterranean; lost and split sails; was 45 days to Gibraltar, thence light westerly winds and calms; May 26, lat 35 03, lon 63 20, spoke schooner Richard Barnard, hence for Guadaloupe, 5 days out.
Brig Tasso (Ital), Rugero, Palermo, 62 days, with fruit, to Sicovich & Co. Passed Gibraltar April 28.
Brig J R E (Br), Lent, Naguabo, PR, 15 days, with molasses, to Heney & Parker.
Brig Wild Rose (Br), Thomas, Coamo, PR, 13 days, with sugar, to Sturges & Co.
Schr America (Br), Mason, Demerara, 20 days, with old iron to Crandal, Umphray & Co, had light winds and calms the whole passage.
Schr Ruth N Atwood (of Wellfleet), Kemp, Bermuda, 5 days, with potatoes, &c, to E C Schenck & Co.
Schr Henry Cole, Peterson, Virginia.
Schr E R Kirk, Burnett, Alexandria.
Schr Transit, Endicott, Georgetown, D C.
Schr Minquas, Heney, Baltimore for New Bedford.

The brig Albert, which arrived 7th inst, is consigned to Wendt, Tetens & Bockmann.

Passed Through Hell Gate,

BOUND SOUTH.

Steamship Lodona, Hovey, Cow Bay, 4½ days, with coal, to Snow & Burgess.
Steamship Dirigo, Johnson, from Portland for New York, with mdse, to J F Ames.
Bark Morning Light, Walters, from Boston for New York, in ballast, to Halsey & Co.
Brig Flor del Mar (Br), from Windsor, 12 days, for New York, with plaster, to Wotherspoon Bros.
Brig Mary Ellen, Buck, from St George, NB, for New York, with lumber, to Jed Frye & Co.
Brig Anna Lindsay (Br), McKinnon, from Hillsboro, NB, 8 days, for New York, with plaster, to W Tompkins.
Brig Hudson, Blair, from Calais for New York, with lumber, to Gorham Boardman & Co.
Brig Isabella Jewett, Hopkins, from Bangor for New York, with lumber.
Schr Southern Cross (Br), George, from Windsor, 10 days, for New York, with plaster, to Crandall, Umphray & Co.
Schr Albert Treat, Sawyer, from Windsor for New York, with plaster, to Crandall, Umphray & Co.
Schr Horton (Br), Wallace, from Windsor for New York, with plaster, to Crandall, Umphray & Co.
Schr Valiant (Br), Swain, from Windsor for New York, with plaster, to Wotherspoon Bros.
Schr Rising Star (Br), Merrian, from Windsor, 6 days, for New York, to Snow & Richardson.
Schr A F Ames, Ames, from Bridgeport, CB, for New York, with coal, to C B Swain.
Schr Mount Rose, Grearson, from Calais for New York, with lumber.
Schr Saxon, Cassidy, from Calais for New York, with lumber, to Jed Frye & Co.
Schr Champion, Clark, from Calais for New York, with lumber, to Jed Frye & Co.
Schr More Light, Bradford, from Calais for New York, with lumber, to G Boardman.
Schr E G Sawyer, Keene, from Machias for New York, with spars, to Holyoke & Murray.
Schr L & M Knowles, Evans, from Machias for New York, with lumber, to Chase, Talbot & Co.
Schr Ann, Abbott, from Franklin for New York, with railroad ties, to T M Mayhew & Co.
Schr Fair Wind, Smith, from Ellsworth for New York, with lumber, to T M Mayhew & Co.
Schr Snow Squall, Brown, from Rockland for New York, with lime.
Schr Ella, Miller, from Rockland for New York, with lime, to J R Brown.
Schr S S Lewis, Wood, from Rockland for New York, with lime.
Schr Maggie Bell, Hall, from Rockland for New York, with lime, to J R Brown.
Schr Juno, Metcalf, from Rockland for New York, with lime.
Schr Amelia, Ellms, from Rockland for New York, with lime.
Schr Velo, Harrington, from Rockland for New York, with lime.
Schr Boston, Sturges, from Rockland for New York, with lime.
Schr L S Barnes, Hall, from Rockland for New York, with lime.
Schr Balloon, Clay, from Bangor for New York, with timber, to Chase, Talbot & Co.
Schr C L Vanderwort, Kelly, from Portland for New York, with lumber, to Bell Bros.
Schr Col Eddy, Day, from Portland for New York, with lumber.
Schr Olive Elizabeth, Day, from Portland for New York, with lumber.
Schr Fanny Barney, Johnson, from Vinalhaven for New York.
Schr Jane, Loud, from New Bedford for New York.
Schr Elizabeth B, Hogan, from Providence for New York.
Schr L S Hatch, Hill, from Hartford for New York.

BOUND EAST.

Brig Tyro, Layton, from New York for Windsor.
Schr T R Jones, Robinson, from Elizabethport for Newburyport.
Schr Bell, Simpson, from Elizabethport for Newburyport.
Schr J H Nash, Small, from Elizabethport for Boston.
Schr J D Middleton, Middleton, from Elizabethport for Fall River.
Schr Annie Westbrook, Littlejohn, from Elizabethport for Boston.
Schr D B Pitts, Clark, from New York for Boston.
Schr Isaac N Seymour, Norton, from New York for Providence.
Schr S K Lane, Lane, from New York for Yarmouth.
Schr J G Pierson, Ferris, from New York for Stamford.
Schr Oscar C Acken, Hobby, from New York for Stamford.
Schr Ann Davis, Roberts, from New York for Oldfield Lighthouse.
Schr W W Wood, Wood, from New York for Huntington.
Schr Lizzie Morrow, Anderson, from New York for New Haven.
Schr S Neilson Hall, Stewart, from New York for Portland, Ct.
Schr Jos Hall, Mayo, from New York for Portland, Ct.
Schr Wm Thomas, White, from Jersey City for Boston.
Schr Saraga, Rankin, from Jersey City for West Farms.
Schr Maria E Hearn, Morrill, from Albany for Stamford.
Schr Geo P Kane, Ball, from Albany for Bridgeport.
Schr J Kissam, Kissam, from Albany for Huntington.
Schr John Gould, Muser, from Albany for Providence.
Schr J P Hazard, Northrup, from Albany for Portland, Ct.

BELOW.

Ship Alex Marshall, Gardner, from Liverpool May 1, with mdse and passengers, to C H Marshall & Co (by pilot boat Chas H Marshall, No 3).
Ship Joseph Clark (of New Orleans), 44 days from Cardiff (by pilot boat Abraham Leggett, No 4).
Bark Frederick Wilhelm, 50 days from Antwerp (by pilot boat Abraham Leggett, No 4).
Bark Tersina, 165 days from Palermo (by pilot boat Abraham Leggett, No 4).
Brig Julietta (Ital), 70 days from Cette (by pilot boat Ezra Nye, No 2.

SAILED.

Steamships Java, for Liverpool; Manhattan, do; Magnolia, Charleston; Hatteras, Norfolk, City Point and Richmond; schr Anna Sheppard, Philadelphia.

Wind at sunset SSW.

Marine Disasters.

STEAMSHIP ARIES, from Boston for Philadelphia, which was ashore at Squan Beach, has been hauled off and was on her way to Philadelphia in tow of tugs 9th inst.

BRIG STAR CASTLE (whaler), Clay, of Fairhaven, ran on the rocks on the south side of the island of St Thomas on the 26th ult. She lay for some hours, but afterwards floated off and put into St Thomas same day. Her false keel and gripe are gone; new metal is to be put on. She was on the repairing slip 29th. She did not leak at all after getting off the rocks.

BRIG NIGRETA, Stowers, from Arroyo, PR, for New Haven, before reported, had a cargo of 427 hhds of sugar and molasses, struck on a reef at the SE point of Gull Island, Saturday evening, 5th inst, during a thick fog, and remained about ten minutes, when she came off, leaking badly. Capt Stowers succeeded in running her ashore on the north side of Gardner's Island, in 18 feet of water, with her deck out at low tide. No insurance on the vessel or cargo.

BRIG IDA, from Newport, E, for Boston, was spoken, no date, lat 42 40, lon 60 52, under jury mast, having lost her spars in a gale 20th ult; vessel tight.

SCHR YANKEE BLADE (of Bucksport), from Elizabethport for Newburyport, with coal, went ashore night of 8th inst near Chatham, Cape Cod. The cargo was being jettisoned, in hopes of getting her off at the next high tide.

Miscellaneous.

We are indebted to purser Oscar Crocheron, of the steamship Colombia, from Havana, for full files of late papers, &c.

SHIP ENOCH TALBOT, Talbot, from Newport, W, for New Orleans, before reported put into St Thomas with master sick, proceeded on her voyage 27th ult.

SCHR WILLIAM (Br), Outhouse, from Martinique for Philadelphia, with sugar, put into St Thomas 24th ult with master very sick, and remained 29th.

Captain Page, formerly of the ship Washington, a native of Brooklyn, LI, left Callao a passenger on the steamship Bogota for Panama, and jumped overboard on the night of the 13th ult and was drowned.

Whalemen.

Cleared at New Bedford June 8, bark Java, Manter, Atlantic Ocean.
Bark Courser, NB, was at Talcuanho April 24, with 80 bbls since leaving Paita, making 200 bbls on board, and 1100 bbls all told.
Bark Robin, Davis, of Nantucket, was at Auckland, NZ, in February, with 79 bbls sp oil on board.
Spoken—April 25, off St Helena, brig Grace Lothrop, Smith, of Provincetown; all well.

Spoken.

Bark Mist, Choate, from Boston (May 3) for Valparaiso, May 15, no lat, &c.
Bark Eureka, Holloway, from Newport, E, for New York, May 18, lat 50, lon 14.
Bark Black Brothers (Br), Perry, from Rotterdam for New York, May 20, lat 43, lon 9.

Foreign Ports.

ANJIER, April 2—Passed by, ship Agra, Miller, from Manila for NYork; 4th, bark Gabalva (Br), Hyde, from Foochow for Boston; 11th, ship Mutlah, Ballard, Manila for do.

AMOY, April 17—In port bark Benefactor, Berry (from Hong Kong), for NYork ldg.

ASPINWALL, May 23—Arrived, schr General Putnam, Knighton, Boca del Tora (and sailed 25th for St Andrews); 26th, bark Bolivia, Whiteberry, NYork.

BREMEN, June 8—Arrived, steamship Fulton, Jones, NYork for Copenhagen.

BARBADOS, May 15—Arrived, brig J Howland, Freeman, Philadelphia (and sailed 23d for Nevis); schr Jos Seger, Ely, do (and sailed 20th for Sombrero); 18th, bark Mayflower, Dill, NYork (and sailed 22d for Trinidad); schr Royal Blue Jacket, from Norfolk for Demarara, put in for water; 19th, brig E P Swett, Portland; 21st, bark Montezuma, Hammond, NYork; schr Hattie E Dodge, Freeman, do; 22d, brig John Wesley, Ford, do.

Sailed 12th, schrs Aerolite, Wilcox, Granada; 13th, Adalaide, Taylor, Maracaibo; Eveline, Pearce, Porto Rico.

CALCUTTA, May 4—In port ships Charlotte, Oates, for NYork ldg; Artist (Br), Sargent, for do do; Premier, Merrithew, for Boston ldg; Fortune, Taylor, for Bombay, do; Tennyson, Graves, unc; bark Robert, Baker, unc.

Went to sea from Saugor April 28, ships Montana, Pritchard, for Boston; May 2, Helen R Cooper, Carter, Maulmain.

CIENFUEGOS, May 28—Arrived, brigs J H Lade (?), Johns, Searsport; 24th, Lima, Hill, NYork; 25th, bark M B Stetson, Boston; 26th, brig Etta, Bunker, Key West.

Sailed 23d, brig Ramirez (Br), NYork; 25th, bark Josie Nicholas, Nicholas, do; brig Annie (Br), do; 26th, schr Chas Dennis, Hallock, do; 28th, bark Tremont, Carlisle, Boston; brigs Barracouta (Br), NYork; Velocity (Br), do.

CARDENAS, June 1—Arrived, brig Centaur, Moore, NYork; 2d, bark Carlton, Trecartin, do; brig J M Burns, Wyman, Martinique via St Thomas; 3d, bark Emma F Harriman, Randell, Boston; brig Eudorus, Haskell, Portland.

Sailed 1st, barks Jas E Ward, Landerkin, and Martin W Brett, Gallison, a port north of Hatteras; brigs N Stowers, French, do; 2d, Katamo, Mills, do; 3d, Jeremiah, Ford, do; E A Bernard, Reed, Philadelphia; schr E S Davis, Bishop, Sagua.

COW BAY, June 3—In port bark John Edney, ldg; brigs Philip Larrabee, Eliza McNeil, and Niagara, do; schrs E F Reynard, for NYork 5th, ldg; A Blaisdell, ldg.

Sailed 1st, bark Union, Le Blanc, NYork; brig St Vincent, Balin, Boston; 3d, bark J Cumming, Hookway, NYork; schr Czar, do; 4th, brig Samuel Welsh, do.

DEMARARA, May 24—In port, brigs Geo Downs, Lanfare, from NYork, arrived 19th, for do ldg; Scotland, Crowell, from do via Barbados, arrived 22d, disg; schr Lugano, Johnson, from do arrived 19th, for do ldg.

Sailed 17th, brigs Daniel Troubridge, Crowell, New Haven; 18th, Samuel Lindsey, Wilson, Turks Islands; 20th, John Good, Crowell, St Thomas; 22d, John Sanderson, Colter, Philadelphia; 21st, bark Delaware, White, Baltimore.

HONG KONG, April 20—In port bark Nettie Merryman, Rollins, for Shanghae, with part of inward cargo.

HAVANA, June 4—Arrived, steamship Cleopatra, Phillips, NYork (and cleared for Sisal and Vera Cruz); bark Robt McSpearing, Clark, and Carmen, Madariaga, NYork.

Sailed 3d, brig Benj Carver, Myers, Matanzas.

Cleared 3d, schr Delmont, Gail, Philadelphia.

In port 5th, barks Joan G Chase, Davis, for NYork; Zalma, Hewitt, for Philadelphia.

KINGSTON, Ja, May 25—In port, brigs Peri, Cole, from New York, arrived 21st, unc; J Titus, Lovejoy, from do, arrived 22d, do.

Sailed 23d, brigs Wm Creevey, Haley, NYork; Messenger, McCully, do via Carlisle Bay.

LIVERPOOL, June 7—Arrived, bark Nereid, Bearse, San Francisco.

MANILA, April 13—In port ship W G Russell (Br), Jewett, from Hong Kong, arrived 8th, for NYork ldg; and others.

MARTINIQUE, Ja, May 12—Arrived, J M Burns, NOrleans; 19th, Conquerall, Portland; Virginia, NYork; 22d, Unicorn, Boston.

MATANZAS, June 3—Sailed, brig Ella Maria, Berry, Boston.

PANAMA, May 30—Arrived, steamships Salvador, Bowditch, Central American ports; June 1, Constitution, San Francisco.

Sailed May 25, steamships Guatemala, Dow, Central American ports; 28th, Colorado, San Francisco.

PONCE, May 21—In port barks Stag, for NYork: Vivid, for do; schr C M Newins, for Coma, same day, to load for New York.

SOUTHAMPTON, June 9—Arrived, steamship Hansa, Brickenstein, NYork for Bremen.

SINGAPORE, April 27—In port ship Jos Holmes, Crocker, for NYork ldg; barks Aurelia, Baker, for Boston ldg; Lord Raglan (Br), Livey, for do do; Seim (Br), Dick, for NYork do.

Sailed 23d, barks Chaturanga (Br), Hardy, NYork; Peter (NG), Liebau, Philadelphia.

SURINAM, May 15—In port brigs Harriet Amelia, Higgins, from and for Boston, arrived 14th; David B Doane, ldg.

ST THOMAS, May 20—Arrived, bark Isle of Skye, McIntosh, Demarara (and sailed 21st for Aquadilla to load for NYork); schr Ada, Relyea, Martinique (and sailed 22d for Arroyo to load for a port north of Hatteras); 21st, brigs Rolling Wave, Hall, Alicante (and sailed 24th for St John, NB—another account says Portland); 22d, Stella Lodge, Allen, NYork (chtd to load at Jamaica for Glasgow); 25th, Omer, Wright, St Lucia (and sailed 28th for Arroyo to load for Boston); Enterprise, Gould, Demerara (and sailed 26th for Mayaguez to load for Norwich); 25th, bark Elizabeth, Allen, St Kitts (and sailed for Porto Rico to load for NYork); brigs Arichat West, Gerrior, Buenos Ayres (and sailed 27th for Arecibo to load for Baltimore or NYork); 29th, Galan, Rees, Demarara (and sailed 31st for Arroyo to load for Baltimore); Alla, Armstrong, Barbados; schr Village Belle, Rowe, Port au Prince (and remained 31st, unc).

Sailed 21st, brig G Wheelwright, Wolfe, Ponce, to load for a port north of Hatteras; 22d, barks Medway, Cahoon, do, to load for NYork; 24th, Ariel, Brewster, Curacoa; 25th schr Grasmere, Henry, Maracaibo; 27th, ship Enoch Talbot, Talbot, NOrleans; 29th, brig Helen M Rowley, Rowley, Mayaguez, to load for Baltimore.

In port May 29, barks Paladin, Brown, wtg; Solid (NG), for Montevideo, ldg part cargo of bark Paladin; brigs Iris, Vesiot, from Boston, arrived 20th, for Mayaguez to load for NYork; Adrio, McKenzie, for NYork, wtg orders; Alva (Br), for Porto Rico; schrs Maryetta, Hughes, for Boston; William, Outhouse, from Martinique for Philadelphia, put in 24th, master sick.

TRINIDAD, June 1—Arrived, brig Josephine (Br), Forbes, Philadelphia.

Sailed 8d, bark Caledonia (Br), Wilson, Philadelphia.

American Ports.

BOSTON, June 8—Arrived, brig Autumn (Dutch), Peak, Surinam; schrs Emma Wadsworth, M'Intire, Port Antonio, Jam; C M Ward, Moulton, Swan Island; Emma F Hart, Hart, Darien; L M Scull, Vickers, Alexandria; F T Allen, Risley, and W L Dearborn, Scull, Georgetown, DC; J H French, Burgess, Baltimore; Abbott Devereux, Rich, and M E Staples, Dinsmore, Philadelphia.

Cleared—Bark Dawn, Holme, Cape Coast, Africa; brig William Mallory, Jr, Wilbur, Galveston via NYork; schrs Annie Amsden, Bangs, Philadelphia; T T Tasker, Allen, Georgetown, DC; Annie Magee, Young, do.

9th—Arrived, ship Eddystone, Peterson, Calcutta; barks H L Routh, Robinson, Cathagena; Ellora, Arroya; schrs D Sawyer, Drisko, Baracoa; Fawn, Port au Prince.

Also arrived, steamer Neptune, NYork; brig Johann, Rotterdam.

BALTIMORE, June 8—Arrived, bark Antioch, Linnell, Callao; brig Waredale, Pratt, St Jago; schrs Lucy W Alexander (Br), Townsend, Ponce, PR; Joseph W Wilson, Somers, Boston; Surprise, Beers, Newport; Alex Young, Young, Boston; Mary L Van Vankirk, Walker, do.

Cleared—Bark Agnes, Thompson, Rio Janeiro; brigs Chattanooga, Fry, St Johns, PR; Alex Nickles, Rosebrook, Boston; Deli Hynes, Tracey, NYork; M O'Rourke, Carson, do; M Kirkpatrick, Reese, Hudson; DeWitt C Fox, Horn, do; Jos Nickerson, Spencer, Hoboken; N C Alvord, Brown, Brooklyn; S A Clark, Beden, NYork; Flora, Smith, New Bedford; Geo A Pierce, Farrow, Boston.

Sailed—Bark Agnes; brig Chattanooga.

CHARLESTON, June 9—Arrived, schrs B Franklin, Gardner, Me; E N Hawkins, Boston.

Sailed—Steamer Saragossa, NYork; bark Dalkieth, Liverpool.

GALVESTON, June 3—Cleared, bark Cromona, Burrows, Liverpool.

NEW ORLEANS, June 4—Arrived, steamship Liberty, Reed, Baltimore; barks Bridgeport, Morgan, Liverpool; Luigi, Bonfante, Messina; brig A G Jewett, Reed, do; schr Dexter Washburne, Harkness, Remedios.

Cleared—Barks Jaruco (Sp), Bofill, Barcelona; Emile & Laura, Daniel, Carmin, Mexico.

RICHMOND, June 7—Arrived, schr H A Hunt, Patterson, Boston.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 8—Cleared, ship Ellen Goodspeed, Baker's Island for Honolulu.

8th—Arrived, ship St Lucie, NYork.

Cleared—Ship E H Tayler, Liverpool, with 32,000 sacks of wheat.

Sailed—Ships Alice Graham, Acapulco; Ellen Goodspeed.

SAVANNAH, June 5—Arrived, brig Mary E Hines, Hastings, New Orleans.

Sailed—Ship Ivanhoe (Br), Thearle, Liverpool.

9th—Arrived, schr Carrie M Rich, Rockland.

Sailed—Brig Lizabel, Darien.

MISCELLANEOUS.

ALES.—SMITHS' NEW YORK PALE ALE.

SMITH'S NEW YORK PALE ALE.

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NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES.

Cooks, &c.

5 WEST 36TH ST., NEAR 5TH AV.—AS GOOD COOK; call at the basement door. Can be seen for two days.

7 CLARK STREET, OPPOSITE THE SCHOOL.—AN American girl as cook, washer and ironer or to do housework; good reference from her last place.

9 (OLD NO.) 5TH ST., NEAR BOWERY.—A PROTESTANT English woman as professed cook; twenty years' experience; no objection to the country; good city reference.

10 4TH AV., GROCERY STORE.—AS FIRST CLASS meat and pastry cook; city or country hotel, boarding house or private family. Call for two days.

16 JEFFERSON ST.—AS COOK OR TO ASSIST IN the washing; best city references; call for two days.

44 EAST 32D ST., FIRST FLOOR, FRONT ROOM.—AS plain cook and laundress in a small private family. Can be seen for two days.

51 WEST 39TH ST.—A FAMILY GIVING UP HOUSEKEEPING can recommend two excellent servants, cook and waitress.

57 WEST 18TH ST., IN THE REAR.—A RESPECTABLE woman as plain cook, washer and ironer; is an excellent baker; best city reference given.

63 49TH ST., BETWEEN 5TH AND 6TH AVS.—A young woman as cook and to assist with the washing; no objection to a boarding house; best reference.

65 AMITY ST.—A YOUNG WOMAN IN A PRIVATE family as cook and to do the plain washing and ironing; is a good cook; is willing and obliging. Can be seen for two days at her present employer's, between the hours of 9 and 1 o'clock.

96 3D AV., BETWEEN 12TH AND 13TH STS.—A RESPECTABLE woman as first class cook; is capable in all respects; has no objection to assist in washing; has six years' reference from her last place.

101 4TH ST.—TWO RESPECTABLE GIRLS (SISTERS) wish to go together; one as cook, washer and ironer; the other as chambermaid and waitress. No objection to the country.

115 WEST 46TH ST., BETWEEN 6TH AND 7TH AVS.—A respectable young woman as cook and to assist with washing and ironing or to do housework in a small family; is willing and obliging; has the best city reference.

121 WEST 19TH ST.—AS GOOD COOK; IS WILLING to assist with the washing and ironing in a sma family; has good city reference.

127 WEST 30TH ST.—AS COOK, OR WOULD DO THE washing and ironing or assist in the washing and ironing for a small private family; has good city references.

127 BLEECKER ST., THIRD FLOOR, ROOM 23.—A young woman, in a respectable private family, to do the cooking, washing and ironing or to do general housework; has no objection to go a short distance in the country; best reference if required.

130 WEST 20TH ST.—TWO GIRLS; ONE AS COOK, and the other as chambermaid and to assist in the washing and ironing; no objection to go a short distance in the country; good city reference. Call for two days.

130 8TH ST., BETWEEN 5TH AND 6TH AVS.—A Scotch Presbyterian woman as cook: thoroughly understands her business in all its branches: is a good bread and biscuit maker; is capable of taking charge of a laundry or dairy; best reference.

138 CLINTON PLACE, CORNER OF 6TH AV.—IN A small private family as cook and to assist in the washing and ironing; eight years' reference from last place. Inquire of Mrs. McKene.

145 24TH ST, BETWEEN 6TH AND 7TH AVS.—A respectable Protestant woman as good plain cook and to assist in the washing, or would do general housework in a small private family. Can be seen for two days.

148 WEST 16TH ST.—AS EXCELLENT COOK OR laundress in a private family; good reference.

149 EAST 35TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN AS cook; no objection to assist in washing and ironing; best city reference. Also a chambermaid and waitress; best city reference.

155 31ST ST., BETWEEN 6TH AND 7TH AVS.—A respectable young girl as plain cook, washer and ironer; can be well recommended.

159 WEST 24TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN TO cook, wash and iron, or to go out by the day; good reference.

159 WEST 29TH ST., BETWEEN 6TH AND 7TH AVS.—A respectable woman as cook in a small private family; understands meats, soups and baking; would assist with the washing if required; has good city reference from last place.

178 WEST 17TH ST., BETWEEN 7TH AND 8TH avs.—An experienced woman as first rate cook; is an excellent baker of bread and pastry; has no objection to go to the country; good city reference.

184 ELDRIDGE ST.—AS GOOD COOK, WASHER and ironer; no objection to the country; best city references.

202 GROVE ST., JERSEY CITY, N. J.—TWO COMPETENT young women, both in one house; one as cook and the other as chambermaid; the best city references can be given; have no objection to go a little way in the country. Can be seen for one day only.

205 WEST 36TH ST.—A COMPETENT GIRL AS A good plain cook; is willing to assist with the washing; best city reference from her last place.

208 WEST 16TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl as cook, washer and ironer in a plain, respectable family; best city reference given.

212 WEST 27TH ST., ROOM 11.—AN EXPERIENCED woman as a professed cook; can give the best city reference. Can be seen for two days.

217 EAST 28TH ST.—TWO YOUNG WOMEN; ONE as good cook and to assist in the washing, the other as chambermaid and waitress or to do chamberwork and assist in the washing; best references; no objection to any part of the country.

219 29TH ST., BETWEEN 7TH AND 8TH AVS., IN the rear.—A competent woman as excellent cook and baker; will assist with the washing; no objection to the country; best city reference.

222 WEST 27TH ST., BETWEEN 7TH AND 8TH avs.—A respectable young girl as good cook, washer and ironer; three years' city reference from last place.

224 EAST 41ST ST., NEAR 3D AV.—AS FIRST class cook and baker; thoroughly understands her business in all its branches; poultry, game, soups and desserts. Best city reference.

227 EAST 29TH ST., FIRST FLOOR, REAR.—AS cook, washer and ironer, or to do the housework of a small family; good reference; wages not so much an object as a good home.

228 13TH ST., BETWEEN 7TH AND 8TH AVS., front room, third floor.—A respectable woman as good cook; willing to assist with the washing if required. Good city reference.

229 EAST 29TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN as cook; is an excellent baker of bread and cakes; understands soups and desserts; will assist with the washing in a small private family, has no objection to go to the country for the summer, best city reference from last place.

230 EAST 23TH ST., BETWEEN 2D AND 3D AVS.—A respectable young woman as good plain cook; is a good laundress; best city reference.

235 WEST 27TH ST., IN THE STORE.—A RESPECTABLE middle aged woman as cook, is an excellent baker; understands her business perfectly; meats, game, jellies, perfect. Reference.

236 WEST 41ST ST., FIRST FLOOR, BACK ROOM.—A respectable middle aged Scotch woman as cook in a small family, or would take care of a child.

254 WEST 23D ST.—TWO SISTERS TO DO COOKING, washing and ironing, and as chambermaid and waitress in a respectable family; good city reference. Call to day.

256 10TH AV.—A WOMAN WITH REFERENCE, AS cook; no objections to a first class boarding house or a country hotel.

296 SPRING ST.—A WOMAN FOR ORDER COOKING; also a smart washer and ironer and to do general housework.

299 8TH AV.—AS COOK OR LAUNDRESS; NO OBJECTION to the country; good city reference.

302 WEST 29TH ST.—TWO RESPECTABLE GIRLS; one as good cook, washer and ironer; the other as waitress and chambermaid, both understand their business thoroughly and will be found willing and obliging; best city reference.

310 EAST 54TH ST.—A STEADY GIRL AS COOK; no objection to wash and iron; good city reference.

325 EAST 32D ST.—AS COOK, WASHER AND ironer in a small private family; best city reference.

326 WEST 27TH ST., BETWEEN 8TH AND 9TH AVS.—A respectable girl to cook, wash and iron; is a good cook and bread baker and an excellent laundress; has the best city reference from her last place.

329 EAST 11TH ST., BETWEEN 1ST AND 2D AVS.—An English Protestant as first class cook; would go to the country for the summer; can be seen until engaged; city reference.

333 WEST 40TH ST.—TWO YOUNG WOMEN; ONE as cook, washer and ironer; the other as chambermaid; would assist with the washing; best city reference. Can be seen to-day.

333 BOWERY, IN THE STORE.—A RESPECTABLE woman as cook; understands her business thoroughly; would have no objection to go to the country for the summer, best city reference. Call for two days.

337 EAST 21ST ST., BETWEEN 1ST AND 2D AVS.—A middle aged woman as cook in a small private family; understands her business thoroughly; is capable of taking charge of the kitchen; would be willing to go to the country for the summer months; good reference. Call for two days.

339 EAST 16TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN AS first rate cook, willing to assist in the washing of a small private family; good city references.

345 WEST 28TH ST., BETWEEN 8TH AND 9TH avs.—A competent young woman as cook; understands French, Spanish and English cooking; soups, meats and desserts of all kinds, is an excellent baker; the best city references. Can be seen at present employer's till engaged.

379 1ST AV., BETWEEN 22D AND 23D STS.—A VERY respectable woman as cook, perfectly understands her business; no objection to either city or country; best reference. Can be seen for two days.

392 2D AV., UP STAIRS, BACK ROOM, NO. 16.—AS first class cook; is willing to assist with the washing if required; restaurant or boarding house preferred; best references.

400 EAST 26TH ST., FIRST FLOOR, FRONT ROOM.—As first class cook; understands her business in all its branches, is an excellent baker, no objection to go a first class laundress, understands fluting in all its branches. Good city reference from last place.

446 3D AV., CORNER 31ST ST., SECOND FLOOR, front room.—A competent woman as first class cook in a private family or boarding house in the country, understands all kinds of cooking and baking, can take charge of a large family, can get up large dinners and suppers, is neat and obliging; city reference. Can be seen till engaged.

464 WEST 28TH ST.—AS COMPETENT COOK; UNDERSTANDS her business in all its branches; pies, puddings, in all branches, desserts, &c.; best city reference.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES.

Cooks, &c.

522 WEST 29TH ST., IN THE GROCERY.—A RESPECTABLE young woman as cook, washer and ironer or to do housework in a small private family; no objection to a short distance in the country; good city reference.

A PROFESSED COOK WISHES A SITUATION IN A first class private family; thoroughly understands French and English cooking; best city references. Address Cook, box 101 Herald office.

TO HOTEL KEEPERS.—SITUATION WANTED, BY A first class French pastry cook and baker and confectioner, one who speaks the English language fluently; country preferred. Address, for one week, Pastry, box 177 Herald office.

Chambermaids, &c.

30½ WEST 13TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE GIRL AS chambermaid and waitress or chambermaid and plain sewer; can operate on Wheeler & Wilson's machine; no objection to the country; best city reference. Call for two days.

31 WEST 15TH ST.—TO DO CHAMBERWORK AND assist in fine washing; good city reference.

32 GREENWICH AV., IN THE REAR.—A YOUNG woman to do chamberwork and waiting, or sewing; best city reference.

40 WEST 13TH ST., IN THE REAR.—A YOUNG GIRL, lately landed, as chambermaid and waitress, or to do general housework. Call for two days.

44 GREENWICH AV.—A YOUNG GIRL AS CHAMBERMAID and would assist with the washing, waiting and plain sewing; is willing and obliging. Can be seen for two days at her present employer's, where she has lived for the last three years.

50 VANDAM ST., REAR.—A YOUNG GIRL TO DO upstairs work and sew; good reference.

64 DOWNING ST., NEAR VARICK, IN THE STORE.—A respectable Protestant girl to do chamberwork and assist with washing and ironing in a small private family. Call for two days.

109 WEST 26TH ST.—A YOUNG GIRL AS CHAMBERMAID and waitress; no objection to go a short distance in the country; good city reference.

114 WEST 29TH ST., AT HER PRESENT EMPLOYER'S.—A good faithful girl as chambermaid and waitress.

118 MADISON AVENUE.—A YOUNG GIRL AS chambermaid and waitress, or chambermaid and laundress; best city reference.

123 WEST 33D ST.—A RESPECTABLE GIRL AS chambermaid and seamstress; understands all kinds of fancy work. Can be seen all the week.

124 WEST 49TH ST.—A GERMAN GIRL AS CHAMBERMAID and plain sewer; good city references.

125 7TH AV., BETWEEN 17TH AND 18TH STS.—A young girl as chambermaid and waitress; good city reference.

134 EAST 13TH ST., TWO FLIGHTS STAIRS UP, front room.—A young girl as chambermaid in a hotel or boarding house. Call for two days.

141 LEXINGTON AV., PRESENT EMPLOYER'S.—A respectable girl as chambermaid and laundress. Call for two days.

142 WEST 19TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN AS chambermaid in a private family; seven years' city reference. Call for two days.

145 EAST 32D ST.—A YOUNG GIRL AS CHAMBERMAID and waitress.

145 EAST 32D ST.—A YOUNG GIRL AS CHAMBERMAID and seamstress; would take care of children; is willing to go for the summer in the country.

146 8TH AV.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG GIRL AS chambermaid and waitress; good city reference.

158 WEST 35TH ST.—A YOUNG WOMAN AS CHAMBERMAID and to do sewing; no objection to the country; best city reference.

159 33D ST., NEAR 7TH AV.—A YOUNG GIRL AS chambermaid and waitress or to do housework in a small family; best reference.

204 WEST 20TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman as chambermaid and to assist in the care of children.

207 EAST 26TH ST.—A YOUNG GIRL AS CHAMBERMAID and waitress or child's nurse.

213 WEST 27TH ST., BETWEEN 7TH AND 8TH AVS.—A respectable young woman as chambermaid or to do general housework in a small private family. Good city reference.

218 WEST 27TH ST., ROOM 18.—A YOUNG GIRL AS chambermaid and waitress; would take care of children and do plain sewing. No objection to the country.

225 WEST 35TH ST., BETWEEN 6TH AND 7TH AVS., second floor.—A respectable young girl to do chamberwork and waiting; is a good washer and ironer, good city reference.

228 30TH ST., BETWEEN 7TH AND 8TH AVS.—A competent girl as chambermaid and waitress in a small private family; can come highly recommended from present employer.

228 WEST 18TH ST.—A YOUNG GIRL AS CHAMBERMAID and waitress, or as chambermaid and to assist with the washing and ironing; is willing to go in the country; has good reference from her last place.

231 WEST 26TH ST., BETWEEN 7TH AND 8TH AVS.—An English Protestant girl as chambermaid, or to take care of children; no objection to the country; reference.

244 4TH AV.—A YOUNG GIRL AS CHAMBERMAID and waitress and to assist with the washing; is with present employer.

252 WEST 26TH ST.—A YOUNG GIRL TO DO chamberwork and plain sewing or chamberwork and waiting. No objection to the country. Good city references.

311 7TH AV., BETWEEN 27TH AND 28TH STS.—A respectable girl as chambermaid and to assist with the washing and ironing; best city reference.

320 EAST 47TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE GIRL AS chambermaid and laundress in a small private family; good city reference from her last place.

327 6TH AV., BETWEEN 20TH AND 21ST STS.—A respectable girl as chambermaid and waitress in a private family. Call for two days.

345 ATLANTIC ST., BROOKLYN.—A YOUNG GIRL to do chamberwork and assist with the washing, or to do the general housework of a small family; would like the country.

346 WEST 26TH ST.—A YOUNG WOMAN TO DO chamberwork and waiting.

346 EAST 37TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl in a private family as chambermaid and waitress or as chambermaid or nurse; has no objection to the country, can give the best city reference.

349 WEST 42D ST., THIRD FLOOR.—TWO RESPECTABLE girls; one as chambermaid and waitress, the other to cook, wash and sew; have no objections to go a short distance in the country; have best city references.

356 EAST 19TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl to do chamberwork and to assist with washing and ironing. Best city reference.

519 WEST 43D ST.—A YOUNG RESPECTABLE GIRL as chambermaid and waitress; would take care of children; no objection to go in the country with a respectable family. Good city reference.

552 7TH AV.—A YOUNG WOMAN AS CHAMBERMAID and nurse in a private family. Best city reference.

568 40TH ST., CORNER OF 7TH AV.—A YOUNG girl to do chamberwork and waiting; no objection to go with a family to the country for the summer months; is a willing, obliging and good girl; good city reference from her last place. Can be seen for two days.

642 9TH AV., BETWEEN 49TH AND 50TH STS.—TWO young girls; one to do chamberwork and fine sewing; the other to mind children and make herself generally useful; no objections to the country; best city references from their last place, where they lived six years.

694 2D AV., BETWEEN 37TH AND 38TH STS., SECOND floor, back room.—A girl as good plain cook or to do general housework; reference if required.

754 2D AV., BETWEEN 40TH AND 41ST STS.—A respectable young girl as chambermaid and waitress; no objection to go a short distance in the country. Call for two days.

808 3D AV.—A YOUNG WOMAN AS CHAMBERMAID and to assist in laundry or general housework in a small family; best city reference.

1,403 BROADWAY, BETWEEN 40TH AND 41ST sts.—A very respectable girl to do chamberwork and waiting or would like to travel with a lady; no objection to go a short distance in the country; good city reference.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG GIRL, A situation as chambermaid and waitress in a private family; reference from last employer. Address E. K., Astoria Post office.

Dressmakers and Seamstresses.

1ST FLOOR, FRONT ROOM, NO. 349 EAST 12TH ST., between 1st and 2d avs.—Fashionable Dress and Cloak-making; suits from $5 and upwards, patterns and fashion plates; cutting and basting.

2 WASHINGTON PLACE.—AS THOROUGH SEAMSTRESS or lady's maid in a private family, country preferred. Inquire for Miss Belford, call between 10 and 1.

10 EAST 17TH ST.—A SEAMSTRESS AND DRESSMAKER to go out by the day or week; can cut and fit ladies' and children's dresses. Address Dressmaker, for two days.

44 PRINCE ST., IN THE STORE.—A COMPETENT woman as seamstress; can cut and fit; best reference.

64 GREENWICH ST.—A FIRST CLASS SEAMSTRESS; five years' reference from last place.

72 5TH AV., ROOM NO. 8.—A LADY AS SEAMSTRESS and to nurse growing children; five years' reference from last employer. Can be seen at the Lennox House for two days, from 9 to 6 o'clock.

108 (NEW NO.) 3D AV.—AS DRESSMAKER, FROM Paris; an accomplished cutter, fitter and trimmer of dresses and cloaks, will work by the day or week.

122 EAST 32D ST.—AS COMPETENT AND RELIABLE seamstress, permanently; can cut ladies' and children's dresses and do all kinds of family sewing on machine; is willing to make herself agreeable in a private family; has the best city reference. Ring third floor bell.

138 WEST 26TH ST.—A LADY WHO CAN DO ALL kinds of family sewing by machine wants a few more engagements, is competent of making fine linen suits.

184½ ELDRIDGE ST., THIRD FLOOR, FRONT room.—A young German girl as seamstress and chambermaid in a private family.

299 1ST AV., BETWEEN 17TH AND 18TH STS., first floor, back rooms.—A competent young girl as seamstress; can cut and fit and operate on Wheeler & Wilson's machine, no objection to light chamberwork; has the best city reference from her last place.

315 WEST 44TH ST., BETWEEN 8TH AND 9TH avs.—A respectable young girl as seamstress and to assist with children, or to do light chamberwork; understands hairdressing and Wheeler & Wilson's machine; best city reference.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES.

Dressmakers and Seamstresses.

360 WEST 26TH ST.—AN AMERICAN LADY WOULD like the sewing of two more families, children's and infants' clothes in particular; will go out or take the work home; owns a new machine; is an extra operator. Mrs. ODELL.

421 EAST 14TH ST.—A DRESSMAKER THAT UNDERSTANDS cutting and fitting ladies' dresses wants a situation in a private family. Can be seen for two days.

930 BROADWAY, BETWEEN 21ST AND 22D STS., in the florists.—A young respectable German girl as seamstress and lady's maid, good reference. Can be seen from 1 till 5 o'clock.

A RESPECTABLE YOUNG GIRL DESIRES A SITUATION in a private family as seamstress; understands all kinds of family sewing on Wheeler & Wilson's machine; no objection to doing light chamberwork; references from last employer. Address E., Astoria Post office.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A COMPETENT SEAMSTRESS, in a private family; understands cutting and fitting ladies' and children's dresses; no objection to the country. Apply at present employer's, Gramercy Park House, room 19.

General Housework, &c.

51 PRINCE, NEAR MULBERRY ST.—A RESPECTABLE young girl to do general housework in a small family; no objection to a short distance in the country; city reference.

90 ST. MARK'S PLACE, 8TH ST., OVER THE DRUG store.—A respectable young woman to do general housework in a small private family; no objection to a short distance in the country; good city reference.

145 WEST 24TH ST., BETWEEN 6TH AND 7TH avs., in rear house.—A young girl, lately landed from Ireland, to do general housework, either in city or country; can give good references.

169 EAST 11TH ST., BASEMENT.—A RESPECTABLE young girl to do general housework; is an excellent washer and ironer and a good cook. Call at her present employer's.

209 WEST 19TH ST.—A YOUNG WOMAN TO DO general housework in a private family; no objection to the country. Good references.

217 EAST 38TH ST.—A YOUNG GIRL TO DO GENERAL housework; good city references.

221 WEST 27TH ST., BETWEEN 7TH AND 8TH avs.—A young girl, lately landed, to do housework, chamberwork and washing.

238 WEST 27TH ST., BETWEEN 7TH AND 8TH AVS., first floor, back room.—A young girl, lately landed, to do general housework; is willing and obliging. Can be seen for two days.

241 WEST 33D ST., IN THE REAR.—A GIRL, lately landed, to do general housework.

315 31ST ST., SECOND FLOOR.—A RESPECTABLE young girl, lately landed, to do housework in a small family, or would take care of children.

320 EAST 47TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE GIRL TO do general housework in a small private family; best city reference from her last place.

334 WEST 26TH ST., SECOND FLOOR, FRONT room.—A respectable young girl to do general housework in a small private family; good reference.

336 WEST 42D ST., BETWEEN 8TH AND 9TH AVS.—A girl to do general housework in a small private family; good city references from last place.

342 EAST 33D ST., TOP FLOOR, FRONT ROOM.—A respectable young girl to do housework in a private family; best city reference from last place.

351 WEST 16TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG GIRL to do general housework in a small family, or would go to the country with a family to do chamberwork; no objection to washing and ironing; good city reference.

353 WEST 41ST ST., BETWEEN 8TH AND 9TH avs.—A respectable girl to do general housework in a small private family; best city reference.

358 HUDSON ST., NEAR KING, IN THE REAR.—A respectable woman to do general housework; is a good washer and ironer; good reference from her last place.

363 MADISON ST., TOP FLOOR, BACK ROOM.—A respectable young woman to do general housework in a small private family; would do chamberwork or assist in the washing. Best city reference.

433 7TH AV.—A YOUNG GIRL, LATELY LANDED, to do general housework in a small family.

439 EAST 19TH ST., SECOND FLOOR, BACK room.—A young girl to do general housework, plain cook, washer and ironer in a small family; best city reference.

454 32D ST., BETWEEN 9TH AND 10TH AVS.—A respectable young girl to do general housework in a private family. City reference.

813 1ST AV., BETWEEN 45TH AND 46TH STS.—A young girl, lately landed, in a private family, to do housework. Call for two days.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, HAVING VERY best city reference, to do general housework; is a competent washer and ironer. Apply to or address Mrs. McCarthy, 82d st., near 3d av.

Housekeepers, &c.

44 7TH ST., NEAR 2D AV.—AN EXPERIENCED lady as housekeeper, or as nurse to an invalid lady or gentleman; no objection to the country; good references given. Apply for three days to Mrs. J. L. Allan.

48 BLEECKER ST.—AN AMERICAN WOMAN AS housekeeper, in a hotel preferred; having a practical knowledge of the same.

80 EAST HOUSTON ST.—A LADY AS HOUSEKEEPER in a widower's family; where there are children preferred; is willing to make herself useful and agreeable. Can be seen for one week.

119 WEST 24TH ST., NEAR 6TH AV.—A GERMAN girl, in an American Methodist family, to take care of a house during summer; willing to make herself generally useful.

156 WEST 35TH ST.—A LADY AS HOUSEKEEPER in a hotel or institution or to take charge of a widower's house.

189 UNION ST., BROOKLYN, BETWEEN HENRY and Clinton sts.—A middle aged lady as housekeeper; is competent in every respect; reference given and required. Address at her present employer's.

201 WEST 22D ST., CORNER 7TH AV.—A LADY leaving for the country would like to find a situation for an honest girl; is a first class washer and ironer, and is very willing and obliging. Call at present employer's.

336 EAST 4TH ST.—AN AMERICAN LADY AS housekeeper in a plain family, or would accompany a lady or family travelling, or in any light capacity in a gentleman's family. Address J. L., care of C. Doyle, for three days.

360 WEST 26TH ST.—AN AMERICAN WIDOW LADY as housekeeper in a widower's family; is thoroughly competent in every branch; an immediate engagement desired. Inquire for Mrs. Bancroft.

AN AMERICAN LADY DESIRES A SITUATION AS housekeeper, governess or companion. Address M. A., New Haven, Conn.

A YOUNG AMERICAN WIDOW LADY WISHES A situation as housekeeper. Address, appointing interview, K. L. M., Herald office.

A LADY, WELL EDUCATED, SPEAKING SEVERAL languages, is very desirous of finding a situation as housekeeper; best reference. Address B. G., Herald office.

A WIDOW LADY DESIRES A POSITION IN A PRIVATE family as housekeeper, or in a boarding house as assistant housekeeper; city or country; best references given. Address for three days D. M., box 2,251 Post office.

HOUSEKEEPER'S OR ASSISTANT HOUSEKEEPER'S situation wanted—By a family, for a most competent and reliable Protestant woman, who will be found fully competent and willing to work herself as well as to direct others: has been in same family a number of years; most desirable references. Address for two days Mrs. Edmunds, box 142 Times office.

WANTED—A POSITION AS HOUSEKEEPER BY A lady of refinement and capability, either in city or country; undoubted references given and required. Address C. M., Herald office.

Nurses, &c.

1 EAST 41ST ST.—WANTED—A SITUATION FOR A nurse, by her present employer, she is an English girl and very competent. Apply from 10 to 12 o'clock.

6 WEST 44TH ST.—A YOUNG GIRL AS NURSE AND seamstress or as chambermaid; good reference.

8 AMITY PLACE, IN THE FANCY STORE.—A RESPECTABLE girl as nurse and seamstress; fully capable of taking care of a baby from its birth; has already done so; willing to go into the country or travel; good reference.

14 LUDLOW ST., ROOM 15.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN as wet nurse; has lost her own baby, only a few days old. Apply personally or address Mrs. Murray.

17 TALLMAN ST., BROOKLYN.—AN EXPERIENCED nurse, Protestant; can take charge of a baby from its birth; good references given.

30 BETHUNE ST., BETWEEN GREENWICH AND Washington.—A young girl, 16 years of age, to mind children or to do light chamberwork in a small family.

33 VANDEWATER ST., BETWEEN PEARL AND Frankfort.—A young girl to mind children with a family going to Europe, good city references.

45 ELIZABETH ST., WOMEN'S HOME.—AN AMERICAN woman as monthly nurse in first class places, recommended if required. Address Mrs. P. A. B.

48 BLEECKER ST., WORKING WOMEN'S PROTECTIVE Union.—A New England woman to take care of an invalid lady or as housekeeper in a private family, can give good references.

64 WEST WASHINGTON PLACE.—A NEAT, COMPETENT girl as nurse and chambermaid or chambermaid and waitress; best city reference.

92 EAST BROADWAY, BETWEEN MARKET AND Pike sts.—A smart little girl, 14 years old, to mind a baby or to assist a nurse. Address or call.

93 SHERIFF ST., ROOM 15.—TWO RESPECTABLE young girls, lately landed; one to take care of a baby and do chamberwork, the other to do general housework. Call or address.

95 WEST 11TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE MIDDLE aged English woman as nurse; has been accustomed to the care of children and is a good plain sewer.

99½ WASHINGTON ST., IN THE STORE.—A PROTESTANT young woman, just landed, as nurse and seamstress in a Protestant family; a home more an object than wages. Address J. King.

102 NORTH 7TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE HOUSEKEEPER to nurse two or three children at her own home, either by hand or bottle. Address B. D., Williamsburg Post office.

107 EAST 12TH ST., THREE DOORS FROM 4TH av.—A respectable woman as monthly nurse or to take care of an invalid lady; best city reference. Call or address.

109 9TH ST., BETWEEN 2D AND 4TH AVS., ROOM No. 6.—A respectable young woman as nurse and to do plain sewing; no objection to the country for the summer; best city reference.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES.

Nurses, &c.

129 WEST 49TH ST.—A YOUNG WOMAN AS NURSE and to wait on a lady; best city reference given. Call or address.

134 ELIZABETH ST., (BETWEEN BROOME AND Spring, rear.—A young woman as wet nurse; is willing to go in the country; lost her husband at sea; best city reference. Inquire for Mrs. Hall from 8 A. M. till 3 P. M.

135 9TH AV., IN THE REAR.—A YOUNG MARRIED woman, with a fresh breast of milk, as wet nurse; good reference.

139 WEST 28TH ST., BETWEEN 6TH AND 7TH AVS.—A competent nurse to take care of a baby or grown children; is a nice sewer; excellent city reference; two years in last place.

143 WEST 39TH ST., BETWEEN BROADWAY AND 7th av., second floor, back.—Mrs. Richardson, ladies' monthly nurse, is open for a few more engagements, or to take care of an invalid; would like to go out of the city; unexceptionable city reference from some of the first doctors and ladies.

145 EAST 35TH ST., NEAR 3D AV.—A YOUNG WOMAN as competent nurse; can take the entire charge of a baby from its birth; understands curling and dressing children's hair; no objection to travel. Best city reference from last place.

145 WEST 19TH ST., BETWEEN 6TH AND 7TH avs.—A most respectable young woman as nurse and seamstress; understands cutting and making children's clothes; is a very neat sewer; good reference. Can be seen for two days if not engaged.

157 WEST 46TH ST.—A CAPABLE YOUNG girl as nurse; is willing and obliging; the best city reference. Inquire at her present employer's.

200 EAST 28TH ST., CORNER 3D AV.—A YOUNG married woman as wet nurse; strong and healthy; baby five weeks old; can be seen until suited.

204 WEST 20TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN AS nurse and seamstress; competent to take the entire charge of young children or a baby from its birth; best references given. Can be seen for two days.

205 WEST 26TH ST., NEAR 7TH AV.—A YOUNG girl as nurse; will do light chamberwork in a private family. Call for two days.

208 WEST 22D ST.—A YOUNG WOMAN, TO GO IN the country, to take care of growing children; is a first class seamstress and can operate on Wheeler & Wilson's machine; understands dressmaking and hairdressing; city references. Address A. T.

214 EAST 22D ST., BETWEEN 2D AND 3D AVS.—A Protestant widow as nurse and seamstress; best city reference.

218 WEST 35TH ST., NEAR 7TH AV.—A RESPECTABLE girl as nurse and seamstress; can run Wheeler & Wilson's machine; no objection to the country; good city reference.

227 WEST 28TH ST.—A YOUNG MARRIED WOMAN as wet nurse; 18 years old. Call for two days.

230 1ST AV., CORNER OF 14TH ST., THIRD FLOOR, front room.—A young married woman as wet nurse; has a baby three months old. Call for two days.

248 WEST 17TH ST.—A COMPETENT PERSON TO take charge of a baby; can sew nicely; best city reference.

250 WEST 30TH ST.—AS NURSE AND HAIRDRESSER in a private family; can take care of an infant from its birth; no objection to the country for the summer months. Good city reference.

265 WEST HOUSTON ST., THIRD FLOOR, BACK room.—A respectable married woman, who has lost her own baby, wishes to take a child at her own residence to wet nurse; milk three days old.

312 MOTT ST., REAR BUILDING, SECOND FLOOR, room No. 5.—A respectable young woman as wet nurse. Call from 10 to 4 o'clock.

321 BOWERY, IN THE STATIONARY STORE.—A respectable female as nurse and seamstress; has no objection to chamberwork; best city reference.

344 EAST 13TH ST., FOURTH BELL.—A YOUNG Protestant Scotch woman as child's nurse or to wait on an invalid lady; no objection to travel; not subject to sea sickness; best city reference.

404 26TH ST., ONE DOOR WEST OF 9TH AV.—TWO sisters; one to take care of children and to do plain sewing; the other to do general housework. Have best city references.

428 WEST 51ST ST.—A MIDDLE AGED AMERICAN woman will take charge of a child at her own house; can take one from its birth.

435 WEST 33D ST., IN REAR, BETWEEN 9TH AND 10th avs.—As wet nurse, by a respectable married woman whose baby is two months old. Call or address.

446 WEST 32D ST., FIRST FLOOR.—A RESPECTABLE married woman as wet nurse; highest testimonials of respect; young and healthy; buried her baby (one month old); no objection to the country for the summer. Call for two days.

526 EAST 12TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl as wet nurse; baby four weeks old.

561 3D AV., NEAR 37TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN as monthly nurse who understands her business perfectly; will take charge of an invalid; can come well recommended. Call for three days; ring third bell.

994 (OLD NO. 926) 3D AV., NEAR 60TH ST.—A young girl, 16 years of age, as nurse; is willing and obliging.

Laundresses, &c.

17 5TH ST.—A COMPETENT LAUNDRESS; WILLING to assist at chamberwork; city references.

140 WEST 18TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman as laundress, to wash or iron, best city reference.

144 7TH AV., BETWEEN 18TH AND 19TH STS., second floor.—A young woman as laundress in a genteel family; is an excellent laundress, can do up ladies' fineries in first class style and also all kinds of French fluting; can come highly recommended. Call or address for two days.

159 WEST 24TH ST., THIRD FLOOR, FRONT ROOM.—A respectable woman by the day or week to wash, iron, or houseclean; best city reference.

188 WOOSTER ST., IN THE REAR, THIRD FLOOR.—A respectable colored woman to do a few families' or gentlemen's washing; fluting in all its branches.

214 EAST 58TH ST.—A YOUNG WOMAN WISHES gentlemen's or families' washing and ironing; best reference.

217 EAST 59TH ST., REAR HOUSE, SECOND floor.—A respectable, capable woman wishes a few families' or gentlemen's washing to do at home, or would go out to day's work; good reference. Mrs. Johnson.

222 SULLIVAN ST., BETWEEN AMITY AND Bleecker, in the basement.—A few gentlemen's washing wanted.

228 WEST 19TH ST.—A YOUNG WOMAN TO GO out by the day to wash and iron; is an excellent hand. Apply for two days.

419½ 6TH AV.—A MOST RESPECTABLE WOMAN AS laundress in a private family; understands French fluting; reference from last employer, with whom she lived five years. Ring top bell.

488 6TH AV., TOP FLOOR, ROOM 17.—A RESPECTABLE woman to do ladies' and gentlemen's washing.

Waitresses, &c.

47 EAST 9TH ST., BETWEEN BROADWAY AND University place.—A girl as waitress or chambermaid either in city or country; good recommendation from her last employer.

89 WEST 11TH ST., NEAR 5TH AV.—A HIGHLY RESPECTABLE Welsh girl as first class waitress or chambermaid in a private family; can give satisfactory reference. Can be seen for two days.

113 WEST 30TH ST., NEAR 6TH AV.—AS WAITRESS in a small private family; unexceptionable reference as to character and capability. Call this day.

210 EAST 28TH ST.—A YOUNG WOMAN AS WAITRESS. Best city reference.

217 EAST 25TH ST., NEAR 3D AV.—A YOUNG GIRL as first class waitress in a private family; no objection to go a short distance in the country. Three years' city reference from last employer.

Miscellaneous.

13 GRAND ST., NEAR SULLIVAN.—A RESPECTABLE colored girl as lady's maid and seamstress; can sew on machine.

30 BOND ST.—A YOUNG LADY OF EDUCATION and respectability as companion, housekeeper or nursery governess; the country very much preferred. Call on or address Governess.

48 ROOSEVELT ST., FIRST FLOOR, IN THE REAR.—A young woman as stewardess on a steamer. Call for two days, from 10 to 4 o'clock.

101 EAST 4TH ST.—A YOUNG GIRL TO GO ON ERRANDS and wait on the door.

218 EAST 45TH ST.—A MIDDLE AGED LADY OF EDUCATION and refinement, good connections, accustomed to teach and proficient in several languages, as governess or companion; would have no objection to travel or act as chaperon to one or more young ladies; highest references. Mrs. F.

382 WASHINGTON ST.—A YOUNG LADY AS GOVERNESS or companion to a lady travelling. MARY E. McGRAW.

399 4TH AV.—A YOUNG LADY AS SALESWOMAN in a fancy store; is well experienced and can furnish the best reference. Address.

399 6TH AV.—A YOUNG LADY, WHO WRITES A good business hand, desires copying to do, either at home or in an office. Address.

897 6TH AV., BETWEEN 24TH AND 25TH STS.—A reliable person as companion or attendant to an aged, infirm or invalid lady or gentleman, 15 years' reference. Only first class families need apply. Inquire in the dressmaker's.

A YOUNG LADY DESIRES A POSITION AS CASHIER, copyist or teacher of English; has good reference. Address Miss W., Herald office.

A YOUNG WOMAN, USED TO THE SEA, WANTS A situation as stewardess on a steamer; can give good reference. Address H. S., Herald office.

A LADY ACCUSTOMED TO CHILDREN DESIRES to go to Europe in July with a family; would travel with an invalid lady, references exchanged. Address Music Teacher, Melrose, London county, Virginia.

AS COMPANION.—WANTED, IN A PLAIN FAMILY of two persons, a gentleman and daughter, the society of a well informed woman, to whom a good home would be given, age between 30 and 40. Address for two days Brower, box 118 Herald office.

AN INTELLIGENT PERSON DESIRES A SITUATION to instruct children under twelve years of age in the English branches, with rudiments of music, or as companion to an elderly lady or invalid and assist in housekeeping; reference given and required. Address, at her present employer's, No. 159 Union st., Brooklyn.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES.

Miscellaneous.

A YOUNG LADY DESIRES A SITUATION AS USEFUL companion to a lady travelling or residing in New York or at the seashore, or as governess to young children; can teach the English branches, music and the rudiments of French. Best references given. Address Miss H. E. F., Mobile, Ala.

WANTED—BY A LADY, EMPLOYMENT IN A school; she teaches English, French, Italian; would superintend the house and sewing department and make herself generally useful. Address B. Knox, Herald office.

ADVERTISEMENTS FOR THE HERALD RECEIVED IN BROOKLYN AT OUR BRANCH OFFICE, 145 FULTON STREET.

Intelligence Office.

ALWAYS SUITED IMMEDIATELY—AT THE MAGNIFICENT office 178 6th av., above 10th st.; wanted, 100 girls, houseworkers, cooks, chambermaids, &c.; places always ready. Pay when engaged.

HELP WANTED—FEMALES.

A YOUNG WOMAN WANTED—FOR GENERAL housework; must wash and iron well; references required. Apply at 240 East 51st st., near 2d av.

A COMPETENT WAITRESS AND LAUNDRESS wanted—In a small family. Call with recommendations at 101 West 42d st., before ten o'clock A. M.

A LADY WANTED—WHO IS FULLY CAPABLE OF taking entire charge of cutting trimmings in a dressmaking establishment; the duties require a person of judgment; none but such need call. 13 East 17th st.

A RESPECTABLE, COMPETENT LADY WANTED—AS housekeeper in a summer boarding house; must understand her business fully and have good references; American or English preferred. Apply immediately at 109 4th av.

DRESSMAKERS WANTED—AT 1,163 BROADWAY.

DRESSMAKERS WANTED—TWO OR THREE COMPETENT dressmakers and finishers; also, good sewers to learn dressmaking. Apply at 102 8th st.

FIRST RATE DRESSMAKERS AND SOME GOOD plain sewers wanted. To save trouble none but those quick and competent need call. 13 East 17th st.

GOOD DRESSMAKERS WANTED IMMEDIATELY—AT 388 6th av., near 24th st.

GOOD DRESSMAKERS WANTED—ALSO OPERATOR on Wheeler & Wilson's machine. 110 West 30th st., near 6th av.

GOOD SMART SEWERS WANTED—AT DRESSMAKING; also apprentices. 298 9th av., near 29th st., in the store.

GIRLS WANTED—TO WORK AT DRESSMAKING; none but competent hands need apply. 180 Grand st. A. LIPPE.

IRONERS AND FLUTERS WANTED—IN THE LAUNDRY department; must be experienced persons and accustomed to doing ladies' underlinen for the trade. Apply at 9th st. entrance. A. T. STEWART & CO., Broadway, 9th and 10th sts.

LADY AGENTS WANTED—TO SELL AN ARTICLE entirely new; can easily make $100 a month. Apply at 737 6th av., corner 42d st.

MILLINERS AND TRIMMERS WANTED—AT 376 Bowery, Mrs. J. S. Turnbull's.

MACHINE OPERATORS WANTED—TO WORK ON ladies' and misses' undergarments and for dress and robe making. Apply at 9th st. entrance. A. T. STEWART & CO., Broadway, 9th and 10th sts.

OPERATORS WANTED—ON WHEELER & WILSON'S and Willcox & Gibbs' sewing machines; steady employment and liberal wages. Apply at 203 Canal st., between Broadway and Mercer st.

SALESWOMAN WANTED.—A YOUNG FRENCH LADY who speaks the English language fluently is wanted as saleswoman in a first class dress and cloak establishment. Address box 3,037 Post office.

VEST MAKERS WANTED.—CUSTOM VEST MAKERS, for fine work. Inquire at 35 Union square, of Bell Bros.

WANTED—GIRLS TO PACK TOBACCO. APPLY AT 202 Water st.

WANTED—A NEAT, GOOD GIRL AS COOK, WASHER and ironer. Apply between 9 and 11 at 211 West 22d st.

WANTED—A GOOD WASHER AND IRONER. REFERENCES required. Apply at 48 West 16th st.

WANTED—CHAMBERMAIDS AT 45 NEW BOWERY, up stairs.

WANTED—GIRLS TO WORK ON DRESSES, AT 232 West 15th st.

WANTED—A GIRL TO DO HOUSEWORK, COOK, wash and iron. Apply at 245 61st st., near 2d av.

WANTED—DRESSMAKERS AT 23 PERRY ST. CALL for three days. Miss A. LAURENCE.

WANTED—A YOUNG, TIDY GIRL TO ASSIST IN doing housework in a small family. 51 Leroy st.

WANTED—A GIRL TO DO GENERAL HOUSEWORK in a small private family; none but those having good reference need apply. Call at 173 Hester st.

WANTED—IN A PRIVATE FAMILY, TWO GIRLS; one to cook, wash and iron; the other to do chamberwork and plain sewing. Apply at 76 West 47th st.

WANTED—A WOMAN COOK; ONE WHO THOROUGHLY understands her business; also an assistant. Apply at 90 Montgomery st., Jersey City.

WANTED—A COOK, TO GO TO THE COUNTRY FOR the summer; must be willing to wash, iron and do general housework. Apply from 8 till 10 at 135 East 17th st.

WANTED—FIRST CLASS DRESSMAKERS. TO COMPETENT hands the highest salary will be paid. Come prepared for work. 525 6th av., between 31st and 32d sts.

WANTED—TO DO THE GENERAL HOUSEWORK OF a small family, Scotch or German girl. Apply at 81 Fair st., Paterson, N. J.

WANTED—A RESPECTABLE CATHOLIC WOMAN TO take care of a boy 14 months old in her own house. Call at 223 Mott st.

WANTED—A COMPETENT NURSE, TO TAKE charge of an infant; German preferred. Apply at 68 Remsen st., Brooklyn.

WANTED AN OPERATOR ON WHEELER & WILSON'S machine; also an apprentice to learn dressmaking. Apply at old No. 246 (250 new No.) 8th av.

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK IN a small family; must be a thorough washer and ironer and a good plain cook. Apply this day, between 12 and 2 P. M., at 110 East 28th st.

WANTED—A FIRST CLASS COOK IN A HOTEL; must understand his business; no others noticed. Apply to King & Co., 185 5th av.

WANTED—A COMPETENT SEAMSTRESS; MUST BE an experienced operator, cut, fit and trim. Apply today at 226 West 34th st., between 9 and 4 o'clock.

WANTED—AN OPERATOR ON GROVER & BAKER'S machine; only a perfect one need apply. 21 East 16th st., up stairs.

WANTED—A SMART, RESPECTABLE GIRL AS CHAMBERMAID and to assist in washing and ironing, at 250 East 51st st. None need apply without best city reference.

WANTED—IN A SMALL FAMILY, A GIRL TO COOK, wash and iron and do part of the housework; good wages. Call at 204 West 34th st.

WANTED—A GOOD WOMAN AS ORDER COOK FOR a restaurant; also a girl to wash dishes and make herself useful. 303 8th av., near 25th st.

WANTED—A PLAIN LAUNDRESS AND A CHAMBERMAID, at the International Hotel, corner of Duane and William sts.

WANTED—A GIRL TO COOK, WASH AND IRON, and do down stairs work, in a private family. Apply with reference at 421 West 28th st., near 9th av.

WANTED—A WOMAN AND DAUGHTER; ONE AS cook, washer and ironer; the other for chamberwork and waiting, in a small family in the country. Apply at 110 East 17th st.

WANTED—A GIRL FROM 12 TO 14 YEARS OLD, OF good character, to mind a baby; only wanted through the day, must board at home. Apply immediately at 33 Lafayette place.

WANTED—A GOOD COOK, TO ASSIST IN THE washing and ironing, in a small private family a short distance from the city, must bring good reference. Call on Mr. Anderson, 426 Broadway, up stairs.

WANTED—A PROTESTANT GIRL TO GO TO ORANGE, N. J., to do cooking, washing and ironing; city reference required. Apply, before 1 P. M., at 131 West 11th st., near 6th av.

WANTED—A COMPETENT WOMAN TO DO THE general housework in a family of two persons. Apply this day, between 10 and 1 o'clock, at 101 West 41st st., up stairs.

WANTED—A WOMAN DESIRING PASSAGE TO France and willing to care for a child in part payment therefor may call at room 129 Everett House to-day, between 9 and 12 A. M. and 4 and 6 P. M. To sail Saturday, 12th inst.

WANTED—OPERATORS ON GROVER & BAKER'S and Wheeler & Wilson's machines, constant employment. Apply at 99 (old No.) or 107 (new No.) 2d av., near 12th st.

WANTED—A GERMAN PROTESTANT GIRL AS nurse and seamstress, must thoroughly understand her business and come well recommended; one speaking but little English preferred. Apply at 47 West 48th street, between the hours of 8 and 12.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALES.

27 EAST 14TH ST., NEAR UNION SQUARE.—A young, steady, capable Frenchman as private waiter; speaking English enough for his services; reference from present employer.

212 8TH AV., IN THE SHOE STORE.—AS FRENCH waiter in a private family; best city reference. Apply for two days.

886 BROADWAY, METROPOLITAN MARKET.—AS butler or waiter in a private family; has eight years' city reference from his last place. Call on or address J. M.

A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT MAN WISHES A situation as janitor, porter or messenger; best reference and security if desired. Call on or address H. A., 467 2d av.

AS PRIVATE WAITER—A YOUNG MAN WHO PERFECTLY understands his business; has long and satisfactory discharge. Address F. M., 219 East 29th st.

A YOUNG COLORED MAN DESIRES A SITUATION as waiter in a private boarding house or a hotel, or as gentleman's body servant; understands his business. Address Warren Jones, 94 High st., Brooklyn.

ADVERTISEMENTS FOR THE HERALD RECEIVED IN BROOKLYN AT OUR BRANCH OFFICE, 145 FULTON STREET.

COURIER, TRAVELLING SERVANT—JUST ARRIVED from Europe, accompanied a family to New York, requires a situation with another family going to Europe. References from several honorable families of New York. Address O. R., 65 West 13th st.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS PORTER IN A WHOLESALE store, or would drive; will loan his employer $500 and upwards if wanted; would like to get steady work. Address 522 East 14th st., room 18, or C. P. K., Herald office.

WANTED—A SOBER AND RESPECTABLE MAN wishes a situation in a retail grocery store; five years' experience; not afraid of work; reference given. Address G. P., Herald office.

CLERKS AND SALESMEN.

A GENTLEMAN WOULD LIKE A CLERKSHIP IN A wholesale house; salary no object; first class reference. Address, stating line of business, W. H. S., Herald office.

A SALESMAN THOROUGHLY ACQUAINTED WITH lubricating oil will find a rare opportunity by applying at 124 Maiden lane. W. C. D.

A FIRST CLASS LIQUOR HOUSE WISHES TO PROCURE the services of a competent salesman, with an extensive city or country trade. To such a person a liberal salary will be paid. Address Liquor Merchant, Herald office.

ATTENTION.—WANTED—A MAN FOR AN OFFICE business; fair penman; must be able to deposit about $100 on security; moderate salary, with opportunity for promotion. Apply at the real estate office, 678 Broadway.

A CLERK WANTED—IN A LIFE INSURANCE OFFICE; must be a good penman, correct at figures, unmarried and willing to commence at a moderate salary. Address, giving reference and other particulars, P. L. O., Herald office.

A YOUNG MAN WANTS A SITUATION WHO writes a good hand; smart accountant and bookkeeper; has a thorough knowledge of the hardware business; is not afraid to work at anything. Address John M., box 158 Herald office.

DRUG CLERK.—WANTED, BY A YOUNG MAN OF eight years' experience, a situation as above. Address Pharmacy, Herald office.

DRUG CLERK WANTED—A COMPETENT AND WELL recommended man, of at least three years' experience, may apply at Mitchell & Wieland's, 1,001 2d av., corner 53d st.

DRUG CLERK.—WANTED, BY A YOUNG MAN, WELL posted in the wholesale drug business, a position in a wholesale house; best references. Address Order Clerk, Herald office.

GROCER'S CLERK WANTED.—AN EXPERIENCED hand, with undoubted reference. Call at corner of Jersey av. and South 3d st., Jersey City, after 2 P. M.

HARDWARE.—WANTED—A GOOD SALESMAN, WHO thoroughly understands the retail builders' hardware and housefurnishing trade. Address, with city references, Hardware, box 129 Herald office.

SALESMAN WANTED—IN A JEWELRY STORE; ONE who is a first class salesman may apply to Geo. C. Aken, 415 Broadway.

SALESMAN WANTED—IN A RETAIL SHOE STORE; one who understands the city trade and can bring good references. Apply at 542 Columbia st., Brooklyn.

TO BANKERS AND MERCHANTS.—AN IMPORTER giving up business desires a situation with some first class house, without regard to salary; is an American, a superior accountant and financier, intelligent, active and correct; understands French; has a knowledge of foreign exchange and is acquainted abroad; best city reference. Address W. & Co., box 3,044 Post office.

WANTED—A COUPLE OF SALESMEN, WITH AMPLE trade of their own, in fancy goods, Yankee notions, &c. Address, with reference, box 162 Herald office.

WANTED—A FIRST CLASS HOTEL CLERK, WHO has had experience; must be a good bookkeeper and have good reference. Address H. H. M., station D.

WANTED—A CLERK IN A TEA STORE; MUST HAVE good city references. Apply at 459 8th av., after 9 o'clock.

WANTED—A SITUATION TO SELL GOODS IN A woollen or dry goods jobbing or commission house; has travelled West several years. Satisfactory references. Address Salesman, box 151 Herald office.

WANTED—A FIRST CLASS SALESMAN IN A WHOLESALE California wine and liquor house to travel in the city and vicinity; one who has been in the business and has trade preferred. Address A. J. & Co., Herald office.

WANTED—BY A SCOTCHMAN LATELY LANDED, A situation as bookkeeper or clerk in an office or store; will make himself generally useful; good city reference. Address P. M. D., box 115 Herald office.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A YOUNG MAN AS grocery clerk or bartender; understands both branches; speaks Spanish language fluently; good reference. Address T. G., box 55 Herald office, Brooklyn.

ADVERTISEMENTS FOR THE HERALD RECEIVED IN BROOKLYN AT OUR BRANCH OFFICE, 145 FULTON STREET.

COACHMEN AND GARDENERS.

A SINGLE MAN, WITH GOOD REFERENCE, WANTS a place as coachman. Call at 273 2d st.

A FIRST CLASS COACHMAN WISHES A SITUATION; is a Protestant; best city reference. Apply at C. Graham's saddlery store, 66 University place.

A YOUNG SINGLE MAN WANTS A SITUATION AS coachman and groom; is a thorough horseman in all its branches; best city and country reference. Address C. D., box 121 Herald office.

A SITUATION WANTED—BY A SINGLE MAN AS first class coachman and groom; understands his business in every respect; best reference from his last place. Call on or address 128 West 29th st.

A SINGLE YOUNG MAN, WHO HAS FIRST CLASS reference, desires a situation in a private family; understands the care of horses, driving, gardening, &c.; is willing and obliging; no objection to go out of town. Address M. G., Herald office.

A SITUATION AS COACHMAN AND GROOM TO GENTLEMAN, by a smart, respectable young man; city or country; safe, experienced driver; perfectly understands the care of horses, carriages, &c.; willing and obliging; unexceptionable city reference. Address S., box 218 Herald office.

A GENTLEMAN GOING TO EUROPE DESIRES TO find a situation for his coachman (single man), who has been in his employ six years; understands the care and management of horses, harness and carriages thoroughly; is a good, careful driver; perfectly sober, strictly honest and in every way trustworthy. Call at or address his present employer's office, 355 Broadway, up stairs.

COACHMAN'S SITUATION WANTED.—ALSO GARDENER, by a young man; understands his business; country preferred; best reference. Address Patrick Sutton, 29 Greenwich street.

COACHMAN AND GROOM'S SITUATION WANTED.—Has many years' city reference as a careful driver; understands his business; will be highly recommended by his last employer. Address for two days E., box 104 Herald office.

COACHMAN.—WANTED, BY A SINGLE PROTESTANT active young man, lately from the old country, a situation as groom and coachman; thoroughly understands the management of horses, carriages, harness, &c.; will be found obliging and trustworthy; no objection to the country; best city reference as to capabilities. Address or call at the harness room, Fifth Avenue Hotel stables, West 26th st., between 7th and 8th avs.

GARDENER WANTS A SITUATION AS A GARDENER; left his place of his own accord; is married; good reference from last place; lived in some of the finest places on the Hudson. Any gentleman wanting such may address Martin Welch, 172 Flatbush av., Brooklyn.

SITUATION WANTED—AS COACHMAN AND GROOM, by a single man, who thoroughly understands his business, no objection to the country; best reference. Address G. S., box 114 Herald office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS COACHMAN, BY A RESPECTABLE married man, with a small family; has 16 years' experience in this city; satisfactory reference. Apply at private stable 145 West 17th st., or address J. C., box 115 Herald office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS COACHMAN AND GROOM; understands his business in all its branches, is a good groom and careful driver, and will be found willing and obliging; city references given. Can be seen at his own residence, 238 East 41st st., first floor, back room.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN AND GARDENER, by a good Protestant young man; willing to go into the country. Address W. B., box 118 Herald office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY A RESPECTABLE young man; thoroughly understands his business; satisfactory references. 254 West 28th st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN AND groom, by a first class single man; best city reference. Call or address M. W. 153 East 23d st., near 3d av.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS FIRST CLASS COACHMAN; best reference. Apply for two days at Smyth's harness store, 4th av., between 27th and 28th sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A YOUNG MAN, AS coachman, can milk, help in garden and make himself generally useful on gentleman's place; best city reference. Address Coachman, box 155 Herald office.

WANTED—BY A SINGLE, PROTESTANT MAN, A situation as coachman; understands his business; city or country reference. Prompt attention to any address left for M. C., box 102 Herald office.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A SINGLE MAN AS coachman and groom, who has many years' experience in driving in this city, can give several years of the best city reference. Call or address M., 25 East 12th st.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG man, as coachman and groom, can work in a garden, milk and make himself useful, good city reference. Address J. M., box 108 Herald office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN; THOROUGHLY understands the care and treatment of horses; will be found honest, willing and attentive; can milk; good reference given. Address I. D., 143 Spring st., or can be seen at No. 6 West 33th st., private stables.

WANTED—A PROFESSIONAL GARDENER, WHO IS most thorough in all the branches as well as laying out lawns, roads, flower beds, &c., to take charge of a gentleman's place. One who can produce the best references can find a good situation by addressing L., box 711 New York Post office.

211 WOOSTER ST., BETWEEN BLEECKER AND Amity.—A respectable young man wants situation as coachman or groom, perfectly understands his business; can be well recommended, no objection to the country. Can be seen two days. M. C.

ADVERTISEMENTS FOR THE HERALD RECEIVED IN BROOKLYN AT OUR BRANCH OFFICE, 145 FULTON STREET.

HELP WANTED—MALES.

AGENT WANTED IN THE TEA, COFFEE AND spice trade. 105 Chambers st.

AGENTS WANTED.—RELIABLE AND ACTIVE agents wanted to travel through the country with a family medicine. Address C. C., Herald office.

A FEW ENTERPRISING MEN WANTED WHO CAN write a good hand. Apply, with reference, to Taylor & Co., 473 Broadway.

A BOY SERVANT.—A COLORED YOUNG MAN OR boy, to wait upon an old gentleman, must be well recommended. Apply for three days at Jane, corner of Hudson st., between 9 and 12 o'clock.

BOY WANTED.—A SMART BOY WANTED, BY A wholesale clothing house, [illegible]. Address box 2,[..]4 Post office.

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NewspaperARCHIVE®

HELP WANTED—MALES.

BOY WANTED—15 TO 18 YEARS OLD, TO ASSIST IN a grocery store, one that can come well recommended. Apply at 64 Frankfort st.

BOY WANTED—ABOUT 15 YEARS OF AGE, TO RUN errands and make himself generally useful. Address R. P. H., Herald office.

MEN LATELY LANDED WANTED—ALSO EXPERIENCED hands for farm work. Apply at CARPENTER'S employment house, 128 11th st., corner 6th av. Steady work. No charge until engaged.

URMY & OVERTON, 4TH AV., CORNER ASTOR place, are in want of an active, intelligent youth; one acquainted with men's furnishing goods preferred. Apply before 10 o'clock A. M.

WANTED—AGENTS.—$75 TO $500 PER MONTH, everywhere, male and female, to introduce the genuine improved Common Sense Family Sewing Machine. This machine will stitch, hem, fell, tuck, quilt, cord, bind, braid and embroider in a most superior manner. Price only $18. Fully warranted for five years. We will pay $1,000 for any machine that will sew a stronger, more beautiful or more elastic seam than ours. It makes the "elastic lock-stitch." Every second stitch can be cut, and still the cloth cannot be pulled apart without tearing it. We pay agents from $75 to $200 per month and expenses, or a commission, from which twice that amount can be made. Address SECOMB & CO., Pittsburg, Pa.; Boston, Mass., or St. Louis, Mo.
CAUTION.—Do not be imposed upon by other parties palming off worthless cast iron machines under the same name or otherwise. Ours is the only genuine and really practical cheap machine manufactured.

WANTED—TWO GOOD WAITERS AND A LUNCH counter man. Apply to L. W. Parker, 563 6th av.

WANTED—FIREMEN AND SEAMEN FOR THE United States Navy. Apply to Edward Rode, 65 Market st., New York.

WANTED—A PORTER IN THE WHOLESALE DRUG business. Address, with reference, Wholesale Druggist, Herald office.

WANTED—MAN AND WIFE OR WIDOW WOMAN, to take charge of the halls and closets in a business house on Broadway. Apply at 842 Broadway, room No. 2.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN AT THE ICE CREAM making. One who has some knowledge of the business may call at 1,931 3d av., near 125th st.

WANTED—A BOY IN THE OFFICE OF A WHOLESALE drug store. One that can produce good reference and can write a good hand may address Drugs, Herald office.

WANTED—A BOY, FROM 14 TO 17 YEARS, TO WORK in a grocery store; one who understands the care of a horse and resides with his parents. 341 East 23d st.

WANTED—A BOY, 17 OR 18 YEARS OLD, TO ATTEND bar; none but those acquainted with the business need apply. Address A. B., Herald office.

WANTED—A SMART YOUNG MAN OF EXPERIENCE to take charge of the circulation of a daily evening newspaper. Address, with reference, Scott, Herald office.

WANTED—A BOY TO RUN ERRANDS AND MAKE himself generally useful. Apply from 11 to 12 to W. W. Swayne, Nos. 2 and 3 Fulton street.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN OR SMART BOY OF 16, in a shipping office. Address, in own handwriting salary wanted, A. A. C. C., Herald office.

WANTED—AN AGENT WITH A LARGE ACQUAINTANCE in the hardware trade, to travel and sell a new article; best references required. Address Hardware, Herald office.

WANTED—AT VERPLANCK'S POINT, 200 SOBER and able Germans, to work upon brick yards; wages from $2 to $2 25 per day of ten hours. Apply to DYCKMAN & WHITBECK.

WANTED.—A LIBERAL COMPENSATION WILL BE given for a permanent and satisfactory situation in an insurance or wholesale house; have had business experience and will give reference. Address Wholesale, Herald office.

WANTED—BY A MANUFACTURER, AN AGENT FOR the sale of lubricating oil; one who has a good run of business. Apply to Chas. N. Flanders, 10 and 12 Water st., Brooklyn.

WANTED.—GOOD HANDS AT THE BENCH OR ON machines will find employment at the Howe Machine Company's factory, Bridgeport, Conn. Apply for information at the Company's office, 699 Broadway, New York.

WANTED—A NICE LAD, 15 TO 20 YEARS OLD, TO assist in cultivation of flowers, greenhouse, gardening, care of horse and milking, in a nice country home, near the city. Call at 149 Broadway, basement; an experienced one preferred.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN AS TOWN AND COUNTRY traveller; must have acquaintance with wholesale druggist and Yankee notion houses; fair salary and commission to one entirely competent; no others need apply. Address P. A. L., Herald office.

ADVERTISEMENTS FOR THE HERALD RECEIVED IN BROOKLYN AT OUR BRANCH OFFICE, 145 FULTON STREET.

THE TRADES.

ANY PERSON COMPETENT TO SUPERINTEND THE manufacture of cigarettes may find it advantageous to address C. H. B., Herald office.

AN EXPERIENCED BUTCHER WANTED—HAVING A few hundred dollars; only one who is thoroughly capable to manage a first class market. Apply to R. Gray, corner 54th st. and 9th av., after 12 o'clock.

MACHINISTS WANTED.—ONE OR TWO FIRST class workmen, who can work close on small, fine machines; useless for any others to apply.
GILES, WALES & CO., 13 Maiden lane.

PAPER HANGINGS.—WANTED—A COMPETENT MAN as salesman, by a manufacturing house in this city; a fine opportunity for a first class man. Address box 1,044 New York Post office, with reference.

PERSONS WISHING TO SUBSCRIBE FOR THE HERALD WILL BE SERVED AT AN EARLY HOUR BY LEAVING THEIR ADDRESS AT THE BRANCH OFFICE OF THE NEW YORK HERALD, 145 FULTON STREET, BROOKLYN.

SHIRT CUTTER.—WANTED, AN EXPERIENCED shirt cutter. Apply at 58 White st.
FISK, CLARK & FLAGG.

TO BOSS CARPENTERS, BODY MAKERS AND STONECUTTERS.—Wanted, by a strong youth, 17 years of age, a situation at any of the above named trades; can give best city reference and from his present employer. Address Lynch P., box 140 Herald office.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—TWO FIRST CLASS painters and ornamenters on heavy wheels; fine workmen. Address, with reference, Painter, Herald office.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—A DRAUGHTSMAN COMPETENT to plot maps from notes. Address, with reference, J. A. R., box 5,894 Post office.

WANTED—A FIRST CLASS LIGHT BODY MAKER and finisher. Inquire of P. Dubois & Son, Carriage Makers, 202 Greene st.

WATCHMAKER AND SALESMAN COMBINED wanted. One who is a first class workman may apply to Geo. C. Allen, 415 Broadway.

WATCHMAKERS WANTED—THREE OR FOUR smart, first class workmen; those accustomed to setting up and examining new work preferred.
GILES, WALES & CO., 13 Maiden lane.

WANTED.—A WATCHMAKER, WHO COMES WELL recommended and is willing to go to Virginia, can get a good situation by applying to Louis Friedman & Co., 24 John st., a young man preferred.

WANTED—BY AN ENGLISHMAN, A SITUATION AS brewer or under brewer, who thoroughly understands his business; can brew on the Burton or Trent principle bright, sparkling and sound ale in hot weather. Address J. C. W., Atlantic Hotel, 114 and 115 Hudson st., Jersey City.

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FRENCH ADVERTISEMENTS.

ON DEMANDE—UNE FRANCAISE, QUI SAIT BIEN coudre, pour soigner deux enfants. Elle doit avoir de bons renseignements. S'adresser au 17 East 37th st.

ON DEMANDE—UNE FEMME DE CHARGE FRANCAISE ou allemande, sachant parler l'anglais, pour un hotel et restaurant. S'adresser au 734 Broadway.

UNE FILLE FRANCAISE, AYANT DE TRES BONNES recommandations, desire se placer comme bonne d'enfants ou pour coudre. S'adresser au 1,217 Broadway.

UNE FRANCAISE DESIRE SE PLACER POUR LA couture ou pour prendre soin d'un ou de deux enfants. S'adresser au 214 7me av., entre la 22me et la 23me rue.

UNE JEUNE ALLEMANDE, QUI PARLE ET ECRIT bien le francais, nouvellement arrivee, desire se placer dans une famille americaine comme bonne d'enfants et coudre. S'adresser chez Mme. Vanier, 183 3me av.

FOR SALE.

A RARE CHANCE FOR BUSINESS.—THE STOCK AND Fixtures of a Liquor and Lunch Bar, with 2 years' lease of whole house, doing a good cash business; reasons for selling will be given. For full particulars apply on the premises, 17 Centre street, near City Hall.

A GOOD CHANCE FOR ANY MAN ACQUAINTED with the hotel business.—A new and first-class hotel, containing all modern conveniences, and best location in the city of Elizabeth, N. J., three blocks from the principal depot and 12 miles from New York; 70 trains each way daily; would sell on very easy terms, or lease for a term of years, or exchange; only hotel in Elizabeth. Apply at 179 Broad street, or 20 Race street, Elizabeth, N. J.

A GENTEEL PAYING BUSINESS, WITH SMALL Stock of fresh goods, bought at much below their value, with Lease of store at low rent, for sale. Apply 316 Eighth avenue, or address Merchant, 623 Lexington avenue.

A PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY FOR SALE—THE LARGEST and oldest in Jersey City.
H. A. INSLEY, 47 Montgomery street.

A FIRST CLASS LIQUOR STORE FOR SALE—FIVE years' valuable lease and full license; will be sold at a sacrifice, as owner lives in the country and is required there. Apply on the premises, 16 Roosevelt street.

A FIRST CLASS TEA, COFFEE AND FANCY GROCERY for sale, doing a first class business. To be sold cheap. Apply at the store, 91 Fulton avenue, Brooklyn.

A.—FOR SALE, LEASE AND FURNITURE OF A large Boarding House, eight years established; every room occupied; finely located up town.
DEYO & SLEIGHT, 303 West Thirty third street.

A PARTY, RETIRING FROM THE VARNISH BUSINESS, would like to make arrangements with a varnish traveller (or some one), with whom very liberal terms would be made, to dispose of a considerable stock of fine Varnishes, comprising rubbing, finishing, coach body, engine, &c., all made from the very best material by an old experienced manufacturer. To insure a speedy closing out of the above low figures will be given. Call on or address SAMUEL SHERMAN, 63 Wall street, New York city.

A BARGAIN IF SOLD AT ONCE—A WHOLESALE and retail Liquor Store, on a leading thoroughfare to one of the principal ferries to Jersey City, down town. The owner has three other places to attend to. Address D. D., Herald office.

A LARGE SIZED HERRING SAFE FOR SALE cheap, also one medium and two small Safes, of Herring's, Wilder's and Marvin's make.
B. O. QUIRK, 72 Maiden lane.

A.—FOR SALE, ONE OF THE BEST PAYING WHOLESALE and retail family Distilleries in the city; three years' lease; price $800. P. GAFFNEY, Auctioneer, 225 Bowery.

FOR SALE.

A WELL ESTABLISHED WHOLESALE AND RETAIL Distillery for sale—One of the finest in the Seventeenth ward; splendidly fitted up and doing a fine trade; rent cheap; two years' lease; owner entering the wholesale trade is the only reason for selling; this is a sure fortune for the right man. For particulars call at 87 and 89 Hudson street, corner Harrison.

A.—FOR SALE CHEAP, A HOTEL AND DINING Saloon; also Restaurants, Liquor Stores, Billiard Saloons, corner Meat Markets, Milk Routes, Bakeries, Confectioneries, country Bakeries, country Grocery Stores, Coal yards. MITCHELL'S Store Agency, 77 Cedar street.

AN OPPORTUNITY SELDOM PRESENTED.—A FIRST class corner Cigar Store on the very best location in Grand street; handsomely fitted up; doing a very prosperous business; need only to be seen to be appreciated. Apply to BROWN & CO., 123 Worth street, or in the store, corner of Grand and Mott streets.

COAL AND WOOD YARDS FOR SALE.—IN CONSEQUENCE of the health of one of the firm we are offering two of the best Coal and Wood Yards in Brooklyn for sale, now doing a good family business of about 12,000 tons of coal and 1,000 cords of wood per annum, having been established the last ten years. The property is a good and safe investment, and well located for the business, which could be extended by a good business man. For further particulars address Coal, box 169 Herald office.

CORNER GROCERY—DOING A CASH TRADE, WHICH can be increased by selling fruit and vegetables; best stand in the Eighth ward; about $1,600 required; no agents need apply. Address Bennett, Herald office.

CORNER LIQUOR STORE, LEASE AND FIXTURES, with or without Stock, for sale—Now doing a fine business. Apply to THOMAS GAFFNEY & CO., 23 Chambers street.

DRUG STORE FOR SALE—ON A PROMINENT CORNER in the Seventh ward, three years' lease; cheap rent; if not sold at private sale this day will be sold at auction on Friday, at 10½ o'clock, by P. Gaffney, auctioneer, 225 Bowery.

DRUG STORE FOR SALE—ONE OF THE HANDSOMEST corner stores on Sixth avenue, and doing a splendid business, smaller Stores in Brooklyn and city.
STRICKLAND, 78 Cedar street.

FOR SALE—A FIRST CLASS BAKERY, IN THE country, doing a business of about 25 barrels of flour a week. For further particulars apply to WEEKS, DOUGLASS & CO., No. 4 State street, between 10 and 3 o'clock.

FOR SALE—CIGAR STORE, 105 BLEECKER STREET.
PIERRON.

FOR SALE—RECTIFYING ESTABLISHMENT, WITH copper still, all in complete working order; also Lease of premises; an old established place. For further particulars address H., box 4,256 New York Post office.

FOR SALE—OFFICE FIXTURES, SUITABLE FOR A bank or insurance office, at 141 Liberty street.

FOR SALE—A CARRIAGE SHOP, IN THE FLOURISHING village of Englewood, N. J.; Buildings, Lot, Stock and Fixtures; two fires doing a good business; satisfactory reason given. Apply to CORNELL, Englewood.

FOR SALE—A HARNESS BUSINESS, WITH STOCK and Fixtures; rent low. Apply to J. F. STUCKE, 514 Ninth avenue, near Forty-second street, New York.

FOR SALE—AN OLD ESTABLISHED CORNER Liquor Store; great bargain; must be sold this day; small amount only necessary. Call and see.
MAX BAYERSDORFER, 290 Bowery.

FOR SALE—A PHOTOGRAPHIC GALLERY, DOING A good business; location unsurpassed; will be sold cheap; owner going West. Inquire of J. GOLDING, 109 Eighth av.

FOR SALE—A FISH AND VEGETABLE STAND. Apply at 335 (old No.) Third avenue.

FOR SALE—THE OLDEST AND LARGEST CONFECTIONERY and Ice Cream Saloon on Eighth avenue, at a low price, on account of sickness in the family. Inquire at 335 and 337 Greenwich street.

FOR SALE—A FIRST RATE PAYING CONFECTIONERY Store on Second avenue, cheap rent; price $650; everything complete, with apartments. Apply to P. GAFFNEY, Auctioneer, 225 Bowery, until sold.

FOR SALE—FIRST CLASS RESTAURANT AND ICE cream Saloon, on Broadway; doing a very large cash business; one of the best chances ever offered; will be sold low if taken at once. Address Saloon, Herald office.

FOR SALE—THE STOCK, FIXTURES AND GOOD Will of Book and Stationery Store, established 35 years; satisfactory reasons given for selling. Call at 434 Grand street, between 7 and 9 P. M.

FOR SALE—A FIRST CLASS MILK ROUTE. Inquire for particulars in the cigar store corner of Thirty-first street and Eighth avenue.

FOR SALE—ONE OF THE BEST PAYING FAMILY Distilleries in the Fourteenth ward; good lease; cheap rent. Apply to P. GAFFNEY, Auctioneer, 225 Bowery, until sold.

FOR SALE—ENTIRE LOT OF COUNTERS, DESKS, Showcases, Drug Drawers, Office Partitions, Railings, Bank Fixtures, Signs, Shelving, &c.; Carpenter and Cabinet Work. Apply to JAMES HODGE, 527 Hudson and Vestry street, near Varick and Canal.

FOR SALE—A GOOD CIGAR STORE, CHEAP; A chance for a young man of small means. Inquire at 53½ Bowery.

FOR SALE—LEASE AND FIXTURES OF A GENTLEMEN'S Furnishing Store; doing a first rate business. For particulars inquire on the premises, 523½ Sixth avenue.

FOR SALE—A FIRST CLASS LUNCH AND SAMPLE Room, No. 11 Coenties slip, situated in a leading thoroughfare; rent paid for two months, license for four months. Reason for selling, bad health.

FOR SALE—THE OLD FRANKLIN COFFEE HOUSE, 88 Maiden lane, late Clark & Brown; the oldest restaurant in the city, with lunch counter and splendid bar; kitchen utensils, silverware and everything appertaining to a first class restaurant; now doing a first class trade. Apply from 9 to 4.

FOR SALE—A SAMPLE ROOM; GOOD LOCATION, down town; satisfactory reasons for selling. Address box 5,170 Post office.

FOR SALE—ONE HUNDRED DOZEN OF IMPORTED Ale and Porter Bottles; also a lot of Empty Barrels. Apply at McNAMEE'S, 48 Cortlandt street.

FOR SALE—A JEWELLERS STORE, ON ONE OF THE principal avenues in the city, of long standing; reason for selling, has other business, terms easy. For further particulars address Jeweller, box 125 Herald office.

FOR SALE—IN THE FOURTEENTH WARD, A GOOD paying Liquor Store, licensed; price $450; also Liquor Stores in Brooklyn, Jersey, Hoboken, &c.
P. GAFFNEY, Auctioneer, 225 Bowery.

FOR SALE CHEAP—A FIRST CLASS LIQUOR STORE, with Stock and Fixtures, near Jefferson Market. For particulars apply to WAKEMAN & CO., 105 Sixth avenue.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—CORNER LIQUOR STORE, well fitted up, in Seventh ward, with or without room for family; rent low.
TRAVER & ESLER, 58 Liberty street.

FLOATING BATH FOR SALE.—FOR WANT OF A LOCATION, one of the Floating Baths that has been used at the Battery; is in perfect order for immediate use. For particulars apply at the Battery Baths.
ISAAC HALL, Proprietor.

GREENWOOD CEMETERY.—FOR SALE, A FULL Lot on Sassafras avenue, enclosed with granite posts and heavy ornamental iron railings. Address General, Herald office.

SAFES FOR SALE CHEAP—OF HERRING'S, MARVIN'S, Lillie's make, large and small sizes, new and second hand, Letter Presses, Desk, &c., at 18 Dey street, near Broadway.

TO CAPITALISTS AND BUSINESS MEN. A RARE chance.—The subscriber desiring to retire, offers for sale his lucrative cash business, which he has followed for past nine years, with extensive wood working Factory, water power, Stores, valuable Patents, &c., all of which will be disposed of at a bargain. Particulars will be given by addressing W. W. W., Post office, New York.

THE HIAWATHA BAR, BILLIARD AND RESTAURANT Saloon, corner Eighth avenue and Twentieth street (entrance in Twentieth street), for sale cheap; terms easy, if sold at once.

$1,200.—HAT AND FURNISHING GOODS STORE for sale, under a hotel, doing a good business; owner having two other stores to attend to. Address J. B., box 85 station A.

ADVERTISEMENTS FOR THE HERALD RECEIVED IN BROOKLYN AT OUR BRANCH OFFICE, 145 FULTON STREET.

MACHINERY.

ANDREWS' FRICTION STEAM HOISTERS RUN without noise; are compact, well made and economical. Address WM. D. ANDREWS & BRO., 414 Water street, New York.

FOR SALE—TWO TWO-FLUE BOILERS, IN prime condition; 30 feet long, 4 feet diameter. Apply to DANIEL HOWELL, truckman, 117 Barrow street.

GOOD CHANCE TO BUY A TEN-HORSE POWER OSCILLATING Engine, in running order; good tubular boiler, 15 feet long; will be sold cheap. Apply at real estate office adjoining ferry house, Greenpoint.

MACHINERY FOR SALE.—ONE OF WRIGHT'S patent Scroll Saws, large size; two Wood Turning Lathes; lot of Rests, Chisels, &c.; also some Shafting. Apply at the Mill, Oak street, between Franklin and Washington streets, Greenpoint, two minutes' walk from Tenth or Twenty-third street ferries.

NEW AND SECOND HAND ENGINES, BOILERS, Tanks and Machinery, very low.
MIDDLETON & ROAKE, 131 Water street, New York.

ADVERTISEMENTS FOR THE HERALD RECEIVED IN BROOKLYN AT OUR BRANCH OFFICE, 145 FULTON STREET.

FURNITURE.

A FAIR CASH PRICE WILL BE PAID FOR a broad or plain rep modern style Parlor Suit, must be in good condition, not much used. Address, stating price and where to be seen, box 206 Herald office.

A.—OVER FIFTY MAGNIFICENT SATIN BROCATEL Parlor Suits, all colors, from $150 to $225 a suit; reps Suits from $80 to $150. All kinds of Furniture cheap for cash. ERNEST ROTH'S Furniture Manufactory, 56 Bleecker street, near Broadway.

A PRIVATE FAMILY, LEAVING THE CITY, WILL sell for cash, less than half cost, in lots, two magnificent satin brocatel Parlor Suits, latest style, one walnut reps Suit, Pianoforte, Curtains, Paintings, Bronzes, Clocks, Mirror, Chamber and Dining Room Furniture, at a sacrifice. 118 West Twenty-sixth street, near Broadway.

A MAGNIFICENT DRAWING ROOM SUIT, COVERED brocatel, cost $450, for $150, one do., $75, Etagere, Paintings, Pianoforte, Carpet, Mirrors, Chamber and Dining Room Furniture, at half original cost; property of family leaving city. 57 West Fifteenth street, near Sixth avenue.

ADVERTISEMENTS FOR THE HERALD RECEIVED IN BROOKLYN AT OUR BRANCH OFFICE, 145 FULTON STREET.

CARPETS AND FURNITURE.—HOUSEKEEPERS SUPPLIED with Carpets, Furniture, Bedding, &c., on easy terms; monthly payments taken; great chance for housekeepers. KELLY & CO., corner 25th st. and 8th av. No connection with any other store.

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THE EVENING TELEGRAM.

THE CLASSICS DISTORTED.
SEE THE EVENING TELEGRAM CARTOONS OF
FRIDAY, JUNE 11.
THE WALL STREET ALEXANDER MOURNETH THAT
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THE GREAT FISKANDER VANQUISHED BY FATE.
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SEE THE EVENING TELEGRAM CARTOONS OF
FRIDAY, JUNE 11.
THE WALL STREET ALEXANDER MOURNETH THAT
HE HAS NO MORE WORLDS TO CONQUER.
THE GREAT FISKANDER VANQUISHED BY FATE.
ALSO A SERIES OF SPRIGHTLY PICTORIAL
HITS AT THE TIMES.
SEE THE EVENING TELEGRAM CARTOONS OF
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FRIDAY, JUNE 11.

AMUSEMENTS.

THEATRE COMIQUE, OPPOSITE ST. NICHOLAS Hotel.
WHITE & SPENCER....Proprietors
WILL REOPEN
WILL REOPEN
WILL REOPEN
FOR THE SUMMER SEASON,
ON MONDAY EVENING, JUNE 14, 1869,
WITH A POWERFUL BURLESQUE AND PANTOMIME COMPANY,
Consisting of thirty talented artists, one of the most versatile organizations that have ever visited America. For further particulars see future announcements.
NOTICE—WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY MATINEES AS USUAL.
REMEMBER, MONDAY EVENING, JUNE 14.

MR. JOE EMMETT MR. JOE EMMETT
MR. JOE EMMETT MR. JOE EMMETT
MR. JOE EMMETT MR. JOE EMMETT
MR. JOE EMMETT MR. JOE EMMETT
MR. JOE EMMETT MR. JOE EMMETT
WILL APPEAR AT THEATRE COMIQUE
NEXT MONDAY NIGHT.

BOOTH'S THEATRE.
Twenty-third street, between Fifth and Sixth avenues.
MR. EDWIN ADAMS,
MISS FANNY MORANT and MISS BLANCHE DE BAR,
on
THURSDAY EVENING,
in THE MARBLE HEART.
FRIDAY EVENING, June 11,
in WILD OATS.
SATURDAY MATINEE, commencing at 1½ o'clock,
THE LADY OF LYONS.
SATURDAY EVENING, JUNE 12,
NARCISSE.
In active preparation, a dramatization of Tennyson's beautiful poem,
"ENOCH ARDEN."
Doors open at 7¼; to commence at 8 o'clock.
Seats secured six days in advance at the box office of the theatre, or at its branch ticket office, at the music store of C. H. Ditson & Co., 711 Broadway.

FIFTH AVENUE THEATRE.
JAMES FISK, Jr....Proprietor
L. Benedict..Stage Manager | E. Colonne...Musical Director
Positively the last two performances of
M. AUJAC,
The brilliant and popular tenor,
Who will appear to-night in
Offenbach's charming and latest work,
LA PERICHOLE.
M. AUJAC as PIQUILLO, MLLE. IRMA as THE STREET SINGER,
assisted by a brilliant cast.
The brilliant reputation which M. Aujac has won in this country makes the director call particular attention to these two last performances of the popular tenor, in his most attractive roles.
ON FRIDAY EVENING
he will appear in the title role of Offenbach's
BARBE BLEUE,
supported by
IRMA, AS BOULOTTE,
and a fine cast.
On both evenings
THE MORLACCHI BALLET TROUPE,
composed of Mlles. Morlacchi, Lotti, Mazzeri, Duchabeau and Evers, will appear in an original
GRAND BALLET D'ACTION.

BRYANTS' MINSTRELS, FOURTEENTH STREET.
ENTIRE CHANGE OF PROGRAMME.
THE LADY OF LYONS. THE EBONY BLONDES.
THE LADY OF LYONS. THE EBONY BLONDES.
JACK SHEPPARD AND JOE BLUESKIN.
JACK SHEPPARD AND JOE BLUESKIN.
Brilliant success of the charming Tenor Singer,
Mr. WILLIAM DWYER.
DAVE REED, UNSWORTH, EUGENE, NELSE SEYMOUR.
THE HAUNTED WIG MAKER. CAPTAIN JINKS.
THE HAUNTED WIG MAKER. CAPTAIN JINKS.
HOGAN and HUGHES (new act)........The African Twins
CAN YOU STAND ON YOUR HEAD?
CAN YOU STAND ON YOUR HEAD?
DAN BRYANT. DAN BRYANT. DAN BRYANT.
Parquet, 50 cents; Gallery, 25 cents; Orchestra Chairs, 75 cents.

ADVERTISEMENTS FOR THE HERALD RECEIVED IN BROOKLYN AT OUR BRANCH OFFICE, 145 FULTON STREET.

THE LECTURE SEASON.

IMPORTANT LECTURES TO GENTLEMEN ONLY, ON interesting, favorable and scientific subjects, showing how to live and what to live for, are delivered daily at the New York Museum of Anatomy. Those unable to attend can receive a copy by forwarding 25 cents to the secretary, 618 Broadway.

LOST AND FOUND.

FOUND—A POCKETBOOK ON FIFTH AVENUE, NEAR Twenty second street. Owner can have the same by describing contents. Address W. S. H., 193 Franklin street.

LOST—ON SUNDAY, IN GREENWOOD, OR FROM there to Williamsburg, a Meerschaum Cigar Holder, with initials P. R., the relic of a deceased friend. A reward will be paid if returned to 45 South Second street, Williamsburg.

LOST—TUESDAY, JUNE 8, CORNER FIFTH AVENUE and Twenty-third street, or getting out of a Twenty-third street stage, a Portemonnaie containing papers and money; will be rewarded by leaving it at 316 West Twenty-third street. Will be in town Saturday, June 12.

LOST, IN NEWPORT, R. I.—$25 REWARD—A SCOTCH Terrier Dog, long hair and tail, short ears; without collar; answers to the name of Skye. Apply at D. MOONEY'S stables, 61 New street, New York.

LOST—LAST EVENING—TWO STORE KEYS, TIED together, on the way from New York to Williamsburg. The finder will be rewarded by leaving them at 11 Chambers street, N. Y. W. S. CONANT.

LOST—ON TUESDAY, 8TH INST., IN THE VICINITY of Park avenue and Thirty-seventh street, a gold Chain and Locket. The finder returning either the above articles will be suitably rewarded at 118 East Thirty-seventh street.

LOST—IN A FOURTH AVENUE OMNIBUS, A RED Portemonnaie, containing a small amount of money and a small brass key. The finder will please return the key to 683 Broadway.

ADVERTISEMENTS FOR THE HERALD RECEIVED IN BROOKLYN AT OUR BRANCH OFFICE, 145 FULTON STREET.

REWARDS.

$3.—LOST LAST TUESDAY, A SMALL BLACK AND Tan Slut, with a white spot on the breast. The above reward will be paid at No. 75 East Seventh street, between First and Second avenues.

$25 REWARD.—LOST OR STOLEN, A GOLD HUNTING case Watch; patent lever; Johnston maker; cases b—Ball, Black & Co.; No. 29,167. Any one returning it to James T. Franklin, 73 Leonard street, New York, will receive the above reward and no questions asked.

$25 REWARD—FOR HAIR CHAIN AND BRACELET and articles of silver ware taken from 21 West Houston street. If pawned the parties will please send the tickets, as the things are valued for their associations.
MADAME DODARD.

$25 REWARD FOR A WATCH STOLEN FROM 135 East Eighth street, marked on the back J. H., and no questions asked.

$25 REWARD AND NO QUESTIONS ASKED.—Lost, a gold hunting case Watch, chain attached; owner's name engraved inside. Address box 4,227 Post office.

$50 REWARD.—A U. S. FIVE-TWENTY COUPON Bond, No. 73,558, for $500, issue of 1867. The finder, by returning bond to Edwin R. Gridley, Danbury, Conn., will receive the above reward and no questions asked.

$50 REWARD.—LOST, ON TUESDAY, THE 8TH inst., in Thirteenth street, between Sixth and Seventh avenues, or on the Sixth avenue, an Envelope, containing with other papers three New York Central Railroad six per cent bonds, Nos. 8, 9 and 10, registered in the name of James Gillespie. The finder by returning the bonds to 155 (new No.) West Thirteenth street will receive the above reward and no questions asked.

A LIBERAL REWARD WILL BE GIVEN TO THE party who took the red Russia leather Travelling Bag from our store on the 5th inst., for the return of the Watch, Chain and Ring contained therein, and no questions asked. They are valued as family presents.
THADDEUS DAVIDS & CO., 127 and 129 William street.

FIVE DOLLARS REWARD WILL BE PAID FOR the recovery of the young silver gray Scotch terrier Dog lost on Sunday afternoon, near the foot of Eighty eighth street, North river, answers to the name of "Whiskey." Apply corner of Eighty-eighth street and Twelfth avenue.

DETECTIVE POLICE AGENCY, 72 BROADWAY (LATE 68).—WARRIN, WHIPPLE, TURNER & CO. refer to the mercantile community as to successful cases, facilities, standing and experience. Caution.—We have no branches in New York.

CLOTHING.

A1.—EDWARD MILLER, 136 (NEW NO. 160) SEVENTH avenue, near Nineteenth street, guarantees to pay the full value in cash for Ladies' and Gentlemen's Cast Off Clothing, Carpets, Furniture, by calling or addressing. Ladies attended by Mrs. Miller.

A.—NO. 1 PRICES PAID TO LADIES AND GENTLEMEN for their cast off Clothing, Furniture, Carpets, &c., by calling on or addressing E. MINTZ, 175 (new No. 152) Seventh avenue, third door below Twenty-first street. Ladies attended to by Mrs. Mintz.

AT THE NEW STORE, 815 SIXTH AVENUE, NEAR Forty-sixth street.—ISAAC FLATTO guarantees to pay the full value for Clothing, Carpets, Furniture, &c., by calling or addressing. Ladies attended to by Mrs. Flatto.

AT 71 SIXTH AVENUE, ONE DOOR FROM CORNER of Waverley place.—Ladies' and gentlemen will be astonished at the prices F. HARRIS pays for Cast Off Clothing, Carpets and Jewelry. As we have to fill a large order for the Western market, we will pay 25 per cent more than any other dealer in the city. Please call or send a note to F. HARRIS, 71 Sixth avenue. Ladies attended by Mrs. Harris.

ATTENTION.—LADIES AND GENTLEMEN CAN RECEIVE the best prices for their cast off Clothing; also Furniture, Carpets, &c., by calling on or addressing M. ABRAHAMS, 274 Seventh avenue (old No. 240). Ladies attended to by Mrs. Abrahams.

A GREAT OPPORTUNITY FOR LADIES AND GENTS to dispose of their Wearing Apparel and Household Furniture. I have received 60,961 orders and must be sent in due time. I therefore can pay 50 per cent more than any other dealer. I make this announcement to your advantage. Please call on or address H. ROSENBERG, 246 Seventh avenue, second door above Twenty-fourth street. Ladies attended to by Mrs. Rosenberg.

A NO 1 PRICES WILL BE PAID FOR LADIES' AND Gents' Cast Off Clothing, Carpets, Furniture, &c., by calling on or addressing Mr. or Mrs. H. MANNES, 302 Seventh avenue, near Twenty-seventh street.

AT H. ROSENTHAL'S, 51 THIRD AVENUE, NEAR Tenth street (formerly 363 Bowery).—Ladies and gentlemen can obtain the highest value for Cast Off Clothing, Furniture, Carpets, &c., by calling on or addressing. Ladies attended by Mrs. Rosenthal.

AT 823 BROADWAY, NEAR THIRTEENTH STREET.—L. CASHBERG pays the highest price for Ladies' and Gentlemen's Wearing Apparel, Diamonds and Jewelry. Ladies waited upon by Mrs. Cashberg.

AT 137 THIRD AVENUE (OLD NO. 129) LADIES AND gentlemen receive highest prices for Cast Off Clothing and Carpets. Call on or address S. MISH. Ladies attended by Mrs. Mish.

A1.—M. MARKS, 93 SIXTH AVENUE, OPPOSITE Eighth street.—Ladies and gentlemen can receive the full value in cash for their Cast Off Wearing Apparel, Diamonds, Jewelry, Carpets, Furniture, &c. The best you can do is please to call at my establishment or send us a note; the number as above. Ladies waited upon by Mrs. Marks. True you will be dealt with to your satisfaction and benefit.

AMUSEMENTS.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.
Lessees and Managers..........JARRETT & PALMER
THE SUMMER THEATRE AND THE COOLEST.
THE HIT OF THE SEASON.
EXTRAORDINARY TRIUMPH.
HOUSE COMPLETELY CROWDED
To witness the
LYDIA THOMPSON BURLESQUE TROUPE,
and the
GREAT FRENCH GROTESQUE DANCERS.
THURSDAY, JUNE 10, 1869, AT 8, EVERY EVENING AND EACH SATURDAY AT 2 P. M.
will be presented Henry B. Farnie's new Eastern Spectacular Extravaganza entitled
SINBAD THE SAILOR,
SINBAD THE SAILOR,
SINBAD THE SAILOR,
Pronounced the most
Successful Burlesque ever presented in the metropolis.
The cast embraces the most eminent comic talent in America.
OPINIONS OF THE PRESS.
HERALD.—The Lydia Thompson Troupe impart to "Sinbad" grace, vivacity, charming manners and sparkling beauty.
DAILY TIMES.—The scenery is gorgeous. There is no doubt of the success of the extravaganza.
TRIBUNE.—The scenery excels the "Forty Thieves." The Clodoche Troupe were tumultuously applauded, and their presence adds a great charm to the new burlesque.
STAR.—As far as elegance of detail and magnificence of mounting are concerned the new eclipses all or any of the old attractions.
LEADER.—This is a Sinbad of the period. Judging by recent audiences it will be some time before there is a full stop to his career.
SUNDAY TIMES.—The Clodoche Troupe's reception was very enthusiastic. There is no occasion to prophesy aught but success for "Sinbad the Sailor."
SUNDAY MERCURY.—The spectacular display was very fine and impressive. The production was a success.
DISPATCH.—Is very strongly cast. "Sinbad" is one of the pronounced successes of the day.
SUNDAY COURIER.—A gorgeous spectacle, perfect in every item—appointments, music and acting.
ATLAS.—Presented with splendor of scenery and general eclat. Nothing like the dancing of the Clodoche troupe has ever before been exhibited in this longitude.
THE GRAND SCENERY,
MECHANICAL EFFECTS,
MUSIC, DANCES,
COSTUMES, &C., &C.
ALL, ALL, ALL
NEW, NEW, NEW,
NEW, NEW, NEW.
MATINEE EVERY SATURDAY AT 2 P. M.
SEATS SECURED SIX DAYS IN ADVANCE.

OLYMPIC THEATRE BEGINS AT EIGHT.
THE BEST ENTERTAINMENT IN THE CITY.
THE BEST ENTERTAINMENT IN THE
THE BEST ENTERTAINMENT IN THE
G. L. FOX'S COMIC PANTOMIME, BALL
KIRALFY TROUPE OF SENSATIONAL
The Greatest Combination
Ever presented in an Evening's Perform
FOURTH WEEK OF GEO. L. FOX'S PA
HICCORY DICCORY DOCK,
Received with Roars of Laughter
CLOWN.......by the Grimaldi of the age....G
Pantaloon: C. K. Fox; Harlequin: Lacy; Colum
MLLE. RITA SANGALLI AND BAL
The already popular Kiralfy Troup
HANIOLA, IMRE, AND BOLOSSY KIR
Ida, Edelka, Jonka, Susy, Amalli, Katiska
Nemes,
THE UNRIVALLED SENSATIONAL DA
MATINEES WEDNESDAY AND SATURD

WOOD'S MUSEUM.—ADMISSION 50 CENT
LAST PERFORMANCES
most positively this week of
ROBINSON CRUSOE.
ROBINSON CRUSOE.
THURSDAY—MATINEE AT 2 O'CLOCK—
FRIDAY—MATINEE AT 2 O'CLOCK—M.
SATURDAY—MATINEE AT 2 O'CLOCK—
and
EVERY EVENING AT 8 O'CLOCK—EV
THIS WEEK,
most positively the last performances of
ROBINSON CRUSOE.

WOOD'S MUSEUM. PR
Arrangements have been effected whereb
HOOLEY'S MINSTRELS,
comprising a full and powerful organization
partments of Minstrelsy, from Hooley's Opera H
lyn, also the world renowned
GREGORY FAMILY
will appear in conjunction on
MONDAY, JUNE 14, 1869.
EVERY DAY AT 2 O'CLOCK, MATIN
and
EVERY EVENING AT 8 O'CLOC
FOR TWO WEEKS ONLY,
presenting a most seasonable and select
FAMILY ENTERTAINMENT
at popular prices, which include all the Museum

WALLACK'S.
Proprietor and Manager...Mr. J. LESTER
EVERY EVENING AND SATURDAY MAT.
THE RAVELS REVIVED.
THE SUMMER STARS.
A NEW
The celebrated
LAURI FAMILY
of
PANTOMIMISTS,
who will appear nightly in the grand spectacula
of
MOTHER HUBBARD;
OR, HARLEQUIN,
LITTLE BO-PEEP AND LITTLE BOY
This piece is produced with
HANDSOME SCENERY,
GORGEOUS COSTUMES,
ELABORATE APPOINTMEN
NEW MUSIC, NOVE
and an
UNUSUALLY POWERFUL CAST OF CHA
introducing a
LARGE AND SPLENDID BALLE
Ending with a
GORGEOUS TRANSFORMATION SC
SEATS SECURED SIX DAYS IN ADV

WALLACK'S.
FIRST MATINEE
of the Great Burlesque Pantomime
MOTHER HUBBARD,
by the celebrated
LAURI TROUPE,
SATURDAY, JUNE 12.
Doors open 1½; commence at 2.
Secure your seats in advance.

TONY PASTOR'S OPERA HOUSE. 20
THE COOLEST THEATRE IN NEW Y
A circular building, with windows on every side.
Tremendous applause greeting the great dram
day events.
THE REVOLUTION IN CUBA;
OR,
THE PATRIOT'S STRUGGLE FOR LIB
Faithfully delineating incidents of actual occurr
now-a-days.
HAILED WITH LOUD TOKENS OF APPR
A Monster Variety Programme. Brimfu
POOR OLD SHAKSPEARE. THE WHIS
TONY PASTOR'S NEW CHARACTER D
Nelcourt Brothers' Gymnasium in the Parlor,
son's Irish Specialties, The Gendarmes from Cor
Eccentricities.
NEXT MATINEE SATURDAY AT 2½ O'C

ACADEMY OF MUSIC, BROOKLYN.
TESTIMONIAL BENEFIT
TO MRS. F. B. CONWAY
(From the Ladies of Brooklyn),
will take place on SATURDAY EVENING,
LONDON ASSURANCE.
Mrs. D. P. Bowers, Mrs. F. B. Conway, Mr. T.
John Brougham, Mr. J. C. McCollom, Mr. F. B.
W. Harris, Mr. F. Chippendale, Mr. E. Lamb,
&c., in the cast.
During the performance
MLLE. MORLACCHI,
The celebrated danseuse,
assisted by Miles. Setti, Duchateau, Evers and M
Will perform
A GRAND BALLET DIVERTISSEME

618 MUSEUM OF ANATOMY,
618
618 Broadway.
618
618 We are fearfully and wonderfully made.
618
618 The Beauties, Wonders and Monstrosit
618 the Human and Animal Creation to be se
618 one visit.

ADVERTISEMENTS FOR THE HERALD RECEIVED IN BROOKLYN AT OU BRANCH OFFICE 145 FULTON STRE

PIANOFORTES.

A. STEEDMAN & HOLLYER'S PIANOS.—S to none manufactured; fully warranted fo a few nearly new, $280, $300, $350; a Chick a good upright, $250, a bargain. No. 55 West Sixt between Fifth and Sixth avenues.

AT BLUME'S—GET THE BEST "KNABE with agraffe and all latest improvements; pianos, $75, $150, $200. FREDERICK BLUM Broadway, second door above Twenty-fifth street.

A NUMBER OF SECOND HAND PIANO fect order, at bargains for cash.
A. BRAUTIGAM, 21 Am[illegible]

A FAMILY WILL SELL THEIR MAGNIFICENT PIANOFORTE, cost $550, for less than half; carved rosewood, seven octave, overstrung bass; celebrated maker; guaranteed; nearly new; elegant Cover and Stool. 112 Seventh st.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF FINEST PIANOS MANUFACTURED; five years' guarantee; instalments taken; second hand Pianos for sale and taken in exchange. Pianos to let; amount applied if purchased.
JOHN C. BARNES, 137 Eighth street, near Broadway.

A LARGE VARIETY OF FIRST CLASS PIANOFORTES—Agraffe treble; the finest instruments in the city and the most reasonable in price; fully warranted six years.
JENNYS & SON,
235 East Twenty-first st., between Second and Third avs.

A MAGNIFICENT ROSEWOOD PIANOFORTE FOR sale—Made order, celebrated maker, fully guaranteed, used six months, cost $650, for $390, including Stool and Cover. Parlor Suits, covered brocatel; Etageres, Bookcase, Bronzes, Chamber, Dining Room Furniture; a sacrifice; property family leaving city. 57 West Fifteenth street, near Sixth avenue.

A MAGNIFICENT ROSEWOOD PIANOFORTE ALL modern improvements, used only seven months; made to order expressly for the owner; cost $750, will be sold for $325, including stool and cover. Also, over $5,000 worth magnificent Parlor, Chamber, Library and Dining Room Furniture Paintings, Bronzes, Mirrors, &c., for sale at a great sacrifice for cash in lots to suit purchasers (family going to Europe.) Inquire at 118 West Twenty-sixth street, near Sixth avenue.

A SEVEN OCTAVE ROSEWOOD PIANO; MODERN improvements, iron plate, French grand action, good as new, for $165, to pay storage and expenses; smart, powerful tone. 26 Fourth avenue.

A LADY WILL SELL, PRICE $275, ORIGINAL PRICE $600, a Chickering rosewood seven octave Pianoforte, good as new, modern improvements, carved legs, including stool and cover. Apply at 28 Third street.

FOR SALE—AN ERARD CONCERT GRAND PIANO, almost new and in perfect order; price $600. Can be seen at G. Schirmer's Music Store, 701 Broadway.

IF YOU WANT A GOOD PIANO CHEAP CALL AT L. P. CUMMINGS' wareroom, No. 8 Union square. Sold on instalments or rented any way to suit customers. Only look at them before you decide elsewhere.

PIANOS.—ELEGANT PIANO, COVER AND STOOL, $225; Sewing Machines, Watches, Plated Ware, Paintings, Iron Safe, Books, &c. Cash paid for Pianos, Melodeons, Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry, &c. JONES, 52 Ann street.

PIANOS, MELODEONS AND ORGANS.—PRICES greatly reduced for cash. New 7 octave Pianos for $275 and upward; new Cabinet Organs for $45 and upward; second hand instruments from $40 to $175. Monthly instalments received and instruments for rent. Warerooms 481 Broadway. HORACE WATERS.

PIANO FOR $65.—GOOD INSTRUMENT; ELEGANT 7¼ rosewood, having overstrung bass, carved legs; great bargain for cash. Call and examine.
JAMES GORDON, 22 Sixth avenue.

AMUSEMENTS.

THE TAMMANY.
Immense success and re-engagement of
THE LEFFINGWELL. THE LEFFINGWELL.
LAST NIGHTS. LAST NIGHTS.
CLORINDA, THE GIRL OF THE PERIOD,
EVERY EVENING AND SATURDAY MATINEE.
BRILLIANT MISE EN SCENE AND APPOINTMENTS,
BEAUTIFUL NEW SCENERY,
RICH COSTUMES AND GREAT CAST.
The LEFFINGWELL..........as..........CLORINDA
Miss Alice Harrison..........as..........The Prince
Miss Cavender.......Cinderella | Miss Grattan.......Dandini
To be followed by a choice bit of nonsense.
THE LEFFINGWELL in his own specialty.
ROMEO JAFFIER JENKINS,
in TOO MUCH FOR GOOD NATURE.
EVERY EVENING AND SATURDAY MATINEE.
Both pieces received nightly with the greatest enthusiasm and delight.
SATURDAY, MATINEE AT 2 O'CLOCK.
In rehearsal the ferocious and sanguinary
BEPPO,
with LEFFINGWELL'S caricature of
EDWIN FORREST, Esq.
SATURDAY, MATINEE AT 2.
LEFFINGWELL in two pieces.

WAVERLEY THEATRE, 720 BROADWAY.
Coolest and best ventilated theatre in the city.
GREAT HIT AND CROWDED HOUSES.
HUNDREDS UNABLE TO OBTAIN SEATS TO SEE THE
GREAT BURLESQUE OF
IXION, IXION, IXION,
IXION, IXION, IXION, IXION,
WITH ITS UNAPPROACHABLE CAST OF CHARACTERS.
Little Jenny Willmore..........The Original Ixion
Miss Lizzie Willmore..........The Original Juno
Mr. Felix Rogers..........The Original Minerva
Jupiter....Mrs. Sedley Brown Mercury..Miss Minnie Jackson
Venus...Miss Annie Campion Mars....Mr. C. T. Parsloe, Jr.
MISSES BETTY AND EMILY RIGL IN A NEW DANCE.
IXION MATINEE SATURDAY, TWO O'CLOCK.

BOWERY THEATRE.
TRIUMPHANT HIT OF THE DAY.
Fourth night of Miss FANNY HERRING, the charming burlesque actress.
The press and people are unanimous in declaring that
IXION;
OR, THE MAN AT THE WHEEL,
is the crowning success of the day.
Mr. GEORGE BROOKES, Minerva. | Miss FANNY HERRING as Ixion.
Miss JENNY CLIFFORD. | Miss MAGGY PARKER.
The Wonderful Prestidigitateur,
Mr. ROBERT NICKOL.
Astonishing. Miraculous. Never equalled.
The TORRES BROTHERS on the Trapeze.

M
ISS
P

CONCERT
of May 31 will be repeated at
STEINWAY HALL, MONDAY, JUNE 14.
Tickets $1; Reserved Seats Fifty Cents extra. To be had at Kirby's, 633 Broadway, and at the Hall on the evening of Concert.

EMPIRE RINK.
THE MIDSUMMER NIGHT GARDEN,
Continued and great success of the
GEORGIA MINSTRELS
THOMAS W. BOLLAS and Miss MINNIE BOLLAS, his daughter, in the CURBSTONE ORCHESTRA.
The BREVIER BROTHERS, Gymnasts. New novelties and now talent in preparation. Brass and Orchestra Band. Grand Matinee. Grand Matinee Saturday Afternoon at 2 o'clock. Admission, 25 cents; Reserved Seats 25 cents extra.

BLUE BEARD.—ALL THE PRINCIPAL MELODIES for piano in two selections, each 40 cents. Perichole Waltzes 50 cents; for flute or violin 15 cents.
FREDERICK BLUME,
1,125 Broadway, second door above Twenty-fifth street.

ROSSINI'S "MESSE SOLENNELLE;" PRICE $1 60. Just published, the full score, with Latin and English words, and accompaniment for piano and organ. Only authorized edition, and at popular prices.
DITSON & CO., Publishers, 711 Broadway.

TICKETS AND RESERVED SEATS FOR THE THEATRES AT THE RAILROAD AND THEATRE OFFICE METROPOLITAN HOTEL.

MRS. EMMA WARREN INFORMS HER FRIENDS and the public that she will give a Reading at Union League Club theatre, assisted by her tutor, Professor John W. S. Hows, Madame Ricci and Professor Albriti, on Friday, June 11. Tickets to be had at Kirby's book store, 633 Broadway.

MUSICAL.

A WELL KNOWN SOPRANO SINGER DESIRES A first class situation in a church choir. Address A., box 1,967 Post office.

A FIRST CLASS LADY TEACHER OF SINGING AND piano desires to have a few pupils for the summer. Address A. J., 249 East Thirty first street.

AN EXPERIENCED FIRST CLASS SOPRANO, WITH a powerful voice, desires a situation in a church choir; has been singing for five years in one of the most prominent churches of the city. Address, with name, B. C., box 4,904 Post office.

A LADY WISHES A POSITION AS ASSISTANT teacher of the piano, where she could receive instruction in the higher branches of music in exchange; is a good performer and has some experience in teaching. Address Musical, Herald Branch office, Brooklyn.

MUSIC.—A FEW VACANCIES FOR PUPILS AT $1 per quarter, under the superintendence of one of the first masters in town; private lessons. Address Presto, Herald office.

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